





Finance Beaufort County, SC

This meeting will be held both in person at the County Council Chambers, 100 Ribaut Road, Beaufort and also virtually through Zoom.

Tuesday, February 22, 2022 2:00 PM

AGENDA

COMMITTEE MEMBERS:

MARK LAWSON, CHAIRMAN GERALD DAWSON STEWART RODMAN CHRIS HERVOCHON, VICE CHAIRMAN BRIAN FLEWELLING

- 1. CALL TO ORDER
- 2. PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE
- 3. PUBLIC NOTIFICATION OF THIS MEETING HAS BEEN PUBLISHED, POSTED, AND DISTRIBUTED IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE SOUTH CAROLINA FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT
- 4. APPROVAL OF AGENDA
- 5. APPROVAL OF MINUTES- January 18, 2021
- 6. CITIZEN COMMENTS (ANYONE who wishes to speak during the Citizen Comment portion of the meeting will limit their comments to no longer than three (3) minutes (a total of 15 minutes) and will address Council in a respectful manner appropriate to the decorum of the meeting, refraining from the use of profane, abusive, or obscene language)
- 7. UPDATE FROM ASSISTANT COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR, DALE BUTTS

AGENDA ITEMS

- 8. DISCUSSION AND PRESENTATION OF YEAR-TO-DATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR FY 2022, CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER, HAYES WILLIAMS
- <u>9.</u> PRESENTATION OF THE FISCAL YEAR 2021 ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FISCAL IMPACT: BEAUFORT COUNTY HAD A CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF \$17,857,147 IN THE GENERAL FUND DURING FISCAL YEAR 2021

- 10. DISCUSSION REGARDING FORENSIC AUDIT FISCAL IMPACT: BEAUFORT COUNTY COULD REDUCE EXPENSES AND SAVE MONEY BY USING INTERNAL PERSONNEL TO PERFORM THE ACTIONS THAT WOULD BE PERFORMED IN THE FORENSIC AUDIT. IT WOULD HELP WITH FINANCIAL REPORTING AND TRANSPARENCY
- 11. UPDATE FROM BUDGET DIRECTOR PINKY HARRIOTT ON THE FY 2023 BUDGET PROCESS
- 12. RECOMMEND FIRST READING OF AN ORDINANCE FOR APPROVAL OF FY 2022 LOCAL ACCOMMODATIONS & LOCAL HOSPITALITY TAX GRANT AWARDS – FISCAL IMPACT: RECOMMENDATIONS OF \$2,149,808 TO BE PROVIDED OUT OF THE LOCAL ACCOMMODATIONS TAX FUND AND THE LOCAL HOSPITALITY TAX FUND
- 13. RECOMMEND FIRST READING OF AN ORDINANCE OF THE COUNTY COUNCIL OF BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA ("COUNCIL") ESTABLISHING AND ADOPTING AN EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES ("EMS") DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEE ("IMPACT FEE") TO BE IMPOSED ON ALL NEW DEVELOPMENT IN THE COUNTY EXCEPT FOR NEW DEVELOPMENT IN THE TOWN OF HILTON HEAD ISLAND; TO ENSURE THAT EMS FACILITIES (EMS STATIONS AND EMERGENCY VEHICLES) WILL BE AVAILABLE AND ADEQUATE TO ACCOMMODATE THE NEED EXPECTED TO BE GENERATED FROM NEW DEVELOPMENT IN THE COUNTY (EXCEPT WITHIN HILTON HEAD ISLAND) BASED ON THE COUNTY'S LEVEL OF SERVICE STANDARDS FOR EMS FACILITIES AND CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PLAN (CIP), AND TO ASSIGN THE COSTS OF SUCH EMS FACILITIES ON A PROPORTIONATE SHARE BASIS TO NEW DEVELOPMENT
- 14. RECOMMEND FIRST READING OF AN ORDINANCE FOR APPROVAL OF A TEXT AMENDMENT TO THE BEAUFORT COUNTY CODE OF ORDINANCES, CHAPTER 82: IMPACT FEES, ARTICLE I, IN GENERAL; ARTICLE II, DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEE PROCEDURES; ARTICLE III, PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES; ARTICLE V, LIBRARY FACILITIES; ARTICLE VI, FIRE FACILITIES; AND EFFECTIVE DATES
- 15. RECOMMENDATION FOR CONTRACT AWARD FOR EXTERNAL AUDITING SERVICES RFP 120121 FOR BEAUFORT COUNTY TO MAULDIN & JENKINS, SAVANNAH, GA - FISCAL IMPACT: CONTRACT REQUEST IS \$260,500 FOR THE THREE-YEAR CONTRACT APPROVAL. THE FEES WILL BE SPLIT BETWEEN DSN, HILTON HEAD ISLAND AIRPORT, AND FINANCE BASED ON THE BREAKDOWN OF THE FEES FROM THE PROPOSAL ON A YEARLY BASIS.
- 16. RECOMMEND APPROVAL OF A RESOLUTION FOR THE ACCEPTANCE OF A GRANT AWARD FROM THE SC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FOR THE DAUFUSKIE ISLAND FERRY
- 17. APPOINTMENT OF ROBERT BIBLE TO THE BOARD OF ASSESSMENT APPEALS FOR A FIRST-TERM WITH AN EXPIRATION DATE OF 2026
- 18. ADJOURNMENT

TO WATCH COMMITTEE OR COUNTY COUNCIL MEETINGS OR FOR A COMPLETE LIST OF AGENDAS AND BACKUP PACKAGES, PLEASE VISIT:

https://beaufortcountysc.gov/council/council-committee-meetings/index.html



Finance Committee Beaufort County, SC

This meeting was held both in-person in Council Chambers at 100 Ribaut Road, Beaufort, and virtually through Zoom.

Tuesday, January 18, 2022

2:00 PM

MINUTES

1. CALL TO ORDER

Committee Chairman Lawson called the meeting to order at 2:05 PM.

PRESENT

Committee Chairman Mark Lawson Council Member Joseph Passiment Council Member Gerald Dawson Council Member Brian Flewelling Council Member Stu Rodman Council Member York Glover Council Member Alice Howard Council Member Lawrence McELynn

ABSENT

Committee Vice-Chairman Chris Hervochon Council Member Logan Cunningham Council Member Paul Sommerville

2. PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

Committee Chairman Sommerville led the Pledge of Allegiance

3. <u>FOIA</u>

Committee Chairman Sommerville stated public notice of this meeting has been published, posted, and distributed in compliance with the SC FOIA Act.

4. APPROVAL OF AGENDA

Motion: <u>It Was Moved by Council Member Flewelling, Seconded by Council Member Glover to Approve</u> the Agenda. The Motion Was Approved Without Objection.

5. APPROVAL OF MINUTES

Motion: <u>It Was Moved by Council Member Flewelling, Seconded by Council Member Glover, To Approve</u> <u>the Minutes from September 20, 2021, October 18, 2021, and November 15, 2021. The Motion Was</u> <u>Approved Without Objection.</u>

6. **CITIZEN COMMENTS**

No Citizen Comments

7. UPDATE FROM ASSISTANT COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR, DALE BUTTS

To view the full update, click the link below. https://beaufortcountysc.new.swagit.com/videos/153000

- Council Member Glover would like periodic updates on employment/vacancies throughout the Departments, especially Public Works and Stormwater

Status: Informational purposes only.

AGENDA ITEMS

8. <u>DISCUSSION AND PRESENTATION OF YEAR-TO-DATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR FY 2022, CHIEF</u> FINANCIAL OFFICER, HAYES WILLIAMS

To view the full discussion and presentation, click the link below. https://beaufortcountysc.new.swagit.com/videos/153000

Status: Informational purposes only.

9. UPDATE FROM BUDGET DIRECTOR PINKY HARRIOT ON THE FY2023 BUDGET PROCESS

To view the full update, click the link below. https://beaufortcountysc.new.swagit.com/videos/153000

Status: Informational purposes only.

10. PRESENTATION FROM THE ASSESSOR'S OFFICE REGARDING THE 5 YEAR REASSESSMENT PROCESS AND TIMELINE, EBONY SANDERS

To view the full presentation, click the link below. https://beaufortcountysc.new.swagit.com/videos/153000

Status: Informational purposes only.

Item 5.

11. DISCUSSION OF NEW BUSINESS LICENSE FEE ORDINANCE TO LONG TERM RENTALS OF RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES, DEPUTY ATTORNEY, TOM KEAVENY

- In December 2020, Beaufort County adopted a new Business License Fee Ordinance. This new Ordinance requires those who rent out even one residential dwelling to apply for and receive a business license. This is a departure from our previous Ordinance, which imposed this requirement only on individuals who rented out two or more residential dwellings.

Discussion: To view the full discussion click the link below. https://beaufortcountysc.new.swagit.com/videos/153000

Motion: It Was Moved by Council Member Flewelling, Seconded by Council Member Rodman to Amend the Ordinance to Accept the Highlighted Material in The Packet, Except For The Words: This Applies to Both Short-Term and Long-Term Rentals and Instead Should Read: This Applies to Long-Term Rentals Only. The Motion Was Approved Without Objection.

Status: Forward to Council for approval.

12. <u>PUBLIC DEFENDER'S ADDITIONAL FUNDING REQUEST FOR FY22 (FISCAL IMPACT: ADDITIONAL APPROPRIATION OF \$83,198.15)</u>

- Council deferred the item back to Finance Committee for further discussion at the December 13th meeting.

Discussion: To view the full discussion click the link below. (Portion of this discussion has not been recorded)

https://beaufortcountysc.new.swagit.com/videos/153000

Motion: <u>It Was Moved by Council Member Glover, Seconded by Council Member Flewelling to Approve</u> to fund the additional appropriation of \$83,198.15 and forward back to County Council for Second <u>Reading. The Vote: 8/0 with 1 Abstained.</u>

Status: Forward to Council for approval. Additional information from the Human Resources meeting with the Public Defender's Office must be provided at the next County Council Meeting.

13. <u>CONSIDERATION OF THE REAPPOINTMENTS OF JONATHAN SULLIVAN AND ANITA SINGLETON-PRATHER</u> <u>TO THE ACCOMMODATIONS (A-TAX) BOARD WITH AN EXPIRATION DATE OF 2026</u>

Motion: It Was Moved by Council Member Flewelling, Seconded by Council Member Rodman to Approve the Reappointments of Jonathan Sullivan and Anita Singleton-Prather to The Accommodations (A-Tax) Board. The Motion Was Approved Without Objection.

14. <u>CONSIDERATION OF THE REAPPOINTMENTS OF RAYMOND (TREY) AMBROSE AND MARK BAILEY TO THE</u> <u>BEAUFORT COUNTY AIRPORTS BOARD FOR AN EXPIRATION DATE OF 2024</u>

Motion: It Was Moved by Council Member Flewelling, Seconded by Council Member Rodman to Approve the Reappointments of Raymond (Trey) Ambrose and Mark Bailey to the Beaufort County Airports Board. The Motion Was Approved Without Objection.

13. ADJOURNMENT

The meeting adjourned at 3:28 PM.

Ratified by Committee:

Website: <u>www.hhah</u> NAH

Kindest regards, Meg James

Meg James Executive Officer Phone: 843-681-9240 Mobile: 843-304-6808

Become a Member! NAHB Member Savings Discount Program

From: Meg James <meg@hhahba.com: Date: Tuesday, February 22, 2022 at 7:16 AM

builders.com>, Brian Quinn <brian@twelveoaksgroup.com Subject: RE: BC Finance Committee Meeting - Impact Fees

Good morning Beaufort County Finance Committee,

(GM, UPS, FTD, Office Depot, Wyndham Hotel, Avis discounts & more) Get all of the details online at <u>nahb.org/savings</u> or by clicking on the icon above.

We appreciate your discernment and look forward to the discussions that abound If I may be of assistance in providing any information I am happy to do so

NAHB

NAHB Professional Women in Building

leave us a review on

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To: "Brock, Sarah" <sbrock@bcgov.net>, Hervochon Chris <chervochon@bcgov.net>, "mlawson@bcgov.net>, "Dawson, Gerald" <gdawson@bcgov.net>, "Rodman, Stewart" <srodman@bcgov.net>, "bflewelling@bcgov.net" <bflewelling@bcgov.net>
Cc: Meg James <meg@hhahba.com>, Matt Bader <mattbader@fullcircledevelopmentsc.com>, Brandon Edwards <brandon@elementcp.com>, Allen Patterson <allen@allenpattersonresidential.com>, Adam Gremo <agreeno@tdc-

1 am writing in reference to your agenda items for tomorrow's meeting and the Impact Fees that are being revisited. 1 know this has been of great concern for both the Hilton Head Area Association members, as well as the municipalities, as they are trying to weigh the total financial burden on their future residents, as these impending fees are passed along to them, and not any of the current residents. How can we argue for affordable and workforce housing, and at the same time, pass alorg fers on gev construction that completely prices these essential workers out of the market? It's not the new residents who can afford these increased fees, but the workforce citizens who are needed to build it that we worry about. The current housing market prices are already outrageous, and when the County's school impact fee was passed without IGA's in place, those affected south of the Broad in unincorporated Beaufort County, scrambled to fold the new fee into their loans. Some banks were willing to help them make that \$9,535 fee become over \$15K on a 30 year mortgage payment, but others weren't able, and the homeowner was left battling the builder to pay it by coming out of pocket. This isn't an

I hope you will look closely and ask a lot of questions before making your decisions, and consider the impact of these fees as a whole. We need to make sure there are exclusions for our workforce (80-120% included) and that there is a clear

Another question; have all of the municipalities provided an updated capital project lists? And if so, is this how these fees have been re-calculated? How have the fee schedules changed from TischlerBise's original study versus current student enrollment. At first glance back at the study it doesn't appear that the fee schedules have changed and we are missing the inclusion of changes to existing Transportation Impact Fee and also New Solid Waste Impact Fee.

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] Please report any suspicious attachments, links, or requests for sensitive information to the Beaufort County IT Division at helpdesk@bcgov.net or to 843-255-7000.

option for so many, and they have to walk away completely. We're only hurting the ones needed to build the homes, teach in the schools, join the first responders, and help in our large food & beverage industry.

understanding of how they will be assisted. What exactly do these processes look like? Is there an application? What's on it? Who qualifies? How much money is there is to help those who need assistance?





ITEM TITLE:
Discussion and presentation of year to date financial statements for FY 2022.
MEETING NAME AND DATE:
Finance Committee 02/22/2022
PRESENTER INFORMATION:
Hayes Williams Chief Financial Officer
15 Minutes
ITEM BACKGROUND:
Discussion and presentation of the year to date financial reports for FY 2022.
PROJECT / ITEM NARRATIVE:
Discussion and presentation of the year to date financial reports for FY 2022.
FISCAL IMPACT:
None.
STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS TO COUNCIL:
Discussion and related questions.
OPTIONS FOR COUNCIL MOTION:
N/A

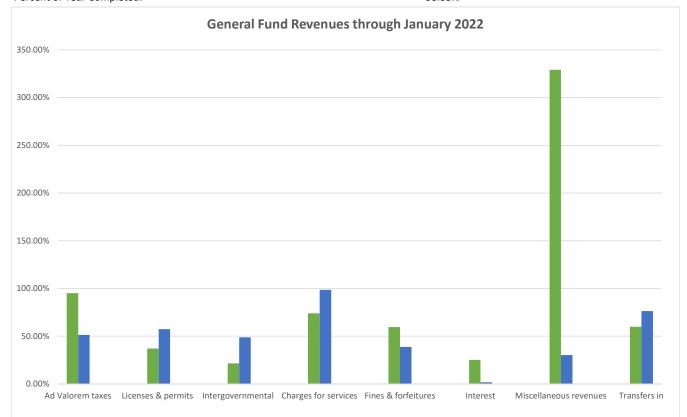
Item 8.

Item 8.

Executive Summary of Revenues and Expenditures

Through January 31, 2022

	Gener	al Fund Revenues
Budget FY 2022:	\$	132,662,999
Revenue Collected to Date:	\$	112,957,410
Revenue Remaining to be Collected:	\$	19,705,589
Percent of Total Budget Collected:		85.15%
Percent of Year Completed:		58.33%



2022 2021

Function	Budget	To Date	% Received	% Year Completed
Ad Valorem taxes	\$ 100,823,197	\$ 95,971,917	95.19%	58.33%
Licenses & permits	\$ 4,013,750	\$ 1,487,954	37.07%	58.33%
Intergovernmental	\$ 10,108,473	\$ 2,179,845	21.56%	58.33%
Charges for services	\$ 14,135,800	\$ 10,452,824	73.95%	58.33%
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 692,100	\$ 412,423	59.59%	58.33%
Interest	\$ 175,700	\$ 44,322	25.23%	58.33%
Miscellaneous revenues	\$ 290,900	\$ 957,131	329.02%	58.33%
Transfers in	\$ 2,423,079	\$ 1,450,994	59.88%	58.33%

For revenues with variances over 5% of the year completed, a brief explanation is provided below:

Ad Valorem taxes - continuing to follow expectations.

Licenses & permits - are currently lagging, they should correct by year end.

Intergovernmental - Beaufort County has not received the second quarterly payment for the State Aid to Subdivisions. SCDOR is behind due to census.

Charges for services - Register of Deeds continues to have a record year.

Interest - rates are still low and lagging compared to budget.

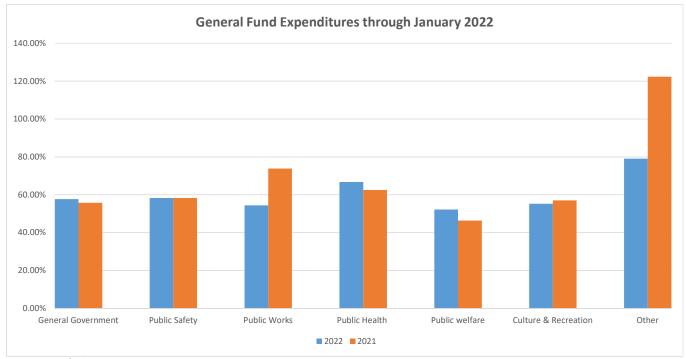
Miscellaneous revenues - increase due to sale of DSN building \$737k.

Item 8.

Executive Summary of Revenues and Expenditures

Through January 31, 2022

	General F	und Expenditures
Budget FY 2022:	\$	132,402,978
Budget carryover from FY 2021:	\$	3,020,000
Amendments and transfers:	\$	6,215
Total revised budget FY 2022:	\$	135,429,193
Actual Expenditures to Date:	\$	69,910,370
Encumbrances:	\$	8,146,090
Total Expensed & Encumbered to Date:	\$	78,056,460
Remaining budget FY 2022	\$	57,372,733
Percent of Total Budget Expended:		57.64%
Percent of Year Completed:		58.33%



Expense Analysis

Function	Budget	To Date	% Received	% Year Completed
General Government	\$ 53,570,183	\$ 30,919,114	57.72%	58.33%
Public Safety	\$ 51,122,684	\$ 29,764,676	58.22%	58.33%
Public Works	\$ 11,539,909	\$ 6,284,100	54.46%	58.33%
Public Health	\$ 3,491,577	\$ 2,330,452	66.74%	58.33%
Public Welfare	\$ 633,849	\$ 330,781	52.19%	58.33%
Culture & Recreation	\$ 14,644,603	\$ 8,090,206	55.24%	58.33%
Other	\$ 426,388	\$ 337,131	79.07%	58.33%

For expenditures with variances over 5% of the year completed, a brief explanation is provided below:

Public Health - Paid three quarters of indigent health to Beaufort Memorial and Beaufort Jasper Comp Health at 12/30/2021. Public Welfare - Following expectations.

Other - Spending on Economic Development by Beaufort County Economic Development Corporation.

Beaufort County Detail of Revenues - General Fund For the Period July 1, 2021 - January 31, 2022

	 Approved Budget 6/30/2022	 Revised Budget 6/30/2022	Actual Spent & incumbered 1/31/2022	 Variances
Ad Valorem taxes				
Current taxes	\$ 89,878,716	\$ 89,878,716	\$ 91,134,457	\$ 1,255,741
Delinquent taxes	1,388,317	1,388,317	296,539	(1,091,778)
Automobile taxes	8,356,164	8,356,164	4,332,518	(4,023,646)
3% & 7% penalties on tax	450,000	450,000	88,682	(361,318)
5% penalties on tax	 750,000	 750,000	 119,721	 (630,279)
Total Ad Valorem taxes	 100,823,197	 100,823,197	 95,971,917	 (4,851,280)
Licenses & permits				
Building permits	1,310,650	1,310,650	930,265	(380,385)
Electricians' licenses	3,000	3,000	-	(3,000)
Mobile home permits	15,000	15,000	14,125	(875)
Marriage licenses	60,000	60,000	37,290	(22,710)
Cable television franchises	434,300	434,300	19,396	(414,904)
Business license	2,100,000	2,100,000	464,973	(1,635,027)
Alcohol beverage license	90,800	90,800	21,855	(68,945)
Total licenses and permits	 4,013,750	 4,013,750	 1,487,954	 (2,525,796)
Intergovernmental				
State aid to subdivisions	7,269,783	7,269,783	1,892,029	(5,377,754)
Homestead exemption	2,150,000	2,150,000	-	(2,150,000)
Merchants inventory tax	186,310	186,310	93,154	(93,156)
Manufacturer tax exempt program	23,200	23,200	-	(23,200)
Motor carrier payments	215,000	215,000	105,378	(109,622)
Payments in lieu of taxes	210,000	210,000	57,531	(152,469)
Payments in lieu of taxes - federal	17,000	17,000	-	(17,000)
Local assessment fee UBER	8,500	8,500	2,466	(6,034)
Veteran's Officer stipend	5,480	5,480	2,808	(2,672)
Voter regulation and election stipends	11,000	11,000	6,375	(4,625)
Salary supplements for state	7,200	7,200	3,940	(3,260)
Poll	5,000	5,000	-	(5,000)
FEMA grant	-	-	16,164	16,164
Total intergovernmental	 10,108,473	 10,108,473	 2,179,845	 (7,928,628)
Charges for services				
Register of Deeds	8,457,900	8,457,900	7,422,549	(1,035,351)
Sheriff's fees	43,900	43,900	21,219	(22,681)
Probate fees	595,100	595,100	369,710	(225,390)
Solicitor fees	1,600	1,600	-	(1,600)
Magistrate fees	142,000	142,000	68,907	(73,093)
Clerk of Court fees	115,000	115,000	57,508	(57,492)
Family Court fees	274,000	274,000	130,505	(143,495)
Master in Equity fees	274,000	291,000	43,753	(247,247)
Treasurer fees	291,000	231,000	43,733	(15,063)
Emergency Medical Service Fees	3,362,500	3,362,500	1,981,715	(1,380,785)
DSO fees	5,562,500 95,500	5,562,500 95,500	42,247	(1,380,785) (53,253)
Animal Shelter fees				
	5,000	5,000	5,035	35
Library copy fees	2,000	2,000	1,292	(708)
Other fees	7,500	7,500	5,161	(2,339)

Beaufort County Detail of Revenues - General Fund For the Period July 1, 2021 - January 31, 2022

	Approved	Revised	Actual Spent &	
	Budget	Budget	Encumbered	
	6/30/2022	6/30/2022	1/31/2022	Variances
Charges for services - (Continued)				
Video Production	36,800	36,800	83,860	47,060
Telephone services others	14,500	14,500	390	(14,110)
Detention Center Daywatch	3,300	3,300	-	(3,300)
Hilton Head Island holding facilities	34,800	34,800	-	(34,800)
Payroll services to Fire Departments	13,800	13,800	6,748	(7,052)
Credit card convenience fees	163,700	163,700	6,112	(157,588)
Parks and recreation fees	447,300	447,300	186,216	(261,084)
Project income	-	-	6,360	6,360
Total charges for services	14,135,800	14,135,800	10,452,824	(3,682,976)
Fines and forfeitures				
General Sessions fines	11,500	11,500	5,743	(5,757)
Bonds escreatment	15,000	15,000	974	(14,026)
Magistrate fines	537,600	537,600	273,765	(263,835)
Other fines	15,000	15,000	-	(15,000)
Library fines	25,000	25,000	22,076	(2,924)
Forfeiture	3,000	3,000	-	(3,000)
Late penalties - Business Services	85,000	85,000	109,865	24,865
Total fines and forfeitures	692,100	692,100	412,423	(279,677)
Interest	175,700	175,700	44,322	(131,378)
Miscellaneous revenues				
Miscellaneous revenues	52,200	52,200	32,268	(19,932)
Rental of property to others	75,800	75,800	22,868	(52,932)
Sale of County property	162,900	162,900	901,995	739,095
Total miscellaneous revenues	290,900	290,900	957,131	666,231
Transfers in				
Transfers in other funds	2,423,079	2,423,079	1,450,994	(972,085)
Total transfers in	2,423,079	2,423,079	1,450,994	(972,085)
Total revenues General Fund	\$ 132,662,999	\$ 132,662,999	\$ 112,957,410	\$ (19,705,589)

Beaufort County Detail of Expenditures - General Fund For the Period July 1, 2021 - January 31, 2022

	Approved Budget 6/30/2022	Revised Budget 6/30/2022	Actual Spent & ncumbered 1/31/2022	Variances
General Government				
Magistrate's Court	\$ 2,281,963	\$ 2,281,963	\$ 1,250,728	\$ 1,031,235
Clerk of Court and Family Court	1,610,387	1,751,971	852,484	899,487
Treasurer	2,276,591	2,276,591	1,230,414	1,046,177
Solicitor	1,887,500	1,887,500	1,415,625	471,875
Probate Court	944,724	944,724	493,938	450,786
County Council	977,085	1,102,085	525,156	576,929
Auditor	1,136,470	1,136,470	620,297	516,173
Coroner	794,875	805,807	472,974	332,833
Master in Equity	426,427	426,427	203,120	223,307
Legislative Delegation	68,789	68,789	27,930	40,859
County Administrator	1,940,950	2,027,623	1,032,961	994,662
Communications & accountability	303,609	303,609	145,320	158,289
Broadcast services	398,429	398,429	202,708	195,721
County Attorney	860,112	860,112	553,489	306,623
Finance	1,361,024	1,361,024	658,740	702,284
Risk management	4,885,446	4,903,446	2,228,666	2,674,780
Purchasing	208,686	237,903	110,319	127,584
Assessor	2,132,180	2,132,180	1,070,687	1,061,493
Register of deeds	528,477	539,595	236,319	303,276
Community planning and development	996,984	996,984	553,935	443,049
Business services	387,329	387,329	186,950	200,379
Voter registration and elections	935,486	935,486	624,372	311,114
Management & Geographical information systems	5,839,546	5,813,428	4,097,429	1,715,999
Records Management	669,218	669,218	287,263	381,955
Employee services	828,664	828,664	417,984	410,680
Nondepartmental	18,616,955	18,492,826	11,419,306	7,073,520
Total General Government	 53,297,906	 53,570,183	 30,919,114	 22,651,069
Public Safety				
Sheriff's office	27,947,144	29,276,077	17,584,325	11,691,752
Emergency Management - COVID-19 Supplies	-	-	69,996	(69,996)
EMS Emergency Medical Service	10,373,104	10,996,151	6,219,499	4,776,652
Traffic and transportation engineering	817,597	820,464	235,266	585,198
Detention Center	7,278,666	7,249,449	4,131,242	3,118,207
Building and codes enforcement	1,368,572	1,368,572	554,034	814,538
Animal services	 1,287,016	1,411,971	970,314	441,657
Total Public Safety	 49,072,099	 51,122,684	 29,764,676	 21,358,008
Public Works				
Public works general support	4,808,699	4,841,536	2,618,964	2,222,572
Engineering	499,816	502,816	281,310	221,506
Facilities maintenance	5,969,922	6,160,146	3,348,415	2,811,731
Solid waste & recycling - carryover	 -	 35,411	 35,411	-
Total Public Works	 11,278,437	 11,539,909	 6,284,100	 5,255,809
Public Health				
Mosquito control	1,662,599	1,705,027	990,539	714,488
Medical indigent act contributions	 1,786,550	 1,786,550	 1,339,913	 446,637
Total Public Health	 3,449,149	 3,491,577	 2,330,452	 1,161,125

Beaufort County Detail of Expenditures - General Fund For the Period July 1, 2021 - January 31, 2022

	Approved Budget 6/30/2022	Revised Budget 6/30/2022	Actual Spent & Encumbered 1/31/2022	Variances
Public Welfare Services				
Veteran's affairs office	181,182	181,182	114,281	66,901
Human services alliance	398,000	398,000	216,500	181,500
Human and social services	54,667	54,667	210,500	54,667
Total Public Welfare Services	633,849	633,849	330,781	303,068
Cultural and Recreational				
Parks and leisure services	5,190,351	5,589,804	2,266,212	3,323,592
Libraries	4,151,343	4,151,343	2,146,402	2,004,941
Education allocation	4,903,456	4,903,456	3,677,592	1,225,864
Total Cultural and Recreational	14,245,150	14,644,603	8,090,206	6,554,397
Other - Economic Development	426,388	426,388	337,131	89,257
Total Expenditures General Fund	\$ 132,402,978	\$ 135,429,193	\$ 78,056,460	\$ 57,372,733



ITEM TITLE:

Presentation of the Fiscal Year 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Statement

MEETING NAME AND DATE:

Finance Committee 02/22/2022

PRESENTER INFORMATION:

Hayes Williams Chief Financial Officer

10-15 Minutes

ITEM BACKGROUND:

Presentation to the Finance Committee of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for Fiscal Year 2021, period ending June 30, 2021.

PROJECT / ITEM NARRATIVE:

Beaufort County receives an annual audit from an Independent Auditor Mauldin & Jenkins. The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report will be presented in detail by Mauldin & Jenkins on February 28, 2022 at the County Council meeting.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Beaufort County had a change in net position of \$17,857,147 in the General Fund during Fiscal Year 2021.

STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS TO COUNCIL:

Staff recommends the Finance Committee accept the presentation and forward to County Council for approval.

OPTIONS FOR COUNCIL MOTION:

Motion to accept the presentation and forward to County Council for full approval.



Annual Comprehensive

Financial Report

BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Issued by:

Beaufort County Finance Department Post Office Box 1228 Beaufort, South Carolina 29901-1228 Item 9.

BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



January 19, 2022

To the Chairman, Members of Beaufort County Council, And Citizens of Beaufort County Beaufort, South Carolina

Presented herein is the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of Beaufort County, South Carolina (the "County") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This report has been prepared by the County's Finance Department, and the responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the County's financial affairs are included.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Mauldin & Jenkins LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the County's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Beaufort County, which was founded in 1769, operates under the Council/Administrator form of government with Council members elected for four-year terms from each of the eleven single-member districts. This report includes all funds of Beaufort County that are controlled by this governing body, and are considered to be the "reporting entity" known as Beaufort County. The services provided by this reporting entity, and therefore reflected in this financial report, include, but are not limited to: General Government (general administrative services, tax assessment and collection, courts and criminal justice administration, economic development); Public Safety (law enforcement, detention center, emergency medical services, emergency management, building codes enforcement, animal services); Public Works (facilities and grounds maintenance, roads and drainage, engineering, solid waste); Public Health (mosquito control, alcohol and drug abuse programs, disabilities and special needs programs, various subsidies); Public Welfare (veterans services, social services, various subsidies); and Cultural and Recreation (library, parks and recreational services, education subsidies).

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In light of GASB Statement 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, the County has excluded the school district, the various public service districts, the fire districts, and the municipalities located within its boundaries as County Council does not exercise oversight responsibility, and accordingly each entity has sufficient discretion in the management of its own affairs. The County Treasurer does collect property taxes and other forms of revenue on behalf of these other political entities. The results of the fiduciary responsibility are reported on the combined financial statements as Custodial Funds.

LOCAL ECONOMY

Beaufort County is located in the southeastern corner of the State of South Carolina, known as the "Lowcountry." With a total area of approximately 923 square miles, of which approximately 576 square miles or 62% is land and approximately 347 square miles or 38% is water, it is bordered to the south and east by the Atlantic Ocean, to the west by Jasper County, and to the north by Hampton and Colleton Counties. Beaufort County stretches nearly 30 miles along the Atlantic Ocean and includes 64 major islands and hundreds of small islands.

The County is one of the fastest growing areas in South Carolina, with an estimated population of 187,117 in 2020, up from 162,233 in 2011 and 89,273 in 1991. The County is a center for tourism, retirement and the associated services, and the military in South Carolina. The County has a balanced and very stable economy, created by a diversity of public and private employers, with the unemployment rate well below the statewide average and that of the neighboring counties. The local tax base has grown an average of approximately 2% per year over the last five years (discounting the reassessment years).

In addition to the established resort community of Hilton Head Island, there are several major developments established in southern Beaufort County. These developments include Sun City Hilton Head, with more than 15,000 residents expected at build-out; Spring Island, Callawassie Island, Colleton River Plantation, Belfair, Berkeley Hall, Palmetto Bluff and Westbury Park. As expected, these developments have sparked an increase in commercial construction along the Highway 278 corridor, including a Home Depot, a Lowe's, an expanded Factory Outlet Mall, a Dick's Sporting Goods store, a Target department store, Sam's Club Wholesale store, Wal-mart and several major supermarkets. Likewise, in northern Beaufort County, communities continue to develop at Dataw Island, Lady's Island, Cat Island, Brays Island, and Habersham and throughout the City of Beaufort, as well as the Town of Port Royal.

Beaufort County is also the location for three major military installations, the U.S. Marine Corps Recruit Depot located at Parris Island, the Marine Corps Air Station-Beaufort, and the Beaufort Naval Hospital. These locations have benefited by the Department of Defense closing certain other military bases in the nation.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Our number one goal is to make sure that Beaufort County remains financially sound and that we maintain a respectable contingency account to take care of the true emergencies that do arise from time to time; and to provide for a sufficient fund balance to enable our cash flow to carry us through those months prior to the billing and collection of property tax revenues. We have taken a systematic, businesslike approach to the running of Beaufort County. Additionally, we want to preserve our current "Aa1" Moody's and "AA+" Standard & Poor's bond ratings.

In December 2018, the County formally adopted written financial policy guidelines. This document provides policies and guidance for the County's operating budget, capital improvement projects ("CIP") budget, financial reserves including the general fund and debt service fund and a cash management and investment policy.

In December 1997, the County adopted a Comprehensive Plan for Beaufort County. A portion of this plan is a comprehensive land use study which proposes various "preservation areas and greenways". As a result, the County taxpayers approved five bond referendums totaling \$160,000,000 for the purchase of rural and critical lands. The County has issued the entire \$160 million of General Obligation bonds approved by the referendums. The County had expenditures of \$1,796,954 for this initiative during fiscal year 2021. The Comprehensive Plan was adopted again on November 15, 2021.

In November 2006, County voters approved a 1% sales tax referendum, with the proceeds, along with County road impact fees, funding various major road projects throughout Beaufort County. This 1% sales tax ended in 2013. These projects include the expansion of the Bluffton Parkway, Boundary Street improvements and the widening of South Carolina Highway 170. In addition to the sales tax and impact fee revenue, the County has obtained partial grant funding for these projects as well. The County had expenditures of \$78,791 for these projects during fiscal year 2021.

In November 2018, County voters approved a 1% sales tax referendum that became effective in May 2019 and will be in place for four years, or until a total of \$120 million in resulting revenue has been collected. This revenue will fund the repair and/or replacement of the Hilton Head Island bridge, roadway traffic improvements between the Woods Memorial Bridge and the Chowan Creek Bridge as outlined in the Lady's Island Corridor Study dated May 19, 2017, and install and repair sidewalks and multi-use pathways at multiple locations within Beaufort County to provide safe walking routes to schools and improved access to residential communities. The County collected a total of \$100,365,137 in sales tax from the referendum. The related expenditures for these projects in 2021 were \$1,548,673. Due to strong collections since inception, the County anticipates full collection and thus, early retirement of this tax by December 31, 2021.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

In November 2014, the County issued \$19,450,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 2.0% to 3.25% and with varying maturity dates through 2034. The proceeds of these bonds are currently being used for various planned facility upgrades including roof replacements, HVAC replacement, technology upgrades, a new Animal Services Facility that is centrally located within the County, as well as Hilton Head Island Airport Projects. The County had expenditures of \$20,000 for these projects during fiscal year 2021.

In March 2016, the County issued \$17,950,000 of general obligation advance refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 2.0% to 4.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2027. The bond proceeds were used to advance refund \$18,375,000 of outstanding 2007A general obligation bonds which had interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 4.75%.

In 2017, the County issued \$51,000,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 3.13% to 5% and with varying maturity dates through 2037. \$31 million of the proceeds of these bonds will be used for various County and Stormwater Utility capital projects and \$20 million of the proceeds of these bonds will be used for the County's rural and critical land projects, as approved by referendum in November 2014. During fiscal year 2021, the County had expenditures of \$5,514,090 related to the capital projects funded by these bonds.

In 2019, the County issued \$11.25 million of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 2.75% to 5% and with varying maturity dates through 2039. The proceeds of these bonds will be used to replace and repair critical County facilities at the main administration building in Beaufort, South Carolina, security upgrades to the County's detention center, and improve information technology infrastructure. During fiscal year 2021, the County had expenditures of \$2,775,850 related to the capital projects funded by these bonds.

In August of 2020 the County issued \$36,775 million of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 1% to 5% and with various maturity rates through 2040. \$25 million of these bonds will be used to purchase real property in the County's Rural and Critical Land Program. The remaining \$11,775 million will be used to improve information technology infrastructure, construction of the Arthur Horne Building, purchase of a material recovery facility (MuRF), and renovations to the detention center. During fiscal year 2021, the County had expenditures of \$3,653,413 related to the capital projects funded by these bonds.

In May of 2021, the County transferred \$5,462,298 from the General Fund - Fund Balance to the Debt Service fund to defease the general obligation bond issued in 2012. The prepayment eliminated future interest payments of approximately \$3.63 million.

In June of 2021, the County refinanced the general obligation bond issued in 2011. The refinancing will result in a gross savings of \$1.35 million.

During fiscal year 2021, the County hired a consultant to conduct a facilities master plan for the major County facilities that house various administrative offices. The County is in the process of updating its capital project plan for which future debt will likely be incurred. There were 3 Options: Option 1 probable cost total \$194,984,332, Option 2 probable cost total \$329,581,994, and Option 3 probable cost total \$312,321,441.

In addition, the County is working with an outside firm to update its compensation and classification structure in an effort to recruit and retain highly-quality employees. The results of the compensation and classification study were included in the Fiscal Year 2022 operating budget.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The management of Beaufort County is responsible for developing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the County are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The County's accounting system has given consideration to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. This concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. Accordingly, management believes that the County's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") is in the process of reviewing the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Beaufort County, South Carolina for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

State statues require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or independent public accountants. The accounting firm of Mauldin & Jenkins LLC was selected and approved by County Council. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in the statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). The auditor's report on the financial statements is included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports, pertinent to the requirements of the Uniform Guidance, are included in the Single Audit Section.

The preparation of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report could not have been accomplished without the professional and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department throughout the fiscal year. We sincerely appreciate the efforts of other department heads and their employees who contributed to this report.

Additionally, we would like to express our appreciation to the County Council, County Administrator, Deputy County Administrator and the County legal staff for their continued support and understanding of the benefits of professional financial operations and reporting.

Respectfully submitted,

MM, CPA

Raymond "Hayes" Williams, CPA Chief Einancial Officer

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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

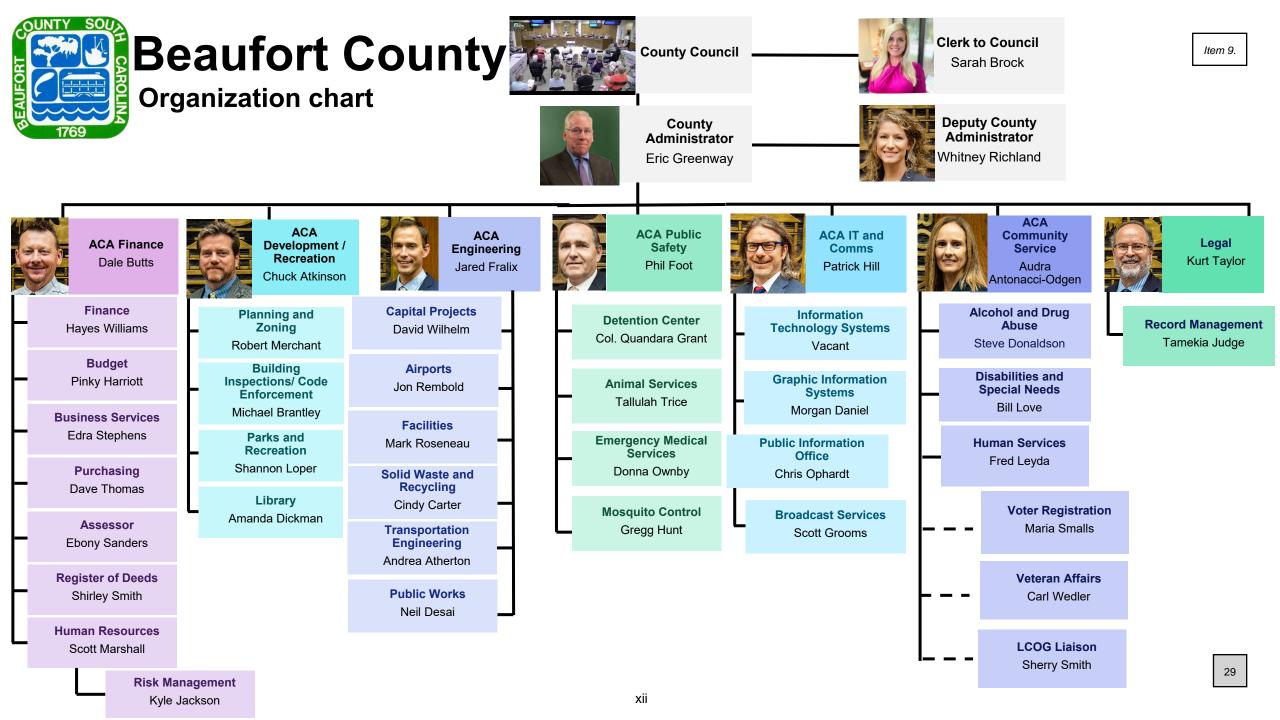
Beaufort County South Carolina

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

COUNTY COUNCIL

Joe Passiment, Chairman

D. Paul Sommerville, Vice - Chairman

Stu Rodman

Brian E. Flewelling

Chris Hervochon

Mark Lawson

Gerald Dawson

York Glover, Sr.

Alice G. Howard

Larry McElynn

Logan Cunningham

COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR

Eric Greenway

DEPUTY COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR

Whitney Richland

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Hayes Williams

COUNTY AUDITOR

Jim Beckert

COUNTY TREASURER

Maria Walls, CPA

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FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

County Council of Beaufort County Beaufort, South Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Beaufort County, South Carolina** (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Beaufort County, South Carolina's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 14, the County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, as of July 1, 2020. This standard significantly changed the accounting for the County's Fiduciary Funds. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (on pages 4 - 19), the Schedule of Modified Approach for Airport Infrastructure Assets (on page 82), the Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (on page 80), the Schedule of County's Pension Contributions (on page 81), and the Budgetary Comparison Schedules of the General Fund (on pages 76 - 78) and ARPA Fund (on page 79) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, the statistical section, the Alcohol and Drug Abuse Programs Profit and Loss Statement, and the Daufuskie Ferry Schedule of Budgeted to Actual as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Uniform Schedule of Court Fines, Assessments, and Surcharges (per ACT 96) is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State of South Carolina, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the Uniform Guidance), and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, the Alcohol and Drug Abuse Programs Profit and Loss Statement, the Daufuskie Ferry Schedule of Budgeted to Actual, the Uniform Schedule of Court Fines, Assessments, and Surcharges (per ACT 96), and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, the Alcohol and Drug Abuse Programs Profit and Loss Statement, the Daufuskie Ferry Schedule of Budgeted to Actual, the Uniform Schedule of Court Fines, Assessments, and Surcharges (per ACT 96), and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 19, 2022, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Savannah, Georgia January 19, 2022

Mauldin & Gerkins, LLC

BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

As management of Beaufort County, South Carolina (the "County"), we offer the readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage the readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages v - ix of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2021 by \$571,610,328 (net position). The County's net position is categorized in three categories. Of the total net position, \$408,309,330 is the County's investment in capital assets less the related debt, \$260,399,114 is restricted for specific purposes and (\$97,098,116) is the County's unrestricted deficit.
- The government's total net position increased by \$93,278,980 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 with an \$87,544,918 increase resulting from governmental activities and a \$5,734,062 increase resulting from business type activities.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$332,067,469, an increase of \$102,229,251 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 19.82%, \$65,802,045 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$65,808,134, or approximately 52.78% of the general fund expenditures and transfers out.
- The County's net capital assets increased by \$8,038,540 during the current fiscal year. The increase in governmental activities net capital assets of \$4,613,381 was the result of significant building improvements, road improvements, and real property acquisition as part of the County's land preservation program. The increase in business type activities net capital assets of \$3,425,159 was primarily due to land acquisition at the Hilton Head Island Airport.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements – The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the County's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, public works, public health, public welfare, and cultural and recreation. The business-type activities include the Stormwater Utility, the Lady's Island Airport, and the Hilton Head Island Airport. The business-type activities function for all practical purposes as departments of the County and, therefore, have been included as integral parts of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 20 – 22 of this report.

Fund financial statements – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows* and *outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the County-wide general obligation bonds fund, and the sales tax projects fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* following the notes to the financial statements in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic fund financial statements for governmental funds can be found on pages 23 – 26 of this report.

Proprietary funds – The County maintains four different types of proprietary funds, three of which are *enterprise funds*. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions *as business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its Stormwater Utility, Lady's Island Airport and Hilton Head Island Airport operations. These funds report the services provided by the County for which the County charges a user fee or charge intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for Stormwater Utility, Lady's Island Airport, and the Hilton Head Island Airport, all of which are considered to be major funds of the County.

Internal service funds are an accounting mechanism to accumulate and allocate costs internally for the County. The County uses internal service funds to account for its garage.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 27 – 30 of this report.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for the fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The statement of fiduciary net position can be found on page 31 of this report.

Notes to financial statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in both the government-wide and the fund financial statements. The notes are presented on pages 33 - 75 of the report.

Other supplemental information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplemental information that further supports the financial statements.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented within this section of this report and can be found on pages 85 – 171.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$571,610,328 as of June 30, 2021.

Of this amount, \$408,309,330 (approximately 71.43%) reflects the County's investment in capital assets (land, buildings and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to repay the debt.

An additional \$260,399,114 of the County's net position (approximately 45.60%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Therefore, at the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report positive balances in two categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

The third category and remaining balance of net position is an unrestricted deficit of \$97,098,116 of which \$94,504,653 pertains to governmental activities and \$2,593,463 pertains to business-type activities. The unrestricted deficit in net position for governmental activities decreased in the current fiscal year while the unrestricted deficit in net position for business-type activities increased. Part of this increase is a result of the increased pension liability reported in fiscal year 2021. The pension liability is required to be measured and recognized in accordance with standards established by Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 68 and No. 71.

2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 Chang Current and other assets \$ 356,364,046 \$ 230,402,560 \$ 19,728,980 \$ 19,011,255 \$ 376,093,026 \$ 249,413,815 50.8% Capital assets 538,720,072 534,106,691 42,813,921 39,388,762 581,533,993 573,495,453 1.4% Total assets 5895,084,118 \$ 764,509,251 \$ 62,542,901 \$ 58,400,017 \$ 957,627,019 \$ 822,909,268 16.4% Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 27,714,525 \$ 20,944,862 \$ 982,802 \$ 752,911 \$ 28,697,327 \$ 21,697,773 32.3% Long-term liabilities \$ 343,907,089 \$ 318,928,435 \$ 5,828,497 \$ 5,530,581 \$ 349,735,586 \$ 324,459,016 7.8% Other liabilities \$ 343,907,089 \$ 318,928,435 \$ 5,828,497 \$ 5,530,581 \$ 349,735,586 \$ 324,459,016 7.8% Total liabilities \$ 388,980,540 \$ 338,904,876 \$ 23,225,661 \$ 24,589,967 \$ 412,206,201 \$ 363,494,843 13.4%		Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	vpe Activities	Total			
Capital assets 538,720,072 534,106,691 42,813,921 39,388,762 581,533,993 573,495,453 1.4% Total assets \$ 895,084,118 \$ 764,509,251 \$ 62,542,901 \$ 58,400,017 \$ 957,627,019 \$ 822,909,268 16.4% Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 27,714,525 \$ 20,944,862 \$ 982,802 \$ 752,911 \$ 28,697,327 \$ 21,697,773 32.3% Long-term liabilities \$ 343,907,089 \$ 318,928,435 \$ 5,828,497 \$ 5,530,581 \$ 349,735,586 \$ 324,459,016 7.8% Other liabilities \$ 388,980,540 \$ 338,904,876 \$ 23,225,661 \$ 24,589,967 \$ 412,206,201 \$ 363,494,843 13.4%		2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	Percent Change	
Total assets \$ 895,084,118 \$ 764,509,251 \$ 62,542,901 \$ 58,400,017 \$ 957,627,019 \$ 822,909,268 16.4% Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 27,714,525 \$ 20,944,862 \$ 982,802 \$ 752,911 \$ 28,697,327 \$ 21,697,773 32.3% Long-term liabilities \$ 343,907,089 \$ 318,928,435 \$ 5,828,497 \$ 5,530,581 \$ 349,735,586 \$ 324,459,016 7.8% Other liabilities \$ 388,980,540 \$ 338,904,876 \$ 23,225,661 \$ 24,589,967 \$ 412,206,201 \$ 363,494,843 13.4%	Current and other assets	\$ 356,364,046	\$ 230,402,560	\$ 19,728,980	\$ 19,011,255	\$ 376,093,026	\$ 249,413,815	50.8%	
Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 27,714,525 \$ 20,944,862 \$ 982,802 \$ 752,911 \$ 28,697,327 \$ 21,697,773 32.3% Long-term liabilities \$ 343,907,089 \$ 318,928,435 \$ 5,828,497 \$ 5,530,581 \$ 349,735,586 \$ 324,459,016 7.8% Other liabilities \$ 343,907,089 \$ 318,928,435 \$ 5,828,497 \$ 5,530,581 \$ 349,735,586 \$ 324,459,016 7.8% Other liabilities \$ 388,980,540 \$ 338,904,876 \$ 23,225,661 \$ 24,589,967 \$ 412,206,201 \$ 363,494,843 13.4% Total deferred inflows of Total deferred inflows of \$ 300,0540 \$ 338,904,876 \$ 23,225,661 \$ 24,589,967 \$ 412,206,201 \$ 363,494,843 13.4%	Capital assets	538,720,072	534,106,691	42,813,921	39,388,762	581,533,993	573,495,453	1.4%	
resources \$ 27,714,525 \$ 20,944,862 \$ 982,802 \$ 752,911 \$ 28,697,327 \$ 21,697,773 32.3% Long-term liabilities \$ 343,907,089 \$ 318,928,435 \$ 5,828,497 \$ 5,530,581 \$ 349,735,586 \$ 324,459,016 7.8% Other liabilities 45,073,451 19,976,441 17,397,164 19,059,386 62,470,615 39,035,827 60.0% Total liabilities \$ 388,980,540 \$ 338,904,876 \$ 23,225,661 \$ 24,589,967 \$ 412,206,201 \$ 363,494,843 13.4%	Total assets	\$ 895,084,118	\$ 764,509,251	\$ 62,542,901	\$ 58,400,017	\$957,627,019	\$ 822,909,268	16.4%	
Other liabilities 45,073,451 19,976,441 17,397,164 19,059,386 62,470,615 39,035,827 60.0% Total liabilities \$ 388,980,540 \$ 338,904,876 \$ 23,225,661 \$ 24,589,967 \$ 412,206,201 \$ 363,494,843 13.4% Total deferred inflows of Total of the soft consumers \$ 363,494,843 13.4% \$ 363,494,843 13.4%		\$ 27,714,525	\$ 20,944,862	\$ 982,802	\$ 752,911	\$ 28,697,327	\$ 21,697,773	32.3%	
Total liabilities \$ 388,980,540 \$ 338,904,876 \$ 23,225,661 \$ 24,589,967 \$ 412,206,201 \$ 363,494,843 13.4% Total deferred inflows of topopured	Long-term liabilities	\$ 343,907,089	\$ 318,928,435	\$ 5,828,497	\$ 5,530,581	\$ 349,735,586	\$ 324,459,016	7.8%	
Total deferred inflow s of	Other liabilities	45,073,451	19,976,441	17,397,164	19,059,386	62,470,615	39,035,827	60.0%	
	Total liabilities	\$ 388,980,540	\$ 338,904,876	\$ 23,225,661	\$ 24,589,967	\$ 412,206,201	\$ 363,494,843	13.4%	
		\$ 2,428,233	\$ 2,704,285	\$ 79,584	\$ 76,565	\$ 2,507,817	\$ 2,780,850	-9.8%	
Restricted 260,399,114 102,903,269 260,399,114 102,903,269 153.19	Net investment in capital assets Restricted	260,399,114	102,903,269	-	-	260,399,114	102,903,269	2.9% 153.1% 355.5%	
Total Net Position \$ 531,389,870 \$ 443,844,952 \$ 40,220,458 \$ 34,486,396 \$ 571,610,328 \$ 478,331,348 19.5%	Total Net Position	\$ 531,389,870	\$ 443,844,952	\$ 40,220,458	\$ 34,486,396	\$ 571,610,328	\$ 478,331,348	19.5%	

Beaufort County's Net Position June 30, 2021 and 2020

The County's total net position increased \$93.28 million during the 2021 fiscal year. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- The County's current and other assets increased by \$126.68 million as compared to fiscal year 2020. This increase is mainly due to an increase in the County's cash, investments and receivables. The County received proceeds of the 1% sales tax approved by referendum in November 2018 or repair and replacement of major roadways and bridges as well as traffic improvements, sidewalks and pathways. During fiscal year 2021, the County received nearly \$55.88 million in this particular sales tax. During 2021 the County received \$18.6 million in American Rescue Plan Act funding which will be used to make strategic investments in long lived asset, rebuild reserves to enhance financial stability, and cover temporary operating shortfalls.
- The County's net capital assets increased by \$8.03 million as compared to fiscal year 2020. This increase occurred mostly from building improvements, completion of significant road projects, and real property acquisition as part of the County's land preservation program. See the capital assets and debt administration section below for more detail.

The County's long-term liabilities increased by \$25.3 million. General obligation bonds were issued in 2021 totaling \$36.8 million, consisting of \$25.0 million for the Rural and Critical Land Program and \$11.8 for various projects in the County. The County defeased the 2012 E General Obligation Bond by transferring \$5.5 million from the General Fund. The County also refunded the 2011 General Obligation Bond of \$8.9 million.

 In fiscal year 2021, the County had \$28.7 million of deferred outflows of resources related to the inclusion of the County's proportionate share of its pension liability in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 and No. 71. This is a \$7.0 million increase as compared to fiscal year 2020.

Beaufort County's Changes in Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Type Activities		Тс	otal
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Revenues						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 43,726,738	\$ 38,494,314	\$ 11,787,639	\$11,190,238	\$ 55,514,377	\$ 49,684,552
Operating grants and	12,785,783	14,469,479	222,326	44,300	13,008,109	14,513,779
Capital grants and contributions	876,281	2,117,383	3,236,672	3,069,935	4,112,953	5,187,318
General Revenues:						
Property taxes	132,645,010	128,952,186	-	-	132,645,010	128,952,186
Sales taxes	55,879,745	45,195,996	-	-	55,879,745	45,195,996
Grants and contributions	9,674,443	9,547,798	-	-	9,674,443	9,547,798
Unrestricted investment earnings	3,402,559	5,044,088	50,257	181,486	3,452,816	5,225,574
Miscellaneous	3,975,765	3,617,284	-	-	3,975,765	3,617,284
Total Revenues	262,966,324	247,438,528	15,296,894	14,485,959	278,263,218	261,924,487
Program Expenses						
Governmental Activities:						
General government	55,786,602	50,963,220	-	-	55,786,602	50,963,220
Public safety	57,458,757	63,648,919	-	-	57,458,757	63,648,919
Public w orks	24,752,852	25,077,022	-	-	24,752,852	25,077,022
Public health	13,775,524	15,366,160	-	-	13,775,524	15,366,160
Public w elfare	2,124,474	7,951,215	-	-	2,124,474	7,951,215
Cultural and recreation	15,727,019	17,948,284	-	-	15,727,019	17,948,284
Interest	5,796,178	6,065,977	-	-	5,796,178	6,065,977
Business-Type Activities:						
Stormw ater Utility	-	-	4,364,704	4,796,915	4,364,704	4,796,915
Lady's Island Airport	-	-	811,405	548,152	811,405	548,152
Hilton Head Airport	-	-	4,386,723	2,945,805	4,386,723	2,945,805
Total Expenses	175,421,406	187,020,797	9,562,832	8,290,872	184,984,238	195,311,669
Change in net position	87,544,918	60,417,731	5,734,062	6,195,087	93,278,980	66,612,818
Net Position, beginning, as						
originally reported	443,844,952	383,427,221	34,486,396	28,291,309	478,331,348	411,718,530
Net Position, beginning	443,844,952	383,427,221	34,486,396	28,291,309	478,331,348	411,718,530
Net Position, ending	\$ 531,389,870	\$443,844,952	\$ 40,220,458	\$ 34,486,396	\$ 571,610,328	\$478,331,348

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

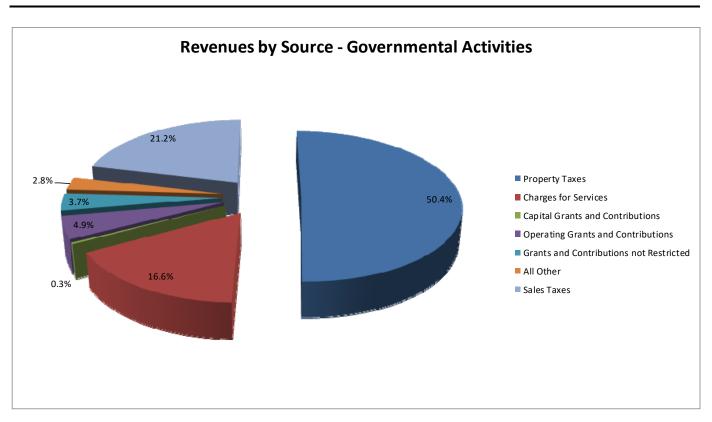
Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$87.54 million, thereby accounting for 93.85% of the total increase in the net position of the County. Key elements in fiscal year 2021's activity are as follows:

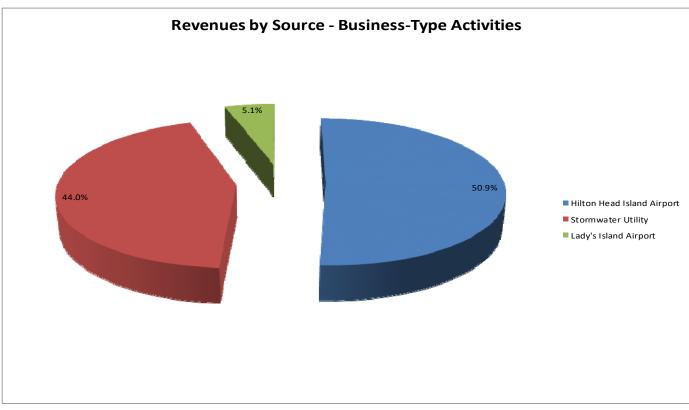
• Charges for services increased by \$5.2 million, or 11.97%, in fiscal year 2021 as compared to fiscal year 2020. The increase in charges for services is due to increased recording fees. The increased recording fees are directly related to the growth of the economy in the County.

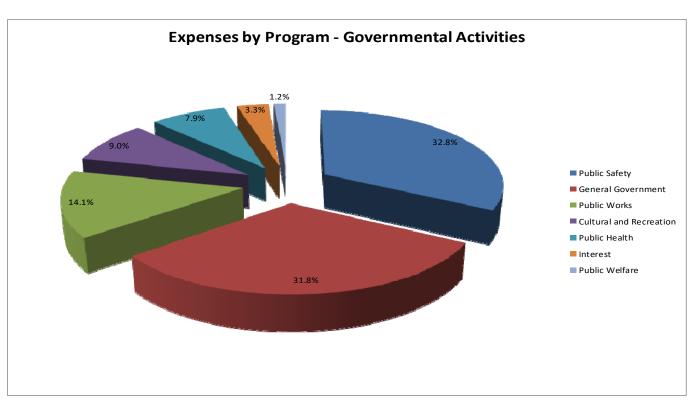
- Property tax revenues increased by \$3.7 million, or 2.78%, in fiscal year 2021 as compared to fiscal year 2020.
- During fiscal year 2021, the County received approximately \$55.8 million in sales tax revenues as a result of a referendum in November 2018 for which collections began in May 2019 for road, bridges and infrastructure repairs and replacements.

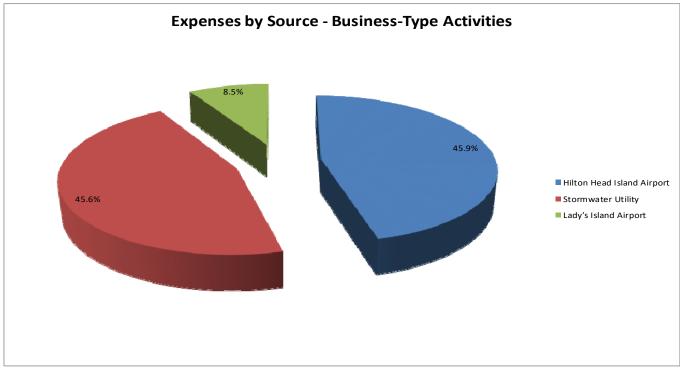
Business-type activities increased the County's net position by nearly \$5.7 million, accounting for 6.15% of the total growth in the net position of the County. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Charges for services increased \$597 thousand, or 10.42%, in fiscal year 2021. This was primarily due to the increased revenue (\$517 thousand more in fiscal year 2021 than in fiscal year 2020) at the Hilton Head Airport.
- Additionally, both airports saw an increase in expenses during the fiscal year; the Lady's Island Airport's expenses increased in fiscal year 2021 by \$263 thousand as compared to fiscal year 2020; Hilton Head Airport's expenses increased \$1.44 million. These increases in expenses were due to airport improvement projects at the airports in the prior year that gave rise to increased expenses in that year.









FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds – The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$332,067,469, an increase of \$102,229,251, in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 19.82% of this total fund balance, \$65,802,045 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance totaling \$266,265,424 is either nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned for specific spending. This includes \$2,100,954 "not in spendable form" for items that are not expected to be converted to cash within one year, such as prepaid items. The remainder includes \$264,164,470 restricted, committed, or assigned for programs.

General Fund – The general fund is the main operating fund of the County. As of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the unassigned portion of the fund balance of the general fund was \$65,808,134, while the total fund balance was \$71,674,444. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, a comparison is made of both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 56.05% of total general fund expenditures and transfers out, while the total fund balance represents approximately 61.04% of total general fund expenditures and transfers out. Refer to pages 23 – 25 for the key elements of fiscal year 2021's general fund activity. The increased fund balance as of June 30, 2021 is due to increased revenues from taxes, charges for services and miscellaneous sources above and beyond the budgeted amounts as well as decreased expenditures in general government, public works and capital outlays below the budgeted amounts.

ARPA Fund – Beaufort County received \$18,665,425 for the American Rescue Plan Act. At the end of 2021, no funds had been expended. 100% of the cash is recognized as deferred revenue until the expenditures are made.

County-wide General Obligation Bonds Fund – At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the County-wide general obligation bonds fund was \$21,177,387. The County-wide general obligation bonds fund balance is restricted for debt service. This fund recognized revenues of \$11,593,711 and total expenditures of \$19,582,236 for a decrease in fund balance of \$303,465. While the County typically collects enough revenue through a combination of taxes, intergovernmental revenue and interest earnings to fully service the debt, sufficient revenue was not collected in fiscal year 2021 partially due to the decrease in interest rates and thus, interest earned, but also because the County realized sufficient fund balance in the prior year to service the debt during fiscal year 2021.

Sales Tax Project Fund – At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the sales tax project fund was \$99,638,927 almost all of which was restricted for capital improvements as set forth in the County's adopted capital improvements plan. The sales tax project fund recognized revenues of \$55,797,558, total expenditures of \$1,627,460 for a change in fund balance of \$54,170,098.

Further details of the County's major funds and nonmajor funds can be found in the notes to financial statements.

Proprietary funds – The focus of the County's proprietary funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County proprietary funds' financing requirements. As restrictions, commitments, and other limitations on net position significantly affect the availability of fund resources for future use, unreserved net position may serve as a useful measure of a government's proprietary net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's proprietary funds reported combined ending net position of \$40,220,458, which is an increase of \$5,734,062 in comparison with the prior year. The proprietary funds recognized operating revenues of \$11,787,639 and operating expenses of \$9,268,418. Non-operating revenues and expenses totaled (\$21,831), while capital contributions totaled \$3,236,672 in fiscal year 2021, for a change in net position of \$5,734,062.

Stormwater Utility – At the end of the current fiscal year, the net position of the Stormwater Utility fund was \$12,155,521, of which \$2,912,602 was invested in capital assets, net of related debt, leaving a balance of \$9,242,919 in unrestricted net position. The Stormwater Utility Fund recognized operating revenues of \$6,593,342, total operating expenses of \$4,176,511, and (\$138,033) in net non-operating revenues for an increase in net position of \$2,364,985. The increase in net position within the Stormwater Utility Fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was related to increased operating revenues that outpaced the rate of expenditure; few expenses for capital outlay were made. The county is working toward a comprehensive capital replacement plan under which expenses for capital outlay will be made in future fiscal years.

Beaufort Executive Airport – At the end of the current fiscal year, the net position of the Lady's Island Airport fund was \$2,586,074, of which \$4,254,080 was invested in capital assets, net of related debt, leaving a deficit balance of \$1,668,006 in unrestricted net position. The Beaufort Executive Airport recognized operating revenues of \$751,296, total operating expenses of \$776,141, and \$(35,259) in net non-operating expenses for a decrease in net position of \$30,104. The decrease in the Beaufort Executive Airport fund balance in the 2021 fiscal year was the result of decreased operating revenues and a lack of capital grants.

Hilton Head Island Airport – At the end of the current fiscal year, the net position of the Hilton Head Island Airport fund was \$25,478,863, of which \$35,647,239 was invested in capital assets, net of related debt, leaving a deficit balance of \$10,168,376 in unrestricted net position. The Hilton Head Island Airport recognized operating revenues of \$4,443,001, total operating expenses of \$4,315,766, \$151,461 in net non-operating expenses, and \$3,120,485 in capital contributions for an increase in net position of \$3,399,181. The increase in net position within the Hilton Head Island Airport fund in the 2021 fiscal year was related to increased capital contributions as well as operating revenues which is attributable to the previous expansion completed at the end of fiscal year 2018 that is slowly attracting more business to this airport.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Original Budget to Final Budget Comparison for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Final Budget Budget				Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	106,217,968	\$	106,217,968	\$	-	
Licenses and permits		3,244,160		3,244,160		-	
Intergovernmental		9,058,838		9,058,838		-	
Charges for services		8,862,160		8,862,160		-	
Fines and forfeitures		749,500		749,500		-	
Interest		442,805		442,805		-	
Miscellaneous		180,000		147,194		(32,806)	
Total Revenues		128,755,431		128,722,625		(32,806)	
Expenditures:							
General government		41,744,196		42,662,730		(918,534)	
Public safety		49,351,276		51,594,421		(2,243,145)	
Public w orks		16,717,723		16,702,549		15,174	
Public health		3,492,663		3,723,944		(231,281)	
Public w elfare		708,261		707,361		900	
Cultural and recreation		13,279,123		13,344,933		(65,810)	
Capital		2,388,740		933,428		1,455,312	
Total Expenditures		127,681,982		129,669,366		(1,987,384)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		1,073,449		(946,741)		(2,020,190)	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in		1,545,000		1,545,000		-	
Transfers out		(2,618,449)		(2,186,747)		431,702	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,073,449)		(641,747)		431,702	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(1,588,488)		(1,588,488)	
Fund balance - beginning		53,817,297		53,817,297		-	
Fund balance - ending	\$	53,817,297	\$	52,228,809	\$	(1,588,488)	

The County did prepare a final or amended budget for the general fund during fiscal year 2021. Increases in the revised budget relate to the carryover budget from 2020 that was approved by County Council.

	Final Budget Actua			Actual	Buc	ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	106,217,968	\$	110,449,001	\$	4,231,033	
Licenses and permits		3,244,160		4,466,806		1,222,646	
Intergovernmental		9,058,838		10,445,826		1,386,988	
Charges for services		8,862,160		14,273,847		5,411,687	
Fines and forfeitures		749,500		616,416		(133,084)	
Interest		442,805		153,296		(289,509)	
Miscellaneous		147,194		557,776		410,582	
Total Revenues		128,722,625		140,962,968		12,240,343	
Expenditures:							
General government		42,662,730		39,485,979		3,176,751	
Public safety		51,594,421		43,320,600		8,273,821	
Public w orks		16,702,549		15,986,745		715,804	
Public health		3,723,944		3,375,347		348,597	
Public w elfare		707,361		636,593		70,768	
Cultural and recreation		13,344,933		11,687,530		1,657,403	
Capital		933,428		2,116,486		(1,183,058)	
Total Expenditures		129,669,366		116,609,280		13,060,086	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		(946,741)		24,353,688		25,300,429	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		1,545,000		1,584,205		39,205	
Transfers out		(2,186,747)		(8,080,746)		(5,893,999)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(641,747)		(6,496,541)		(5,854,794)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,588,488)		17,857,147		19,445,635	
Fund balance - beginning		53,817,297		53,817,297		-	
Fund balance - ending	\$	52,228,809	\$	71,674,444	\$	19,445,635	

Final Budget to Actual Comparison for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The actual net position of the County's general fund varied from its final budget's net position by \$25.3 million. Key elements of this are as follows:

- The County's general fund actual revenues had a positive variance of \$12.24 million as compared to the final budget of fiscal year 2021. This positive variance is attributable to increased actual revenue as compared to expected revenue related to Property Taxes, Charges for Services, and Miscellaneous Revenues.
- The County's general fund actual expenditures had a positive variance of \$13.0 million as compared to the final budget of fiscal year 2021. This positive variance is directly related to decreased expenditures in the General Government, Public Works and Culture and Recreation functions.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets – The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021 was \$581,533,993 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land and easements, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, and equipment. The total increase in the County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 1.38%.

In lieu of annual depreciation, the County has elected to use the modified approach for its airport infrastructure assets, which include runways, taxiways, and aprons. As of June 30, 2021, 100% of airport runways in fair or better condition, 50% of taxiways in fair or better condition, 43% of Aprons in fair or better condition.

Additional information on the County's modified approach for airport infrastructure assets can be found on Schedule 1 on page 82 of this report.

Beaufort County's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

June 30, 2021 and 2020

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2021	2020	2020 2021 2020				
Land	\$ 136,079,805	\$ 135,155,062	\$ 19,999,079	\$ 18,655,857	\$ 156,078,884	\$ 153,810,919	
Easements	18,059,927	18,059,927	-	-	18,059,927	18,059,927	
Construction in progress	25,920,184	16,843,535	6,590,183	4,121,319	32,510,367	20,964,854	
Buildings and improvements	101,272,165	99,795,393	3,517,038	3,812,625	104,789,203	103,608,018	
Infrastructure	243,072,492	248,971,439	10,176,812	10,176,812	253,249,304	259,148,251	
Equipment	14,315,499	15,281,335	2,530,809	2,622,149	16,846,308	17,903,484	
Total Capital Assets	\$ 538,720,072	\$ 534,106,691	\$ 42,813,921	\$ 39,388,762	\$ 581,533,993	\$ 573,495,453	

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

• An additional \$1.3 million of land purchased for the Hilton Head Island Airport.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on pages 51 – 53 of this report.

Long-Term Debt – At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had \$363,714,787 of total long-term obligations outstanding. The total amount of general obligation debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

Beaufort County's Outstanding Debt June 30, 2021 and 2020

	Governmer	ntal Activities
	2021	2020
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 205,794,853	\$ 197,277,817
Net Pension Liability	141,587,040	125,657,105
Compensated Absences	3,912,128	4,504,195
Premiums	12,420,766	9,735,210
Total Outstanding Debt	<u>\$ 363,714,787</u>	\$ 337,174,327
Deferred Charge on Refundings	\$ 2,088,863	\$ 2,613,164

Major outstanding debt events during the current fiscal year included the following:

• The County's pension liability increased by \$15.92 million as compared to fiscal year 2020.

The County maintains an underlying, uninsured "AA+" bond rating from Standard & Poor's Rating Group for all of its general obligation bonds, an underlying, uninsured "Aa1" bond rating from Moody's Investors Service for all of its general obligation bonds.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 8% of its total assessed valuation less debt issued by referendum and debt issued and paid by other sources. The current debt limitation for the County is \$180,421,931. The County was \$105,016,675 under this legal limit at June 30, 2021.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 on pages 53 – 58 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

- The unemployment rate for the County was 3.6% at June 30, 2021, which is lower than the rate of 7.4% a year ago. This compares favorably with the State of South Carolina's average unemployment rate of 4.5% at June 30, 2021, and with the national average unemployment rate of 5.9% at June 30, 2021.
- The cost of living in this region still compares favorably to other areas of the country.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2022 fiscal year. As of June 30, 2021, the County's unassigned general fund balance was \$65,808,134. During fiscal year 2021, there was an increase to the County's general fund balance in the amount of \$17,857,147.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Beaufort County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, Post Office Box 1228, Beaufort, South Carolina 29901-1228.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Control search Receivables S 218/076.602 S 17,259/106 S 225,337.608 Control server Receivables 98,274 7,1257.72 22,025,337.608 7,027.72 Notes receivable 99,749 97,842 7,037.72 Inventories 99,749 98,743 105,531 106,533 Properties 21,00,645 3,242 2,10,104 3,242 2,10,104 Transmission 246,446,653 107,26,800 200,175,633 106,533 106,533 Not-strend inserts 246,446,653 107,26,800 200,175,633 109,332,243 109,332,343 Not-strend inserts 384,150 384,150 384,150 109,332,343 Capital non-current assets 246,037,465 42,813,927 201,933,393 Total non-current assets 246,037,465 42,813,927 201,933,933 Total non-current assets 246,037,465 42,813,927 201,936,934 20,986,93 2,029,809,93 2,029,809,93 2,029,809,93 2,029,809,93 2,029,809,94 2,014,935,809 2,014,935,809 2,014,935,809 2,014,935,809<		G	overnmental Activities		isiness-Type Activities		Totals
Cash and equivip in pooled cash and investments \$ 218,077,662 \$ 7,259,106 \$ 25,337,686 Recorvable 97,43 17,257,107 \$ 7,82,724 Due from other governments 20,288,381 198,631 198,631 Notes recorvable 99,743 - 89,743 International 21,00,554 198,631 198,631 Other ansets 21,00,554 199,733 - 195,733 Total current assets 246,446,063 107,728,000 200,175,033 Ron-current assets 100,533,243 - 109,573,243 - 109,573,323 Capital assets 100,533,243 - 109,573,323 - 109,573,323 - 109,573,323 Total non-current assets 100,533,243 - 109,573,323 - 109,573,323 - 109,573,323 - 109,573,323 - 109,573,323 - 109,573,323 - 644,574,67 2,582,509 59,672,716 59,672,716 59,672,716 59,672,716 59,672,716 59,672,716 59,672,716 59,672,716 <td><u>ASSETS</u></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	<u>ASSETS</u>						
Note receivable 98.748 - 99.748 - 99.531 155.31 Prepaid terms 2,000.864 3.242 2.104.198 - 1.888 - 1.888 - 1.888 - 1.888 - 1.888 - 1.888 - 1.888 - 1.888 - 1.888 - 1.888 - 1.985 3.3243 - 1.985 3.3243 - 1.985 3.3243 - 1.995 3.3243 - 1.995 3.995 3.995 3.995 3.995 3.995 3.995 3.995 3.995 3.995 3.995 3.995 3.997 7.018 3.997 9.977 7.997 3.297 7.018 3.207 9.977 8.977 3.997 2.608.263 - 2.008.663 - 2.008.663 - 2.008.663 - 2.008.664 - 2.008.663 - 2.008.663 - 2.008.663 - 2.008.663 - 2.008.663 - 2.008.663 -	Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables	\$	5,890,150	\$	1,292,574	\$	7,182,724
Prepaid items 2.100,54 3.242 2.104,169 Other assets 1.88 - 1.88 - Non-current assets 109,533,243 109,533,243 109,533,243 109,533,243 Equity in pooled investments 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 109,533,243 - 101,532,557,013 5 5,622,602,662 82,802 22,600,644 - 36,472,72 101,522,55,808 - 2,2600,644 - 10,640,72,714,525	Notes receivable				-		89,748
Non-current assets 100.533.243 100.533.243 Notes receivable 100.533.243 100.533.243 Notes receivable 100.533.243 100.533.243 Capital packed investments 100.533.243 100.533.243 Note spreciable 100.533.243 100.533.243 Depreciable 100.533.243 100.533.243 Depreciable 100.533.243 100.533.243 Total non-current assets 648.637.465 42.913.921 691.451.386 Total assets 648.637.465 42.913.921 691.451.386 Deferred outlows of resources 2.088.863 - 2.088.863 Total assets and deferred outlows of resources \$ 922.798.643 \$ 63.525.703 \$ 966.324.346 Current labilities 10.677.345 \$ 14.461.503 - 325.668 - 32.265.686 - 32.265.682 22.288.87 - 32.85.684.148 \$ 0.088.87 - 32.85.684.148 \$ 0.038.257.03 \$ 968.324.346 \$ 10.577.357 42.807.97.277.141 5 0.468.418 - 32.808.87 - 32.808.87.277.141 5 0.0	Prepaid items Other assets		1,888		3,242		2,104,196 1,888
Equity in pooled investments 109.532,243 109.517,393 Capital assets 384,150 384,150 Non-depreciable 380,000,074 216.825,900 Depreciable 380,000,156 6.047,847 216.825,900 Depreciable 588,700,072 42.813,921 581,533,693 Total non-current assets 648,637,465 42.813,921 691,485,1386 Total assets 648,637,465 42.813,921 691,485,1386 Defreed charge on refundings 2,088,863 9.2 2088,863 Pension 2,088,863 9.2 2088,863 9.2 2088,863 Current liabilities 2 5.052,700 \$ 086,324,347 5 0.286,863 9.2 2.088,863 - 2.088,863 - 2.088,863 - 2.088,863 - 3.208,863 - 3.208,863 - 2.088,863 - 3.208,863 - 3.208,863 - 3.208,863 - 3.208,863 - 3.208,863 - 3.208,863 - 3.208,863 - 3.208,863			246,446,653		19,728,980		266,175,633
Capital assets 109.917.393 109.917.393 Non-depreciable 180.059.916 36.766.074 216.825.900 Depreciable 385.860.186 6.047.847 216.825.900 Total non-current assets 644.674.4765 42.813.921 691.481.386 Total non-current assets 644.674.4765 42.813.921 691.481.386 Deferred charge on refundings 2.088.863 - 2.088.863 Pension 25.625.662 982.200 28.687.577 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ 92.208.643 \$ 63.525.703 \$ 986.324.46 Current liabilities 2.088.863 - 2.088.863 - 2.088.863 Accounts payable \$ 13.518.242 \$ 943.351 \$ 14.461.593 Account payable \$ 13.518.242 \$ 943.351 \$ 14.461.593 Account payable \$ 13.518.242 \$ 943.351 \$ 14.461.593 Account payable \$ 13.518.242 \$ 943.351 \$ 14.461.593 Account payable \$ 13.518.242 \$ 943.351 \$ 14.461.593 Account payable \$ 12.260.201 \$ 22.57.871 12.	Equity in pooled investments				-		
Non-dependable 180,029,916 37,66,074 216,825,990 Depreciable 258,601,165 6.047,847 364,708,003 Total non-current assets 648,337,465 42,813,821 691,451,3693 Total assets 648,337,465 42,813,821 691,451,3693 Deferred charge on refundings 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 3,084,366 - 1,088,060 - 1,088,060 - 1,088,060 - - 1,088,060 - - 2,088,863 - - 2,088,863 - - 2,088,863 - - - 2,089,863					-		
Depreciable 3368,660,156 6.047,847 364,708,003 Total non-current assets 538,720,072 42,813,821 591,1533,993 Total assets 895,084,118 622,421,3221 691,443,386 Deferred horps on infundings 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 Pension 25,525,662 982,802 28,608,432 Total deferred outflows of resources 3 9,277,86,433 5,352,77,03 9,982,802 28,609,432 Current liabilities 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 Current liabilities 3,532,57,703 9,982,802 28,609,432 3,63,22,7,73 Accound payroll 3,13,518,242 9,443,351 \$,14,461,503 3,295,868 7,7,7,14,525 29,28,602 28,609,7375 Accound payroll \$,13,518,242 \$,943,351 \$,14,461,503 4,267,987 5,648,221 - 1,92,60,000 1,92,60,000 - 1,92,60,000 - 1,92,60,000 - 1,92,60,000 - 1,92,60,000 - 1,92,60,000 - 1,92,60,001 <t< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	•						
Total non-current assets 538,720,072 42,813,921 581,533,983 Total assets 648,637,465 42,813,921 691,451,386 Deferred charge on refundings 895,084,118 62,542,001 957,527,019 Deferred charge on refundings 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 3,085,068 - 3,085,068 - 3,085,068 - 3,285,686 - 3,285,686 - 3,285,686 - 3,285,686 - 3,285,686 - 1,182,6872 Total current liabilities - 1,182,872 Total sector don drug + metet 18,668,087 - 1,182,872 Total current liabilities - 1,132,872 1,132,872							
Total non-current assets 649.637.465 42.813.921 691.451.386 Total assets 895.084.118 62.542.901 957.627.019 Deferred drage on refundings 2.088.863 - 2.088.863 - 2.088.863 Pension 25.625.662 962.802 28.607.327 508.2862 28.607.327 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 92.789.643 \$ 63.525.703 \$ 966.324.346 Current liabilities \$ 12.518.242 \$ 943.351 \$ 14.461.593 Accrued payroll \$ 13.518.242 \$ 943.351 \$ 14.461.593 Accrued payroll \$ 10.518.242 \$ 943.351 \$ 14.461.593 Accrued payroll \$ 10.518.242 \$ 943.351 \$ 14.461.593 Accrued payroll \$ 10.258.221 \$ 63.525.703 \$ 968.324.346 Unearmed revenue 10.868.087 \$ 13.2672 \$ 11.868.087 \$ 12.828.72 Internal balances \$ 10.73.45 \$ 50.4420 \$ 22.749.453 \$ 949.351 Non-current liabilities \$ 45.073.451 \$ 17.397.164 \$ 62.470.615 Non-current liabilities	Depreciable						
Total assets B95,084,118 62,542,001 957,627,019 Deferred charge on refundings 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 - 2,088,863 Persion 25,625,662 982,802 26,608,464 28,607,427 7 Total deferred outflows of resources 2,17,14,525 982,002 28,607,427 7 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ 902,798,643 \$ 63,525,703 \$ 986,324,346 Accounts payable \$ 13,518,242 \$ 943,351 \$ 14,461,593 Accounts payable \$ 2,258,686 - 3,225,686 Accounts payable \$ 13,518,242 \$ 943,351 \$ 14,461,593 Accounts payable \$ 13,518,242 \$ 943,351 \$ 14,461,593 Accounts payable \$ 2,956,868 - 3,225,686 Accounts payable \$ 13,518,242 \$ 943,351 \$ 14,461,593 Accounts payable \$ 13,518,242 \$ 943,351 \$ 14,461,593 Accounts payable \$ 13,518,242 \$ 943,351 \$ 14,461,593 Accounts payable \$ 13,828,72 \$ 11,328,721			536,720,072		42,013,921		561,555,995
DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 Pension 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 . 2,088,863 . 3,026,868 . 3,205,868 . 3,205,868 . 3,225,868 . 3,225,868 . 3,226,868 . 3,226,868 . 3,226,868 . 3,226,868 . 3,226,868 . 3,226,868 . 3,226,868 . 3,226,868 . 3,226,868 . 3,226,868 . 3,226,868 . 2,207,817 .	Total non-current assets		648,637,465		42,813,921		691,451,386
Deferred charge on refundings 2,088,883 - 2,088,883 Pension 25,625,662 982,802 26,608,464 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 922,798,643 \$ 63,525,703 \$ 988,824,346 Current liabilities Accounds payable \$ 13,518,242 \$ 943,351 \$ 14,461,593 Accounds payable \$ 3,295,868 17,734 \$ 5,094,823 Accound payroll \$ 13,518,242 \$ 943,351 \$ 14,461,593 Accound payroll \$ 3,295,868 17,734 \$ 3,295,868 Current proving 18,668,087 1 18,668,087 19,260,000 19,260,000 19,260,000 19,260,000 19,260,000 19,260,000 19,260,000 19,260,000 19,260,000 19,260,000 19,260,000 19,260,000 19,260,000 19,260,000 19,260,000 19,260,000 19,260,000 19,260,000 19,260,000 19,260,000 19,260,000 19,275,020 141,224,721 13,3	Total assets		895,084,118		62,542,901		957,627,019
Pension 25.625.662 982.802 28.603.464 Total deferred outflows of resources 27.714.525 982.902 28.697.327 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ 922.798.643 \$ 63.525.703 \$ 986.324.346 Current liabilities 4.007.506 177.314 \$ 1.4461.593 Accounts payable \$ 13.518.242 \$ 943.351 \$ 1.4.461.593 Accound payroll \$ 4.907.506 177.314 \$ 5.084.820 Accrued compensated absences \$ 547.698 19.677 \$ 567.375 Unternet revenue 18.668.087 - 18.668.087 - Current portion of long-term debt 19.240.000 - 19.260.000 - Non-current liabilities 45.073.451 17.397.164 62.470.615 Non-current liabilities 3.364.430 120.877 3.485.307 Total current liabilities 198.965.619 - 198.955.619 Total current liabilities 23.225.661 412.206.201 Deference inclows of resources 2.428.233 79.564 2.507.817 Total current							
Total deferred outflows of resources 27,714,525 982,802 28,697,327 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ 922,798,643 \$ 63,525,703 \$ 986,324,346 LABILITES Current liabilities \$ 13,518,242 \$ 946,324,346 \$ 14,461,593 Accounds payable \$ 13,518,242 \$ 943,351 \$ 14,461,593 \$ 3,295,868 3,295,868 \$ 3,295,868 \$ 3,295,868 \$ 3,295,868 \$ 3,295,868 \$ 3,295,868 \$ 3,295,868 \$ 3,295,868 \$ 3,295,868 \$ 11,80,877 \$ 567,375 \$ 18,660,087 \$ 18,660,087 \$ 11,82,872 \$ 11,82,872 \$ 11,82,872 \$ 11,82,872 \$ 11,82,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,872 \$ 11,92,					-		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ 922,798,643 \$ 63,525,703 \$ 986,324,346 Current liabilities Accounts payable \$ 13,518,242 \$ 943,351 \$ 14,461,593 Accounts payable \$ 13,518,242 \$ 943,351 \$ 14,461,593 Accounts payable \$ 2,256,868 - 3,295,868 Accrued ionibilities \$ 2,256,868 - 3,295,868 Accrued ionibilities \$ 14,61,593 - 5,67,375 Unearmed revenue 18,668,087 - 18,868,087 Current portion of long-term debt 19,260,000 - 19,260,000 Due to others 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 Total current liabilities - 44,073,4451 17,397,164 62,470,615 Non-current liabilities - 19,865,619 - 19,260,000 - 19,260,000 Long-term obligations 19,895,619 - 10,202,017 3,485,307 Accrued compensated absences 2,364,430 120,877 3,485,307 Total our-tri liabilities - 28,284,97 349,735,586 - 23,225,661 412,206,201 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - 2,42							, ,
Libilities 13.518.242 \$ 943.351 \$ 14.461.593 Accounts payable 4.907.506 177.314 5.084.820 Account payroll 3.295.868 - 3.295.868 Accrued iabilities 3.295.868 - 3.295.868 Accrued compensated absences 18.668.087 - 18.668.087 Unearmed revenue 18.668.087 - 18.668.087 Internal balances (16.256.822) - 11.32.872 Current portion of long-term debt 19.260.000 - 19.260.000 Due to others 11.32.872 - 1.132.872 Total current liabilities 45.073.451 17.397.164 62.470.615 Non-current liabilities 45.073.451 17.397.164 62.470.615 Non-current liabilities 3.364.430 120.877 3.485.307 Net pension liability 19.8955.619 - 19.8955.619 Total ourrent liabilities 343.907.089 5.828.497 349.735.586 Total deferred inflows of resources 2.428.233 79.584 2.507.817	Total deterred outflows of resources		27,714,525		982,802		28,697,327
Current liabilities \$ 13,518,242 \$ 943,351 \$ 14,461,593 Accounts payable 3,295,668 - 3,295,668 - 3,295,668 Accrued liabilities 3,295,668 - 3,295,668 - 3,295,668 Accrued compensated absences 547,698 19,677 567,375 Unearned revenue 18,668,087 - 18,668,087 Internal bialances (16,256,622) - 112,2872 - 1132,872 Total current liabilities 45,073,451 17,397,164 62,470,615 Non-current liabilities 3,364,430 120,877 3,485,307 Accrued compensated absences 3,364,430 120,877 3,485,307 Net pension liability 141,587,040 5,707,620 147,294,660 Long-term bilgations 198,955,619 - 198,955,619 - Total inon-current liabilities 343,907,089 5,828,497 349,735,586 Total inon-current liabilities 343,907,089 5,828,497 349,735,586 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,428,233 7		\$	922,798,643	\$	63,525,703	\$	986,324,346
Accounts payable \$ 13,518,242 \$ 943,351 \$ 14,461,593 Accrued payroll 3,295,666 - 3,295,666 - 3,295,666 Accrued compensated absences 547,698 19,677 567,375 Unearmed revenue 18,668,087 - 18,680,087 Current revenue 18,680,087 - 112,2672 Current protion of long-term debt 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 Total current liabilities - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 Non-current liabilities - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 Total current revenue 1,363,0430 120,877 3,485,307 Net pension liability 14,1587,040 5,707,620 147,294,680 Courrent poing alons 198,955,619 - 198,955,619 Total lon-current liabilities - 198,955,619 141,202,017 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,81							
Accrued payroll 4,907,506 177,314 5,084,820 Accrued labilities 3,295,868 - 3,295,868 Accrued compensated absences 5,47,698 19,677 567,375 Unearned revenue 18,668,087 - 18,668,087 Internal balances (16,256,622) 16,256,622 - Current portion of long-term debt 19,260,000 19,260,000 19,260,000 Due to others 1,32,872 - 1,132,872 Total current liabilities 3,364,430 120,877,344 62,470,815 Non-current liabilities 3,364,430 120,877,344 3,465,307 Accrued compensated absences 3,364,430 120,877,346 3,458,307 Net pension liability 141,587,040 5,707,620 147,294,660 Long-term obligations 198,955,619 198,955,619 1949,975,518 Total inabilities 388,980,540 23,225,661 412,206,201 Pension 2,428,233 79,564 2,507,817 Total inflows of resources 2,428,233 79,564		\$	13 518 242	\$	943 351	\$	14 461 593
Accrued compensated absences 547,698 19,677 567,375 Uneamed revenue 18,668,087 - 18,668,087 Internal balances (16,256,822) 16,256,822 - Current portion of long-term debt 19,260,000 - 19,280,000 - 19,280,000 - 19,280,000 - 19,280,000 - 19,280,000 - 19,280,000 - 19,280,000 - 19,280,000 - 11,312,872 - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 - -		Ŷ	, ,	Ŷ	,	Ŧ	, ,
Unearned revenue 18,668,067 - 18,668,087 Internal balances (16,256,822) 16,256,822 - Current portion of long-term debt 19,260,000 - 19,260,000 Due to others 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 Total current liabilities 45,073,451 17,397,164 62,470,615 Non-current liabilities 3,364,430 120,877 3,485,307 Net pension liability 141,587,040 5,707,620 147,294,660 Long-term obligations 198,955,619 - 198,955,619 Total non-current liabilities 343,907,089 5,828,497 349,735,586 Total liabilities 343,907,089 5,828,497 349,735,586 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Met investment in capital assets 365,495,409 42,813,921 408,309,330 Restricted for: - - 19,275,029 - 19,275,029 Public safety programs 7,537,057 - 7,537,057 - 7,537,057	Accrued liabilities		3,295,868		-		3,295,868
Internal balances (16,256,822) 16,256,822 - Current portion of long-term debt 19,260,000 - 19,260,000 Due to others 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 Total current liabilities 45,073,451 17,397,164 62,470,615 Non-current liabilities 3,364,430 120,877 3,485,307 Accrued compensated absences 3,364,430 120,877 3,485,307 Net pension liability 141,587,040 5,707,620 147,294,660 Long-term obligations 198,985,619 - 198,985,619 Total non-current liabilities 343,907,089 5,828,497 349,735,586 Total inon-current liabilities 343,907,089 5,828,497 349,735,586 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Met investment in capital assets 865,495,409 42,813,921 408,309,330 Restricted for: 9,275,029 19,275,029 19,275,029 Qubic works programs 7,537,657 7,537,657 7,537,657 7,537,657					19,677		
Current portion of long-term debt 19,260,000 - 19,260,000 Due to others - 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 Total current liabilities 45,073,451 17,397,164 62,470,615 Non-current liabilities 3,364,430 120,877 3,485,307 Accrued compensated absences 3,364,430 120,877 3,485,307 Net pension liability 141,587,040 5,707,620 147,294,660 Long-term obligations 198,955,619 - 198,955,619 Total non-current liabilities 343,907,089 5,828,497 349,735,586 Total non-current liabilities 388,980,540 23,225,661 412,206,201 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Net mestment in capital assets Restricted for: 365,495,409 42,813,921 408,309,330 General government programs 19,275,029 - 19,275,029 Public works programs 7,537,057 7,537,057 7,537,057					-		18,668,087
Due to others 1,132,872 - 1,132,872 Total current liabilities 45,073,451 17,397,164 62,470,615 Non-current liabilities 3,364,430 120,877 3,485,307 Net pension liability 141,587,040 5,707,620 147,294,660 Long-term obligations 198,955,619 - 198,955,619 Total non-current liabilities 343,907,089 5,828,497 349,735,586 Total non-current liabilities 343,907,089 5,828,497 349,735,586 Total ono-current liabilities 343,907,089 5,828,497 349,735,586 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Cancer do resources 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Net investment in capital assets 365,495,409 42,813,921 408,309,330 Restricted for: - - 19,275,029 - 19,275,029 Public works programs 19,275,029 - 19,275,029 - <					16,256,822		-
Total current liabilities 45,073,451 17,397,164 62,470,615 Non-current liabilities 3,364,430 120,877 3,485,307 Net pension liability 141,587,040 5,707,620 147,294,660 Long-term obligations 198,955,619 - 198,955,619 Total non-current liabilities 343,907,089 5,828,497 349,735,586 Total liabilities 388,980,540 23,225,661 412,206,201 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: 365,495,409 42,813,921 408,309,330 Restricted for: 19,275,029 19,275,029 19,275,029 Public safety programs 7,537,057 7,537,057 5,285,784 Public works programs 5,295,784 36,78,894 36,78,894 Public works programs 104,118 104,118 104,118 Cultural and recreational programs			, ,		-		, ,
Non-current liabilities 3,364,430 120,877 3,485,307 Net pensated absences 3,364,430 120,877 3,485,307 Net pension liability 141,587,040 5,707,620 147,294,660 Long-term obligations 198,955,619 - 198,955,619 Total non-current liabilities 343,907,089 5,828,497 349,735,586 Total non-current liabilities 348,980,540 23,225,661 412,206,201 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 365,495,409 42,813,921 408,309,330 Restricted for: 9,275,029 - 19,275,029 Public safety programs 7,537,057 7,537,057 7,537,057 Public works programs 5,295,784 - 5,295,784 Public welfare programs 104,118 104,118 104,118 Cultural and recreational programs 151,753,959					17.397.164		
Accrued compensated absences 3,364,430 120,877 3,485,307 Net pension liability 141,587,040 5,707,620 147,294,660 Long-term obligations 198,955,619 - 198,955,619 Total non-current liabilities 343,907,089 5,828,497 349,735,586 Total liabilities 388,980,540 23,225,661 412,206,201 DEFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Net no capital assets Restricted for: 365,495,409 42,813,921 408,309,330 Restricted for: 9,275,029 - 19,275,029 Public safety programs 19,275,029 - 19,275,029 Public works programs 5,295,784 - 5,295,784 Public welfare programs 14,029,275 - 104,118 Cultural and recreational programs 14,029,275 - 140,292,75 Capital projects 25,644,998 - 25,644,998 - Outrestricted (deficit) (94,504,			10,010,101		,		02, 110,010
Long-term obligations 198,955,619 - 198,955,619 Total non-current liabilities 343,907,089 5,828,497 349,735,586 Total liabilities 388,980,540 23,225,661 412,206,201 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2 23,225,661 412,206,201 Deferred inflows of resources 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Net investment in capital assets 365,495,409 42,813,921 406,309,330 Restricted for: 365,495,409 42,813,921 406,309,330 General government programs 19,275,029 19,275,029 19,275,029 Public safety programs 36,758,894 36,758,894 36,758,894 Public works programs 194,218 104,118 104,118 Cultural and recreational programs 14,029,275 14,029,275 14,029,275 Debt service 25,644,998 25,644,998 25,644,998 Unrestricted (deficit) (24,504,653) (2,593,463) (97,098,116) Total net position 531,389,870 40,220,458 571,610,328			3,364,430		120,877		3,485,307
Total non-current liabilities 343,907,089 5,828,497 349,735,586 Total liabilities 388,980,540 23,225,661 412,206,201 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Pension 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Net investment in capital assets 365,495,409 42,813,921 408,309,330 Restricted for: - - - - General government programs 19,275,029 - 19,275,029 Public safety programs 7,537,057 - 7,537,057 Public health programs 36,758,894 - 36,758,894 Public health programs 104,118 - 104,118 Cultural and recreational programs 104,2175 - 14,029,275 Capital projects 151,753,959 - 151,753,959 - 151,753,959 Debt service 25,644,998 - 25,644,998 - 25,644,998 - 25,644,	Net pension liability		141,587,040		5,707,620		
Total liabilities 388,980,540 23,225,661 412,206,201 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Pension 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Net investment in capital assets 365,495,409 42,813,921 408,309,330 Restricted for: 9,275,029 - 19,275,029 Public safety programs 7,537,057 - 7,537,057 Public works programs 36,758,894 - 36,758,894 Public welfare programs 36,758,894 - 5,295,784 Public welfare programs 104,118 - 104,118 Cultural and recreational programs 14,029,275 - 14,029,275 Capital projects 151,753,959 - 151,753,959 - 151,753,959 Debt service 25,644,998 - 25,644,998 - 25,644,998 Unrestricted (deficit) (94,504,653) (2,593,463) (97,098,116) (94,504,653) (2,5					-		, ,
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Net investment in capital assets 365,495,409 42,813,921 408,309,330 Restricted for: 9,275,029 19,275,029 19,275,029 Public safety programs 7,537,057 7,537,057 7,537,057 Public works programs 36,758,894 36,758,894 36,758,894 Public works programs 5,295,784 5,295,784 5,295,784 Public works programs 104,118 104,118 104,118 Cultural and recreational programs 14,029,275 14,029,275 14,029,275 Capital projects 151,753,959 151,753,959 25,644,998 25,644,998 Unrestricted (deficit) (94,504,653) (2,593,463) (97,098,116) Total net position 531,389,870 40,220,458 571,610,328							
Pension 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,428,233 79,584 2,507,817 Net investment in capital assets 365,495,409 42,813,921 408,309,330 Restricted for: 9,275,029 - 19,275,029 Public safety programs 7,537,057 - 7,537,057 Public works programs 36,758,894 - 36,5495,784 Public health programs 5,295,784 - 5,295,784 Public works programs 104,118 - 104,118 Cultural and recreational programs 14,029,275 - 14,029,275 Capital projects 25,644,998 - 25,644,998 Unrestricted (deficit) (94,504,653) (2,593,463) (97,098,116) Total net position 531,389,870 40,220,458 571,610,328	Total liabilities		388,980,540		23,225,661		412,206,201
Total deferred inflows of resources 2,100,001 2,001,001 Net investment in capital assets 365,495,409 42,813,921 408,309,330 Restricted for: 365,495,409 42,813,921 408,309,330 General government programs 19,275,029 - 19,275,029 Public safety programs 7,537,057 - 7,537,057 Public works programs 36,758,894 - 36,758,894 Public welfare programs 5,295,784 - 5,295,784 Public welfare programs 104,118 - 104,118 Cultural and recreational programs 151,753,959 - 151,753,959 Debt service 25,644,998 - 25,644,998 Unrestricted (deficit) (94,504,653) (2,593,463) (97,098,116) Total net position 531,389,870 40,220,458 571,610,328	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Net investment in capital assets 365,495,409 42,813,921 408,309,330 Restricted for: 9,275,029 9,275,029 19,275,029 19,275,029 Public safety programs 7,537,057 7,537,057 7,537,057 Public works programs 36,758,894 36,758,894 36,758,894 Public health programs 5,295,784 5,295,784 5,295,784 Public welfare programs 104,118 104,118 104,118 Cultural and recreational programs 14,029,275 14,029,275 14,029,275 Debt service 25,644,998 25,644,998 25,644,998 25,644,998 Unrestricted (deficit) (94,504,653) (2,593,463) (97,098,116) Total net position 531,389,870 40,220,458 571,610,328	Pension		2,428,233		79,584		2,507,817
Net investment in capital assets 365,495,409 42,813,921 408,309,330 Restricted for: 19,275,029 19,275,029 19,275,029 Public safety programs 7,537,057 7,537,057 7,537,057 Public works programs 36,758,894 36,758,894 36,758,894 Public works programs 5,295,784 5,295,784 5,295,784 Public welfare programs 104,118 104,118 104,118 Cultural and recreational programs 14,029,275 14,029,275 14,029,275 Capital projects 25,644,998 25,644,998 25,644,998 25,644,998 Unrestricted (deficit) (94,504,653) (2,593,463) (97,098,116) Total net position 531,389,870 40,220,458 571,610,328	Total deferred inflows of resources		2,428,233		79,584		2,507,817
Net investment in capital assets 365,495,409 42,813,921 408,309,330 Restricted for: 19,275,029 19,275,029 19,275,029 Public safety programs 7,537,057 7,537,057 7,537,057 Public works programs 36,758,894 36,758,894 36,758,894 Public works programs 5,295,784 5,295,784 5,295,784 Public welfare programs 104,118 104,118 104,118 Cultural and recreational programs 14,029,275 14,029,275 14,029,275 Capital projects 25,644,998 25,644,998 25,644,998 25,644,998 Unrestricted (deficit) (94,504,653) (2,593,463) (97,098,116) Total net position 531,389,870 40,220,458 571,610,328							
General government programs 19,275,029 - 19,275,029 Public safety programs 7,537,057 - 7,537,057 Public works programs 36,758,894 - 36,758,894 Public health programs 5,295,784 - 5,295,784 Public welfare programs 104,118 - 104,118 Cultural and recreational programs 14,029,275 - 14,029,275 Capital projects 151,753,959 - 151,753,959 Debt service 25,644,998 - 25,644,998 Unrestricted (deficit) (94,504,653) (2,593,463) (97,098,116) Total net position 531,389,870 40,220,458 571,610,328	Net investment in capital assets		365,495,409		42,813,921		408,309,330
Public safety programs 7,537,057 - 7,537,057 Public works programs 36,758,894 - 36,758,894 Public health programs 5,295,784 - 5,295,784 Public welfare programs 104,118 - 104,118 Cultural and recreational programs 14,029,275 - 14,029,275 Capital projects 151,753,959 - 151,753,959 Debt service 25,644,998 - 25,644,998 Unrestricted (deficit) (94,504,663) (2,593,463) (97,098,116) Total net position 531,389,870 40,220,458 571,610,328			19,275,029		-		19,275,029
Public health programs 5,295,784 - 5,295,784 Public welfare programs 104,118 - 104,118 Cultural and recreational programs 14,029,275 - 14,029,275 Capital projects 151,753,959 - 151,753,959 Debt service 25,644,998 - 25,644,998 Unrestricted (deficit) (94,504,653) (2,593,463) (97,098,116) Total net position 531,389,870 40,220,458 571,610,328	Public safety programs		7,537,057		-		7,537,057
Public welfare programs 104,118 - 104,118 Cultural and recreational programs 14,029,275 - 14,029,275 Capital projects 151,753,959 - 151,753,959 Debt service 25,644,998 - 25,644,998 Unrestricted (deficit) (94,504,653) (2,593,463) (97,098,116) Total net position 531,389,870 40,220,458 571,610,328			, ,		-		
Cultural and recreational programs 14,029,275 - 14,029,275 Capital projects 151,753,959 - 151,753,959 Debt service 25,644,998 - 25,644,998 Unrestricted (deficit) (94,504,653) (2,593,463) (97,098,116) Total net position 531,389,870 40,220,458 571,610,328			, ,		-		, ,
Capital projects 151,753,959 - 151,753,959 Debt service 25,644,998 - 25,644,998 Unrestricted (deficit) (94,504,653) (2,593,463) (97,098,116) Total net position 531,389,870 40,220,458 571,610,328					-		
Debt service 25,644,998 - 25,644,998 Unrestricted (deficit) (94,504,653) (2,593,463) (97,098,116) Total net position 531,389,870 40,220,458 571,610,328					-		
Unrestricted (deficit) (94,504,653) (2,593,463) (97,098,116) Total net position 531,389,870 40,220,458 571,610,328			, ,		-		
					(2,593,463)		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position \$ 922,798,643 \$ 63,525,703 \$ 986,324,346	Total net position		531,389,870		40,220,458		571,610,328
	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$	922,798,643	\$	63,525,703	\$	986,324,346

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Program Revenues	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Functions/Programs	<u>.</u>			
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 55,786,602	\$ 21,407,672	\$ 2,771,451	\$ 876,281
Public safety	57,458,757	10,220,824	1,518,227	-
Public works	24,752,852	8,306,192	224,004	-
Public health	13,775,524	507,101	7,075,437	-
Public welfare	2,124,474	256,095	869,812	-
Cultural and recreation	15,727,019	3,028,854	326,852	-
Interest	5,796,178	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	175,421,406	43,726,738	12,785,783	876,281
Business-type activities:				
Stormwater utility	4,364,704	6,593,342	-	86,187
Beaufort Executive Airport	811,405	751,296	-	30,000
Hilton Head Airport	4,386,723	4,443,001	222,326	3,120,485
Total business-type activities	9,562,832	11,787,639	222,326	3,236,672
Total	<u>\$ 184,984,238</u>	\$ 55,514,377	\$ 13,008,109	\$ 4,112,953

General revenues Property taxes Sales taxes Grants and contributions not restricted Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position, beginning

Net position, ending

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position										
	Primary Government										
(Governmental Activities				Totals						
\$	(30,731,198)	\$	-	\$	(30,731,198)						
	(45,719,706)		-		(45,719,706)						
	(16,222,656)		-		(16,222,656)						
	(6,192,986)		-		(6,192,986)						
	(998,567)		-		(998,567)						
	(12,371,313)		-		(12,371,313)						
	(5,796,178)		-		(5,796,178)						
	(118,032,604)		-		(118,032,604)						
			2,314,825		2,314,825						
	-		(30,109)		(30,109)						
	-		3,399,089		3,399,089						
	-		5,683,805		5,683,805						
	(118,032,604)		5,683,805		(112,348,799)						
	132,645,010		_		132,645,010						
	55,879,745		_		55,879,745						
	9,674,443		-		9,674,443						
	3,402,559		50,257		3,452,816						
	3,975,765		-		3,975,765						
	205,577,522		50,257		205,627,779						
	87,544,918		5,734,062		93,278,980						
	443,844,952		34,486,396		478,331,348						
\$	531,389,870	\$	40,220,458	\$	571,610,328						

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	General	ARPA Fund	County Wide General Obligation Bonds	Sales Tax Project	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and equity						
in pooled cash and investments	\$ 69,307,264	\$ 18,665,425	\$ 12,855,224	\$ 85,481,330	\$ 141,302,562	\$ 327,611,805
Receivables	3,839,530	-	385,086		1,386,458	5,611,074
Due from other governments	3,420,333	-	1,508	14,709,577	2,153,933	20,285,351
Advances to enterprise funds	8,657,525	-	7,599,297	-	-	16,256,822
Notes receivable	-	-	473,898	-	-	473,898
Prepaid items	2,100,954	-	-	-	-	2,100,954
Other assets	1,888	-	-	-	-	1,888
Total assets	87,327,494	18,665,425	21,315,013	100,190,907	144,842,953	372,341,792
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	8.332.352	-	-	550,986	4.324.989	13.208.327
Accrued payroll	4,053,414	-	-	994	851,472	4,905,880
Accrued liabilities	873,000	-	-	-	-	873,000
Due to others	1,043,091	-	-	-	89,781	1,132,872
Unearned revenue	2,662	18,665,425	-	-	-	18,668,087
Total liabilities	14,304,519	18,665,425	-	551,980	5,266,242	38,788,166
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue -	1,348,531		137.626			1.486.157
property taxes	1,340,331		137,020		-	1,400,157
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,348,531	-	137,626		-	1,486,157
FUND BALANCE	0 400 054					0 400 054
Nonspendable	2,100,954	-	-	-	-	2,100,954
Restricted	-	-	21,177,387	99,638,927	139,582,800	260,399,114
Assigned Unassigned	3,765,356 65,808,134	-	-	-	- (6,089)	3,765,356 65,802,045
5		-	-	-	()	
Total fund balances	71,674,444		21,177,387	99,638,927	139,576,711	332,067,469
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 87,327,494	\$ 18,665,425	\$ 21,315,013	\$ 100,190,907	\$ 144,842,953	\$ 372,341,792
			. ,,		. ,. ,	

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

al governmental fund balances:		\$ 332,067,469
ounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because of the wing:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the government funds.		538,696,478
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:		
Property taxes and other special assessments Deferred charge on refunding	\$ 1,486,157 2,088,863	3,575,020
Deferred outflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These deferred outflows of resources consist of pension related experience differences, assumption changes, and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments:		
Deferred outflows related to pensions		25,625,662
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
General obligation bonds Bond premiums Compensated absences Accrued interest Net pension liability	\$ (205,794,853) (12,420,766) (3,912,128) (2,422,868) (141,587,040)	(366,137,655
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the cost of the garage to individual		
funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		(8,871
Deferred inflows of resources are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These deferred inflows of resources consist of pension related differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments.		
Deferred inflows related to pensions		 (2,428,233)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 531,389,870

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General	ARPA Fund	County Wide General Obligation Bonds	Sales Tax Project	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 110,449,001	\$-	\$ 11,432,854	\$-	\$ 10,416,063	\$ 132,297,918
Licenses and permits	4,466,806	-	-	-	12,392,426	16,859,232
Intergovernmental	10,445,826	-	-	55,603,495	10,866,894	76,916,215
Charges for services	14,273,847	-	-	-	15,856,109	30,129,956
Fines and forfeitures	616,416	-	33,097	-	871,200	1,520,713
Interest	153,296	-	127,760	194,063	457,071	932,190
Miscellaneous	557,776	-	-	-	3,706,339	4,264,115
Total revenues	140,962,968	-	11,593,711	55,797,558	54,566,102	262,920,339
Expenditures						
General government services	39,485,979	-	-	-	7,012,972	46,498,951
Public safety services	43,320,600	-	-	-	7,900,832	51,221,432
Public works services	15,986,745	-	-	-	449,212	16,435,957
Public health services	3,375,347	-	-	-	9,093,469	12,468,816
Public welfare services	636,593	-	-	-	1,383,084	2,019,677
Cultural and recreation services	11,687,530	-	-	-	657,365	12,344,895
Debt service - principal	-	-	15,601,650	-	9,866,315	25,467,965
Debt service - interest and fees	-	-	3,980,586	-	4,133,947	8,114,533
Capital projects	2,116,486	-	-	1,627,460	20,780,977	24,524,923
Total expenditures	116,609,280	-	19,582,236	1,627,460	61,278,173	199,097,149
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	24,353,688	-	(7,988,525)	54,170,098	(6,712,071)	63,823,190
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Issuance of bonds	-	-	6,135,000	-	36,775,000	42,910,000
Payments to Refunding Debt Escrow Agent	-	-	(8,925,000)	-	-	(8,925,000)
Bond premiums	-	-	4,852,762	-	-	4,852,762
Transfers in	1,584,205	-	5,622,298	-	5,879,402	13,085,905
Transfers out	(8,080,746)	-	-	-	(5,436,860)	(13,517,606)
Total other financing						
sources (uses)	(6,496,541)	-	7,685,060	-	37,217,542	38,406,061
Net change in fund balance	17,857,147	-	(303,465)	54,170,098	30,505,471	102,229,251
Fund balance - beginning	53,817,297		21,480,852	45,468,829	109,071,240	229,838,218
Fund balance - ending	\$ 71,674,444	\$-	\$ 21,177,387	\$ 99,638,927	\$ 139,576,711	\$ 332,067,469

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. <u>S</u> 28,311,015 (23,557,205) 4,753,810 Capital outlay Depreciation expense <u>S</u> 28,311,015 (23,557,205) 4,753,810 4,753,810 The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position. (140,533) Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: 45,985 The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, Neither transaction, however, has any diffect on net position. Governmental funds, explore the effect of these terms are as follows: Repayment of the principal of long-term debt masset (see, all sectores to governmental funds, Neither threased monts are defered an amounts are debt is first issuance of long-term debt is first issuance of norg-term debt is first issua	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 102,229,251
of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. \$ 28,311.015 (23,557,205) 4,753,810 Depreciation expense \$ (23,557,205) 4,753,810 The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position. (140,533) Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: 45,985 Property taxes and other special assessments 45,985 The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Netther transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and aiminal tens when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amountized in the statement of activities on to require the use of current financial resources of long-term debt assets in ease the debt does and the special assets (12,274) (11,726,865) \$ 34,392,965 (47,794,021) (2,794,021) (2,794,021) (2,193,465 (524,274) (11,726,865) (524,274) (11,726,865) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not regorted as expenditures in governmental account period to as expenditures in governmental current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental current financial resources and, therefore, are not recognized under the modolf for cousting amounts represent the net liability changes usin	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Depreciation expense (23,557,205) 4,753,810 The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position. (140,533) Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: 45,985 Property taxes and other special assessments 45,985 The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Governmental funds, explore the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The effects of these items are as follows: \$ 34,392,965 (32,274) (11,726,865) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds incluse the nolfield accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The following amounts represent the net liability changes using the full accrual method of accounting: Pension liability Compensated absences Accrued interest on long-term debt \$ (6,359,946) (592,067 (151,149 (7,616,730))	of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and	
trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position. (140,533) Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: 45,985 Property taxes and other special assessments 45,985 The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Governmental funds hvereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The effects of these items are as follows: \$ 34,392,965 Repayment of the principal of long-term debt Issuance of long-term debt Amortization of premium on long-term debt Amortization of premium on long-term debt Amortization of deferred charge on refunding \$ 34,392,965 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The following amounts represent the net liability changes using the full accrual method of accounting. \$ (8,359,946) Pension liability \$ (8,359,946) \$ (7,616,730) Compensated absences Accrued interest on long-term debt \$ (7,616,730)		4,753,810
are not reported as revenues in the funds: Property taxes and other special assessments 45,985 The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The effects of these items are as follows: \$ 34,392,965 (47,794,021) 2,198,465 (524,274) (11,726,865) Repayment of the principal of long-term debt financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accounting until due, rather than as it acruees. The following amounts represent the net liability changes using the full accrual method of accounting: \$ (8,359,946) 592,067 151,149 (7,616,730)		(140,533)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The effects of these items are as follows: \$ 34,392,965 Repayment of the principal of long-term debt \$ 14,7794,021 Issuance of long-term debt \$ (47,794,021) Amortization of premium on long-term debt \$ (524,274) Amortization of deferred charge on refunding \$ (524,274) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The following amounts represent the net liability changes using the full accrual method of accounting: Pension liability \$ (8,359,946) Compensated absences \$ 52,067 Accrued interest on long-term debt \$ 151,149		
funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The effects of these items are as follows: \$ 34,392,965 Repayment of the principal of long-term debt \$ 34,392,965 Issuance of long-term debt \$ (47,794,021) Amortization of premium on long-term debt \$ (11,726,865) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The following amounts represent the net liability changes using the full accrual method of accounting: Pension liability \$ (8,359,946) Compensated absences \$ 522,067 Accrued interest on long-term debt \$ (7,616,730)	Property taxes and other special assessments	45,985
Issuance of long-term debt(47,794,021)Amortization of premium on long-term debt2,198,465Amortization of deferred charge on refunding(524,274)Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The following amounts represent the net liability changes using the full accrual method of accounting:\$ (8,359,946) 592,067 151,149Pension liability Compensated absences Accrued interest on long-term debt\$ (7,616,730)	funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The following amounts represent the net liability changes using the full accrual method of accounting: Pension liability Compensated absences Accrued interest on long-term debt (8,359,946) 592,067 151,149 (7,616,730)	Issuance of long-term debt(47,794,021)Amortization of premium on long-term debt2,198,465	(11,726,865)
Compensated absences592,067Accrued interest on long-term debt151,149(7,616,730)	financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The following amounts	
\$ 87,544,918	Compensated absences 592,067	 (7,616,730)
		\$ 87,544,918

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Bu	siness-Type Activitie	s - Enterprise Fur	nds	Internal Service Fund
	Stormwater	Beaufort	Hilton Head		
	Utility	Executive Airport	Airport	Totals	Garage
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,258,856	\$ 250	\$ -	\$ 17,259,106	\$ -
Receivables, operating	106,923	69,184	1,116,467	1,292,574	279,076
Receivables, federal and state grants	86,187	-	892,240	978,427	-
Inventories	163,037	32,594	-	195,631	-
Prepayments	17 615 002	- 102.029	3,242	3,242	-
Total current assets	17,615,003	102,028	2,011,949	19,728,980	279,076
Capital assets	6,287,747	5,526,329	47,455,099	59,269,175	445,159
Accumulated depreciation	(3,375,145)	(1,272,249)	(11,807,860)	(16,455,254)	(421,565)
	2,912,602	4,254,080	35,647,239	42,813,921	23,594
Total assets	20,527,605	4,356,108	37,659,188	62,542,901	302,670
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension	582,143	44,735	355,924	982,802	
Total deferred outflows of resources	582,143	44,735	355,924	982,802	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 21,109,748	\$ 4,400,843	\$ 38,015,112	\$ 63,525,703	\$ 302,670
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Account payable	\$ 175,183	\$ 48,180	\$ 719,988	\$ 943,351	\$ 309,915
Accrued payroll	106,424	8,966	61,924	177,314	1,626
Accrued compensated absences	13,853	113	5,711	19,677	-
Current portion - due to debt service fund	58,824	-	178,791	237,615	
Total current liabilities	354,284	57,259	966,414	1,377,957	311,541
Non-current liabilities:					
Accrued compensated absences	85,095	697	35,085	120,877	-
Net pension liability	3,534,012	273,344	1,900,264	5,707,620	-
Advances from other funds	-	1,480,508	7,177,017	8,657,525	-
Due to debt service fund	4,941,176	-	2,420,506	7,361,682	-
Total non-current liabilities	8,560,283	1,754,549	11,532,872	21,847,704	-
Total liabilities	8,914,567	1,811,808	12,499,286	23,225,661	311,541
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension	39,660	2,961	36,963	79,584	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	39,660	2,961	36,963	79,584	
NET POSITION					
Investment in capital assets	2,912,602	4,254,080	35,647,239	42,813,921	23,594
Unrestricted (deficit)	9,242,919	(1,668,006)	(10,168,376)	(2,593,463)	(32,465)
Total net position	12,155,521	2,586,074	25,478,863	40,220,458	(8,871)
	<u> </u>	· · · · ·	, , ,		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	¢ 01 100 749	¢ 4 400 943	¢ 20.015.140	¢ 62 525 702	¢ 202.670
	\$ 21,109,748	\$ 4,400,843	\$ 38,015,112	<u>\$ 63,525,703</u>	\$ 302,670

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	В	usiness-Type Activitie	es - Enterprise Fu	nds	Internal Service Fund
	Stormwater	Beaufort	Hilton Head		
	Utility	Executive Airport	Airport	Totals	Garage
Operating Revenues					
Garage billings	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 53,803
Fuel and oil sales	-	500,147	-	500,147	561,238
Stormwater Utility fees	5,852,700	-	-	5,852,700	-
Stormwater Utility project billings	720,247	-	-	720,247	-
Fixed base operator revenue	-	-	573,057	573,057	-
Passenger facility charges	-	-	605,408	605,408	-
Operating agreements/commission revenue	-	7,221	771,053	778,274	-
Concession sales	-	5,235	-	5,235	-
Firefighting/security fees	-	-	812,198	812,198	-
Landing fees	-	34,380	298,638	333,018	-
Parking/taxi fees	-	-	51,988	51,988	-
Rentals	-	-	945,070	945,070	-
Hangar rentals	_	201,138	224,239	425,377	-
Other charges	20,395	3,175	161,350	184,920	30,752
Total operating revenues	6,593,342	751,296	4,443,001	11,787,639	645,793
			,,		
Operating Expenses		257 000		257.000	
Costs of sales and services	-	357,939	-	357,939	-
Personnel	1,940,326	205,938	1,468,930	3,615,194	20,054
Purchased services	1,464,481	147,049	2,478,127	4,089,657	509,494
Supplies	346,444	12,675	56,549	415,668	548,050
Depreciation	425,260	52,540	312,160	789,960	8,767
Total operating expenses	4,176,511	776,141	4,315,766	9,268,418	1,086,365
Operating income (loss)	2,416,831	(24,845)	127,235	2,519,221	(440,572)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)					
Operating grant	-	-	222,326	222,326	-
Non-operating grant expenses	-	(35,264)	-	(35,264)	-
Interest income	50,160	5	92	50,257	-
Interest expense	(188,193)	-	(70,957)	(259,150)	-
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(138,033)	(35,259)	151,461	(21,831)	
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	2,278,798	(60,104)	278,696	2,497,390	(440,572)
		(00,101)			(110,012)
Capital Contributions					
Capital grants - federal	86,187	30,000	3,107,464	3,223,651	-
Capital grants - state	-	-	13,021	13,021	
Total capital contributions	86,187	30,000	3,120,485	3,236,672	
Transfers					
Transfer in	-	-	-	-	431,701
Total transfers	-		-	-	431,701
Change in net position	2,364,985	(30,104)	3,399,181	5,734,062	(8,871)
Net position, beginning	9,790,536	2,616,178	22,079,682	34,486,396	
Net position, ending	\$ 12,155,521	\$ 2,586,074	\$ 25,478,863	\$ 40,220,458	\$ (8,871)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	В	usiness-Type Activities	s - Enterprise Fu	nds	Internal Service Fund
	Stormwater	Beaufort	Hilton Head		
	Utility	Executive Airport	Airport	Totals	Garage
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 6,627,257	\$ 712,217	\$ 5,935,700	\$ 13,275,174	\$ 489,723
Cash received from other funds	-	(37,413)	(931,632)	(969,045)	-
Cash paid to employees	(2,223,390)	(163,963)	(1,151,125)	(3,538,478)	1,626
Cash paid to suppliers	(1,702,285)	(505,582)	(3,077,645)	(5,285,512)	(923,050)
Total provided by (used in) operating activities	2,701,582	5,259	775,298	3,482,139	(431,701)
Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities:					
Operating grant - TSA	-	-	222,326	222,326	-
Interfund transfer	-	-	-	-	431,701
Non-operating grant expenses	-	(35,264)	-	(35,264)	-
Principal payment on note payable - Due to debt service fund	-	-	(174,286)	(174,286)	-
Interest paid	(188,193)	-	(70,957)	(259,150)	-
Total provided by (used in) non-capital					
financing activities	(188,193)	(35,264)	(22,917)	(246,374)	431,701
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:					
FAA grants	86,187	30,000	3,107,464	3,223,651	-
SCAC grants	-	-	13,021	13,021	-
Purchase of capital assets	(342,161)	-	(3,872,958)	(4,215,119)	-
Total provided by (used in) capital and related financing					
activities	(255,974)	30,000	(752,473)	(978,447)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Interest income	50,160	5	92	50,257	-
Total provided by investing activities	50,160	5	92	50,257	-
Net change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,307,575	-	-	2,307,575	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of year	14,951,281	250		14,951,531	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, end of year	\$ 17,258,856	\$ 250	\$-	\$ 17,259,106	\$-

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	В	usiness-	Type Activities	s - Ente	rprise Fu	nds		Internal rvice Fund
	Stormwater	В	eaufort	Hilto	n Head			
	Utility	Exect	utive Airport	Ai	rport		Totals	Garage
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:					-			
Operating Income (loss)	\$ 2,416,831	\$	(24,845)	\$	127,235	\$	2,519,221	\$ (440,572)
Adjustments to reconcile:								
Depreciation	425,260		52,540		312,160		789,960	 8,767
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:								
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	33,915		(39,079)	1,	492,699		1,487,535	(156,070)
Increase in inventories	(19,330)		(513)		-		(19,843)	-
Decrease in other current assets	58,419		19,464		44,275		122,158	4,007
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	69,551		(6,870)	(587,244)		(524,563)	150,541
Decrease in due to general fund	-		(37,413)	(931,632)		(969,045)	-
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll	(7,257)		4,763		13,425		10,931	1,626
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences	(28,340)		810		(10,029)		(37,559)	-
Increase (decrease) in pension deferred								
inflows/outflows and liability	(247,467)		36,402		314,409		103,344	-
	(140,509)		(22,436)		335,903		172,958	 104
Net Cash Flow Provided by (used in)								
Operating Activities	\$ 2,701,582	\$	5,259	\$	775,298	\$	3,482,139	\$ (431,701)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS	olic Service Districts	 Fire Districts	Tax Districts	Special essments	partmentally Held Funds	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,313,135	\$ 9,357,952	\$ 267,062,385	\$ 155,230	\$ 15,889,981	\$ 294,778,683
Taxes receivable	 745	 29,288	13,315,654	 -	 -	13,345,687
Total Assets	 2,313,880	 9,387,240	280,378,039	 155,230	 15,889,981	308,124,370
LIABILITIES						
Due to others	 	 457,740	453,749	 5,783	 	917,272
Total Liabilities	 -	 457,740	453,749	 5,783	 -	917,272
NET POSITION						
Restricted:						
Individuals, organizations and						
other governments	 2,313,880	 8,929,500	279,924,290	 149,447	 15,889,981	\$ 307,207,098
Total net position	\$ 2,313,880	\$ 8,929,500	\$ 279,924,290	\$ 149,447	\$ 15,889,981	\$ 307,207,098

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 olic Service Districts	Fire Districts	Tax Districts	Special sessments	 oartmentally leld Funds	Tota	al
Additions							
Taxes	\$ 6,638,399	\$ 33,354,186	\$ 352,584,443	\$ 46,156	\$ -	\$ 392,62	23,184
Fines and fees	19,650	102,367	815,529	87	-	93	37,633
Other	-	-	341,957,613	-	21,907,452	363,86	35,065
Interest	8,863	23,321	783,198	159	61,122	87	76,663
Total additions	 6,666,912	33,479,874	 696,140,783	 46,402	 21,968,574	758,30)2,545
Deductions							
Taxes and fees paid to							
other governments	7,251,589	35,153,940	62,925,399	-	-	105,33	30,928
Other custodial disbursements	-	-	526,492,250	63,823	20,402,011	546,95	58,084
Total deductions	 7,251,589	35,153,940	 589,417,649	 63,823	 20,402,011	652,28	39,012
Net increase (decrease)							
in fiduciary net position	(584,677)	(1,674,066)	106,723,134	(17,421)	1,566,563	106,01	13,533
Net position, beginning							
of year, as restated	 2,898,557	10,603,566	 173,350,603	 166,868	 14,323,418	201,34	43,012
Net position, end of year	\$ 2,313,880	\$ 8,929,500	\$ 280,073,737	\$ 149,447	\$ 15,889,981	\$ 307,35	56 54!

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Beaufort County, South Carolina (the "County") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The County operates under the Council/Administrator form of government with Council members elected for four-year terms from each of the eleven single-member districts. This report includes all funds of the County that are controlled by this governing body, and are considered to be the "reporting entity" known as Beaufort County.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the County as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the statements. The statements distinguish between those activities of the County that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities for the County at year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the County's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the County. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient for the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the County segregates transactions related to certain county functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The ARPA Fund accounts for grant funds awarded to the County from the U.S. Department of Treasury as part of the State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund under the American Rescue Plan.
- The County Wide General Obligation Bonds Fund accounts for the debt service of the bonds issued for various capital projects throughout the County.
- The **Sales Tax Projects Fund** accounts for the expenditures of the 1% local sales tax referendum (2006) proceeds which are used for various capital projects throughout the County.

The County reports the following enterprise funds as major proprietary funds:

- The *Stormwater Utility Fund* is used to account for all revenue and expenses related to the County's Stormwater Utility operations.
- The *Beaufort Executive Airport Fund* is used to account for all revenue and expenses related to the County's Beaufort Executive Airport.
- The *Hilton Head Island Airport Fund* is used to account for all revenue and expenses related to the County's Hilton Head Island Airport.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The County's proprietary funds also include an Internal Service Fund to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County or to other governments, on a user charge basis. This fund includes the County Garage, which accounts for the maintenance and repair of vehicles.

Additionally, the government reports the following non-major fund types:

Special Revenue Funds

• The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service and capital projects.

Debt Service Funds

 Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of restricted resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

Capital Projects Funds

 Capital projects funds are used to account for financial restricted resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Custodial Funds

 The custodial funds account for monies held on behalf of school districts, special districts, and other agencies that use the County as a depository or property taxes are collected on behalf of the other governments.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's garage function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amount reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources. Net position invested in net capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restriction imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments. Net position invested in net capital assets was as follows:

	Governmental	Business Type
Net Capital Assets	\$ 538,720,072	\$ 42,813,921
Less: Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	(19,260,000)	-
Long-Term Obligations	(198,955,619)	-
Unspent Bond Proceeds	42,902,093	-
Add Deferred Charge on Refundings	2,088,863	<u> </u>
	\$ 365,495,409	\$ 42,813,921

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has five items that qualify for reporting in this category. These five items relate to the County's pension plan and are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund Statements of Net Position. (1) Experience gains result from periodic studies by the County's actuary, which adjust the net pension liability for actual experience for certain trend information that was previously assumed, for example the assumed dates of retirement of plan members. These experience gains are recorded as deferred outflows of resources and are amortized into pension expense over the expected remaining service lives of the plan members. (2) Changes in actuarial assumptions adjust the net pension liabilities and are amortized into pension expense over the expected remaining service lives of plan members. (3) The differences between projected investment return on pension investments and actual return on those investments are deferred and amortized against pension expense over a five-year period. (4) The changes in the County's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability and differences between actual employer contributions and proportionate share of the total plan employer contributions are specific to costsharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans and represent the current period amortized portions of these deferred outflows. (5) Any contributions made by the County to the pension plan before year-end but subsequent to the measurement date of the County's net pension liability are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has three types of items that qualify for reporting in this category, one of which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from: 1) property taxes, and these amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available. The other items relate to the County's pension and are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund Statements of Net Position; 2) certain experience losses (discussed in the previous paragraph) are deferred and amortized against expense over a five-year period, resulting in recognition as deferred inflows of resources; and 3) additionally, the changes in the County's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability and differences between actual employer contributions and proportionate share of the total plan employer contributions (discussed in the previous paragraph) are specific to cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans and represent the current period amortized portions of these deferred inflows.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

The County maintains a pooled cash and investment account for all funds for accounting and investment purposes. This gives the County the ability to invest idle cash for short periods of time and to earn the most favorable available rate of return. The "equity in pooled cash and investments" represents the amount of pooled cash and investments owned by each fund of the County. Certain individual funds may reflect a cash deficit, from time to time. These cash deficits are not considered an equity transfer since the transfer has not been approved by County Council and is considered to be temporary in nature.

Investments

Investments with a readily determined fair value are stated at fair value, which approximates cost. State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States and its agencies, general obligations (not revenue obligations) of the State of South Carolina and its political subdivisions, savings and loan associations to the extent of federal insurance, certificates of deposits collaterally secured, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool ("LGIP"). The LGIP is an investment mechanism authorized by the South Carolina State Legislature and is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. There is no regulatory oversight of the pool. The pool's primary objective is to acquire maximum returns on investments by pooling available funds with funds from other political subdivisions. The total fair value of the investment pool is apportioned to the entities with funds invested on an equal basis for each share owned, which are acquired at a cost of \$1. Investments in the pool are stated at fair value, which approximates cost. The remaining investments of the County are reported at fair value.

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Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and when appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is uncollectible.

Inventories

Inventories recorded in the Beaufort Executive Airport Fund and the Stormwater Utility Fund consist of fuels and supplies. Supplies are reported at cost, and fuel is reported at the lower of "first in, first out" cost or market.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is calculated on the straight-line basis starting in the month of purchase/completion over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	25 Years
Improvements	25 Years
Infrastructure	25 Years
Equipment	5 – 10 Years

In lieu of annual depreciation, the County has elected to use the "modified approach" for its infrastructure assets within its Hilton Head Island Airport and its Beaufort Executive Airport, which consists of reporting as required supplemental information ("RSI") the current assessed condition of the assets pursuant to its runway, taxiway, and apron management system and the estimated annual amounts to maintain and preserve such assets along with actual amounts expensed during the period.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable government activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as bond proceeds. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as interest on investments while discounts and issuance costs are reported as interest and fees expenditures.

Compensated Absences

The County accrues compensated absences and associated employee-related costs when earned by the employee. The General Fund is used to liquidate the liability for non-proprietary fund accrued compensated absences.

Due To and From Other Funds/Internal Balances

Interfund receivables and payables in the fund financial statements and internal balances in the government-wide financial statements arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Revenues

Substantially all governmental fund revenues are accrued. Property taxes are billed and collected within the same period in which the taxes are levied.

Expenditures

Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the County's financial position and results of operations and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The County uses GAAP as the basis for its budgeting and uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The County Administrator submits to County Council, prior to June 1, proposed operating, special revenue, debt service, and capital improvement ("CIP") budgets for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating, special revenue, debt service, and CIP budgets include proposed expenditures, revenues, and financing sources.
- The Council requires such changes to be made as it deems necessary, provided the budget remains in balance and is subject to the notice of hearing requirements of Section 4-9-140 of the South Carolina Statutes.
- Public hearings are held pursuant to Section 4-9-140 of the South Carolina Statutes in order for the Council to adopt the tentative and final budget.
- 4) Prior to July 1, the operating, special revenue, debt service and CIP budgets are legally enacted through passage of an ordinance setting forth anticipated revenues and appropriations by fund.
- 5) The County Administrator or his designee is authorized to transfer funds among operating accounts or among capital accounts within a department. All transfers over \$25,000 between departments and programs or between operating and capital accounts must be authorized by the Council in accordance with Section 4-9-140 of the South Carolina Statutes. In accordance with County Ordinance 2012/07, Section 10, amounts of \$25,000 or less can be approved by the County Administrator and/or his designee. Any transfer in excess of \$25,000 for individual expenditures or in excess of \$50,000 cumulatively during any fiscal year is to be authorized by County Council, or its designee.
- 6) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a measurement control device for all governmental funds of the County. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e. the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level.
- 7) Budgets for the governmental fund types are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. This was consistent across all funds other than the capital projects fund which budgets a project by project basis.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

- 8) Revenues in excess of the current budget ordinance may be expended as directed by the revenue source or for the purpose for which the funds were generated without further approval by County Council, as per Section 14 of County Ordinance 2006/14.
- 9) Revenues and expenditures of the capital projects fund are budgeted on a project basis and are, therefore, excluded from presentation in the financial statements.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

State Statute authorizes the County to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and agencies thereof; 2) general obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political units provided such obligations are rated as an "A" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. and Standard and Poor's Corporation or their respective successors; 3) interest bearing accounts in financial institutions to the extent that same are insured by an agency of the Federal Government; 4) certificates of deposit where the certificates are collaterally secured by securities of the type described above, held by a third-party as escrow agent or custodian, of a market value not less than the amount of the certificates of deposit so secured, including interest, provided, however, such collateral shall not be required to the extent the same are insured by an agency of the Federal Government; or 5) deposit accounts with banking institutions insured and secured in the same manner. The Statutes provide that all authorized investments shall have maturities consistent with the time or times when the invested monies will be needed in cash.

Deposits

Deposits include cash and cash equivalents on deposits in banks and non-negotiable certificates of deposit. All deposits under the control of the County Treasurer are fully insured or collateralized as of June 30, 2021 with securities held by the counterparty's trust department, line of credit, or agent in the County's name.

Investments

The County's certificates of deposit are presented at cost, whereas, the County's remaining investments are presented at fair value. Securities are valued at the last reported sales price as provided by an independent pricing service. Investment income consists of realized and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments and interest income earned.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

As of June 30, 2021, the County had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities				
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year but less than 5 years	More than 5 years		
Certificates	\$ 35,034,116	\$ 35,034,116	\$-	\$-		
U.S. Government Agencies Securities	109,965,619	6,522,836	98,524,973	4,917,810		
State of S.C. Treasurer's Investment Pool	420,752,614	420,752,614	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Total Investments held in the County's name	<u>\$ 565,752,349</u>	\$ 462,309,566	<u>\$98,524,973</u>	<u>\$4,917,810</u>		

The County's investments measured and reported at fair value are classified according to the following hierarchy:

- Level 1 Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets.
- Level 2 Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk. Money market mutual funds classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued directly from a predetermined primary external pricing vendor. Assets classified in Level 2 are subject to pricing by an alternative pricing source due to lack of information available by the primary vendor. The County has no investments classified in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

		Fair Value Measurements				
Investment Investments by Fair Value Level	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
U.S. Government Agencies Securities	\$ 109,965,619	\$ 27,023,444	\$ 82,942,175	\$ -		
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	\$ 109,965,619	\$ 27,023,444	\$ 82,942,175	\$		

. . . .

Investments (Continued)

The South Carolina Local Government Investment Pool ("State of S.C. Treasurer's Investment Pool") investments are invested with the South Carolina State Treasurer's Office, which established the State of S.C. Treasurer's Investment Pool pursuant to Section 6-6-10 of the South Carolina Code. The State of S.C. Treasurer's Investment Pool is an investment trust fund, in which public monies in excess of current needs, which are under the custody of any county treasurer or any governing body of a political subdivision of the State, may be deposited. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31 *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, investments are carried at fair value determined annually based upon quoted market prices for identical or similar investments. The total fair value of the State of S.C. Treasurer's Investment Pool is apportioned to the entities with funds invested on an equal basis for each share owned, which are acquired at a cost of \$1. Funds may be deposited by State of S.C. Treasurer's Investment Pool participants at any time and may be withdrawn upon 24 hours' notice. Financial Statements for the State of S.C. Treasurer's Investment Pool may be obtained by writing the Office of State Treasurer, Local Government Investment Pool, Post Office Box 11778, Columbia, South Carolina 29211.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial Credit Risk for investments is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the County will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The County's policy with respect to custodial credit risk is that all of the County's investments must be insured or collateralized.

Credit Risk

As of June 30, 2021, the County's investments in U.S. Government Agencies Securities are rated Aaa by Moody's Investors. Statutes also allow the State Treasurer to assist local governments in investing funds. The State Treasurer also provides oversight for the State Treasurer's Investment Pool which is unrated, of which; the fair value of the County's investments is the same as the value of the pooled shares. The County's investment in the certificate of deposit is also unrated. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the County. The County's credit risk policy to mitigate the potential loss of principal is to purchase only high investment grade fixed-income securities. The County's investments are fully collateralized by U.S. Government Securities and are not subject to credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County's respective maturity dates are as noted on a previous page. The County does not have a policy with respect to interest rate risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

This is the risk of loss attributable to the magnitude of the County's investment in a single issuer. The County's policy is to minimize the concentration of credit risk by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized, although there is no formal limit on the amount the County may invest in any one issuer.

The County does not invest in foreign securities or have transactions with foreign currency, and as a result does not have a policy for foreign currency risk.

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NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES/DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS/NOTE RECEIVABLE

Receivables

All property taxes receivable are shown net of allowances for uncollectibles. The County considers all taxes to be collectible; therefore, no allowance for uncollectibles has been established.

The following details net receivables by governmental fund:

	General		0 0	unty Wide Seneral oligation Bonds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Property Tax Receivable	\$	3,081,620	\$	282,362	\$	241,229	
Accounts Receivable - Other	\$	757,910		102,724	\$	1,145,229	

The following details net receivables by proprietary fund:

		В	eaufort			1	nternal
	 ormwater Utility		ecutive Airport	Hi	Iton Head Airport		/ice Fund - Garage
Licenses and Fees							
Receivable	\$ 106,923	\$	69,184	\$	1,116,467	\$	279,076
	\$ 106,923	\$	69,184	\$	1,116,467	\$	279,076

Due from Other Governments

The following details the due from other governments by governmental fund:

		County Wide General Obligation	Sales Tax	Nonmajor Governmental
	General Fund	Bonds	Project	Funds
Due from Other				
Governments	\$ 3,420,333	\$ 1,508	\$ 14,709,577	\$ 2,153,933
	\$ 3,420,333	\$ 1,508	\$ 14,709,577	\$ 2,153,933

NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES/DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS/NOTE RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

Due from Other Governments (Continued)

The following details the due from other governments by proprietary fund:

	 Stormwater Utility		Hilton Head Airport		
Due from Other Governments	\$ 86,187	\$	892,240		
	\$ 86,187	\$	892,240		

Note Receivable from the Technical College of the Lowcountry

In November 2006, the County issued \$17,500,000 in General Obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 3.5% to 8.0% and with varying maturities through 2026. The Technical College of the Lowcountry's portion of this bond is \$1,500,000.

The following reflects the future minimum payments receivable at June 30, 2021, under this note receivable:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Amount
2022	\$ 102,724
2023	102,724
2024	102,724
2025	102,724
2026	 102,724
Total Minimum Note Payments	513,620
Less Amount Representing Interest	 (39,722)
Present Value of Minimum Note Payments	473,898
Less Current Portion	(89,748)
Long-Term Portion	\$ 384,150

Note Receivable from Hilton Head Airport Fund

In September 2007, the County issued a note for \$1,800,000 for the balance owed for the construction of hangars at the Hilton Head Island Airport. The note is payable in quarterly payments of \$24,185, including interest at 2.07% through June 2032.

NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES/DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS/NOTE RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

Note Receivable from Hilton Head Airport Fund (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize the note receivable from Hilton Head Airport Fund outstanding at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	te Payable to Debt rvice Fund	P	rincipal	 nterest
2022	\$ 96,740	\$	77,685	\$ 19,055
2023	96,740		79,306	17,434
2024	96,740		80,961	15,779
2025	96,740		82,650	14,090
2026	95,740		83,374	12,366
2027 – 2031	483,703		449,021	34,682
2032	97,744		96,505	1,239
Total	\$ 1,064,147	\$	949,502	\$ 114,645

In November 2014, the County issued a note for \$2,260,000 for various capital projects at the Hilton Head Island Airport. The Federal Aviation Administration ("FAA") provides grants that are 90% funded. The other 10% of project costs are provided by the South Carolina Aeronautical Commission ("SCAC") and the Hilton Head Island Airport, 5% each. The proceeds from this note are intended to offset the Airport's share of costs for these projects. The note is payable in quarterly payments of \$37,125, including interest at 2.94% through December 2034.

Annual requirements to amortize the note receivable from Hilton Head Airport Fund outstanding at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	te Payable to Debt rvice Fund	P	rincipal	 nterest
2022	\$ 148,502	\$	101,106	\$ 47,396
2023	148,502		104,111	44,391
2024	148,502		107,206	41,296
2025	148,502		110,393	38,109
2026	148,502		113,674	34,828
2027 – 2031	742,509		621,111	121,398
2032 – 2035	 519,757		492,194	 27,563
Total	\$ 2,004,776	\$	1,649,795	\$ 354,981

NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES/DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS/NOTE RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

Note Receivable from Stormwater Utility Fund

In June 2017, the County issued a bond for \$5,000,000 to provide capital funding for the MS4 Stormwater initiative. The bond is payable in semi-annual payments, including interest at 2.88% through June 2037.

Annual requirements to amortize the note receivable from Stormwater Utility Fund outstanding at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	te Payable to Debt rvice Fund	Pi	rincipal	I	nterest
2022	\$ 247,092	\$	58,824	\$	188,268
2023	244,151		58,824		185,327
2024	241,210		58,824		182,386
2025	238,268		58,824		179,444
2026	235,327		58,824		176,503
2027 – 2031	2,606,440	1	,925,001		681,439
2032 – 2036	2,571,605	2	2,277,449		294,156
2037	 519,162		503,430		15,732
Total	\$ 6,903,255	\$ 5	,000,000	\$	1,903,255

Interfund Balances between the General Fund and the Proprietary Funds

Interfund advances to/from as of June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Total			
General Fund	Hilton Head Airport Fund	\$	7,177,017		
General Fund	Beaufort Executive Airport Fund		1,480,508		
		\$	8,657,525		

Advances are used for the long-term interfund loans. The General Fund has two outstanding advances at June 30, 2021 to the Hilton Head Airport Fund and Beaufort Executive Airport Fund for ongoing projects.

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities

GOVERNMENTAL CAPITAL ASSETS

	Balance June 30, 2020	Additions	Disposals and Transfers	Balance June 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 135,155,062	\$ 924,743	\$-	\$ 136,079,805
Easements	18,059,927	-	-	18,059,927
Construction in progress	16,843,535	16,428,990	(7,352,341)	25,920,184
Total capital assets				
not being depreciated	170,058,524	17,353,733	(7,352,341)	180,059,916
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	216,576,955	4,594,244	2,433,391	223,604,590
Infrastructure	342,495,073	3,962,238	4,918,950	351,376,261
Equipment	91,851,071	2,400,800	(463,462)	93,788,409
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	650,923,099	10,957,282	6,888,879	668,769,260
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	116,781,562	5,550,863	-	122,332,425
Infrastructure	93,523,634	14,780,135	-	108,303,769
Equipment	76,569,736	3,226,103	(322,929)	79,472,910
Total accumulated depreciation	286,874,932	23,557,101	(322,929)	310,109,104
Total capital assets				
being depreciated, net	364,048,167	(12,599,819)	7,211,808	358,660,156
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 534,106,691	\$ 4,753,914	\$ (140,533)	\$ 538,720,072

For the capital assets of the governmental activities, depreciation is computed on the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from five to 25 years. Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$23,557,101 and the accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2021 was \$310,109,104.

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, capital assets are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At year-end, \$23,594 of internal service fund's capital assets are included in the above amounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

The depreciation expense was allocated as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE

General Government	\$ 6,874,727
Public Safety	2,529,752
Public Works	10,424,414
Public Health	758,618
Public Welfare	4,716
Cultural and Recreation	2,964,874
Total	\$ 23,557,101

Business-Type Activities

PROPRIETARY CAPITAL ASSETS

	Balance June 30, 2020	Additions	Disposals and Transfers	Balance June 30, 2021	
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 18,655,856	\$ 1,343,223	\$-	\$ 19,999,079	
Infrastructure	10,176,812	-	-	10,176,812	
Construction in progress	4,121,319	2,468,864	-	6,590,183	
Total capital assets					
not being depreciated	32,953,987	3,812,087		36,766,074	
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	14,359,399	49,094	-	14,408,493	
Equipment	7,740,670	353,938	-	8,094,608	
Total capital assets					
being depreciated	22,100,069	403,032		22,503,101	
Less accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and improvements	10,546,773	344,682	-	10,891,455	
Equipment	5,118,521	445,278		5,563,799	
Total accumulated depreciation	15,665,294	789,960		16,455,254	
Total capital assets					
being depreciated, net	6,434,775	(386,928)		6,047,847	
Business-type activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 39,388,762	\$ 3,425,159	\$	\$ 42,813,921	

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Business-Type Activities (Continued)

For the capital assets of the business–type activities, depreciation is computed on the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from five to 25 years. Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$789,960 and the accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2021 was \$16,455,254.

The depreciation expense was allocated as follows:

PROPRIETARY DEPRECIATION EXPENSE

Stormwater Utility	\$ 425,260
Beaufort Executive Airport	52,540
Hilton Head Airport	 312,160
Total	\$ 789,960

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A schedule of the County's long-term obligations for governmental activities as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due in
	June 30, 2020	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2021	One Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 197,277,818	\$ 42,910,000	\$ 34,392,965	\$ 205,794,853	\$ 19,260,000
Premiums	9,735,210	4,884,021	2,198,465	12,420,766	-
Compensated Absences	4,504,195	7,124,655	7,716,722	3,912,128	547,698
Net pension liability	125,657,105	30,687,255	14,757,320	141,587,040	
Total	\$ 337,174,328	\$ 85,605,931	\$ 59,065,472	\$ 363,714,787	\$ 19,807,698
Deferred Charge on Refundings	\$ 2,613,134	\$	\$ 524,271	\$ 2,088,863	\$

A schedule of the County's long-term obligations for business-type activities as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

		Balance						Balance		Due in
	Ju	June 30, 2020 Addit		Additions	Retirements		June 30, 2021		One Year	
Compensated Absences	\$	178,113	\$	271,804	\$	309,363	\$	140,554	\$	19,677
Net pension liability		5,377,404		1,278,636		948,420		5,707,620		-
Total	\$	5,555,517	\$	1,550,440	\$	1,257,783	\$	5,848,174	\$	19,677

For the governmental activities, compensated absences and the net pension liability are substantially liquidated by the General Fund.

General Obligation Bonds

In November 2010, the County issued \$8,125,000 of general obligation refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 2.0% to 4.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2022. The refunding bonds provide resources to purchase U.S. Government State and Local Government Series Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for most future debt service payments on the 2002 County Bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be partially defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$547,943, as the transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$420,749.

In January 2012, the County issued \$15,295,000 of general obligation refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 2.0% to 4.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2023. The refunding bonds provide resources to purchase U.S. Government State and Local Government Series Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for most future debt service payments on the 2003 County Bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be partially defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$1,400,206, as the transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$2,196,519.

In August 2012, the County issued \$25,185,000 of general obligation refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 2.0% to 5.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2025. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$27,050,000 of outstanding 2005 general obligation bonds which had interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0%. The net proceeds of \$28,882,311 (including a \$3,938,020 premium and after payment of \$240,709 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, the 2005 general obligation bonds are considered to be partially defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$1,832,311, as the transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$4,316,298.

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

In May 2013, the County issued \$7,580,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 1.5% to 4.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2033. The proceeds of these bonds were used to pay off the related bond anticipation notes of \$2,500,000 and \$5,000,000 that were issued in May 2012 and October 2012, respectively.

In May 2013, the County issued \$25,000,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 1.5% to 5.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2029. The proceeds of these bonds were used for the County's rural and critical land projects, as approved by referendum in November 2012.

In May 2013, the County issued \$33,150,000 of general obligation refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 1.5% to 5.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2026. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$11,250,000 and \$21,900,000 of outstanding 2006 and 2006B general obligation bonds which had interest rates ranging from 3.5% to 8.0% and 4.0% to 6.75%, respectively. The net proceeds of \$37,026,992 (including a \$4,174,601 premium and after payment of \$297,609 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, the 2006 and 2006B general obligation bonds are considered to be partially defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$3,876,919, as the transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$2,013,870.

In November 2014, the County issued \$19,450,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 2% to 5% and with varying maturity dates through 2034. The proceeds of these bonds will be used for various County and Hilton Head Island Airport capital projects.

In November 2014, the County issued \$22,570,000 of general obligation refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 2.5% to 4% and with varying maturity dates through 2029. The proceeds of these bonds will be used to advance refund the outstanding 2010B Build America General Obligation Bonds. The net proceeds of \$25,106,406 (including a \$2,246,455 premium after payment of \$289,951 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were deposited with an escrow agent to refund the bonds. As a result, the 2010B general obligation bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$225,674, as the transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$2,439,944.

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

In March 2016, the County issued \$17,950,000 of general obligation refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 2.0% to 4.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2027. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$18,375,000 of outstanding 2007 general obligation bonds which had interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 5.0%. The net proceeds of \$19,200,267 (including a \$1,312,194 premium and after payment of \$168,556 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, the 2007 general obligation bonds are considered to be partially defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The prior debt service, \$24,241,000, exceeded the refunding debt service, \$21,453,453, and results in cash flow savings in the amount of \$2,787,547. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$716,723, as the transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$2,551,735.

In June 2017, the County issued \$51,000,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 3.13% to 5% and with varying maturity dates through 2037. \$31 million of the proceeds of these bonds will be used for various County and Stormwater Utility capital projects and \$20 million of the proceeds of these bonds will be used for the County's rural and critical land projects, as approved by referendum in November 2014.

In March 2019, the County issued \$11,250,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 2.5% to 5% and with varying maturity dates through 2039. The net proceeds of \$11,740,552 (including a \$609,072 premium and after payment of \$118,520 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were used to provide funds to finance various projects including the re-skinning of the County administration building, phase one of the Arthur Horn building replacement, detention center security upgrades, and the renovation of three County pools.

In August 2020, the County issued \$36,775,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 1.0% to 5% and with varying maturity dates through 2040. The net proceeds of \$39,760,413 (including a \$2,985,413 premium and after payment of \$186,259 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were used to provide funds for the County's rural and critical land projects, as approved by referendum in November 2014, passive parks project, construction and renovation of buildings and acquisition of equipment needed by the County.

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

In June 2021, the County issued \$6,135,000 of general obligation refunding bonds bearing an interest rate of 5% and with varying maturity dates through 2031. The net proceeds of \$6,135,000 were used to provide funds for refunding the Series 2011 general obligation bonds and paying costs associated with the issuance of the bonds.

The 2010C, 2012A, 2012C, 2013A, 2013B, 2013C, 2014A, 2014B, 2016A, 2017A, 2019A, 2020 and 2021 general obligation bonds are collateralized by the full faith and credit of the County and are payable from ad valorem taxes.

General obligation bonds accounted for in the County's Statement of Net Position consist of the following at June 30, 2021:

Description	Rates	Dates	Maturity	0	riginal Issue	Outstanding at June 30, 2021
2010C County Bonds	2.0% - 4.0%	2/1 and 8/1	2022	\$	8,125,000	\$ 1,035,000
2012A County Bonds	2.0% - 4.0%	3/1 and 9/1	2023		15,295,000	3,490,000
2012C County Bonds	2.0% - 5.0%	2/1 and 8/1	2025		25,185,000	16,269,853
2013A County Bonds	1.5% - 4.0%	5/1 and 11/1	2033		7,580,000	4,855,000
2013B County Bonds	1.5% - 5.0%	5/1 and 11/1	2029		25,000,000	16,250,000
2013C County Bonds	1.5% - 5.0%	3/1 and 9/1	2026		33,150,000	18,750,000
2014A County Bonds	2.0% - 5.0%	3/1 and 9/1	2034		19,450,000	14,095,000
2014B County Bonds	2.5% - 4.0%	3/1 and 9/1	2029		22,570,000	18,350,000
2016A County Bonds	2.0% - 4.0%	3/1 and 9/1	2027		17,950,000	11,890,000
2017A County Bonds	3.0% - 5.0%	2/1 and 8/1	2037		51,000,000	51,000,000
2019A County Bonds	2.5% - 5.0%	3/1 and 9/1	2039		11,250,000	10,500,000
2020 County Bonds	1.0% - 5.0%	3/1 and 9/1	2040		36,775,000	33,175,000
2021 County Bonds	5.0%	3/1 and 9/1	2031		6,135,000	6,135,000
				\$	279,465,000	\$ 205,794,853

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

A schedule of the debt service requirements associated with the general obligation bonds is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2022	\$ 19,260,000	\$ 7,224,505	\$ 26,484,505	
2023	19,190,000	6,787,351	25,977,351	
2024	19,605,000	5,744,301	25,349,301	
2025	18,225,000	4,972,951	23,197,951	
2026	11,405,000	4,315,301	15,720,301	
2027 – 2031	57,745,000	14,498,853	72,243,853	
2032 – 2036	44,155,000	5,322,907	49,477,907	
2037 – 2041	16,209,853	711,419	16,921,272	
Total	\$ 205,794,853	\$ 49,577,588	\$ 255,372,441	

Total interest paid on bonds outstanding for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$7,768,590.

NOTE 6. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers (in/out) were used to move resources to/from other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, or other requirements. These transfers were permanent in nature and as such there are not any anticipated repayments. The following interfund transfers were made during the year ended June 30, 2021.

Recipient Fund	Transferring Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 1,584,205
County Wide General Obligation Bonds	General Fund	5,462,298
County Wide General Obligation Bonds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	160,000
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	3,692,655
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	2,186,747
Internal Service Fund	General Fund	 431,701
		\$ 13,517,606

NOTE 7. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

All state and local government employees can participate in a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 457. The plan, administered by the state public employee retirement system through a state approved nongovernmental third-party, permits governmental employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to an employee until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Contributions by employees under the 457 and 457 Roth programs totaled \$349,399 and \$44,095, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2021. There are no employer contributions made by the County to this plan. Participant account balances are not included in these financial statements.

County employees may participate in a 401(k) or a Roth 401(k) deferred compensation plans available to state and local governmental employees through the state public employee retirement system. The 401(k) and Roth 401(k) programs are administered by a state approved nongovernmental third party. Contributions by employees under the 401(k) and Roth 401(k) programs totaled \$618,707 and \$45,485, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2021. There are no employer contributions made by the County to these plans. Participant account balances are not included in these financial statements.

NOTE 8. SELF-INSURED HEALTH INSURANCE

The County is self-insured for health claims incurred by employees and/or their dependents. The plan establishes a "Stop Loss" of \$200,000 per person per contract year. There are not any individuals excluded from the stop loss coverage with a specific deductible. At June 30, 2021, claims due and payable total approximately \$873,000 and are recorded as a liability and expenditure within the General Fund.

The following indicates claims versus premiums for the past fiscal year:

For the Year Ended June 30,	eginning Liability	C	urrent Year Claims and Changes in Estimate	I	Claim Payments	Ending .iability
2021	\$ 749,000	\$	13,417,841	\$	13,293,841	\$ 873,000
2020	\$ 778,203	\$	9,545,483	\$	9,574,686	\$ 749,000

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS

Description of the Entity

The South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority ("PEBA"), created July 1, 2012, is the state agency responsible for the administration and management of the various retirement systems and retirement programs of the state of South Carolina, including the State Optional Retirement Program and the S.C. Deferred Compensation Program, as well as the state's employee insurance programs. As such, PEBA is responsible for administering the South Carolina Retirement Systems' ("Systems") five defined benefit pension plans. PEBA has an 11-member Board of Directors, appointed by the Governor and General Assembly leadership, which serves as custodian, co-trustee and co-fiduciary of the Systems and the assets of the retirement trust funds. The Retirement System Investment Commission (Commission as the governing body, RSIC as the agency), created by the General Assembly in 2005, has exclusive authority to invest and manage the retirement trust funds' assets. The Commission, an eight-member board, serves as co-trustee and co-fiduciary for the assets of the retirement trust funds. By law, the State Fiscal Accountability Authority ("SFAA"), which consists of five elected officials, also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions regarding the actuary of the Systems.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Systems and additions to/deductions from the Systems fiduciary net position have been determined on the accrual basis of accounting as they are reported by the Systems in accordance with GAAP. For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Benefit and refund expenses are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

PEBA – Insurance Benefits issues audited financial statements and required supplementary information for the OPEB Trust Funds. This information is publicly available through the PEBA – Insurance Benefits' link on PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA – Insurance Benefits, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223. PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and, therefore, OPEB Trust fund financial information is also included in the annual comprehensive financial report of the state.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS

Plan Description

The County contributes to the South Carolina Retirement System ("SCRS"), a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan that was established effective July 1, 1945, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for employees of the state, its public school districts and political subdivisions.

In addition to the SCRS pension plan, the County also contributes to the PORS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that was established effective July 1, 1962, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-11-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for police officers and firemen of the state and its political subdivisions.

Membership

Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A brief summary of the requirements under each system is described below.

South Carolina Retirement System ("SCRS") – Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the SCRS as a condition of employment. This plan covers general employees, teachers and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election. An employee member of the SCRS with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the SCRS with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

South Carolina Police Officers' Retirement System ("PORS") – To be eligible for PORS membership, an employee must be required by the terms of his employment, by election or appointment, to preserve public order, protect life and property, and detect crimes in the state; to prevent and control property destruction by fire; or to serve as a peace officer employed by the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of Mental Health. Probate judges and coroners may elect membership in PORS. Magistrates are required to participate in PORS for service as a magistrate. PORS members, other than magistrates and probate judges, must also earn at least \$2,000 per year and devote at least 1,600 hours per year to this work, unless exempted by statute. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS

Benefits

Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without a legislative change in the code of laws. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service, and average final compensation. A brief summary of benefit terms for each system is presented below.

South Carolina Retirement System ("SCRS") – A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfying the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals at least 90 years. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five- or eight-year earned service requirement, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program.

The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of 1% or \$500 every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until the second July 1 after reaching age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

South Carolina Police Officers' Retirement System ("PORS") – A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 25 years of service regardless of age. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 27 years of service regardless of age. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a deferred annuity at age 55 with five or eight years of earned service, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program. Accidental death benefits are also provided upon the death of an active member working for a covered employer whose death was a natural and proximate result of an injury incurred while in the performance of duty.

The retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of 1% or \$500 every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase.

Contributions

Actuarial valuations are performed annually by an external consulting actuary to ensure applicable contribution rates satisfy the funding parameters specified in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Under these provisions, SCRS and PORS contribution requirements must be sufficient to maintain an amortization period for the financing of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability ("UAAL") over a period that does not exceed the number of years scheduled in state statute. Legislation in 2017 increased, but also established a ceiling for SCRS and PORS employee contribution rates. Effective July 1, 2017, employee rates were increased to a capped rate of 9.00% for SCRS and 9.75% for PORS. The legislation also increased employer contribution rates beginning July 1, 2017 for both SCRS and PORS by two percentage points and further scheduled employer contribution rates to increase by a minimum of one percentage point each year through July 1, 2022. If the scheduled contributions are not sufficient to meet the funding periods set in state statute, the board shall increase the employer contribution rates as necessary to meet the funding periods set for the applicable year. The maximum funding period of SCRS and PORS is scheduled to be reduced over a ten-year schedule from 30 years beginning fiscal year 2018 to 20 years by fiscal year 2028.

Additionally, the Board is prohibited from decreasing the SCRS and PORS contribution rates until the funded ratio is at least 85%. If the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the Systems for funding purposes shows a ratio of the actuarial value of system assets to the actuarial accrued liability of the System (the funded ratio) that is equal to or greater than 85%, then the Board, effective on the following July 1st, may decrease the then current contribution rates upon making a finding that the decrease will not result in a funded ratio of less than 85%.

If contribution rates are decreased pursuant to this provision, and the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the System shows a funded ratio of less than 85%, then effective on the following July 1st, and annually thereafter as necessary, the Board shall increase the then current contribution rates until a subsequent annual actuarial valuation of the System shows a funded ratio that is equal to or greater than 85%.

Required employee contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2021, are as follows:

South Carolina Retirement System						
Employee Class Two	9.00% of earnable compensation					
Employee Class Three	9.00% of earnable compensation					
South Carolina Police Officers' Retirement System						
Employee Class Two	9.75% of earnable compensation					

Employee Class Two

9.75% of earnable compensation 9.75% of earnable compensation

Contributions (Continued)

Required employer contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2021, are as follows:

South Carolina Retirement System

Employee Class Two Employee Class Three Employer incidental death benefit 15.41% of earnable compensation 15.41% of earnable compensation 0.15% of earnable compensation

South Carolina Police Officers' Retirement System

Employee Class Two Employee Class Three Employer incidental death benefit Employer accidental death program 17.84% of earnable compensation 17.84% of earnable compensation 0.20% of earnable compensation 0.20% of earnable compensation

Net Pension Liability

The June 30, 2019, total pension liability ("TPL"), net pension liability ("NPL"), and sensitivity information shown in this report were determined by our consulting actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith and Company ("GRS") and are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2019. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plans' fiscal year-end, June 30, 2020, using generally accepted actuarial principles. Information included in the following schedules is based on the certification provided by GRS.

The net pension liability is calculated separately for each System and represents that particular System's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB No. 67, less that System's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2021 (measurement date of June 30, 2020), the net pension liability amounts for the County's proportionate share of the collective net pension liabilities associated with the SCRS and PORS plans are as follows:

			Plan Fiduciary					
System	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Liability		Employers' Net Pension Liability	Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability	County's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability		
SCRS	\$ 204,780,913	\$ 103,853,214	\$	100,927,699	50.7%	0.394993%		
PORS	\$ 112,503,693	\$ 66,136,732	\$	46,366,961	58.8%	1.398189%		

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Actuarial valuations of the plan involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. An experience report on the Systems was most recently issued for the period ended June 30, 2019 for first use in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation.

The June 30, 2020, total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information shown in this report were determined by our consulting actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith and Company ("GRS") and are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2019. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plans' fiscal year-end, June 30, 2020, using GAAP.

The following table provides a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the July 1, 2018 valuations for SCRS and PORS.

	SCRS	PORS
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return Projected salary increases Benefit adjustments	7.25% 3.0% to 12.5% (varies by service) Lesser of 1% or \$500 annually	7.25% 3.5% to 9.5% (varies by service) Lesser of 1% or \$500 annually

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. The base mortality assumption, the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality Table ("2016 PRSC"), was developed using the Systems' mortality experience. These base rates are adjusted for future improvement in mortality using published Scale AA projected from the year 2016.

Former Job Class	Males	Females		
General Employees and Members of the General Assembly	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by 125%	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 111%		
Public Safety and Firefighters	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by 125%	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 111%		

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is based upon 20-year capital market assumptions. The long-term expected rates of return represent assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market-based inputs. Expected returns are net of investment fees.

The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2020 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation and is summarized in the table below. For actuarial purposes, the 7.25% assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the TPL includes a 5.00% real rate of return and a 2.25% inflation component.

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	51.0%		
Global public equity	35.0%	7.81%	2.73%
Private equity	9.0%	8.91%	0.80%
Equity options securities	7.0%	5.09%	0.36%
Real assets	12.0%		
Real estate (private)	8.0%	5.55%	0.44%
Real estate (REITs)	1.0%	7.78%	0.08%
Infrastructure (Private)	2.0%	4.88%	0.10%
Infrastructure (Public)	1.0%	7.05%	0.07%
Opportunistic	8.0%		
Global tactical asset allocation	7.0%	3.56%	0.25%
Other opportunistic strategies	1.0%	4.41%	0.04%
Credit	15.0%		
High yield bons/ bank loans	4.0%	4.21%	0.17%
Emerging markets	4.0%	3.44%	0.14%
Private debt	7.0%	5.79%	0.40%
Rate Sensitive	14.0%		
Core fixed income	13.0%	1.60%	0.21%
Cash and short duration (net)	1.0%	0.56%	0.01%
	100%		

Total expected real return	5.80%
Inflation for actuarial purposes	2.25%
Total expected nominal return	8.05%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in SCRS and PORS will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on provisions in the South Carolina State Code of Laws. Based on those assumptions, the County's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following table presents the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate for the County and the respective component units.

	1	% Decrease (6.25%)	D	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)		% Increase (8.25%)
SCRS	\$	125,087,508	\$	100,927,699	\$	80,753,968

Sensitivity of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

Pension Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized its proportionate share of collective pension expense of \$11,292,786 and recognition of deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of total plan employer contributions of \$1,317,487 for a total of \$12,610,273 for the SCRS plan. Additionally, for the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized its proportionate share of collective pension expense of \$6,679,025 and recognition of deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of total plan employer of \$6,679,025 and recognition of deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of total plan employer contributions of \$463,794) for a total of \$6,215,231 for the PORS plan.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the SCRS and PORS pension plans, respectively, from the following sources:

SCRS		Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected					
and actual experience	\$	1,164,574	\$	381,651	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments		7,424,082		-	
Assumption changes		123,653		-	
Changes in proportion and differences					
between employer contributions and					
proportionate share of contributions		1,129,146		711,673	
Employer contributions subsequent					
to the measurement date		6,676,049			
Total	\$	16,517,504	\$	1,093,324	

PORS		Deferred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected					
and actual experience	\$	985,392	\$	204,096	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments		4,747,865		-	
Assumption changes		565,829		-	
Changes in proportion and differences					
between employer contributions and					
proportionate share of contributions		147,145		1,210,397	
Employer contributions subsequent					
to the measurement date		3,644,729		-	
Total	\$	10,090,960	\$	1,414,493	

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

County contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$6,676,049 and \$3,644,729 for the SCRS plan and the PORS plan, respectively, are deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	 SCRS	PORS	
2022	\$ 2,055,457	\$	1,259,916
2023	2,441,436		1,056,792
2024	2,356,771		1,480,878
2025	 1,894,467		1,234,152
Total	\$ 8,748,131	\$	5,031,738

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the plans administered by PEBA is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report containing financial statements and required supplementary information for SCRS and PORS. The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the Pension Trust Funds is publicly available on PEBA's Retirement Benefits' website at www.retirement.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, P.O. Box 11960, Columbia, South Carolina 29211-1960.

NOTE 10. ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES AND OTHER BENEFITS

Effective February 15, 1993, Beaufort County adopted a new leave policy for all employees. The TOWP/SCA policy was replaced with a policy granting Personal Leave Days and Personal Disability Leave. Under the new policy, employees were entitled to a maximum Personal Leave balance of 280 hours. Upon termination, employees will be paid for all unused, unpaid Personal Leave up to this maximum. The liability recorded at June 30, 2021, to cover unused, unpaid Personal Leave including fringe benefits totaled \$4,052,682.

Accrued compensated absences for governmental activities as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Balance ne 30, 2020 Additions		Re	Retirements		Balance June 30, 2021		Due in One Year	
\$ 4,504	,195 \$	7,124,655	\$	7,716,722	\$	3,912,128	\$	547,698	

Accrued compensated absences for business-type activities as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

 alance e 30, 2020	A	Additions Retirements		 Balance June 30, 2021		Due in One Year	
\$ 178,113	\$	271,804	\$	309,363	\$ 140,554	\$	19,677

The County considers accrued compensated absences to be reported as a current and long-term liability. For governmental activities, compensated absences payable are liquidated by the General Fund.

All leave hours accrued in excess of this Personal Leave maximum were accrued to the employee's Personal Disability leave account. A maximum of 360 hours may be maintained in an employee's Personal Disability leave account. The only accrual to this balance occurs when an employee's Personal Leave account exceeds 280 hours, at which time excess hours are "rolled over" to the Personal Disability leave account. Personal Disability leave is to be used in the case of an extended or life threatening illness. This account can only be used once all accrued hours in the Personal Leave account have been used to a balance of 80 hours or less. The employee must present a doctor's statement verifying the disability or illness in order to utilize his/her Personal Disability leave. Employees with remaining SCA leave balances may retain those balances. The same rules governing the use of Personal Disability leave apply to the use of SCA leave. Upon termination of employment with Beaufort County, no payment for any unused SCA or Personal Disability leave will be made.

The County does not provide post-employment health care benefits except those mandated by the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act ("COBRA"). The requirements established by COBRA are fully funded by employees who elect coverage under the Act, and no direct costs are incurred by the County.

NOTE 11. FUND BALANCES

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. As of June 30, 2021, fund balances for government funds are made up of the following:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance includes amounts that are: a) not in spendable form, or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories, prepaid amounts, and long-term notes receivable.
- Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers.
- Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority, County Council. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the County taking the same formal action that imposes the constraint originally.
- Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. County Council has by resolution authorized the County Administrator to assign fund balance. County Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.
- Unassigned Fund Balance is the residual classification when the balances do not meet the above criterion. The County reports, positive unassigned fund balance only in the General Fund. Negative unassigned fund balance may be reported in any governmental funds.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is generally depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

NOTE 11. FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

Beaufort County Council is the County's highest level of decision-making authority that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

The County considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts could be used, the County considers expenditures to be used in this respective order.

The County has established a fund balance policy for the General Fund, through Ordinance No. 2014/6, that requires the maintenance of a fund balance of at least 30% of the total General Fund expenditures of the previous fiscal year as an unassigned fund balance.

The County has established a Debt Service Fund balance policy, through Ordinance No. 2014/7, that requires the maintenance of a fund balance that covers the County's interest payments, occurring on August 1st and September 1st of every fiscal year.

NOTE 11. FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

Fund balances for all the major and nonmajor funds as of June 30, 2021, were distributed as follows:

	General Fund	County Wide General Obligation Bonds	Sales Tax Project	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items	\$ 2,100,954	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,100,954
	2,100,954	-			2,100,954
Restricted:					
General government grants	-	-	-	19,275,029	19,275,029
Public safety grants	-	-	-	7,537,057	7,537,057
Public works grants	-	-	-	36,758,894	36,758,894
Public health grants	-	-	-	5,295,784	5,295,784
Public welfare grants	-	-	-	104,118	104,118
Cultural and recreation grants	-	-	-	14,029,275	14,029,275
Capital projects	-	-	99,638,927	52,115,032	151,753,959
Debt service		21,177,387	-	4,467,611	25,644,998
		21,177,387	99,638,927	139,582,800	260,399,114
Assigned:					
General government	3,261,035	-	-	-	3,261,035
Traffic engineering	73,337		-	-	73,337
Parks and leisure special events	430,984	-	-	-	430,984
	3,765,356				3,765,356
Unassigned	65,808,134			(6,089)	65,802,045
	\$ 71,674,444	\$ 21,177,387	\$ 99,638,927	\$ 139,576,711	\$ 332,067,469

NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Arbitrage rules - State and local bonds issued after 1984 are subject to arbitrage restrictions as enacted by the Federal Government. To retain the bonds' tax exempt status, local governments must comply with the regulations as adopted by the government and expend all of the bond proceeds within designated periods which could be up to three years. The County believes it is in compliance with all arbitrage rules.

As of June 30, 2021, the County has outstanding construction contracts of \$2,644,550.

NOTE 13. RISK MANAGEMENT AND LITIGATION

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; thefts of; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The County manages risk through employee educational and prevention programs and through the purchase of casualty and liability insurance. All risk management activities are accounted for in the General Fund.

For all of these risks, the County is a member of the State of South Carolina Insurance Reserve Fund. The County pays premiums to the Fund for its general insurance coverage. The agreement for formation of the Fund provides that the Fund will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for each insured event.

Expenditures and claims are recognized when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In determining claims, events that might create claims, but for which none have been reported are considered.

The County is a party to several lawsuits which seek to recover property taxes paid under protest and to overturn property sold at "tax sales." The County's attorney estimates that the amount of actual or potential claims against the County at June 30, 2021 will not materially affect the financial conditions of the County. Therefore, the General Fund contains no provision for estimated claims.

The County is a party to a lawsuit regarding the termination of other post-employment healthcare insurance coverage for which management cannot determine the outcome. Therefore, there is no provision provided in the financial statements.

The County has not significantly reduced insurance coverage from the previous year nor has it settled claims in excess of insurance coverage for the last three years that were material.

NOTE 14. RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR NET POSITION

In fiscal year 2021, the County adopted GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on: 1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity, and 2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. Governments with activities meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The County restated beginning net position for the Fiduciary Funds for the cumulative effect of this accounting change. These changes are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

	Fi	duciary Funds
Net position, fiduciary funds, as previously reported	\$	-
Change in accounting principle due to the implementation		
of GASB Statement No. 84		201,343,012
Net position, fiduciary funds, as restated	\$	201,343,012

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive / (Negative)
Revenues				(
Property taxes:				
Current taxes	\$ 97,472,000	\$ 97,472,000	\$ 101,098,232	\$ 3,626,232
Delinquent taxes	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,706,600	206,600
Automobile taxes	6,345,968	6,345,968	6,813,453	467,485
Penalties	900,000	900,000	830,716	(69,284)
Total property taxes	106,217,968	106,217,968	110,449,001	4,231,033
Licenses and permits				
Business licenses	1,840,000	1,840,000	2,386,544	546,544
Building permits	892,160	892,160	1,451,242	559,082
Cable franchise fees	360,000	360,000	465,655	105,655
Marriage licenses	72,000	72,000	64,070	(7,930)
Other licenses and permits	80,000	80,000	99,295	19,295
Total licenses and permits	3,244,160	3,244,160	4,466,806	1,222,646
Intergovernmental				
State aid to subdivisions	6,746,324	6,746,324	6,599,580	(146,744)
Homestead exemption	1,743,960	1,743,960	2,023,172	279,212
Merchants' inventory tax	186,309	186,309	186,309	-
Manufacturers tax	30,000	30,000	88,263	58,263
Motor carrier tax	205,000	205,000	230,346	25,346
Payments in lieu of taxes	120,000	120,000	65,868	(54,132)
Veterans office stipend	5,370	5,370	5,512	142
Registration and election	12,000	12,000	94,395	82,395
Salary supplements	7,875	7,875	7,875	
Local traffic signal maintenance	-	-	70,940	70,940
Local, state and federal grant funds	-	-	1,066,066	1,066,066
Pollution control penalties Total intergovernmental	<u>2,000</u> 9,058,838	<u>2,000</u> 9,058,838	7,500	5,500
-				.,,
Charges for services	2,400,000	2 400 000	0.065.006	E 665 006
Register of deeds fees	3,400,000	3,400,000	9,065,296	5,665,296
Sheriff's service contracts and fees	40,000	40,000	36,682	(3,318)
Emergency medical service fees Court support services	3,305,000 1,425,000	3,305,000 1,425,000	3,349,960 1,183,611	44,960 (241,389)
Recreation fees	322,160	322,160	228,533	(93,627)
Administrative services	322,000	322,000	315,591	(6,409)
DSO/rezoning/CRB fees	48,000	48,000	86,324	38,324
Solid waste disposal fees	40,000	40,000	7,850	7,850
Total charges for services	8,862,160	8,862,160	14,273,847	5,411,687
Fines and forfeitures				
Clerk of court fines	12,500	12,500	9,434	(3,066)
Bond escreatment	5,000	5,000	11,663	6,663
Magistrate's court fines	567,000	567,000	409,308	(157,692)
Library fines	75,000	75,000	25,424	(49,576)
Other fines	65,000	65,000	158,014	93,014
Forfeitures	25,000	25,000	2,573	(22,427)
Total fines and forfeitures	749,500	749,500	616,416	(133,084)
Interest earned on investments	442,805	442,805	153,296	(289,509)
Miscellaneous				
Rental of county property	17,000	17,000	17,701	701
Sale of county property	125,000	92,194	408,585	316,391
Miscellaneous	38,000	38,000	408,585 131,490	93,490
Total Miscellaneous	180,000	147,194	557,776	410,582
Total Revenues	128,755,431	128,722,625	140,962,968	12,240,343

(Continued)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance from Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive / (Negative)	
Expenditures	engina		Hotuu	(Hoganito)	
General government services					
Elected and state appointed officials:					
Magistrate's court	\$ 2,240,607	\$ 2,011,512	\$ 1,981,320	\$ 30,192	
Clerk of court and family court	1,339,382	1,349,429	1,039,206	310,223	
Treasurer	1,729,424	1,734,414	1,604,355	130,059	
Solicitor	1,887,500	1,887,500	1,887,500	-	
Probate court	864,225	864,225	855,446	8,779	
County council - supplemental appropriations	868,859	1,568,652	1,532,378	36,274	
Auditor	1,012,249	961,289	956,328	4,961	
Coroner	696,574	747,348	747,574	(226)	
Master in equity	393,235	367,560	361,528	6,032	
Legislative delegation	66,992	52,147	51,290	857	
Total elected and state appointed officials	11,099,047	11,544,076	11,016,925	527,151	
Administrative services					
County administrator	693,342	703,369	703,581	(212)	
Communications and accountability	279,737	149,694	144,387	5,307	
Broadcast services	401,412	388,618	376,408	12,210	
County attorney	523,476	873,476	549,202	324,274	
Finance, risk management and purchasing	1,711,518	1,723,404	1,595,398	128,006	
Assessor	2,505,292	1,917,483	1,911,896	5,587	
Register of deeds	568,750	549,415	548,481	934	
Community planning and development	1,244,271	1,095,651	924,607	171,044	
Business license	102,605	111,443	111,558	(115)	
Voter registration and elections	961,181	1,103,831	981,340	122,491	
Management and geographical information systems	4,539,752	5,479,041	5,130,012	349,029	
Records management	618,995	558,115	495,055	63,060	
Employee services	882,544	785,906	679,160	106,746	
Non-departmental	14,013,953	14,013,953	12,116,133	1,897,820	
Total administrative services	29,046,828	29,453,399	26,267,218	3,186,181	
Economic and regional development					
Lowcountry Council of Governments	202,675	202,675	195,062	7,613	
Lowcountry Regional Transportation Authority	357,052	357,052	357,052	-	
Economic development	1,003,594	1,070,528	1,614,722	(544,194)	
Small business center	35,000	35,000	35,000	-	
Total economic and regional development	1,598,321	1,665,255	2,201,836	(536,581)	
Total general government services	41,744,196	42,662,730	39,485,979	3,176,751	
Public safety services					
Sheriff's office	24,051,061	26,568,325	20,173,515	6,394,810	
Emergency and traffic management	6,796,573	6,625,728	6,284,102	341,626	
Emergency medical services	8,402,726	8,448,863	7,772,274	676,589	
Detention center	7,386,956	6,692,547	6,445,578	246,969	
Building codes and enforcement	1,057,134	1,438,082	1,049,220	388,862	
Animal services	1,206,633	1,244,225	1,179,373	64,852	
Traffic and transportation engineering	450,193	576,651	416,538	160,113	
Total public safety services	49,351,276	51,594,421	43,320,600	8,273,821	

(Continued)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance from Final Budget Positive /	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Expenditures (Continued)					
Public works services					
Public works general support	\$ 2,286,015	\$ 2,422,725	\$ 2,178,038	\$ 244,687	
Engineering	336,616	303,165	337,585	(34,420)	
Facilities maintenance	5,427,349	5,222,384	5,266,850	(44,466)	
Solid waste and recycling	8,667,743	8,754,275	8,204,272	550,003	
Total public works services	16,717,723	16,702,549	15,986,745	715,804	
Public health services					
Mosquito control	1,514,215	1,625,853	1,396,899	228,954	
Medical indigent act contributions	1,978,448	2,098,091	1,978,448	119,643	
Total public health services	3,492,663	3,723,944	3,375,347	348,597	
Public welfare services					
Veterans' affairs office	233,594	232,694	175,586	57,108	
Human services alliance	474,667	474,667	461,007	13,660	
Total public welfare services	708,261	707,361	636,593	70,768	
Cultural and recreation services					
Parks and seisure services	4,347,289	4,267,146	3,256,976	1,010,170	
Libraries	4,295,802	4,441,755	3,794,522	647,233	
Education allocation	4,636,032	4,636,032	4,636,032	-	
Total cultural and recreation services	13,279,123	13,344,933	11,687,530	1,657,403	
Capital outlay	2,388,740	933,428	2,116,486	(1,183,058)	
Total Expenditures	127,681,982	129,669,366	116,609,280	13,060,086	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,073,449	(946,741)	24,353,688	25,300,429	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	1,545,000	1,545,000	1,584,205	(39,205)	
Transfers out	(2,618,449)	(2,186,747)	(8,080,746)	5,893,999	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,073,449)	(641,747)	(6,496,541)	5,854,794	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(1,588,488)	17,857,147	(19,445,635)	
Fund Balance - beginning	53,817,297	53,817,297	53,817,297		
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 53,817,297	\$ 52,228,809	\$ 71,674,444	\$ (19,445,635)	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL ARPA FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Fines and forfeitures			
Intergovernmental Total revenues	\$	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$</u>
Expenditures Other Total expenditures			
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-
Fund Balance - beginning			
Fund Balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$-

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Plan Year Ended June 30,	County's proportion of the net pension liability	County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	County's ered payroll	County's share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	
2020	0.394993%	\$ 100,927,699	\$ 44,045,764	229.1%	50.7%	
2019	0.399241%	91,163,213	40,402,521	225.6%	54.1%	
2018	0.393551%	88,182,198	38,542,987	228.8%	54.1%	
2017	0.384938%	86,655,734	38,829,871	223.2%	53.3%	
2016	0.368452%	78,700,803	35,677,230	220.6%	52.9%	
2015	0.300690%	68,288,822	33,748,204	202.3%	57.0%	
2014	0.367597%	63,288,017	33,248,858	190.3%	59.9%	

South Carolina Police Officers' Retirement System

Plan Year Ended June 30,	County's proportion of the net pension liability	County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	County's covered payroll	County's share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2020	1.39819%	\$ 46,366,961	\$ 21,144,386	219.3%	58.8%
2019	1.39121%	39,871,296	17,288,882	230.6%	62.7%
2018	1.46349%	41,468,720	17,304,198	239.6%	61.7%
2017	1.49866%	41,056,757	20,178,336	203.5%	60.9%
2016	1.49638%	37,955,357	19,093,765	198.8%	60.4%
2015	1.46238%	31,872,585	17,974,479	177.3%	64.6%
2014	1.48971%	28,534,997	18,070,889	157.9%	67.5%

The above schedules will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

The assumptions used in the preparation of the above schedules are disclosed in Note 9 to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF COUNTY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	I	itatutorily required ontribution	Co in the	h Carolina R ontributions relation to e statutorily required ontribution	Contr defic	t System ibution ciency cess)	 County's covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
2021	\$	6,676,049	\$	6,676,049	\$	-	\$ 42,904,937	15.56%
2020		6,853,521		6,853,521		-	44,045,764	15.56%
2019		6,136,750		6,136,750		-	40,402,521	15.19%
2018		5,530,147		5,530,147		-	38,542,987	14.35%
2017		4,488,733		4,488,733		-	38,829,871	11.56%
2016		3,945,902		3,945,902		-	35,677,230	11.06%
2015		3,678,554		3,678,554		-	33,478,204	10.99%

South Carolina Police Officers' Retirement System

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	I	tatutorily required ontribution	in the	ntributions relation to statutorily required ontribution	de	ntribution ficiency excess)	 County's covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
2021	\$	3,644,729	\$	3,644,729	\$	-	\$ 20,203,597	18.040%
2020		3,814,447		3,814,447		-	21,144,386	18.040%
2019		3,440,718		3,440,718		-	17,288,882	19.90%
2018		3,288,903		3,288,903		-	17,304,198	19.01%
2017		2,873,395		2,873,395		-	20,178,336	14.24%
2016		2,623,483		2,623,483		-	19,093,765	13.74%
2015		2,410,378		2,410,378		-	17,974,479	13.41%

Asset valuation method	Five-year smoothed	Five-year smoothed
Amortization method	Level % of pay	Level % of pay
Amortization period	39 years maximum, closed	29 years maximum, closed
Investment return	7.25%	7.25%
Inflation	2.25%	2.25%
Salaryincreases	3.00% to 12.5% (varies by service)	3.50% to 9.5% (varies by service)
Mortality	The 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality Tables for Males and Females, both projected at Scale AA from the year 2016. Male rates multiplied by 100% for general employees and 125% for public safety and firefighters. Female rates multiplied by 111% for general employees, public safety and firefighters.	The 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality Tables for Males and Females, both projected at Scale AA from the year 2016. Male rates multiplied by 100% for general employees and 125% for public safety and firefighters. Female rates multiplied by 111% for general employees, public safety and firefighters.

The above schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

Beaufort County's airport infrastructure assets consist of approximately 25% airport runways, 25% airport taxiways, and 50% airport aprons. The condition of the runways, taxiways, and aprons is measured using several distress factors found in pavement surfaces. The airports' pavement management system uses a measurement scale that is based on a condition index. For the Beaufort Executive Airport, the South Carolina Aeronautics Commission ("SCAC") condition scale is used to classify runways, taxiways, and aprons. The SCAC condition scale is as follows: good or better condition (70 - 100), fair condition (50 - 69), and substandard condition (less than 50). For the Hilton Head Island Airport, the Federal Aviation Administration ("FAA") condition scale is used to classify runways, taxiways, and aprons. The FAA condition scale is as follows: excellent condition (5), good condition (4), fair condition (3), poor condition (2), and failed condition (1). It is the County's policy to maintain the runways, taxiways, and aprons at a fair condition or better. Condition assessments are determined every year by the County at both airports, the SCAC at the Lady's Island Airport, and the FAA at the Hilton Head Island Airport. The County's runways, taxiways, and aprons have an estimated useful life, without resurfacing, of 25 years. Due to the strong safety concerns of airplanes landing, taking off, and taxiing on these surfaces, all surfaces are repaired immediately if and when there is a need for such repairs.

Actual maintenance of runways, taxiways, and aprons involves scraping and providing improved surface materials on an as needed basis or filling cracks within the pavement on an as needed basis.

	FY 2021	FY 2020	FY 2019	FY 2018	FY 2017
Percent of Runways in Fair or Better Condition	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Percent of Taxiways in Fair or Better Condition	50%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Percent of Aprons in Fair or Better Condition	43%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Percent of Annual Resurfacing of Runways Completed	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Percent of Annual Resurfacing of Taxiways Completed	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Percent of Annual Resurfacing of Aprons Completed	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

The County estimates maintenance expense in the amount of \$2,000,000 to be incurred every five years for paving costs in order to maintain and preserve at (or above) the condition level established and disclosed above. The County adopted the modified approach for its airport infrastructure assets in fiscal year 2011.

During Fiscal Years 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018, and 2017, the Hilton Head Island Airport expended \$5.1 million, \$2.4 million, \$4.4 million, \$15.6 million, and \$9.2 million, respectively, related to the relocation of taxiways A and F and replacement of the general aviation ("GA") ramp and the runway extension project. The County also has a grant request in process with the FAA and the SCAC to obtain funding for both airports runway and taxiway rehabilitation and/or construction, which is listed as high priority items on the respective CIP lists. HXD's project is in design. ARW will be in design this year if approved by the FAA.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL COUNTY WIDE GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues	A	* * * * * * * * * *	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Property taxes	\$ 11,040,700	\$ 11,432,854	\$ 392,154
Interest Fines and forfeits	150,000 40,000	127,760 33,097	(22,240)
	,		(6,903)
Total revenues	11,230,700	11,593,711	369,914
Expenditures			
Debt service - principal	7,388,772	15,601,650	(8,212,878)
Debt service - interest and fees	3,344,656	3,980,586	(635,930)
Total debt service expenditures	10,733,428	19,582,236	(8,848,808)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	497,272	(7,988,525)	(8,485,797)
Other Financing Sources			
Issuance of bonds	-	6,135,000	6,135,000
Payments to refunding debt escrow agent	-	(8,925,000)	(8,925,000)
Bond premiums	-	4,852,762	4,852,762
Transfers In	-	5,622,298	5,622,298
Total other financing sources		7,685,060	7,685,060
Net Change in Fund Balance	497,272	(303,465)	(800,737)
Fund Balance - beginning	21,480,852	21,480,852	
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 21,978,124	\$ 21,177,387	\$ (800,737)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL SALES TAX PROJECT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Final Budget				
Revenues Intergovernmental Interest	\$	- \$	55,603,495	\$	55,603,495
Total revenues		<u> </u>	194,063 55,797,558		194,063 55,797,558
Expenditures Capital projects	500,0	000	1,627,460		(1,127,460)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(500,0	000)	54,170,098		54,670,098
Fund Balance - beginning	45,468,8	329	45,468,829		-
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 44,968,8	329 \$	99,638,927	\$	54,670,098

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS	 Special Revenue Funds	 Debt Service Funds	 Capital Projects Funds	G	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 83,696,733	\$ 4,467,611	\$ 53,138,218	\$	141,302,562
Receivables, net	1,152,361	-	234,097		1,386,458
Due from other governments	 2,153,933	 -	 -		2,153,933
Total assets	\$ 87,003,027	\$ 4,467,611	\$ 53,372,315	\$	144,842,953
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to others Total liabilities	\$ 3,067,706 851,472 89,781 4,008,959	\$ - - -	\$ 1,257,283 - - 1,257,283	\$	4,324,989 851,472 89,781 5,266,242
FUND BALANCE					
Restricted Unassigned	83,000,157 (6,089)	4,467,611 -	52,115,032 -		139,582,800 (6,089)
Total fund balance	 82,994,068	 4,467,611	 52,115,032		139,576,711
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 87,003,027	\$ 4,467,611	\$ 53,372,315	\$	144,842,953

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds			Debt Service Funds		Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Revenues	•		•		•		•	
Property taxes	\$	9,793,100	\$	-	\$	622,963	\$	10,416,063
Licenses and permits		12,392,426		-		-		12,392,426
Intergovernmental		10,866,894		-		-		10,866,894
Charge for services		15,856,109		-		-		15,856,109
Fines and forfeitures		871,200		-		-		871,200
Interest		276,800		12,791		167,480		457,071
Miscellaneous		2,254,937		-		1,451,402		3,706,339
Total revenues		52,311,466		12,791		2,241,845		54,566,102
Expenditures								
General government		7,012,972		-		-		7,012,972
Public safety		7,900,832		-		-		7,900,832
Public works		449,212		-		-		449,212
Public health		9,093,469		-		-		9,093,469
Public welfare		1,383,084		-		-		1,383,084
Cultural and recreation		657,365		-		-		657,365
Capital projects		5,557,418		-		15,223,559		20,780,977
Debt service - principal		7,735,880		2,130,435		-		9,866,315
Debt service - interest and fees		3,417,750		561,196		155,001		4,133,947
Total expenditures		43,207,982		2,691,631		15,378,560		61,278,173
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		9,103,484		(2,678,840)		(13,136,715)		(6,712,071)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Issuance of bonds		-		-		36,775,000		36,775,000
Transfers in		2,746,697		3,132,705		-		5,879,402
Transfers out		(5,276,860)		-		(160,000)		(5,436,860)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,530,163)		3,132,705		36,615,000		37,217,542
Net Change in Fund Balance		6,573,321		453,865		23,478,285		30,505,471
Fund Balance - beginning		76,420,747		4,013,746		28,636,747		109,071,240
Fund Balance - ending	\$	82,994,068	\$	4,467,611	\$	52,115,032	\$	139,576,711

	s	Special Revenue Fund			
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 10,413,326	\$ 9,793,100	\$ (620,226)		
Licenses and permits	6,934,700	12,392,426	5,457,726		
Intergovernmental	7,354,224	10,866,894	3,512,670		
Charge for services	12,829,655	15,856,109	3,026,454		
Fines and forfeitures	183,300	871,200	687,900		
Interest	547,500	276,800	(270,700)		
Miscellaneous	1,556,648	2,254,937	698,289		
Total revenues	39,819,353	52,311,466	12,492,113		
Expenditures					
General government	8,118,228	7,012,972	1,105,256		
Public safety	2,799,045	7,900,832	(5,101,787)		
Public works	347,466	449,212	(101,746)		
Public health	12,001,572	9,093,469	2,908,103		
Public welfare	1,422,825	1,383,084	39,741		
Cultural and recreation	929,250	657,365	271,885		
Other	- · · · ·	-	-		
Capital projects	2,495,558	5,557,418	(3,061,860)		
Debt service - principal	7,735,880	7,735,880	-		
Debt service - interest and fees	3,085,256	3,417,750	(332,494)		
Total expenditures	38,935,080	43,207,982	(4,272,902)		
Excess of revenues over expenditures	884,273	9,103,484	8,219,211		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	2,201,398	2,746,697	545,299		
Transfers out	(4,677,705)	(5,276,860)	(599,155)		
Total other financing uses, net	(2,476,307)	(2,530,163)	(53,856)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,592,034)	6,573,321	8,165,355		
Fund Balance - beginning	76,420,747	76,420,747			
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 74,828,713	\$ 82,994,068	\$ 8,165,355		

	Debt Service Funds					
	Fin Bud		Actual	Р	ariance ositive egative)	
Revenues	^		¢ 40.704	^	40 704	
Interest	\$		<u>\$ 12,791</u>	\$	12,791	
Total revenues			12,791		12,791	
Expenditures						
Debt service - principal	2,	130,435	2,130,435		-	
Debt service - interest and fees		561,196	561,196		-	
Total expenditures	2,	691,631	2,691,631		-	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(2,	691,631)	(2,678,840)		12,791	
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers in	3,	132,705	3,132,705		-	
Total other financing sources	3,	132,705	3,132,705		-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		441,074	453,865		12,791	
Fund Balance - beginning	4,	013,746	4,013,746		-	
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 4,	454,820	\$ 4,467,611	\$	12,791	

(Continued)

	Capital Projects Funds
Revenues	
Property taxes	\$ 622,963
Interest	167,480
Miscellaneous	1,451,402
Total revenues	2,241,845
Expenditures	
Capital projects	15,223,559
Debt service - interest and fees	155,001
Total expenditures	15,378,560
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(13,136,715)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Issuance of bonds	36,775,000
Transfers out	(160,000)
Total other financing sources, net	36,615,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	23,478,285
Fund Balance - beginning	28,636,747
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 52,115,032

(Continued)

		Total Nonmajor Governme			ntal Funds		
		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues	<u>^</u>	40,440,000	•	40,440,000	•	0 707	
Property taxes	\$	10,413,326	\$	10,416,063	\$	2,737	
Licenses and permits		6,934,700		12,392,426		5,457,726	
Intergovernmental		7,354,224		10,866,894		3,512,670	
Charge for services		12,829,655		15,856,109		3,026,454	
Fines and forfeitures		183,300		871,200		687,900	
Interest		547,500		457,071		(90,429)	
Miscellaneous		1,556,648		3,706,339		2,149,691	
Total revenues		39,819,353		54,566,102		14,746,749	
Expenditures							
General government		8,118,228		7,012,972		1,105,256	
Public safety		2,799,045		7,900,832		(5,101,787)	
Public works		347,466		449,212		(101,746)	
Public health		12,001,572		9,093,469		2,908,103	
Public welfare		1,422,825		1,383,084		39,741	
Cultural and recreation		929,250		657,365		271,885	
Other		-		-		-	
Debt service - principal		9,866,315		9,866,315		-	
Debt service - interest and fees		3,646,452		4,133,947		(487,495)	
Capital projects		2,495,558		20,780,977		(18,285,419)	
Total expenditures		41,626,711		61,278,173		(19,651,462)	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(1,807,358)		(6,712,071)		(4,904,713)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Issuance of bonds		-		36,775,000		36,775,000	
Transfers in		5,334,103		5,879,402		545,299	
Transfers out		(4,677,705)		(5,436,860)		(759,155)	
Total other financing sources, net		656,398		37,217,542		36,561,144	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,150,960)		30,505,471		31,656,431	
Fund Balance - beginning		80,434,493		109,071,240		28,636,747	
Fund Balance - ending	\$	79,283,533	\$	139,576,711	\$	60,293,178	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	General Government Programs		Public Safety Programs		afety Works	
ASSETS						
Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables, net Due from other governments	\$	19,092,525 356,323 532,087	\$	7,500,027 177,528 790,523	\$	37,319,654 469,324 252,341
Total assets	\$	19,980,935	\$	8,468,078	\$	38,041,319
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to others	\$	559,237 146,669 -	\$	568,349 323,396 39,276	\$	1,279,347 3,078 -
Total liabilities	\$	705,906	\$	931,021	\$	1,282,425
FUND BALANCE						
Restricted Unassigned	\$	19,275,029 -	\$	7,537,057 -	\$	36,758,894 -
Total fund balances		19,275,029		7,537,057		36,758,894
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	19,980,935	\$	8,468,078	\$	38,041,319

 Public Health Programs		Public Welfare Programs		Cultural and Recreational Programs		Total
\$ 5,458,132 7,403 459,145	\$	145,120 28,514 118,390	\$	14,181,275 113,269 1,447	\$	83,696,733 1,152,361 2,153,933
\$ 5,924,680	\$	292,024	\$	14,295,991	\$	87,003,027
\$ 217,264 361,127 50,505	\$	176,793 17,202 -	\$	266,716 - -	\$	3,067,706 851,472 89,781
\$ 628,896	\$	193,995	\$	266,716	\$	4,008,959
\$ 5,295,784 - 5,295,784	\$	104,118 (6,089) 98,029	\$	14,029,275 - 14,029,275	\$	83,000,157 (6,089) 82,994,068
\$ 5,924,680	\$	292,024	\$	14,295,991	\$	87,003,027

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Government Programs			Public Safety Programs	Public Works Programs		
Revenues							
Property taxes		,793,100	\$	-	\$	-	
Licenses and permits		,447,947		40,250		5,374,392	
Intergovernmental	4	,611,397		1,331,038		2,607,476	
Charge for services Fines and forfeitures		681,346 505,454		5,319,381 365,746		2,923,950	
Interest		,		,		-	
Miscellaneous	1	53,641 ,198,852		17,477 772,168		107,826 175,014	
Total revenues		,198,852		7,846,060		11,188,658	
Total revenues		,231,737		7,040,000		11,100,000	
Expenditures							
General government	7	,012,972		-		-	
Public safety		-		7,900,832		-	
Public works		-		-		449,212	
Public health		-		-		-	
Public welfare		-		-		-	
Cultural and recreation		-		-		-	
Capital		211,276		313,518		4,356,012	
Debt service - principal	7	,196,961		-		325,526	
Debt service - interest and fees		,245,578		-		40,397	
Total expenditures	17	,666,787		8,214,350		5,171,147	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	3	,624,950		(368,290)		6,017,511	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	1	,648,131		172,613		_	
Transfers out		,798,927)		-		(1,917,983)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		,150,796)		172,613		(1,917,983)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		,474,154		(195,677)		4,099,528	
Fund Balance - beginning	16	,800,875		7,732,734		32,659,366	
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 19	,275,029	\$	7,537,057	\$	36,758,894	

Public Health Programs	Public Welfare Programs	Cultural and Recreational Programs	Total
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 9,793,100
-	-	2,529,837	12,392,426
1,125,831	864,300	326,852	10,866,894
6,788,902	105,905	36,625	15,856,109
-	-	-	871,200
57,952	154	39,750	276,800
2,702	106,201	-	2,254,937
7,975,387	1,076,560	2,933,064	52,311,466
			7,012,972
-	-	-	
-	-	-	7,900,832
-	-	-	449,212
9,093,469	-	-	9,093,469
-	1,383,084	-	1,383,084
-	-	657,365	657,365
271,385	-	405,227	5,557,418
-	-	213,393	7,735,880
-	-	131,775	3,417,750
9,364,854	1,383,084	1,407,760	43,207,982
(1,389,467)	(306,524)	1,525,304	9,103,484
-	366.003	-	2,186,747
-	-	-	(4,716,910)
	366,003		(2,530,163)
(1,389,467)	59,479	1,525,304	6,573,321
6,685,251	38,550	12,503,971	76,420,747
\$ 5,295,784	\$ 98,029	\$ 14,029,275	\$ 82,994,068

	General Government Programs				
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 10,413,326	\$ 9,793,100	\$ (620,226)		
Licenses and permits	2,100,000	4,447,947	2,347,947		
Intergovernmental	2,650,000	4,611,397	1,961,397		
Charge for services	1,321,400	681,346	(640,054)		
Fines and forfeitures	41,300	505,454	464,154		
Interest	52,500	53,641	1,141		
Miscellaneous	793,489	1,198,852	405,363		
Total revenues	17,372,015	21,291,737	3,919,722		
Expenditures					
General government	8,118,228	7,012,972	1,105,256		
Capital	-	211,276	(211,276)		
Debt service - principal	7,196,961	7,196,961	-		
Debt service - interest and fees	2,913,084	3,245,578	(332,494)		
Total expenditures	18,228,273	17,666,787	561,486		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(856,258)	3,624,950	4,481,208		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	1,648,131	1,648,131	-		
Transfers out	(2,759,722)	(2,798,927)	(39,205)		
Total other financing uses, net	(1,111,591)	(1,150,796)	(39,205)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,967,849)	2,474,154	4,442,003		
Fund Balance - beginning	16,800,875	16,800,875			
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 14,833,026	\$ 19,275,029	\$ 4,442,003		

	Public Safety Programs				
	Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues					
Licenses and permits	\$ 30,000	*	40,250	\$	10,250
Intergovernmental	868,542		1,331,038		462,496
Charge for services	1,200,000		5,319,381		4,119,381
Fines and forfeitures	142,000		365,746		223,746
Interest Miscellaneous	13,000 605,000		17,477		4,477
			772,168		167,168
Total revenues	2,858,542		7,846,060		4,987,518
Expenditures					
Public safety	2,799,045		7,900,832		(5,101,787)
Capital	132,558		313,518		(180,960)
Total expenditures	2,931,603		8,214,350		(5,282,747)
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(73,061)	(368,290)		(295,229)
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers in	187,264		172,613		(14,651)
Total other financing sources	187,264		172,613		(14,651)
Net Change in Fund Balance	114,203		(195,677)		(309,880)
Fund Balance - beginning	7,732,734		7,732,734		-
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 7,846,937	\$	7,537,057	\$	(309,880)

	P	ublic Works Program	S		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues					
Licenses and permits	\$ 3,200,000	\$ 5,374,392	\$ 2,174,392		
Intergovernmental	2,000,000	2,607,476	607,476		
Charge for services	2,240,000	2,923,950	683,950		
Interest	-	107,826	107,826		
Miscellaneous	-	175,014	175,014		
Total revenues	7,440,000	11,188,658	3,748,658		
Expenditures					
Public works	347,466	449,212	(101,746)		
Capital	1,900,000	4,356,012	(2,456,012)		
Debt service - principal	325,526	325,526	-		
Debt service - interest and fees	40,397	40,397	-		
Total expenditures	2,613,389	5,171,147	(2,557,758)		
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	4,826,611	6,017,511	1,190,900		
Other Financing Uses					
Transfers out	(1,917,983)	(1,917,983)	-		
Total other financing uses	(1,917,983)	(1,917,983)	-		
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,908,628	4,099,528	1,190,900		
Fund Balance - beginning	32,659,366	32,659,366			
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 35,567,994	\$ 36,758,894	\$ 1,190,900		

		Public Health Programs						
	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)			
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$ 814,7	00 \$	1,125,831	\$	311,131			
Charge for services	7,899,2	55	6,788,902		(1,110,353)			
Interest	482,0	00	57,952		(424,048)			
Miscellaneous	27,3	59	2,702		(24,657)			
Total revenues	9,223,3	14	7,975,387		(1,247,927)			
Expenditures								
Public health	12,001,5	72	9,093,469		2,908,103			
Capital	395,0	00	271,385		123,615			
Total expenditures	12,396,5	72	9,364,854		3,031,718			
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,173,2	58)	(1,389,467)		1,783,791			
Fund Balance - beginning	6,685,2	51	6,685,251		-			
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 3,511,9	93 \$	5,295,784	\$	1,783,791			

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ALL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	P	ublic Welfare Progra	ms
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$ 787,232	\$ 864,300	\$ 77,068
Charge for services	101,000	105,905	4,905
Interest		154	154
Miscellaneous	130,800	106,201	(24,599)
Total revenues	1,019,032	1,076,560	57,528
Expenditures			
Public welfare	1,422,825	1,383,084	39,741
Total expenditures	1,422,825	1,383,084	39,741
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(403,793)	(306,524)	97,269
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers in	366,003	366,003	-
Total other financing sources	366,003	366,003	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(37,790)	59,479	97,269
Fund Balance - beginning	38,550	38,550	
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 760	\$ 98,029	\$ 97,269

	Cultura	al and Recreation Pro	•		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues					
Licenses and permits	\$ 1,604,700	\$ 2,529,837	\$ 925,137		
Intergovernmental	233,750	326,852	93,102		
Charge for services	68,000	36,625	(31,375)		
Interest		39,750	39,750		
Total revenues	1,906,450	2,933,064	1,026,614		
Expenditures					
Cultural and recreation	929,250	657,365	271,885		
Capital	68,000	405,227	(337,227)		
Debt service - principal	213,393	213,393	-		
Debt service - interest and fees	131,775	131,775	-		
Total expenditures	1,342,418	1,407,760	(65,342)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	564,032	1,525,304	961,272		
Fund Balance - beginning	12,503,971	12,503,971			
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 13,068,003	\$ 14,029,275	\$ 961,272		

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Property taxes	\$ 10,413,326	\$ 9,793,100	\$ (620,226)
Licenses and permits	6,934,700	12,392,426	5,457,726
Intergovernmental	7,354,224	10,866,894	3,512,670
Charge for services	12,829,655	15,856,109	3,026,454
Fines and forfeitures	183,300	871,200	687,900
Interest	547,500	276,800	(270,700)
Miscellaneous	1,556,648	2,254,937	698,289
Total revenues	39,819,353	52,311,466	12,492,113
Expenditures			
General government	8,118,228	7,012,972	1,105,256
Public safety	2,799,045	7,900,832	(5,101,787)
Public works	347,466	449,212	(101,746)
Public health	12,001,572	9,093,469	2,908,103
Public welfare	1,422,825	1,383,084	39,741
Cultural and recreation	929,250	657,365	271,885
Other	-	-	-
Capital	2,495,558	5,557,418	(3,061,860)
Debt service - principal	7,735,880	7,735,880	-
Debt service - interest and fees	3,085,256	3,417,750	(332,494)
Total expenditures	38,935,080	43,207,982	(4,272,902)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	884,273	9,103,484	8,219,211
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in	2,201,398	2,746,697	545,299
Transfers out	(4,677,705)	(5,276,860)	(599,155)
Total other financing uses, net	(2,476,307)	(2,530,163)	(53,856)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,592,034)	6,573,321	8,165,355
Fund Balance - beginning	76,420,747	76,420,747	
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 74,828,713	\$ 82,994,068	\$ 8,165,355

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS GENERAL GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS JUNE 30, 2021

		State mmodations Tax Program	-	urchase of eal Property Program		Local ommodations Tax Program		Local dmissions Fee Program		Local Iospitality Tax Program
ASSETS Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables, net	\$	-	\$	2,640,114 126,579	\$	5,059,156	\$	2,790,481 72,034	\$	2,703,218 7,944
Due from other governments Total assets	¢	481,149	¢	1,316	¢	-	¢	-	¢	-
Total assets	φ	481,149	\$	2,768,009	\$	5,059,156	\$	2,862,515	\$	2,711,162
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable Accrued payroll	\$	193,321 -	\$	-	\$	254,617 -	\$	788 489	\$	1,464 -
Total liabilities	\$	193,321	\$	-	\$	254,617	\$	1,277	\$	1,464
FUND BALANCE										
Restricted	\$	287,828	\$	2,768,009	\$	4,804,539	\$	2,861,238	\$	2,709,698
Total fund balance		287,828		2,768,009		4,804,539		2,861,238		2,709,698
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	481,149	\$	2,768,009	\$	5,059,156	\$	2,862,515	\$	2,711,162

Freasurer Execution Fees	Clerk of Court ncentives	Clerk of Court Unit Cost	E	Employer Group Benefit Trust	 Public Defender Trust	Re	eforestation Trust	 Total
\$ 2,043,767	\$ 476,431	\$ 469,742	\$	284,781	\$ 401,178	\$	2,223,657	\$ 19,092,525
3,170	-	26,959 49,622		-	119,637 -		-	356,323 532,087
\$ 2,046,937	\$ 476,431	\$ 546,323	\$	284,781	\$ 520,815	\$	2,223,657	\$ 19,980,935
\$ 38,854 1,466	\$ 672	\$ 2,398	\$	5,621	\$ 53,437 144,714	\$	8,065	\$ 559,237 146,669
\$ 40,320	\$ 672	\$ 2,398	\$	5,621	\$ 198,151	\$	8,065	\$ 705,906
\$ 2,006,617	\$ 475,759	\$ 543,925	\$	279,160	\$ 322,664	\$	2,215,592	\$ 19,275,029
 2,006,617	 475,759	 543,925		279,160	 322,664		2,215,592	19,275,029
\$ 2,046,937	\$ 476,431	\$ 546,323	\$	284,781	\$ 520,815	\$	2,223,657	\$ 19,980,935

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - GENERAL GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	State Accommodations Tax Program	Purchase of Real Property Program	Local Accommodations Tax Program	Local Admissions Fee Program
Revenues Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ 9,793,100	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and Permits	φ = -	φ 9,793,100	φ - -	∍ - 1,917,406
Intergovernmental	1,209,098	180,171	1,762,046	-
Charges for Services	-	23,124	-	-
Fines and Forfeitures	-	29,350	1,597	-
Interest	351	7,702	13,420	7,165
Miscellaneous	-	385,970	9,504	-
Total revenues	1,209,449	10,419,417	1,786,567	1,924,571
Expenditures				
General government:				
Personnel	-	-	36,199	36,195
Purchased Services	-	3,005	4,434	17,500
Supplies	-	-	798	1,322
Capital	-	-	65,518	-
Other	868,241	-	705,033	1,682
Debt service:				
Principal	-	7,196,961	-	-
Interest and fees	-	3,245,578	-	-
Total expenditures	868,241	10,445,544	811,982	56,699
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	341,208	(26,127)	974,585	1,867,872
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(84,205)	_	_	(1,214,722)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(84,205)	-	-	(1,214,722)
Net Change in Fund Balance	257,003	(26,127)	974,585	653,150
Fund Balance - beginning	30,825	2,794,136	3,829,954	2,208,088
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 287,828	\$ 2,768,009	\$ 4,804,539	\$ 2,861,238

Local Hospitality Tax Program	Treasurer Execution Fees	Clerk of Court Incentives	Clerk of Court Unit Cost	Employer Group Benefit Trust	Public Defender Trust	Reforestation Trust	Total
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 9,793,100
2,530,541	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,447,947
-	-	67,415	312,736	-	1,079,931	-	4,611,397
- 32,543	658,222	-	-	_	-	- 441,964	681,346 505,454
7,051	7,088	1,298	1,095	500	1 000		
7,051	10,830	1,290	1,095	500 240,471	1,889 552,077	6,082	53,641 1,198,852
2,570,135	676,140	68,713	313,831	240,471	1,633,897	448,046	21,291,737
36,197	785,530	-	94,557	-	2,816,610	-	3,805,288
17,441	306,553	309	-	-	201,708	32,345	583,295
2,270	45,268	5,556	-	-	35,128	-	90,342
67,151	15,570	-	-	-	46,050	16,987	211,276
575,754	56,578	-	7,875	273,620	45,264	-	2,534,047
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,196,961
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,245,578
698,813	1,209,499	5,865	102,432	273,620	3,144,760	49,332	17,666,787
1,871,322	(533,359)	62,848	211,399	(32,649)	(1,510,863)	398,714	3,624,950
-	-	-	-	-	1,648,131	-	1,648,131
(1,500,000)	-			-	-		(2,798,927)
(1,500,000)					1,648,131		(1,150,796)
371,322	(533,359)	62,848	211,399	(32,649)	137,268	398,714	2,474,154
2,338,376	2,539,976	412,911	332,526	311,809	185,396	1,816,878	16,800,875
\$ 2,709,698	\$ 2,006,617	\$ 475,759	\$ 543,925	\$ 279,160	\$ 322,664	\$ 2,215,592	\$ 19,275,029

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS GENERAL GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	State Accommodations Tax Program					
	Final Budget A			Actual	I	/ariance Positive Vegative)
Revenues	\$	425.000	\$	1,209,098	\$	794 009
Intergovernmental Interest	φ	425,000 -	Φ	1,209,098 351	Φ	784,098 351
Total revenues		425,000		1,209,449		784,449
Expenditures General government:						
Other		373,250		868,241		(494,991)
Total expenditures		373,250		868,241		(494,991)
Excess of revenues over expenditures		51,750		341,208		289,458
Other Financing Uses						
Transfers out		(45,000)		(84,205)		(39,205)
Total other financing uses		(45,000)		(84,205)		(39,205)
Net Change in Fund Balance		6,750		257,003		250,253
Fund Balance - beginning		30,825		30,825		
Fund Balance - ending	\$	37,575	\$	287,828	\$	250,253

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS GENERAL GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Purcha	se of I	Real Property F	Program	n
	Final Budget Actual			Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues					`	
Property taxes	\$	10,413,326	\$	9,793,100	\$	(620,226)
Intergovernmental		175,000		180,171		5,171
Charges for Services		21,400		23,124		1,724
Fines and Forfeitures		35,000		29,350		(5,650)
Interest		5,000		7,702		2,702
Miscellaneous		-		385,970		385,970
Total revenues		10,649,726		10,419,417		(230,309)
Expenditures General government: Purchased services		50,000		3,005		46,995
Debt service:						
Principal		7,196,961		7,196,961		-
Interest and fees		2,913,084		3,245,578		(332,494)
Total expenditures		10,160,045		10,445,544		(285,499)
Net Change in Fund Balance		489,681		(26,127)		(515,808)
Fund Balance - beginning		2,794,136		2,794,136		
Fund Balance - ending	\$	3,283,817	\$	2,768,009	\$	(515,808)

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS GENERAL GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Local Accommodations Tax Program					
	Final Budget	Variance Positive (Negative)				
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$ 650,000	\$ 1,762,046	\$ 1,112,046			
Fines and forfeitures	-	1,597	1,597			
Interest	-	13,420	13,420			
Miscellaneous	-	9,504	9,504			
Total revenues	650,000	1,786,567	1,136,567			
Expenditures						
General government:	50 770	00.400	00.570			
Personnel	58,772	36,199	22,573			
Purchased services	2,500	4,434	(1,934)			
Supplies	1,650	798	852			
Capital	300,000	65,518	234,482			
Other	1,553,768	705,033	848,735			
Total expenditures	1,916,690	811,982	1,104,708			
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,266,690)	974,585	2,241,275			
Fund Balance - beginning	3,829,954	3,829,954				
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 2,563,264	\$ 4,804,539	\$ 2,241,275			

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS GENERAL GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Loca	ogram	
	Final Budget	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues			
Licenses and permits	\$ 950,000	\$ 1,917,406	\$ 967,406
Interest	2,000	7,165	5,165
Total revenues	952,000	1,924,571	972,571
Expenditures			
General government: Personnel	50 770	20.405	00 577
Personnel Purchased services	58,772 24,050	36,195 17,500	22,577 6,550
Supplies	24,050	1,322	1,128
Other	1,050	1,682	(632)
Total expenditures	86,322	56,699	29,623
Excess of revenues over expenditures	865,678	1,867,872	1,002,194
Other Financing Uses			
Transfers out	(1,214,722)	(1,214,722)	-
Total other financing uses	(1,214,722)	(1,214,722)	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(349,044)	653,150	1,002,194
Fund Balance - beginning	2,208,088	2,208,088	
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 1,859,044	\$ 2,861,238	\$ 1,002,194

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS GENERAL GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Local Hospitality Tax Program					
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
Revenues		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •			
Licenses and permits	\$ 1,150,000	\$ 2,530,541	\$ 1,380,541			
Fines and Forfeitures	-	32,543	32,543			
		7,051	7,051			
Total revenues	1,150,000	2,570,135	1,420,135			
Expenditures						
General government:						
Personnel	63,272	36,197	(27,075)			
Purchased services	111,150	17,441	(93,709)			
Supplies	3,890	2,270	(1,620)			
Capital	989,766	67,151	(922,615)			
Other	758,985	575,754	(183,231)			
Total expenditures	1,927,063	698,813	(1,228,250)			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(777,063)	1,871,322	2,648,385			
Other Financing Uses						
Transfers out	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	-			
Total other financing uses	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)				
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,277,063)	371,322	2,648,385			
Fund Balance - beginning	2,338,376	2,338,376	2,648,385			
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 61,313	\$ 2,709,698	\$ 5,296,770			

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS GENERAL GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Treasurer Execution Fees					
	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						
Charges for services		\$00,000 \$	658,222	\$	(641,778)	
Interest		45,000	7,088		(37,912)	
Miscellaneous		10,000	10,830		830	
Total revenues	1,3	355,000	676,140		(678,860)	
Expenditures						
General government:						
Personnel	8	85,929	785,530		100,399	
Purchased services	3	869,061	306,553		62,508	
Supplies		87,860	45,268		42,592	
Capital		27,695	15,570		12,125	
Other		57,996	56,578		1,418	
Total expenditures	1,4	28,541	1,209,499		219,042	
Net Change in Fund Balance	((73,541)	(533,359)		(459,818)	
Fund Balance - beginning	2,5	539,976	2,539,976			
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 2,4	66,435 \$	2,006,617	\$	(459,818)	

		Clerk of Court Incentives								
	Final Budget		Actual		ariance ositive egative)					
Revenues										
Intergovernmental	\$ 50,000	\$	67,415	\$	17,415					
Interest	500		1,298		798					
Total revenues	50,500		68,713		18,213					
Expenditures										
General government:										
Purchased services	13,300		309		12,991					
Supplies	17,500		5,556		11,944					
Total expenditures			5,865		24,935					
Net Change in Fund Balance	19,700		62,848		43,148					
Fund Balance - beginning	412,911	<u> </u>	412,911		-					
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 432,611	\$	475,759	\$	43,148					

	Clerk of Court Unit Cost								
	 Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)					
Revenues		•		•	~~ ~~~				
Intergovernmental	\$ 250,000	\$	312,736	\$	62,736				
Interest	 -		1,095		1,095				
Total revenues	 250,000		313,831		63,831				
Expenditures General government:									
Personnel	216,403		94,557		121,846				
Other	25,000		7,875		17,125				
Total expenditures	241,403		102,432		138,971				
Net Change in Fund Balance	8,597		211,399		202,802				
Fund Balance - beginning	 332,526		332,526		-				
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 341,123	\$	543,925	\$	202,802				

		Employer Group Benefit Trust								
	Final Budget				Variance Positive (Negative)					
Revenues										
Interest	\$	-	\$ 500	\$	500					
Miscellaneous		-	240,471		240,471					
Total revenues		-	240,971		240,971					
Expenditures										
General government:										
Other		-	273,620		(273,620)					
Total expenditures		-	273,620		(273,620)					
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	(32,649)		(32,649)					
Fund Balance - beginning	311,	,809	311,809							
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 311,	,809	\$ 279,160	\$	(32,649)					

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS GENERAL GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Public Defender Trus	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	1,100,000	1,079,931	(20,069)
Interest	-	1,889	1,889
Miscellaneous	783,489	552,077	(231,412)
Total revenues	1,883,489	1,633,897	(249,592)
Expenditures			
General government:			
Personnel	2,994,120	2,816,610	177,510
Purchased services	284,500	201,708	82,792
Supplies	33,500	35,128	(1,628)
Capital	150,000	46,050	103,950
Other	69,500	45,264	24,236
Total expenditures	3,531,620	3,144,760	386,860
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(1,648,131)	(1,510,863)	137,268
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers in	1,648,131	1,648,131	-
Total other financing sources	1,648,131	1,648,131	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	137,268	137,268
Fund Balance - beginning	185,396	185,396	
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 185,396	\$ 322,664	\$ 137,268

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	Reforestation Trust								
	inal udget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)					
Revenues									
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 6,300	\$	441,964	\$	435,664				
Interest	-		6,082		6,082				
Total revenues	 6,300		448,046		441,746				
Expenditures General government:									
Purchased services	-		32,345		(32,345)				
Capital	-		16,987		(16,987)				
Total expenditures	 -		49,332		(49,332)				
Net Change in Fund Balance	6,300		398,714		392,414				
Fund Balance - beginning	 1,816,878		1,816,878		-				
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 1,823,178	\$	2,215,592	\$	392,414				

			Total	
	Final Budget	: <u> </u>	Actual	Variance Positive Negative)
Revenues				<i>/</i>
Property taxes	\$ 10,413		9,793,100	\$ (620,226)
Licenses and permits	2,100	,	4,447,947	2,347,947
Intergovernmental	2,650	,	4,611,397	1,961,397
Charges for services	1,321	,	681,346	(640,054)
Fines and forfeitures		,300	505,454	464,154
Interest		2,500	53,641	1,141
Miscellaneous Total revenues	17,372	8,489	1,198,852 21,291,737	 405,363 3,919,722
		.,010	21,201,707	 0,010,722
Expenditures General government:				
Personnel	4,277	7 269	3,805,288	471,980
Purchased services	,	,200 1,561	583,295	271,266
Supplies		6,850 6,850	90,342	56,508
Capital	1,467	,	211.276	1,256,185
Other	2,839	,	2,534,047	305,502
Debt service:	2,000	,010	2,001,011	000,002
Principal	7,196	6,961	7,196,961	-
Interest and fees	2,913	8,084	3,245,578	(332,494)
Total expenditures	19,695	5,734	17,666,787	 2,028,947
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,323	8,719)	3,624,950	5,948,669
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	1,648	3,131	1,648,131	-
Transfers out	(2,759	,722)	(2,798,927)	(39,205)
Total other financing uses, net	(1,111	,591)	(1,150,796)	(39,205)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,435	5,310)	2,474,154	5,909,464
Fund Balance - beginning	16,800),875	16,800,875	 -
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 13,365	5,565 \$	19,275,029	\$ 5,909,464

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS PUBLIC SAFETY PROGRAMS JUNE 30, 2021

	E-911 elephone Program	A	Victims ssistance Program	eriff's Office scial Projects	heriff HHI ervice Fee	 Public Safety Grants	 Total
ASSETS							
Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables, net Due from other governments	\$ 4,088,383 57,033 710,248	\$	503,092 12,737 -	\$ 2,091,418 98,362 1,535	\$ 439,345 - -	\$ 377,789 9,396 78,740	\$ 7,500,027 177,528 790,523
Total assets	\$ 4,855,664	\$	515,829	\$ 2,191,315	\$ 439,345	\$ 465,925	\$ 8,468,078
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to others	\$ 113,535 20,144 -	\$	1,601 210,819 -	\$ 424,798 46,447 -	\$ 1,536 45,986 -	\$ 26,879 - 39,276	\$ 568,349 323,396 39,276
Total liabilities	\$ 133,679	\$	212,420	\$ 471,245	\$ 47,522	\$ 66,155	\$ 931,021
FUND BALANCE Restricted Total fund balance	 4,721,985 4,721,985		303,409 303,409	 1,720,070 1,720,070	 391,823 391,823	 399,770 399,770	 7,537,057
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 4,855,664	\$	515,829	\$ 2,191,315	\$ 439,345	\$ 465,925	\$ 8,468,078

	E-911 Telephone Program	Victims Assistance Program	Sheriff's Office Special Projects	Sheriff HHI Service Fee	Public Safety Grants	Total
Revenues	•		• • • • • • •		•	
Licenses and permits	\$-	\$-	\$ 40,250	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,250
Intergovernmental Charges for services	980,029 495,467	-	73,199 178,146	- 4,645,768	277,810	1,331,038 5,319,381
Fines and forfeitures	495,407	- 91.745	274,001	4,040,700	-	365,746
	-	- , -		4 503	-	,
Interest	11,360	576	2,551	1,597	1,393	17,477
Miscellaneous		-	649,990	-	122,178	772,168
Total revenues	1,486,856	92,321	1,218,137	4,647,365	401,381	7,846,060
Expenditures Public safety:						
Personnel	383,821	151,664	950,569	3,970,219	-	5,456,273
Purchased services	230	-	34,558	97,670	29,297	161,755
Supplies	19,404	1,693	162,853	180,092	200,153	564,195
Utilities	-	-	-	7,561	-	7,561
Capital	-	-	109,854	-	203,664	313,518
Other	1,462,269	-	125,573	-	123,206	1,711,048
Total expenditures	1,865,724	153,357	1,383,407	4,255,542	556,320	8,214,350
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(378,868)	(61,036)	(165,270)	391,823	(154,939)	(368,290)
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers in	-	10,000	162,613	-	-	172,613
Total other financing sources	-	10,000	162,613	-	-	172,613
Net Change in Fund Balance	(378,868)	(51,036)	(2,657)	391,823	(154,939)	(195,677)
Fund Balance - beginning	5,100,853	354,445	1,722,727		554,709	7,732,734
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 4,721,985	\$ 303,409	\$ 1,720,070	\$ 391,823	\$ 399,770	\$ 7,537,057

		E-911 Telephone Program							
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)						
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$ 725,000		\$ 255,029						
Charges for services	1,200,000	,	(704,533)						
Interest	10,000	11,360	1,360						
Total revenues	1,935,000	1,486,856	(448,144)						
Expenditures									
Public safety:									
Personnel	469,980	383,821	86,159						
Purchased services	25,000	230	24,770						
Supplies	83,000	19,404	63,596						
Capital	132,558	-	132,558						
Other	1,177,150	1,462,269	(285,119)						
Total expenditures	1,887,688	1,865,724	21,964						
Net Change in Fund Balance	47,312	(378,868)	(426,180)						
Fund Balance - beginning	5,100,853	5,100,853							
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 5,148,165	\$ 4,721,985	\$ (426,180)						

	Vic	Victims Assistance Program						
	Final Budget							
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$ 63,542	\$-	\$ (63,542)					
Fines and forfeitures	142,000	91,745	(50,255)					
Interest	2,000	576	(1,424)					
Total revenues	207,542	92,321	(115,221)					
Expenditures								
Public safety:								
Personnel	214,913	151,664	63,249					
Supplies		1,693	(1,693)					
Total expenditures	214,913	153,357	61,556					
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(7,371)	(61,036)	(53,665)					
Other Financing Sources								
Transfers in	31,573	10,000	(21,573)					
Total other financing sources	31,573	10,000	(21,573)					
Net Change in Fund Balance	24,202	(51,036)	(75,238)					
Fund Balance - beginning	354,445	354,445	-					
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 378,647	\$ 303,409	\$ (75,238)					
I and Balance onding	÷ 576,047	φ 000, 4 00	Ψ (10,200)					

		ojects					
		Final Budget Actual			Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues							
Licenses and permits	\$	30,000	\$	40,250	\$	10,250	
Intergovernmental		20,000		73,199		53,199	
Charges for services		-		178,146		178,146	
Fines and Forfeitures		-		274,001		274,001	
Interest		500		2,551		2,051	
Miscellaneous		485,000		649,990		164,990	
Total revenues		535,500		1,218,137		682,637	
Expenditures							
Public safety:							
Personnel		586,002		950,569		(364,567)	
Purchased services		11,200		34,558		(23,358)	
Supplies		21,300		162,853		(141,553)	
Capital		-		109,854		(109,854)	
Other		50,500		125,573		(75,073)	
Total expenditures		669,002		1,383,407		(714,405)	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(133,502)		(165,270)		(31,768)	
Other Financing Sources							
Transfers in		155,691		162,613		6,922	
Total other financing sources		155,691		162,613		6,922	
Net Change in Fund Balance		22,189		(2,657)		(24,846)	
Fund Balance - beginning		1,722,727		1,722,727		-	
Fund Balance - ending	\$	1,744,916	\$	1,720,070	\$	(24,846)	

		Sheri	ff HH	I Service Fee I	Sheriff HHI Service Fee Fund							
	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Positive Actual (Negative)							
Revenues												
Charges for Services	\$	-	\$	4,645,768	\$	4,645,768						
Interest		-		1,597		1,597						
Total revenues		-		4,647,365		4,647,365						
Expenditures												
Public safety												
Personnel		-		3,970,219		(3,970,219)						
Purchased services		-		97,670		(97,670)						
Supplies		-		180,092		(180,092)						
Utilities		-		7,561		(7,561)						
Total expenditures		-		4,255,542		(4,255,542)						
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		391,823		391,823						
Fund Balance - beginning		-				_						
Fund Balance - ending	\$ -		\$	391,823	\$	391,823						

	Public Safety Grants						
	Final Budget Actual			Variance Positive (Negative)			
Revenues	•	~~ ~~~	•		•	0.17 0.10	
Intergovernmental	\$	60,000	\$	277,810	\$	217,810	
Interest		500		1,393		893	
Miscellaneous		120,000		122,178		2,178	
Total revenues		180,500		401,381		220,881	
Expenditures Public safety							
Purchased services		15,000		29,297		(14,297)	
Supplies		-		200,153		(200,153)	
Capital		-		203,664		(203,664)	
Other		145,000		123,206		21,794	
Total expenditures		160,000		556,320		(396,320)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		20,500		(154,939)		(175,439)	
Fund Balance - beginning		554,709		554,709		-	
Fund Balance - ending	\$	575,209	\$	399,770	\$	(175,439)	

		Total				
		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
Revenues	A 00.000	* 40.050	¢ 40.050			
Licenses and permits	\$ 30,000	+ - ,	\$ 10,250			
Intergovernmental Charges for services	868,542 1,200,000))	462,496 4,119,381			
Fines and forfeitures	142,000	, ,	223,746			
Interest	142,000	,	4,477			
Miscellaneous	605,000	,	167,168			
Total revenues	2,858,542		4,987,518			
Expenditures						
Public safety:			(4, 405, 050)			
Personnel	1,270,895	<i>, ,</i>	(4,185,378)			
Purchased services	51,200	,	(110,555)			
Supplies Utilities	104,300		(459,895)			
Capital	- 132,558	7,561 313,518	(7,561) (180,960)			
Other	1,372,650		(338,398)			
Total expenditures	2,931,603		(5,282,747)			
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(73,061) (368,290)	(295,229)			
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers in	187,264	172,613	(14,651)			
Total other financing sources	187,264		(14,651)			
			(11,001)			
Net Change in Fund Balance	114,203	(195,677)	(309,880)			
Fund Balance - beginning	7,732,734	7,732,734				
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 7,846,937	\$ 7,537,057	\$ (309,880)			

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS PUBLIC WORKS PROGRAMS JUNE 30, 2021

	R	Solid Vaste & ecycling Grants		ounty Road nprovement Program	_	arton's Run reement		Road Impact Fees	Bo	el Webb at Ramp bair Fees		Total
ASSETS Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	383,773	\$	10.712.098	\$	38,061	\$	26,181,960	\$	3,762	\$	37,319,654
cash and investments	φ	505,775	φ	10,712,090	φ	30,001	φ	20,101,900	φ	3,702	φ	57,519,054
Receivables, net		50		50,000		-		419,274		-		469,324
Due from other governments		45,179		207,162		-		-		-		252,341
Total assets	\$	429,002	\$	10,969,260	\$	38,061	\$	26,601,234	\$	3,762	\$	38,041,319
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable Accrued payroll	\$	8,992 -	\$	1,261,166 3,078	\$	-	\$	9,189 -	\$		\$	1,279,347 3,078
Total liabilities	\$	8,992	\$	1,264,244	\$	-	\$	9,189	\$	-	\$	1,282,425
FUND BALANCE												
Restricted		420,010		9,705,016		38,061		26,592,045		3,762		36,758,894
Total fund balance		420,010		9,705,016		38,061		26,592,045		3,762		36,758,894
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	429,002	\$	10,969,260	\$	38,061	\$	26,601,234	\$	3,762	\$	38,041,319

	Solid Waste & Recycling Grants	County Road Improvement Program	Barton's Run Agreement	Road Impact Fees	Del Webb Boat Ramp Repair Fees	Total
Revenues	•	^	•	• • • • • • • • • •	•	* = 074,000
Licenses and permits	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,374,392	\$-	\$ 5,374,392
Intergovernmental	57,770	2,549,706	-	-	-	2,607,476
Charges for services	-	2,922,150	1,800	-	-	2,923,950
Interest	1,136	35,410	103	71,177	-	107,826
Miscellaneous	108,744	66,132		-	138	175,014
Total revenues	167,650	5,573,398	1,903	5,445,569	138	11,188,658
Expenditures Public works:						
Personnel	-	90,178	-	-	-	90,178
Purchased services	104,717	126,714	-	93,035	-	324,466
Supplies	34,447	121	-		-	34,568
Capital Debt service:	-	4,356,012	-	-	-	4,356,012
Principal	-	325,526	-	-	-	325,526
Interest and fees	-	40,397	-	-	-	40,397
Total expenditures	139,164	4,938,948	-	93,035		5,171,147
Excess of revenues over expenditures	28,486	624 450	1.903	5,352,534	138	6,017,511
	20,400	634,450	1,903	5,352,534	130	0,017,511
Other Financing Sources Uses Transfers out				(1,917,983)	-	(1,917,983)
Total other financing uses	-	-	-	(1,917,983)	-	(1,917,983)
Net Change in Fund Balance	28,486	634,450	1,903	3,434,551	138	4,099,528
Fund Balance - beginning	391,524	9,070,566	36,158	23,157,494	3,624	32,659,366
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 420,010	\$ 9,705,016	\$ 38,061	\$ 26,592,045	\$ 3,762	\$ 36,758,894

	Solid Waste and Recycling Grants						
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)				
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 57,770	\$ 57,770				
Interest	-	1,136	1,136				
Miscellaneous	-	108,744	108,744				
Total revenues	-	167,650	167,650				
Expenditures							
Public works							
Purchased services	-	104,717	(104,717)				
Supplies	-	34,447	(34,447)				
Total expenditures		139,164	(139,164)				
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	28,486	28,486				
Fund Balance - beginning	391,524	391,524					
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 391,524	\$ 420,010	\$ 28,486				

	County Road Improvement Program						
	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,549,706	\$	549,706	
Charges for services		2,240,000		2,922,150		682,150	
Interest		-		35,410		35,410	
Miscellaneous		-		66,132		66,132	
Total revenues		4,240,000		5,573,398		1,333,398	
Expenditures							
Public works:							
Personnel		119,966		90,178		29,788	
Purchased services		225,000		126,714		98,286	
Supplies		2,500		121		2,379	
Capital		1,900,000		4,356,012		(2,456,012)	
Debt service:							
Principal		325,526		325,526		-	
Interest and fees		40,397		40,397		-	
Total expenditures		2,613,389		4,938,948		(2,325,559)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,626,611		634,450		(992,161)	
Fund Balance - beginning		9,070,566		9,070,566			
Fund Balance - ending	<u>\$</u> 1	0,697,177	\$	9,705,016	\$	(992,161)	

	Barton's Run Agreement						
	inal dget	A	Actual	Po	riance ositive gative)		
Revenues							
Charges for services	\$ -	\$	1,800	\$	1,800		
Interest	-		103		103		
Total revenues	 -		1,903		1,903		
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		1,903		1,903		
Fund Balance - beginning	 36,158		36,158		-		
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 36,158	\$	38,061	\$	1,903		

	Road Impact Fees					
	Final Budget Actual					
Revenues			(Negative)			
Licenses and permits	\$ 3,200,000	\$ 5,374,392	\$ 2,174,392			
Interest		71,177	71,177			
Total revenues	3,200,000	5,445,569	2,245,569			
Expenditures						
Purchased services	-	93,035	93,035			
Total expenditures	-	93,035	93,035			
Net Change in Fund Balance	3,200,000	5,352,534	2,152,534			
Other Financing Uses						
Transfers Out	(1,917,983)	(1,917,983)				
Total Other Financing Uses	(1,917,983)	(1,917,983)	-			
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,282,017	3,434,551	2,152,534			
Fund Balance - beginning	23,157,494	23,157,494				
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 24,439,511	\$ 26,592,045	\$ 2,152,534			

	(Del Webb Boat Ramp Repair Fees								
			Actual	Po	riance sitive gative)					
Revenues Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$	- \$	138 138	\$	138 138					
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	138		138					
Fund Balance - beginning	3	,624	3,624		-					
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 3	,624 \$	3,762	\$	138					

		Total				
		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
Revenues						
Licenses and permits	\$ 3,200,000	\$ 5,374,392	\$ 2,174,392			
Intergovernmental	2,000,000	2,607,476	607,476			
Charges for services	2,240,000	2,923,950	683,950			
Interest	-	107,826	107,826			
Miscellaneous		175,014	175,014			
Total revenues	7,440,000	11,188,658	3,748,658			
Expenditures						
Public works:						
Personnel	119,966	90,178	29,788			
Purchased services	225,000	324,466	(99,466)			
Supplies	2,500	34,568	(32,068)			
Capital	1,900,000	4,356,012	(2,456,012)			
Debt service:						
Principal	325,526	325,526	-			
Interest and fees	40,397	40,397	-			
Total expenditures	2,613,389	5,171,147	(2,557,758)			
Excess of revenues over expenditures	4,826,611	6,017,511	1,190,900			
Other Financing Sources Uses						
Transfers out	(1,917,983)	(1,917,983)	-			
Total other financing uses	(1,917,983)	(1,917,983)	-			
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,908,628	4,099,528	1,190,900			
Fund Balance - beginning	32,659,366	32,659,366				
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 35,567,994	\$ 36,758,894	\$ 1,190,900			

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS PUBLIC HEALTH PROGRAMS JUNE 30, 2021

	Alcohol and Drug Abuse Department		Sp	abilities and ecial Needs epartment	 Total
ASSETS					
Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	1,124,363	\$	4,333,769	\$ 5,458,132
Receivables, net		4,123		3,280	7,403
Due from other governments		249,246		209,899	459,145
Total assets	\$	1,377,732	\$	4,546,948	\$ 5,924,680
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	27,559	\$	189,705	\$ 217,264
Accrued payroll		57,888		303,239	361,127
Due to others		-		50,505	50,505
Total liabilities	\$	85,447	\$	543,449	\$ 628,896
FUND BALANCE					
Restricted	\$	1,292,285	\$	4,003,499	\$ 5,295,784
Total fund balance		1,292,285		4,003,499	 5,295,784
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	1,377,732	\$	4,546,948	\$ 5,924,680

	Alcohol and Drug Abuse Department	Disabilities and Special Needs Department	Total	
Revenues Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 999,376 237,851 4,375 200 1,241,802	\$ 126,455 6,551,051 53,577 2,502 6,733,585	\$ 1,125,831 6,788,902 57,952 2,702 7,975,387	
Expenditures Public health: Personnel Insurance Utilities Other Purchased services Supplies Capital Total expenditures	1,299,489 - 45,698 42,779 21,909 - 1,409,875	6,054,320 58,814 135,465 7,869 1,154,716 272,410 271,385 7,954,979	7,353,809 58,814 135,465 53,567 1,197,495 294,319 <u>271,385</u> 9,364,854	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(168,073)	(1,221,394)	(1,389,467)	
Fund Balance - beginning	1,460,358	5,224,893	6,685,251	
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 1,292,285	\$ 4,003,499	\$ 5,295,784	

		rug Abuse Dep	Department			
	Final Budget			Actual	F	/ariance Positive legative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	814,700	\$	999,376	\$	184,676
Charges for services		446,771		237,851		(208,920)
Interest		-		4,375		4,375
Miscellaneous		1,950		200		(1,750)
Total revenues		1,263,421		1,241,802		(21,619)
Expenditures Public health:						
Personnel		1,497,983		1,299,489		198,494
Purchased services		117,524		42,779		74,745
Other		63,012		45,698		17,314
Supplies		52,694		21,909		30,785
Total expenditures		1,731,213		1,409,875		321,338
Net Change in Fund Balance		(467,792)		(168,073)		299,719
Fund Balance - beginning		1,460,358		1,460,358		
Fund Balance - ending	\$	992,566	\$	1,292,285	\$	299,719

	Disabilitie	s and Special Needs	s Department		
	Final Budget	Variance Positive (Negative)			
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 126,455	\$ 126,455		
Charges for services	7,452,484	6,551,051	(901,433)		
Interest	482,000	53,577	(428,423)		
Miscellaneous	25,409	2,502	(22,907)		
Total revenues	7,959,893	6,733,585	(1,226,308)		
Expenditures					
Public health:					
Personnel	7,895,985	6,054,320	1,841,665		
Purchased services	1,751,912	1,154,716	597,196		
Supplies	426,338	272,410	153,928		
Insurance	37,224	58,814	(21,590)		
Utilities	145,600	135,465	10,135		
Capital	395,000	271,385	123,615		
Other	13,300	7,869	5,431		
Total expenditures	10,665,359	7,954,979	2,710,380		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,705,466)	(1,221,394)	1,484,072		
Fund Balance - beginning	5,224,893	5,224,893			
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 2,519,427	\$ 4,003,499	\$ 1,484,072		

	Total									
			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)						
Revenues										
Intergovernmental	\$	814,700	\$	1,125,831	\$	311,131				
Charges for services		7,899,255		6,788,902		(1,110,353)				
Interest		482,000		57,952		(424,048)				
Miscellaneous		27,359		2,702		(24,657)				
Total revenues		9,223,314		7,975,387		(1,247,927)				
Expenditures										
Public health:										
Personnel		9,393,968		7,353,809		2,040,159				
Insurance		37,224		58,814		(21,590)				
Utilities		145,600		135,465		10,135				
Other		76,312		53,567		22,745				
Purchased services		1,869,436		1,197,495		671,941				
Supplies		479,032		294,319		184,713				
Capital		395,000		271,385		123,615				
Total expenditures		12,396,572		9,364,854		3,031,718				
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,173,258)		(1,389,467)		1,783,791				
Fund Balance - beginning		6,685,251		6,685,251						
Fund Balance - ending	\$	3,511,993	\$	5,295,784	\$	1,783,791				

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS PUBLIC WELFARE PROGRAMS JUNE 30, 2021

	aufuskie Ferry Grant	HUD Homes Program	 CDBG Water Grants	Org for	aborative anization Services Youth	 Total
<u>ASSETS</u> Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 22,570	\$ 34,975	\$ 67,547	\$	20,028	\$ 145,120
Receivables, net	28,514	-	-		-	28,514
Due from other governments	, -	113,390	5,000		-	118,390
Total assets	\$ 51,084	\$ 148,365	\$ 72,547	\$	20,028	\$ 292,024
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 19,513	\$ 148,365	-	\$	8,915	\$ 176,793
Accrued payroll	-	-	-		17,202	17,202
Total liabilities	 19,513	 148,365	 -		26,117	 193,995
FUND BALANCE						
Restricted	31,571	-	72,547		-	104,118
Unassigned	-	-	-		(6,089)	(6,089)
Total fund balance (deficit)	 31,571	 -	 72,547		(6,089)	 98,029
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 51,084	\$ 148,365	\$ 72,547	\$	20,028	\$ 292,024

	D	aufuskie Ferry Grant		HUD Homes Program		CDBG Water Grants	Org	laborative ganization · Services o Youth		Total
Revenues	¢	100.000	^	400.000	^	5 000	^	007.000	^	004.000
Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$	160,000 49,905	\$	492,068	\$	5,000	\$	207,232 56,000	\$	864,300 105,905
Interest		49,905				- 154		50,000		105,905
Miscellaneous		91,201						15,000		106,201
Total revenues		301,106		492,068		5,154		278,232		1,076,560
Expenditures										
Public welfare:										
Personnel		-		-		-		276,859		276,859
Purchased services		-		-		-		78,191		78,191
Supplies		-		-		-		2,505		2,505
Other		424,228		492,068		-		109,233		1,025,529
Total expenditures		424,228		492,068		-		466,788		1,383,084
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(123,122)		-		5,154		(188,556)		(306,524)
Other Financing Sources										
Transfers in		180,000		-		-		186,003		366,003
Total other financing sources		180,000		-		-		186,003		366,003
Net Change in Fund Balance		56,878		-		5,154		(2,553)		59,479
Fund balance (deficit) - beginning		(25,307)				67,393		(3,536)		38,550
Fund balance (deficit) - ending	\$	31,571	\$	-	\$	72,547	\$	(6,089)	\$	98,029

		Daufuskie Ferry Grant						
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)					
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$ 80,0		,	\$	80,000			
Charges for services	45,0	00	49,905		4,905			
Miscellaneous	110,8	00	91,201		(19,599)			
Total revenues	235,8	00	301,106		65,306			
Expenditures Public welfare:								
Other	481,2	00	424,228		56,972			
Total expenditures	481,2		424,228		56,972			
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(245,4	00)	(123,122)		122,278			
Other Financing Sources								
Transfers in	180,0	00	180,000		-			
Total other financing sources	180,0	00	180,000		-			
Net Change in Fund Balance	(65,4	00)	56,878		122,278			
Fund Balance (Deficit) - beginning	(25,3	07)	(25,307)					
Fund Balance (Deficit) - ending	\$ (90,7	07) \$	31,571	\$	122,278			

	 ŀ	IUD Ho	omes Progran		
	Final Budget				ariance ositive egative)
Revenues	 500.000	<u>^</u>	100.000	<u>^</u>	(7.000)
Intergovernmental	\$ 500,000	\$	492,068	\$	(7,932)
Total revenues	 500,000		492,068		(7,932)
Expenditures Public welfare					
Other	500,000		492,068		7,932
Total expenditures	 500,000		492,068		7,932
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		-		-
Fund Balance - beginning	 -				-
Fund Balance - ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-

	 CDBG Water Grants								
	Final Budget Actual								
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$ - \$	5,000	\$	5,000					
Interest	-	154		154					
Total revenues	-	5,154		5,154					
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	5,154		5,154					
Fund Balance - beginning	 67,393	67,393		-					
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 67,393 \$	72,547	\$	5,154					

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS PUBLIC WELFARE PROGRAMS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Collaborative Organization for Services to Youth								
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)						
Revenues Intergovernmental Charges for services Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 207,232 56,000 20,000 283,232	\$ 207,232 56,000 15,000 278,232	\$ - (5,000) (5,000)						
Expenditures Public welfare:									
Personnel	225,159	276,859	(51,700)						
Purchased services	82,000	78,191	3,809						
Supplies	6,050	2,505	3,545						
Other	128,416	109,233	19,183						
Total expenditures	441,625	466,788	(25,163)						
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(158,393)	(188,556)	(30,163)						
Other Financing Sources									
Transfers in	186,003	186,003	-						
Total other financing sources	186,003	186,003	-						
Net Change in Fund Balance	27,610	(2,553)	(30,163)						
Fund Balance (Deficit) - beginning	(3,536)	(3,536)							
Fund Balance (Deficit) - ending	\$ 24,074	\$ (6,089)	\$ (30,163)						

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		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	787,232	\$	864,300	\$	77,068
Charges for services		101,000		105,905		4,905
Interest		-		154		154
Miscellaneous		130,800		106,201		(24,599)
Total revenues		1,019,032		1,076,560		57,528
Expenditures						
Public welfare:						
Personnel		225,159		276,859		(51,700)
Purchased services		82,000		78,191		3,809
Supplies		6,050		2,505		3,545
Other		1,109,616		1,025,529		84,087
Total expenditures		1,422,825		1,383,084		39,741
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(403,793)		(306,524)		97,269
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers in		366,003		366,003		-
Total other financing sources		366,003		366,003		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(37,790)		59,479		97,269
Fund Balance - beginning		38,550		38,550		
Fund Balance - ending	\$	760	\$	98,029	\$	97,269

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS CULTURAL AND RECREATION PROGRAMS JUNE 30, 2021

	Library Grants		Library Library Impact Trusts Fees		Impact	PALS Capital Program	
ASSETS							
Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	203,146	\$ 234,029	\$	5,266,125	\$	309,594
Receivables, net		-	-		39,796		-
Due from other governments		1,447	-		-		-
Total assets		204,593	 234,029		5,305,921		309,594
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		140,837	4,608		113,004		4,112
Total liabilities		140,837	 4,608		113,004		4,112
FUND BALANCE							
Restricted		63,756	229,421		5,192,917		305,482
Total fund balance		63,756	 229,421		5,192,917		305,482
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	204,593	\$ 234,029	\$	5,305,921	\$	309,594

 PALS Impact Fees	 LS PARD Grant	Total		
\$ 8,127,024	\$ 41,357	\$	14,181,275	
73,473	-		113,269	
-	-		1,447	
8,200,497	41,357		14,295,991	
4,155	-		266,716	
4,155	-		266,716	
 8,196,342	 41,357		14,029,275	
 8,196,342	 41,357		14,029,275	
\$ 8,200,497	\$ 41,357	\$	14,295,991	

	Library Grants	Library Trusts	Library Impact Fees	PALS Capital Program	PALS Impact Fees	PALS PARD Grant	Total
Revenues Licenses and permits	\$-	\$-	\$ 981,408	\$-	\$ 1,548,429	\$-	\$ 2,529,837
Intergovernmental	- ع 326,852	φ - -	φ 301,400 -	φ -	φ 1,040,429 -	φ -	φ 2,329,037 326,852
Charges for services	-	-	-	36,625	-	-	36,625
Interest	413	626	14,777	1,136	22,798	-	39,750
Total revenues	327,265	626	996,185	37,761	1,571,227	-	2,933,064
Expenditures Cultural and recreation:							
Purchased services	798	-	44,567	-	-	-	45,365
Supplies	326,497	5,937	230,060	49,506	-	-	612,000
Capital Debt service:	-	-	365,425	39,802	-	-	405,227
Principal	-	-	-	-	213,393	-	213,393
Interest and fees	-	-	-	-	131,775	-	131,775
Total expenditures	327,295	5,937	640,052	89,308	345,168	-	1,407,760
Net Change in Fund Balance	(30)	(5,311)	356,133	(51,547)	1,226,059	-	1,525,304
Fund Balance - beginning	63,786	234,732	4,836,784	357,029	6,970,283	41,357	12,503,971
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 63,756	\$ 229,421	\$ 5,192,917	\$ 305,482	\$ 8,196,342	\$ 41,357	\$ 14,029,275

	Library Grants								
	Final Budget Actual			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)				
Revenues									
Intergovernmental Interest	\$	233,750 -	\$	326,852 413	\$	93,102 413			
Total revenues		233,750		327,265		93,515			
Expenditures Cultural and recreation:									
Purchased services		-		798		(798)			
Supplies		233,750		326,497		(92,747)			
Total expenditures		233,750		327,295		(93,545)			
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures		-		(30)		(30)			
Fund Balance - beginning		63,786		63,786		-			
Fund Balance - ending	\$	63,786	\$	63,756	\$	(30)			

		Library Trusts								
	Final Budget				ariance ositive egative)					
Revenues				<u>^</u>						
Interest	\$	- \$	626	\$	626					
Total revenues			626		626					
Expenditures Cultural and recreation:										
Supplies		-	5,937		(5,937)					
Total expenditures			5,937		(5,937)					
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	(5,311)		(5,311)					
Fund Balance - beginning	234,7	/32	234,732		-					
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 234,7	/32 \$	229,421	\$	(5,311)					

		Library Impact Fees								
		Final Budget			F	′ariance Positive legative)				
Revenues Licenses and permits	\$	605,500	\$	981,408	\$	375,908				
Interest	Ψ	-	Ψ	14,777	Ψ	14,777				
Total revenues		605,500		996,185		390,685				
Expenditures Cultural and recreation:										
Purchased Services		90,000		44,567		45,433				
Supplies		605,500		230,060		375,440				
Capital		-		365,425		(365,425)				
Total expenditures		695,500		640,052		55,448				
Net Change in Fund Balance		(90,000)		356,133		446,133				
Fund Balance - beginning		4,836,784		4,836,784		-				
Fund Balance - ending	\$	4,746,784	\$	5,192,917	\$	446,133				

		PALS	Capital Program	n			
	Final Budget				Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues							
Charges for services Interest	\$ 68,000	\$	36,625 1,136	\$	(31,375) 1,136		
Total revenues	68,000)	37,761		(30,239)		
Expenditures Cultural and recreation:							
Supplies			49,506		49,506		
Capital	68,000)	39,802		(28,198)		
Total expenditures	68,000)	89,308		21,308		
Net Change in Fund Balance			(51,547)		(51,547)		
Fund Balance - beginning	357,029)	357,029				
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 357,029	\$	305,482	\$	(51,547)		

	PALS Impact Fees							
	Final			Actual	Variance Positive			
Revenues			•			- 10 000		
Licenses and permits Interest	\$ 9	999,200	\$	1,548,429 22,798	\$	549,229 22,798		
Total revenues		999,200		1,571,227		572,027		
Expenditures Debt service:								
Principal	:	213,393		213,393		-		
Interest and fees		131,775		131,775		-		
Total expenditures	;	345,168		345,168		-		
Net Change in Fund Balance	6	654,032		1,226,059		572,027		
Fund Balance - beginning	6,9	970,283		6,970,283		-		
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 7,6	624,315	\$	8,196,342	\$	572,027		

	PARD Grant								
	Final Budget			Variance Positive (Negative)					
Revenues									
Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-				
Total revenues	 -		-		-				
Expenditures									
Cultural and recreation:									
Personnel	-		-		-				
Purchased Services	-		-		-				
Supplies	-		-		-				
Capital	-		-		-				
Total expenditures	 -		-		-				
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		-		-				
Fund Balance - beginning	 41,357		41,357		-				
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 41,357	\$	41,357	\$					

	Total									
	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)					
Revenues										
Licenses and permits	\$	1,604,700	\$	2,529,837	\$	925,137				
Intergovernmental		233,750		326,852		93,102				
Charges for services		68,000		36,625		(31,375)				
Interest		-		39,750		39,750				
Total revenues		1,906,450		2,933,064		1,026,614				
Expenditures										
Cultural and recreation:										
Purchased services		90,000		45,365		44,635				
Supplies		839,250		612,000		227,250				
Capital		68,000		405,227		(337,227)				
Debt service:						. ,				
Principal		213,393		213,393		-				
Interest and fees		131,775		131,775		-				
Total expenditures		1,342,418		1,407,760		(65,342)				
Net Change in Fund Balance		564,032		1,525,304		961,272				
Fund Balance - beginning		12,503,971		12,503,971						
Fund Balance - ending	\$	13,068,003	\$	14,029,275	\$	961,272				

BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND JUNE 30, 2021

	 Bluffton Parkway Bonds	 Total
ASSETS		
Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 4,467,611	\$ 4,467,611
Total assets	\$ 4,467,611	\$ 4,467,611
FUND BALANCE		
Restricted	\$ 4,467,611	\$ 4,467,611
Total fund balance	\$ 4,467,611	\$ 4,467,611

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Total	
Revenues Interest	¢	10 701	¢	10 701
	\$	12,791	\$	12,791
Total revenues		12,791		12,791
Expenditures				
Debt service - principal		2,130,435		2,130,435
Debt service - interest and fees		561,196		561,196
Total debt service expenditures		2,691,631		2,691,631
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(2,678,840)		(2,678,840)
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers in		3,132,705		3,132,705
Total other financing sources		3,132,705		3,132,705
Net Change in Fund Balance		453,865		453,865
Fund Balance - beginning		4,013,746		4,013,746
Fund Balance - ending	\$	4,467,611	\$	4,467,611

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Bluffton Parkway Bonds								
	Final Budget		Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)				
Revenues	Ē			<u> </u>					
Interest	\$ -	\$	12,791	\$	12,791				
Total revenues	-		12,791		12,791				
Expenditures									
Debt service - principal	2,130,435		2,130,435		-				
Debt service - interest and fees	561,196		561,196		-				
Total debt service expenditures	2,691,631		2,691,631		-				
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(2,691,631)	<u> </u>	(2,678,840)		12,791				
Other Financing Sources									
Transfers in	3,132,705		3,132,705		-				
Total other financing sources	3,132,705		3,132,705		-				
Net Change in Fund Balance	441,074		453,865		12,791				
Fund Balance - beginning	4,013,746		4,013,746						
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 4,454,820	\$	4,467,611	\$	12,791				

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	2013 SO Bond Projects	-	2014 O Bond Projects	 2017 GO Bond Projects		2019 GO Bond Projects
ASSETS						
Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables, net	\$ 176,322 -	\$	79,852 -	\$ 9,853,983 185,197	\$	7,397,195
Total assets	\$ 176,322	\$	79,852	\$ 10,039,180	\$	7,397,195
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 551,146	\$	47,874
Total liabilities	 -		-	 551,146		47,874
FUND BALANCE						
Restricted for capital projects	176,322		79,852	9,488,034		7,349,321
Total fund balance	 176,322		79,852	 9,488,034	. <u> </u>	7,349,321
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 176,322	\$	79,852	\$ 10,039,180	\$	7,397,195

 2020 GO Bond Projects	Rural and itical Lands Program	ilti-county ndustrial Park	Spanish oss Rail Trail	 Myrtle Park Phase II	 Totals
\$ 8,587,953 -	\$ 25,981,392 48,900	\$ 191,518 -	\$ 142,354 -	\$ 727,649	\$ 53,138,218 234,097
\$ 8,587,953	\$ 26,030,292	\$ 191,518	\$ 142,354	\$ 727,649	\$ 53,372,315
\$ 436,534	\$ 221,729	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,257,283
 436,534	 221,729	 -	 -	 -	 1,257,283
 8,151,419	 25,808,563	 191,518	 142,354	 727,649	 52,115,032
 8,151,419	 25,808,563	 191,518	 142,354	 727,649	 52,115,032
\$ 8,587,953	\$ 26,030,292	\$ 191,518	\$ 142,354	\$ 727,649	\$ 53,372,315

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2013 GO Bond Projects	 2014 GO Bond Projects	 2017 GO Bond Projects	 2019 GO Bond Projects
Project Authorization	\$ 7,738,712	\$ 17,295,405	\$ 28,887,515	\$ 11,444,507
Prior year's revenues	7,738,712	17,295,405	28,887,515	11,444,507
Prior year's expenditures	7,493,549	17,196,105	15,295,977	1,344,466
Fund Balances - beginning of year	245,163	 99,300	 13,591,538	 10,100,041
Revenues				
Property taxes	-	-	-	-
Interest	617	552	34,485	25,130
Miscellaneous	-	 -	1,376,101	 -
Total revenues	617	 552	 1,410,586	 25,130
Expenditures				
Capital projects	69,458	20,000	5,354,090	2,775,850
Bond issuance costs	-	 -	 -	 -
Total expenditures	69,458	 20,000	 5,354,090	 2,775,850
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(68,841	(19,448)	(3,943,504)	(2,750,720)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Issuance of bonds	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	 -	 (160,000)	 -
Total other financing sources (uses)		 -	 (160,000)	 -
Net Change in Fund Balance	(68,841	 (19,448)	 (4,103,504)	 (2,750,720)
Fund Balances - end of year	\$ 176,322	\$ 79,852	\$ 9,488,034	\$ 7,349,321

2020 GO Bond Projects	Rural and Critical Lands Program	ulti-county ndustrial Park	Spanish Moss Rail Trail	Myrtle Park Phase II		 Totals	
\$ 11,804,832	\$ 148,350,798	\$ 1,016,083	\$ 2,273,751	\$	5,930,492	\$ 234,742,095	
-	148,350,798	1,016,083	2,273,751		5,930,492	222,937,263	
-	144,738,035	898,118	2,131,703		5,202,563	194,300,516	
-	3,612,763	 117,965	 142,048	. <u> </u>	727,929	 28,636,747	
-	-	622,963	-		-	622,963	
29,832	74,535	590	306		1,433	167,480	
-	75,301	-	-		-	1,451,402	
29,832	149,836	 623,553	 306		1,433	 2,241,845	
3,603,783	2,848,665	550,000	-		1,713	15,223,559	
49,630	105,371	-	-		-	155,001	
3,653,413	2,954,036	 550,000	 -		1,713	 15,378,560	
(3,623,581)	(2,804,200)	73,553	306		(280)	(13,136,715)	
11,775,000	25,000,000	-	-		-	36,775,000	
-	-	 -	 -		-	 (160,000)	
11,775,000	25,000,000	 -	 -		-	 36,615,000	
8,151,419	22,195,800	 73,553	 306		(280)	 23,478,285	
\$ 8,151,419	\$ 25,808,563	\$ 191,518	\$ 142,354	\$	727,649	\$ 52,115,032	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS - PUBLIC SERVICE DISTRICTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS	Broad Creek Public Service District		Fripp Island Public Service District		Forest Beach Public Service District		Hilton Head Island #1 Public Service District	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	27,548	\$	2,058,703	\$	1,686	\$	182,904
Taxes receivable Total Assets		<u>215</u> 27,763		<u>189</u> 2,058,892		- 1,686		<u>341</u> 183,245
LIABILITIES								
Due to others		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		-		-		-		-
NET POSITION								
Restricted:								
Individuals, organizations and								
other governments		27,763		2,058,892		1,686		183,245
Total net position	\$	27,763	\$	2,058,892	\$	1,686	\$	183,245

Item 9.

Publ	ith Beach ic Service District	Total				
\$	42,294 -	\$	2,313,135 745			
	42,294		2,313,880			
	-		-			
	-		-			

 42,294	 2,313,880
\$ 42,294	\$ 2,313,880

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS - FIRE DISTRICTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

<u>ASSETS</u>	Bluffton Fire District		Burton Fire District		Daufuskie Island Fire District		Lady's Island/ St. Helena Fire District	
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable	\$	5,819,699 27,401	\$	947,923 694	\$	94,621 156	\$	1,516,513 813
Total Assets LIABILITIES		5,847,100		948,617		94,777		1,517,326
Due to others Total Liabilities		408,318 408,318		8,311 8,311		10,053 10,053		<u>30,988</u> <u>30,988</u>
NET POSITION Restricted:								
Individuals, organizations and other governments		5,438,782		940,306		84,724		1,486,338
Total net position	\$	5,438,782	\$	940,306	\$	84,724	\$	1,486,338

Item 9.

:	Sheldon Fire District	 Total
\$	979,196 224	\$ 9,357,952 29,288
	979,420	 9,387,240
	70	 457,740
	70	 457,740

979,350	8,929,500
\$ 979,350	\$ 8,929,500

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS - TAX DISTRICTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

<u>ASSETS</u>	City of Beaufort		Town of Port Royal		ot	Town f Bluffton	Town of Yemassee		
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable	\$	81,400 973	\$	63,628 424	\$	533,790 1,355	\$	- 6	
Total Assets		82,373		64,052		535,145		6	
LIABILITIES									
Due to others		-		-		-		15,852	
Total Liabilities		-		-		-		15,852	
NET POSITION									
Restricted:									
Individuals, organizations and other governments		82,373		64,052		535,145		(15,846)	
Total net position	\$	82,373	\$	64,052	\$	535,145	\$	(15,846)	

Town of Hilton Head Island		City of Hardeeville		Beaufort- Jasper ademy for er Excellence	 Beaufort County School District	 Total
\$ 2,971 2,971	\$	205 20 225	\$	680,668 220,690 901,358	\$ 265,702,694 13,089,215 278,791,909	\$ 267,062,385 13,315,654 280,378,039
 186,396 186,396					 251,501 251,501	 453,749 453,749
\$ (183,425)	\$	225	\$	<u>901,358</u> 901,358	\$ 278,540,408 278,540,408	\$ 279,924,290 279,924,290

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS - SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Burlington Estates		Burlington Land		King's Grant II	O'Neal Place	
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 25,233	\$	18,475	\$	21,708	\$	15,023
Total Assets	 25,233		18,475		21,708		15,023
LIABILITIES							
Due to others Total Liabilities	 -		-		<u> </u>		-
NET POSITION							
Restricted:							
Individuals, organizations and other governments	25,233		18,475		21,708		15,023
	 20,200		10,110		21,700		10,020
Total net position	\$ 25,233	\$	18,475	\$	21,708	\$	15,023

Pleasant Farm		Robin Wood		Seabrook Point		Woodland Estates		Brown's Island		otal
\$ 7	<u>\$ 20,437</u> 20,437		\$	36,858 36,858	\$	17,488 17,488	\$	<u>1</u> 1	-	5 <u>5,230</u> 55,230
-		-		5,783		-		-		5,783
_				5,783				-		5,783
7		20,437		31,075		17,488	. <u> </u>	1	14	19,447
\$ 7	\$	20,437	\$	31,075	\$	17,488	\$	1	\$ 14	19,447

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS - DEPARTMENTALLY HELD FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

<u>ASSETS</u>	Clerk of Court			Master in Equity		Register of Bluffton Deeds	Treasurer JPC Escrow		
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable	\$	2,527,319 -	\$ 1,114,797		\$	1,857,403 -	\$	425,701	
Total Assets		2,527,319		1,114,797		1,857,403		425,701	
LIABILITIES Due to others								-	
Total Liabilities								-	
Restricted: Individuals, organizations and									
other governments		2,527,319		1,114,797		1,857,403		425,701	
Total net position	\$	2,527,319	\$	1,114,797	\$	1,857,403	\$	425,701	

Ba	reasurer ankruptcy Escrow		Freasurer urplus Tax Escrow	 Total
\$	420,203	\$	9,544,558 -	\$ 15,889,981 -
	420,203	9,544,558		 15,889,981
	-		-	-

 420,203	 9,544,558	. <u></u>	15,889,981
\$ 420,203	\$ 9,544,558	\$	15,889,981

-

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS - PUBLIC SERVICE DISTRICTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Broad Creek Public Service District		ripp Island blic Service District	Publi	st Beach c Service istrict	Hilton Head Island #1 Public Service District	
Additions							
Taxes	\$	1,606,744	\$ 1,801,665	\$	6,744	\$	3,198,787
Fines and fees		3,877	4,538		-		11,182
Interest		400	5,437		-		2,869
Total additions		1,611,021	 1,811,640		6,744		3,212,838
Deductions							
Taxes and fees paid to							
other governments		1,690,000	 1,706,722		6,753		3,808,452
Total deductions		1,690,000	 1,706,722		6,753		3,808,452
Net increase (decrease)							
in fiduciary net position		(78,979)	104,918		(9)		(595,614)
Net position, beginning							
of year, as restated		106,742	 1,953,974		1,695		778,859
Net position, end of year	\$	27,763	\$ 2,058,892	\$	1,686	\$	183,245

ltem 9.

Publi	th Beach c Service istrict		Total
D	istrict	·	TOLAT
\$	24,459	\$	6,638,399
	53		19,650
	157		8,863
	24,669		6,666,912
	39,662		7,251,589
	39,662		7,251,589
	(14,993)		(584,677)
	57,287		2,898,557
\$	42,294	\$	2,313,880

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS - FIRE DISTRICTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Additions	Bluffton Fire District		Burton Fire District		 Daufuskie sland Fire District		dy's Island/ St. Helena Fire District
Taxes	\$	17,686,936	\$	5,909,299	\$ 1,175,286	\$	6,797,167
Fines and fees		35,916		24,258	10,726		22,623
Interest		16,324		623	 30		3,678
Total additions		17,739,176		5,934,180	 1,186,042		6,823,468
Deductions							
Taxes and fees paid to							
other governments		19,822,265		5,441,152	 1,095,658	_	6,899,485
Total deductions		19,822,265		5,441,152	 1,095,658		6,899,485
Net increase (decrease)							
in fiduciary net position		(2,083,089)		493,028	90,384		(76,017)
Net position, beginning							
of year, as restated		7,521,871		447,278	 (5,660)		1,562,355
Net position, end of year	\$	5,438,782	\$	940,306	\$ 84,724	\$	1,486,338

ltem 9.

Sheldon Fire	
 District	 Total
\$ 1,785,498	\$ 33,354,186
8,844	102,367
2,666	23,321
 1,797,008	33,479,874
1,895,380	35,153,940
 1,895,380	 35,153,940
 (98,372)	 (1,674,066)
 1,077,722	 10,603,566
\$ 979,350	\$ 8,929,500

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS - TAX DISTRICTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Additions	 City of Beaufort	 Town of Port Royal	 Town of Bluffton	 Town of Yemassee
Taxes	\$ 8,653,831	\$ 3,754,701	\$ 13,291,978	\$ 41,494
Fines and fees	25,345	12,777	23,414	503
Other	-	-	-	-
Interest	 1,878	 653	 3,218	 -
Total additions	 8,681,054	 3,768,131	 13,318,610	 41,997
Deductions				
Taxes and fees paid to				
other governments	8,695,709	3,733,285	12,750,892	59,250
Other custodial disbursements	 -	 -	 -	 -
Total deductions	 8,695,709	 3,733,285	 12,750,892	 59,250
Net increase (decrease)				
in fiduciary net position	(14,655)	34,846	567,718	(17,253)
Net position, beginning				
of year, as restated	 97,028	 29,206	 (32,573)	 1,407
Net position, end of year	\$ 82,373	\$ 64,052	\$ 535,145	\$ (15,846)

Town of Hilton Head Island		ilton Head City of		Beaufort- Jasper Academy for Career Excellence			Beaufort County School District	 Total		
\$	36,933,867	\$	145,551	\$	-	\$	289,716,865	\$ 352,584,443		
	61,129		-		-		692,274	815,529		
	-		-	3,1	56,113		338,801,500	341,957,613		
	6,342		-		2,046		768,902	783,198		
	37,001,338		145,551	3,1	58,159		629,979,541	696,140,783		
	37,540,649 -		145,614	2,6	- 62,963		- 523,765,464	62,925,399 526,492,250		
	37,540,649 - 37,540,649		145,614 - 145,614		- 62,963 62,963		523,765,464 523,765,464	 		
	-		-	2,6				 526,492,250		
	37,540,649		145,614	2,6	62,963		523,765,464	 526,492,250 589,417,649		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS - SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	rlington states	Вι	Irlington Land	ing's rant II	 O'Neal Place
Additions					
Taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Fines and fees	-		-	-	-
Interest	 151		1	 1	 1
Total additions	 151		1	 1	 1
Deductions					
Other custodial disbursements	-		-	-	-
Total deductions	 -		-	-	-
Net increase (decrease)					
in fiduciary net position	151		1	1	1
Net position, beginning					
of year, as restated	 25,082		18,474	 21,707	 15,022
Net position, end of year	\$ 25,233	\$	18,475	\$ 21,708	\$ 15,023

Item 9.

Pleas Fai		Robin Wood		Seabrook Point	oodland Estates	Brown's Island	 Total
\$	-	\$ -	\$	36,050	\$ -	\$ 10,106	\$ 46,156
	-	-		32	-	55	87
	-	 1		2	 1	 1	 159
		 1		36,084	 1	 10,162	 46,402
	-	_		43,045	-	20,778	63,823
	-	-		43,045	-	20,778	63,823
	-	1		(6,961)	1	(10,616)	(17,421)
	7	 20,436		38,036	 17,487	 10,617	 166,868
\$	7	\$ 20,437	\$	31,075	\$ 17,488	\$ 1	\$ 149,447

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS - DEPARTMENTALLY HELD FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Additions		Clerk of Court		Master in Equity		Register of Bluffton Deeds	Treasurer JPC Escrow		
Other	\$	1,183,648	\$	6,413,962	\$	1,759,720	\$		
Interest	Ψ	1,103,040	Ψ	0,410,902	Ψ	1,739,720	Ψ	1,648	
Total additions		1,183,648		6,413,962		1,759,720		1,648	
Deductions									
Other custodial disbursements		118,078		5,834,480		89,073		563,314	
Total deductions		118,078		5,834,480		89,073		563,314	
Net increase (decrease)									
in fiduciary net position		1,065,570		579,482		1,670,647		(561,666)	
Net position, beginning									
of year, as restated		1,461,749		535,315		186,756		987,367	
Net position, end of year	\$	2,527,319	\$	1,114,797	\$	1,857,403	\$	425,701	

Treasurer Bankruptcy Escrow		Treasurer Surplus Tax Escrow	Total				
\$	72,223	\$ 12,477,899	\$	21,907,452			
	1,347	58,127		61,122			
	73,570	 12,536,026		21,968,574			
	153,057 153,057	13,644,009 13,644,009		20,402,011 20,402,011			
	(79,487)	(1,107,983)		1,566,563			
	499,690	 10,652,541		14,323,418			
\$	420,203	\$ 9,544,558	\$	15,889,981			

BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA UNIFORM SCHEDULE OF COURT FINES, ASSESSMENTS AND SURCHARGES (per ACT 96) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FOR THE STATE TREASURER'S OFFICE1

COUNTY / MUNICIPAL FUNDS COLLECTED BY CLERK OF COURT		<u>General</u> Sessions		<u> Aagistrate</u> <u>Court</u>	<u>Municipal</u> <u>Court</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Court Fines and Assessments:							
Court fines and assessments collected	\$	474,698	\$	1,241,549	N/A	\$	1,716,247
Court fines and assessments remitted to State Treasurer and other State Agencies	\$	324,878	\$	658,060	N/A	\$	982,938
Total Court Fines and Assessments retained		149,820	\$	583,489	N/A	\$	733,309
Surcharges and Assessments retained for victim services:							
Surcharges collected and retained	\$	27,656	\$	-	N/A	\$	27,656
Assessments retained		-		-	N/A		-
Total Surcharges and Assessments retained for victim services	\$	27,656		-	N/A	\$	27,656

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CRIME VICTIM COMPENSATION (DCVC)

VICTIM SERVICE FUNDS COLLECTED	<u>Municipal</u>	<u>County</u>		<u>Total</u>	
Carryforward from Previous Year – Beginning Balance	N/A	\$	354,445	\$	354,445
Victim Service Revenue:					
Victim Service Fines Retained by City/County Treasurer	N/A	\$	72,777	\$	72,777
Victim Service Assessments Retained by City/County Treasurer	N/A		-		
Victim Service Surcharges Retained by City/County Treasurer	N/A	\$	18,969	\$	18,969
Interest Earned	N/A	\$	576	\$	576
Grant Funds Received					
Grant from:	N/A		-		
General Funds Transferred to Victim Service Fund	N/A	\$	10,000	\$	10,000
Contribution Received from Victim Service Contracts:					
(1) Town of Hilton Head Island	N/A		_		
(2) Town of	N/A		-		
(3) City of	N/A		-		
Total Funds Allocated to Victim Service Fund + Beginning Balance (A)	N/A	\$	456,767	\$	456,767

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Item 9.

BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA UNIFORM SCHEDULE OF COURT FINES, ASSESSMENTS AND SURCHARGES (per ACT 96) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Expenditures for Victim Service Program:	<u>Municipal</u>	County	Total
Salaries and Benefits	N/A	\$ 151,662	\$ 151,662
Operating Expenditures	N/A	1,696	1,696
Victim Service Contract(s):			
(1) Entity's Name	N/A	-	-
(2) Entity's Name	N/A	-	-
Victim Service Donation(s):			
(1) Domestic Violence Shelter:	N/A	-	-
(2) Rape Crisis Center:	N/A	-	_
(3) Other local direct crime victims service agency:	N/A	-	_
Transferred to General Fund	N/A	-	-
Total Expenditures from Victim Service Fund/Program (B)	N/A	\$ 153,358	\$ 153,358
Total Victim Service Funds Retained by Municipal/County Treasurer (A-B)	N/A	\$ 303,409	\$ 303,409
Less: Prior Year Fund Deficit Repayment	N/A	-	-
Carryforward Funds – End of Year	N/A	\$ 303,409	\$ 303,409

Item 9.

Page 2 of 2

Revenues State Min Bottles S S S S 99,936 S		Ad	Central ministration	 Safety Action	School ervention	ommunity Based reatment	reventive ducation	ntensive utpatient
DADDOS Block Grant ¹								
Special Grant - - - - - - - - 21,93 Outpatient Testing - - - 21,93 Outpatient - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - </td <td>State Mini Bottles</td> <td>\$</td> <td>-</td> <td>\$ -</td> <td>\$ 99,936</td> <td>\$ 99,936</td> <td>\$ 99,936</td> <td>\$ 99,936</td>	State Mini Bottles	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 99,936	\$ 99,936	\$ 99,936	\$ 99,936
D ¹ D Uninsured Treatment - - - 21,939 Outpatient TB Testing - - 190,600 - Outpatient Uninsured Treatment - 18,837 - - Outpatient Uninsured Treatment - 1,837 - - Adolescent Intervention - 3,970 - - 18,334 - Primary Prevention - - 375 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -								
Outpatient - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			-	-	-	-	-	
Outpatient - - 190.600 - - Outpatient Uninsured Treatment - - 1.837 - - Adolsscent - - 3.970 - - - Adolescent Intervention - - 3.970 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>21,939</td></t<>			-	-	-	-	-	21,939
Outpatient Unisured Treatment - - 1,837 - - Outpatient - Adolescent - 29,621 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			-	-	-	-	-	-
Outpatient - Aclolescent - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>			-	-	-		-	-
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Adolescent Intervention - 3,970 - - - Primary Prevention - - 118,334 - Primary Prevention - - 375 - SBIRT Funds - - - - - MAT Medical Reimbursement - - - - - Per Support Specialist - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			-	20 621	-	-	-	-
Primary Prevention - - 118.334 Primary Prevention - - 375 SBIRT Funds - - - MAT Medical Reimbursement - - - Bridge Program Reimbursement - - - Per Support Specialist - - - SAPT BG Assessment ² - - 26.337 - SBG (State Block Grant) ⁴ - 10.289 4.939 11.113 10.289 4.527 STEP UP' - - 2.6.37 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			-	29,021	3 070	-	-	-
Primarý Prevention - - - 375 - SBRT Funds - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -					5,570		118 334	
SBIRT Funds - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td></th<>			_	_	_	_		_
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Peer Support Specialist - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			-	-	-	-	-	-
SAPT BG Assessment ² - - 26,337 - - SBG (State Block Grant) ⁴ - 3,154 - - - - COLA (Cost of Living Allowance) ⁵ - 10,289 4,939 11,113 10,289 4,527 STEP UP ⁷ - - 3,266 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 10,068 A - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			-	-	-	-	-	-
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$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			-	3,154	-	-	-	-
STEP UP7 - - 3,266 - - Cell Phone Reimbursement - - 5,825 - - State deb Setoff - - 19,711 - - - Charges for Services - Fees - 75,713 28,943 47,022 - 10,068 AEP Books - - - - - - - - Charges for Services - Fees - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <			-		4 939	11 113	10 289	4 527
Call Phone Reimbursement - - 5,825 - - State debt Setoff - - 19,711 - - - 10,068 AEP Books - - - 10,068 - - - - - - 10,068 AEP Books - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			_	10,200	1,000	,	10,200	1,021
State debt Setoff - - - 19,711 - - Charges for Services - Fees - 75,713 28,943 47,022 - 10,068 AEP Books - - - - - - - - - - 10,068 AEP Books - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <			-	-	-		-	_
Charges for Services - Fees - 75,713 28,943 47,022 - 10,068 AEP Books - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			-	-	-		-	_
AEP Books - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			-	75 713	28 943	- /	-	10 068
ECHO Grant - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			-	-		-	-	-
Charges for Services - Medicaid - - - 77,070 - 10,285 Interest Income 4,375 - - - 200 - Miscellaneous - - - 200 - 200 - Total Revenues 4,375 118,777 137,788 482,717 229,134 146,755 Expenditures - - - 200 - - 200 - Personnel 199,334 118,799 77,317 371,880 252,193 197,165 Purchased Services 26,243 3,212 347 14,034 1,124 1,486 Supplies 2,541 6,479 540 1,199 - 851 Capital - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 199,502 Expenditures 228,118 128,490 78,204			-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest Income 4,375 - - - - 200 - Total Revenues 4,375 118,777 137,788 482,717 229,134 146,755 Expenditures - - - 200 - - 200 - - 200 - - 200 - - 200 - - 200 - - 200 - - 200 - - 200 - - 200 - - 200 - - 200 - - 200 - - 200 - - 200 - - - 200 - - 200 146,755 200 146,755 200 146,755 200 146,755 201,161 146,755 201,11 146,755 201,11 146,755 201,11 146,755 201,11 201,11 201,11 201,	Prevention ECHO Grant		-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous - - 200 - Total Revenues 4,375 118,777 137,788 482,717 229,134 146,755 Expenditures - - - 200 - - 229,134 146,755 Expenditures - - 371,880 252,193 197,165 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Charges for Services - Medicaid		-	-	-	77,070	-	10,285
Total Revenues 4,375 118,777 137,788 482,717 229,134 146,755 Expenditures Personnel 199,334 118,799 77,317 371,880 252,193 197,165 Purchased Services 26,243 3,212 347 14,034 1,124 1,486 Supplies 2,541 6,479 540 1,199 - 851 Capital - - - - - - - Total Expenditures 228,118 128,490 78,204 387,113 253,317 199,502 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (223,743) (9,713) 59,584 95,604 (24,183) (52,747) Other Financing Sources - - - - 34,925 459,524 Net Change in Fund Balance (783,692) (9,713) 59,584 95,604 10,742 406,777 Fund Balance - beginning 1,233,969 197,775 171,208 210,501 26,252 (359,037)	Interest Income		4,375	-	-	-	-	-
Expenditures 199,334 118,799 77,317 371,880 252,193 197,165 Purchased Services 26,243 3,212 347 14,034 1,124 1,486 Supplies 2,541 6,479 540 1,199 - 851 Capital - - - - - - - Total Expenditures 228,118 128,490 78,204 387,113 253,317 199,502 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (223,743) (9,713) 59,584 95,604 (24,183) (52,747) Other Financing Sources - - - - 34,925 459,524 Net Change in Fund Balance (783,692) (9,713) 59,584 95,604 10,742 406,777 Fund Balance - beginning 1,233,969 197,775 171,208 210,501 26,252 (359,037)	Miscellaneous		-	 -	 -	 -		 -
Personnel 199,334 118,799 77,317 371,880 252,193 197,165 Purchased Services 26,243 3,212 347 14,034 1,124 1,486 Supplies 2,541 6,479 540 1,199 - 851 Capital - - - - - - - Total Expenditures 228,118 128,490 78,204 387,113 253,317 199,502 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (223,743) (9,713) 59,584 95,604 (24,183) (52,747) Other Financing Sources - - - 34,925 459,524 Net Change in Fund Balance (783,692) (9,713) 59,584 95,604 10,742 406,777 Fund Balance - beginning 1,233,969 197,775 171,208 210,501 26,252 (359,037)	Total Revenues		4,375	 118,777	 137,788	482,717	 229,134	146,755
Personnel 199,334 118,799 77,317 371,880 252,193 197,165 Purchased Services 26,243 3,212 347 14,034 1,124 1,486 Supplies 2,541 6,479 540 1,199 - 851 Capital - - - - - - - Total Expenditures 228,118 128,490 78,204 387,113 253,317 199,502 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (223,743) (9,713) 59,584 95,604 (24,183) (52,747) Other Financing Sources - - - 34,925 459,524 Net Change in Fund Balance (783,692) (9,713) 59,584 95,604 10,742 406,777 Fund Balance - beginning 1,233,969 197,775 171,208 210,501 26,252 (359,037)	Expanditures							
Purchased Services 26,243 3,212 347 14,034 1,124 1,486 Supplies 2,541 6,479 540 1,199 - 851 Capital - - - - - - 851 Total Expenditures 228,118 128,490 78,204 387,113 253,317 199,502 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) 223,743 (9,713) 59,584 95,604 (24,183) (52,747) Other Financing Sources - - - - 34,925 459,524 Net Change in Fund Balance (783,692) (9,713) 59,584 95,604 10,742 406,777 Fund Balance - beginning 1,233,969 197,775 171,208 210,501 26,252 (359,037)	•		100 334	118 700	77 317	371 880	252 103	107 165
Supplies Capital 2,541 6,479 540 1,199 - 851 Total Expenditures 228,118 128,490 78,204 387,113 253,317 199,502 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (223,743) (9,713) 59,584 95,604 (24,183) (52,747) Other Financing Sources Transfers In (Out) (559,949) - - 34,925 459,524 Net Change in Fund Balance (783,692) (9,713) 59,584 95,604 10,742 406,777 Fund Balance - beginning 1,233,969 197,775 171,208 210,501 26,252 (359,037)							,	
Capital - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
Total Expenditures 228,118 128,490 78,204 387,113 253,317 199,502 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (223,743) (9,713) 59,584 95,604 (24,183) (52,747) Other Financing Sources Transfers In (Out) (559,949) - - 34,925 459,524 Net Change in Fund Balance (783,692) (9,713) 59,584 95,604 10,742 406,777 Fund Balance - beginning 1,233,969 197,775 171,208 210,501 26,252 (359,037)			2,011	-	-	-	-	-
Expenditures (223,743) (9,713) 59,584 95,604 (24,183) (52,747) Other Financing Sources Transfers In (Out) (559,949) - - 34,925 459,524 Net Change in Fund Balance (783,692) (9,713) 59,584 95,604 10,742 406,777 Fund Balance - beginning 1,233,969 197,775 171,208 210,501 26,252 (359,037)			228,118	 128,490	 78,204	 387,113	 253,317	 199,502
Expenditures (223,743) (9,713) 59,584 95,604 (24,183) (52,747) Other Financing Sources Transfers In (Out) (559,949) - - 34,925 459,524 Net Change in Fund Balance (783,692) (9,713) 59,584 95,604 10,742 406,777 Fund Balance - beginning 1,233,969 197,775 171,208 210,501 26,252 (359,037)	Evenue of Boyenues Over (Linder)							
Transfers In (Out) (559,949) - - 34,925 459,524 Net Change in Fund Balance (783,692) (9,713) 59,584 95,604 10,742 406,777 Fund Balance - beginning 1,233,969 197,775 171,208 210,501 26,252 (359,037)			(223,743)	(9,713)	59,584	95,604	(24,183)	(52,747)
Net Change in Fund Balance (783,692) (9,713) 59,584 95,604 10,742 406,777 Fund Balance - beginning 1,233,969 197,775 171,208 210,501 26,252 (359,037)			(559,949)	-	-	-	34,925	459,524
Fund Balance - beginning 1,233,969 197,775 171,208 210,501 26,252 (359,037)	Net Change in Fund Balance		(783,692)	 (9,713)	 59,584	 95,604	 10,742	 406,777
	·					210,501		
	Fund Balance - ending	\$	450,277	\$ 188,062	\$ 230,792	\$ 306,105	\$ 36,994	\$ 47,740

ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE PROGRAMS - PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Notes:

1: Fiscal Year 2021 Department of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services (DAODAS) Block Grant is contract number BEA-BG-21 and is comprised of federal funds in the amount of \$401,490 and state funds in the amount of \$96,300, for a total annual contract amount of \$497,790 (contrac number BEA-BG-20; CFDA No. 93.959).

2: Fiscal Year 2021 Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant (SAPT BG) for Assessment consists of federal funds in the amount OF \$13,600 (CFDA No. 93.959).

3: Fiscal Year 2020 Synar/STEP Youth Tobacco Buys consists of federal funds in the amount of \$1,409 (CFDA No. 93.959).

4: Fiscal Year 2021 DAODAS State Block Grant consists of state funds in the amount of \$6,308 (contract number BEA-SBG-19).

5: Fiscal Year 2021 Cost of Living Allowance (COLA) is state funds in the amount of \$38,004 (contract number BEA-COLA-19).

6: Fiscal Year 2021 Assessment State is identified as state funds in the amount of \$3,266.

Legend:	
F - Federal Funds	425,379
S - State Funds	555,509
L - Local Funds	257,646
O - Other Funds	3,266
	\$ 1,241,800

Total	 Prevention State Opioid Response Grant	Peer Support Specialists	Prevention Counter Tools	Prevention ECHO Grant	Bridge Program	Medication Assisted Treatment	SBIRT
399,744	\$ \$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	s -
	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
21,939	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
190,600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,837	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
29,621	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3,970	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
118,334	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
375	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28,524	-	-	-	-	-	28,524	-
17,138	··· ··	-	-	-	17,138	-	-
68,40	19,953	48,452	-	-	-	-	-
26,337	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3,154	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
41,157	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3,266	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5,825 19,711	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19,71	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101,740	-	-		-			
8,187	-	-	-	8,187	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
87,355	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4,375	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
200	 	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,241,800	 19,953	48,452	-	8,187	17,138	28,524	
1,299,490	-	62,401	-	-	15,446	-	4,955
98,593	19,771	250	-	-	403	31,723	-
11,792	182	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,409,875	 - 19,953	- 62,651	-		- 15,849	31,723	4,955
(400.07	 	(11.100)		0.407	4.000	(0.400)	(1.055)
(168,075	-	(14,199)	-	8,187	1,289	(3,199)	(4,955)
	 		26,342		8,904	6,016	24,238
(168,07	-	(14,199)	26,342	8,187	10,193	2,817	19,283
1,460,358	 	(10,960)	6,571	1,772	429	1,478	(19,600)
1,292,283	\$ \$ -	\$ (25,159)	\$ 32,913	\$ 9,959	\$ 10,622	\$ 4,295	(317)

DAUFUSKIE FERRY SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION - STATE MASS TRANSIT FUNDS (SMTF) CONTRACT PT-9G699-28 FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING JULY 1, 2020 AND ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget	Act	ual - SMTF	Act	tual - Local	То	tal Actual	``	/ariance
Revenues	 								
Intergovernmental ¹	\$ 80,000	\$	160,000	\$	-	\$	160,000	\$	80,000
Charges for Services ²	35,200		-		49,905		49,905		14,705
Miscellaneous ³	110,800		-		91,201		91,201		(19,599)
Total Revenues	 226,000		160,000		141,106		301,106		75,106
Expenditures									
Ferry Service	480,000		-		423,048		423,048		56,952
Utilities ³	1,200		-		1,180		1,180		20
Total Expenditures	 481,200		-		424,228		424,228		56,972
Other Financing Sources									
Transfers In ²	180,000		-		180,000		180,000		-
Total Other Financing Sources	 180,000		-		180,000		180,000		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(75,200)		160,000		(103,122)		56,878		132,078
Fund Balance - beginning	 (25,307)				(25,307)		(25,307)		-
Fund Balance (deficit) - ending	\$ (100,507)	\$	160,000	\$	(128,429)	\$	31,571	\$	132,078

Notes:

Note 1: The intergovermental revenues are provided by the South Carolina Department of Transportation, State Mass Transit Funds.

Note 2: The Charges for Services are Ridership Fees. The transfer in is funding provided by Beaufort County's General Fund.

Note 3: In July 2018, Beaufort County purchased real property that is the embarkation point for the Daufuskie Ferry. Beaufort County receives rental income and also incurs utility expenditures for the real property.

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the County's, annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, notes disclosure, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	188 – 193
Revenue Capacity	.194 and 197
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	
Debt Capacity	198 – 202
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic	
Information	203 and 204
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to help comparisons over time and with other governments.	
Operating Information	205 – 207
These schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to	
help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the	
County provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

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County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
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NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Governmental Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 182,140,936	\$ 235,805,103	\$ 248,042,213	\$ 258,464,624	\$ 297,559,730	\$ 250,724,674	\$ 341,399,499	\$ 350,435,861	\$ 357,355,623	\$ 365,495,409
Restricted	109,480,674	81,168,869	94,621,380	103,427,275	74,429,250	132,328,862	130,694,943	97,597,158	102,903,269	260,399,114
Unrestricted	2,286,272	5,092,524	(9,776,030)	(67,733,915)	(47,981,906)	(69,322,749)	(110,657,381)	(64,605,798)	(16,413,940)	(94,504,653)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 293,907,882	\$ 322,066,496	\$ 332,887,563	\$ 294,157,984	\$ 324,007,074	\$ 313,730,787	\$ 361,437,061	\$ 383,427,221	\$ 443,844,952	\$ 531,389,870
Business-Type Activities										
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$ 23,927,764 (1,466,786)	\$ 23,961,592 (1,180,550)	\$ 23,319,358 (741,276)	\$ 27,565,326 (8,545,869)	\$ 28,123,049 (4,534,745)	\$ 28,226,279 (2,657,026)	\$ 30,593,539 (5,287,834)	\$ 30,353,828 (2,062,519)	\$ 39,388,762 (4,902,366)	\$ 42,813,921 (2,593,463)
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 22,460,978	\$ 22,781,042	\$ 22,578,082	\$ 19,019,457	\$ 23,588,304	\$ 25,569,253	\$ 25,305,705	\$ 28,291,309	\$ 34,486,396	\$ 40,220,458
Primary Government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 206,068,700	\$ 259,766,695	\$ 271,361,571	\$ 286,029,950	\$ 325,682,779	\$ 278,950,953	\$ 371,993,038	\$ 380,789,689	\$ 396,744,385	\$ 408,309,330
Restricted	109,480,674	81,168,869	94,621,380	103,427,275	74,429,250	132,328,862	130,694,943	97,597,158	102,903,269	260,399,114
Unrestricted	819,486	3,911,974	(10,517,306)	(76,279,784)	(52,516,651)	(71,979,775)	(115,945,215)	(66,668,317)	(21,316,306)	(97,098,116)
Total primary government net position	\$ 316,368,860	\$ 344,847,538	\$ 355,465,645	\$ 313,177,441	\$ 347,595,378	\$ 339,300,040	\$ 386,742,766	\$ 411,718,530	\$ 478,331,348	\$ 571,610,328

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Fynanaaa										
Expenses Governmental Activities	_									
	¢ 00.440.050	A 00 044 400	¢ 04 744 470	¢ 04.000.400	¢ 40.000.400	¢ 40.040.000	¢ 40.040.000	¢ 07 400 000	¢ 50.000.000	¢ 55 700 000
General Government	\$ 32,119,250	\$ 32,641,163	\$ 34,741,478	\$ 34,268,122	\$ 42,236,133	\$ 48,649,308	\$ 49,612,892	\$ 67,483,600	\$ 50,963,220	\$ 55,786,602
Public Safety	51,231,345	52,481,136	57,185,897	53,323,890	48,929,013	87,661,802	56,674,563	55,090,970	63,648,919	57,458,757
Public Works	19,944,114	23,403,821	22,259,047	24,696,310	22,106,941	23,251,203	19,930,159	13,085,477	25,077,022	24,752,852
Public Health	11,881,484	11,987,651	11,462,648	10,667,458	12,128,941	12,440,379	14,011,837	14,714,866	15,366,160	13,775,524
Public Welfare	2,373,551	2,317,902	3,243,469	3,023,487	2,108,695	2,342,367	5,935,476	4,208,514	7,951,215	2,124,474
Cultural and Recreation	13,863,794	16,064,581	15,583,049	14,936,898	13,887,875	14,006,380	15,682,409	17,544,898	17,948,284	15,727,019
Interest	10,596,657	9,087,049	9,293,605	6,641,311	6,222,321	5,643,381	6,116,157	4,981,961	6,065,977	5,796,178
Total Governmental Activities										
Expenses	142,010,195	147,983,303	153,769,193	147,557,476	147,619,919	193,994,820	167,963,493	177,110,286	187,020,797	175,421,406
Business-Type Activities										
Stormwater Utility	3,124,645	3,246,022	3,175,708	3,534,035	3,663,825	4,063,867	5,431,198	4,366,551	4,796,915	4,364,704
Lady's Island Airport	668,094	667,068	602,879	703,949	901,521	610,714	996,300	1,404,657	548,152	811,405
Hilton Head Airport	3,236,793	2,565,348	2,829,612	4,517,883	8,330,082	11,505,178	17,922,483	7,587,534	2,945,805	4,386,723
Total Business-Type Expenses	7,029,532	6,478,438	6,608,199	8,755,867	12,895,428	16,179,759	24,349,981	13,358,742	8,290,872	9,562,832
Total Government Expenses	\$ 149,039,727	\$ 154,461,741	\$ 160,377,392	\$ 156,313,343	\$ 160,515,347	\$ 210,174,579	\$ 192,313,474	\$ 190,469,028	\$ 195,311,669	\$ 184,984,238

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CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Public Safety 6,871,580 6,774,011 7,372,252 8,153,290 8,121,902 9,386,041 9,584,384 10,200,220 Public Works 3,680,979 4,283,664 4,319,788 4,545,834 5,865,323 9,444,459 8,001,763 8,081,666 7,664,330 8,306,197 Public Welfare 40,913 64,283 60,147 87,992 144,662 170,795 132,341 308,496 228,259 228,592 258,097 2,350,973 3,08,496 228,259 228,592 258,097 2,350,973 3,08,496 228,259 228,592 258,097 2,250,978 3,726 3,108,054 2,735,037 3,028,857 0,098,779 11,962,524 11,249,681 12,444,349 14,438,073 13,405,223 14,469,479 12,785,783 Capital Grants and 2,405,145 13,271,813 17,270,372 16,053,234 17,613,148 9,881,571 33,826,796 9,275,113 2,117,383 876,287 Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues 43,175,953 56,235,822 60,322,709 61,795,493 61,357,705		FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Governmental Activities Charges for services Fig. 499.976 \$ 18,49.976 \$ 18,929.100 \$ 18,874.705 \$ 15,720.888 \$ 18,41740 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,663 \$ 17,473,673 \$ 13,227,223 20,383,6771 \$ 10,625,613 <th>Program Revenues</th> <th></th>	Program Revenues										
General Government \$ 18,449,97 \$ 18,342,202 \$ 18,287,400 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473,683 \$ 17,473											
Public Safety 6.871,580 8.510,306 6.774,011 7.372,225 8.153,280 8.674,288 8.121,902 9.336,041 9.548,334 10.220,225 Public Works 3.580,979 4.283,684 4.545,834 5.852,23 9.44,459 8.01783 6.01668 7.544,330 6.306,197 Public Welfare 4.0,913 6.4283 60,147 87,992 14.462 70.795 13.241 3.04,849 22.259 266,082 Operating Grans and Contributions 9.549,138 9.328,245 10.398,779 11.962,524 11.244,849 14.438,073 13.406,223 14.469,479 12.785,783 Contributions 9.549,138 9.328,245 10.398,779 11.962,524 11.244,949 14.438,073 13.405,223 14.469,479 12.785,783 Contributions 2.405,145 13.271,813 17.270,372 16.053,234 17.613,149 9.881,571 33.826,796 9.275,113 2.117,383 876,287 Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues 4.3175,963 562,35,822 60.322,709 51.857,15 57,											
Public Works 3.880.979 4.283.684 4.317.880 4.545.834 5.865.232 9.444.459 8.001.783 8.01.666 7.564.330 6.306.126 5.77.476 5.72.37 551.235 652.822 592.256 61.266 5.77.476 5.72.37 551.235 652.822 592.256 61.266 5.77.476 3.72.726 3.18.064 2.75.037 3.082.826 5.75.037 3.082.826 5.75.037 3.082.826 5.75.037 3.082.826 5.75.037 3.082.826 1.76.76.763 2.72.763 3.14.652.23 1.44.69.477 1.72.765.763 Contributions 9.549.138 9.328.245 10.398.779 11.962.524 11.249.681 12.444.349 14.438.073 13.405.223 14.469.477 12.7265.763 Contributions 2.405.145 13.271.813 17.270.372 16.053.234 17.613.148 9.881.571 33.826.796 9.275.113 2.117.383 876.287 Contributions 4.3.175.963 56.235.822 60.322.709 61.795.493 61.367.705 63.162.151 86.931.480 61.314.523 56.081.476<	General Government							\$ 17,473,663	\$ 17,035,862	\$ 17,780,576	\$ 21,407,672
Public Health 525.694 522.464 535.092 597.297 591.235 626.822 699.225 691.288 547.458 507.07 Public Welfare 40.913 44.283 10.12.341 308.466 522.59 223.01 308.466 222.59 226.09 Cultural and Recreation 1.602.628 1.912.336 2.036.420 2.301.655 2.019.478 3.478,117 3.337.26 3.180.854 2.735.037 3.08.867 Contributions 2.405.145 13.271.813 17.270.372 16.053.234 17.613.146 9.881.571 3.3826.766 9.275.113 2.117.388 876.287 Contributions 2.405.145 13.271.813 17.270.372 16.053.234 17.613.146 9.881.571 3.3826.766 9.275.113 2.117.388 876.287 Total Governmental Activities Program 43.175.953 56.235.822 60.322.709 61.795.493 61.357.705 63.152.151 85.831.499 61.314.523 55.081.176 57.388.807 Business-Type Activities 777.34 560.239.0 5.190.705 5.29	,		8,510,306					, ,		, ,	10,220,824
Public Weifane 40,913 64,283 60,147 87,992 144,682 170,795 132,341 308,496 282,529 226,007 Cultural and Recreation 1,602,628 1,912,336 2,035,420 2,301,655 2,019,478 3,476,117 3,337,726 3,180,854 2,735,073 3,028,85 Contributions 9,549,138 9,328,245 10,398,779 11,962,524 11,249,681 12,444,349 14,438,073 13,405,223 14,469,479 12,758,783 Contributions 2,405,145 13,271,813 17,270,372 16,053,234 17,613,148 9,881,571 33,826,769 9,275,113 2,117,383 876,287 Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues 43,175,953 56,236,822 60,322,709 61,795,493 61,357,705 63,152,151 85,931,489 61,314,523 550,011,776 57,388,807 Diagram Sand Contributions 3,209,895 3,155,000 3,190,705 3,232,499 5,393,162 5.818,715 5,715,709 5,653,287 67,254,71 6,593,247 Stormwater Ulliny Lady Sistand Alport	Public Works	3,680,979	4,283,664	4,319,788	4,545,834	5,865,323	9,444,459	8,001,763	8,081,666	7,564,330	8,306,192
Cultural and Recreation 1.602.628 1.912.336 2.035.420 2.301.655 2.019.478 3.478,117 3.337.726 3.180.854 2.735.037 3.028.854 Operating Grants and Contributions 9.549,138 9.328,245 10.398,779 11.962.524 11.249.681 12.444.349 14.438.073 13.405.223 14.469.479 12.785,785 Capital Grants and Contributions 2.405.145 13.271.813 17.270.372 16.053.234 17.613.148 9.881.571 33.826.796 9.275.113 2.117.383 876.285 Total Covernmental Activities Program Revenues 43.175.953 56.235.822 60.322.709 61.795.493 61.357.705 63.152.151 85.931.489 61.314.523 55.081,176 57.388.802 Business-Type Activities Charges for services 3.190.706 3.223.499 5.393.162 5.818.715 5.715.709 5.653.287 6.725.471 6.593.342 Operating Grants and Contributions 1.162.34 112.695 116.090 65.450 65.440 50.560 42.960 47.300 22.293.793 3.026.677 3.926.674 44.300	Public Health	525,594	522,846	535,092					691,268	547,458	507,101
Operating Grants and Contributions 9,549,138 9,328,245 10,398,779 11,925,524 11,249,881 12,443,49 14,438,073 13,405,223 14,469,479 12,765,763 Contributions 2,405,145 13,271,813 17,270,372 16,053,234 17,613,148 9,881,571 33,826,796 9,275,113 2,117,383 876,287 Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues 43,175,953 56,235,822 60,322,709 61,795,493 61,357,705 63,152,151 85,931,489 61,314,523 55,061,176 57,388,807 Business-Type Activities Charges for services Garage 3,109,705 3,222,499 5,393,162 5,818,715 5,715,709 5,653,287 6,725,471 6,593,347 Hilton Head Airport 1,495,360 1,793,155 118,30,654 1,777,043 1,638,483 1,001,865 2,269,755 3,325,494 4,443,007 Contributions 11,623 112,2695 116,090 65,450 65,440 50,560 42,960 47,220 44,300 222,328 2,009,653 15,872,161 14,304,473 15,246,837	Public Welfare	40,913	64,283	60,147	87,992	144,682	170,795	132,341	308,496	282,529	256,095
Contributions 9,549,138 9,328,245 10,398,779 11,962,524 11,249,681 12,443,349 14,438,073 13,405,223 14,469,479 12,785,785 Capital Grants and Contributions 2,405,145 13,271,813 17,270,372 16,053,234 17,613,148 9,881,571 33,826,796 9,275,113 2,117,383 876,287 Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues 43,175,953 56,235,822 60,322,709 61,795,493 61,357,705 63,152,151 85,931,489 61,314,523 55,081,176 57,388,802 Business-Type Activities Charges for services Garage 3,190,705 3,232,499 5,393,162 5,818,715 5,715,709 5,653,287 6,725,471 6,503,342 Lady's Island Alport 567,734 560,766 528,300 552,091 529,750 587,029 611,054 539,273 751,291 Oberating Grants and Contributions 1,495,360 1,793,155 1,830,654 1,777,043 1,638,483 1,605,613 1,601,465 2,269,795 3,925,494 4,433,00 Oberating Grants and Contributions 1,562,938 </td <td>Cultural and Recreation</td> <td>1,602,628</td> <td>1,912,336</td> <td>2,035,420</td> <td>2,301,655</td> <td>2,019,478</td> <td>3,478,117</td> <td>3,337,726</td> <td>3,180,854</td> <td>2,735,037</td> <td>3,028,854</td>	Cultural and Recreation	1,602,628	1,912,336	2,035,420	2,301,655	2,019,478	3,478,117	3,337,726	3,180,854	2,735,037	3,028,854
Capital Grants and Contributions 2.405,145 13,271,813 17,270,372 16,053,234 17,613,148 9,881,571 33,826,796 9,275,113 2,117,883 876,281 Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues 43,175,953 56,235,822 60,322,709 61,795,493 61,357,705 63,152,151 85,931,489 61,314,523 55,081,176 57,388,802 Business-Type Activities Charges for services Garage 3,209,895 3,155,000 3,190,705 3,232,499 5,393,162 5,818,715 5,715,709 5,653,247 6,725,471 6,593,344 Lady's Island Auport 567,734 560,766 528,390 552,091 529,750 567,029 611,665 2,260,795 3,925,494 4,43,00 Operating Grants and Contributions 1,16,234 112,695 116,090 65,450 65,440 50,560 42,960 47,260 44,300 222,323 Capital Grants and Contributions 1,662,938 1,175,792 735,231 1,476,192 9,782,233 10,095,453 15,956,279 7,290,165 3,069,935 3,236,677	Operating Grants and										
Contributions 2.405,145 13.271,813 17.270.372 16.053.234 17.613,148 9.881.571 33.826.796 9.275,113 2.117.383 876.281 Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues 43,175,953 56,235,822 60.322,709 61,795,493 61,357,705 63,152,151 85,931,489 61,314,523 55,081,176 57,388,802 Business-Type Activities Charges for services Garage 3,155,000 3,190,705 3,232,499 5,393,162 5.818,715 5,715,709 5,653,287 6,725,471 6,593,442 Lady's Island Alroot 567,734 560,766 528,930 552,091 529,750 567,029 619,624 611,654 539,273 751,209 5,653,287 751,209 5,925,494 4,443,00 222,327 751,209 5,653,287 6,725,471 6,593,442 6,41,064 539,273 751,209 5,653,287 6,725,471 6,593,442 4,43,00 222,327 751,209 5,653,287 751,209 5,653,287 751,209 5,653,287 751,209 5,653,287 751,209 5,852,4	Contributions	9,549,138	9,328,245	10,398,779	11,962,524	11,249,681	12,444,349	14,438,073	13,405,223	14,469,479	12,785,783
Contributions 2.405,145 13.271,813 17.270.372 16.053,234 17.613,148 9,881.571 33.826,796 9.275,113 2,117.383 876,287 Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues 43,175,953 56,235,822 60,322,709 61,795,493 61,357,705 63,152,151 85,931,489 61,314,523 55,081,176 57,388,807 Business-Type Activities Charges for services Garage 3,209,895 3,155,000 3,190,705 3,232,499 5,393,162 5,818,715 5,715,709 5,653,287 6,725,471 6,593,447 Lady's Island Alroot 567,734 560,766 528,930 552,091 529,750 567,029 619,624 611,654 539,273 751,209 Operating Grants and Contributions 1,495,360 1,793,155 1,830,664 1,777,043 1,638,483 1,605,613 1,601,465 2,290,795 3,926,494 4,43.00 222,327 Contributions 116,234 112,695 116,090 65,450 65,440 50,560 42,960 47,260 44,300 222,327 Total Busines	Capital Grants and										
Revenues 43,175,953 56,235,822 60,322,709 61,795,433 61,357,705 63,152,151 85,931,489 61,314,523 55,081,176 57,388,802 Business-Type Activities Charges for services Garage Stornwater Utility 3,209,895 3,155,000 3,190,705 3,232,499 5,393,162 5,818,715 5,715,709 5,653,287 6,725,471 6,593,344 Lady's Island Alrport Hilton Heed Airport 567,734 560,766 528,390 552,091 529,750 567,029 619,624 611,654 539,273 77,1294 1,638,483 1,605,813 1,601,465 2,269,795 3,322,5494 4,443,007 Operating Grants and Contributions 1,179,792 735,231 1,476,192 9,782,233 10,095,453 15,966,279 7,290,165 3,089,935 3,236,677 Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues 6,952,161 6,797,408 6,401,070 7,103,275 17,409,068 18,137,670 23,936,037 15,872,161 14,304,473 15,246,637 Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues \$ 50,128,114 \$ 63,033,230 \$ 66,723,779		2,405,145	13,271,813	17,270,372	16,053,234	17,613,148	9,881,571	33,826,796	9,275,113	2,117,383	876,281
Revenues 43,175,953 56,235,822 60,322,709 61,795,433 61,357,705 63,152,151 85,931,489 61,314,523 55,081,176 57,388,802 Business-Type Activities Charges for services Garage Stornwater Utility 3,209,895 3,155,000 3,190,705 3,232,499 5,393,162 5,818,715 5,715,709 5,653,287 6,725,471 6,593,344 Lady's Island Alrport Hilton Heed Airport 567,734 560,766 528,390 552,091 529,750 567,029 619,624 611,654 539,273 77,1294 1,638,483 1,605,813 1,601,465 2,269,795 3,322,5494 4,443,007 Operating Grants and Contributions 1,179,792 735,231 1,476,192 9,782,233 10,095,453 15,966,279 7,290,165 3,089,935 3,236,677 Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues 6,952,161 6,797,408 6,401,070 7,103,275 17,409,068 18,137,670 23,936,037 15,872,161 14,304,473 15,246,637 Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues \$ 50,128,114 \$ 63,033,230 \$ 66,723,779	Total Governmental Activities Program										
Charges for services Garage 3,209,895 3,155,000 3,190,705 3,232,499 5,393,162 5,818,715 5,715,709 5,653,287 6,725,471 6,693,344 Lady's Island Airport 567,734 560,766 528,390 552,091 529,750 567,029 619,624 611,654 539,273 751,294 Hilton Head Airport 1,495,360 1,793,155 1,830,654 1,777,043 1,638,483 1,605,813 1,601,465 2,269,795 3,925,494 4,443,007 Operating Grants and Contributions 116,234 112,695 116,090 65,450 65,440 50,560 42,960 47,260 44,300 222,324 Contributions 1,562,938 1,175,792 735,231 1,476,192 9,782,233 10,095,453 15,956,279 7,290,165 3,069,935 3,236,672 Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues 6,952,161 6,797,408 6,401,070 7,103,275 17,409,068 18,137,570 23,936,037 15,872,161 14,304,473 15,246,633 Revenues 5,50,128,114 \$ 63,033,230 \$ 66,723,779 \$ 68,898,768 \$ 78,766,773 \$ 81,		43,175,953	56,235,822	60,322,709	61,795,493	61,357,705	63,152,151	85,931,489	61,314,523	55,081,176	57,388,802
Charges for services Garage 3,209,895 3,155,00 3,190,705 3,232,499 5,393,162 5,818,715 5,715,709 5,653,247 6,725,471 6,593,344 Lady's Island Airport 567,734 560,766 528,390 552,091 529,750 567,029 619,624 611,654 539,273 751,294 Hilton Head Airport 1,495,360 1,793,155 1,830,654 1,777,043 1,638,483 1,605,813 1,601,465 2,269,795 3,925,494 4,443,007 Operating Grants and Contributions 116,234 112,695 116,090 65,450 65,440 50,560 42,960 47,260 44,300 222,324 Contributions 1,562,938 1,175,792 735,231 1,476,192 9,782,233 10,095,453 15,956,279 7,290,165 3,069,935 3,236,672 Total Business-Type Activities Program 6,952,161 6,797,408 6,401,070 7,103,275 17,409,068 18,137,570 23,936,037 15,872,161 14,304,473 15,246,633 Total Government Program Revenues \$ 50,128,114 \$ 63,033,230 \$ 66,723,779 \$ 68,898,768 \$ 7	Rusinoss Type Activities										
Garage 3.209,895 3.155,000 3.190,705 3.232,499 5.393,162 5.818,715 5.715,709 5.653,287 6.725,471 5.693,342 Stormwater Utility 567,724 560,766 528,390 552,091 529,750 567,029 619,624 611,654 5392,773 751,296 Hitton Head Airport 1,495,360 1,793,155 1,830,654 1,777,043 1,638,483 1,605,813 1,601,465 2,269,795 3,925,494 4,443,007 Operating Grants and Contributions 116,234 112,695 116,090 65,450 65,440 50,560 42,960 47,260 44,300 222,326 Contributions 1,562,938 1,175,792 735,231 1,476,192 9,782,233 10,095,453 15,956,279 7,290,165 3,069,935 3,236,677 Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues 6,952,161 6,797,408 6,401,070 7,103,275 17,409,068 18,137,570 23,936,037 15,872,161 14,304,473 15,246,637 Total Government Program Revenues \$ 50,128,114 \$ 63,033,230 \$ 66,723,779 \$ 68,898,768 \$ 78,766,773 \$ 81,289,721											
Stormwater Utility 3,209,895 3,155,000 3,100,705 3,232,499 5,333,162 5,818,715 5,715,709 5,653,287 6,725,471 6,593,344 Lady's Island Airport 567,734 560,766 528,390 552,091 529,750 567,029 619,624 611,654 539,273 751,296 Hilton Head Airport 1,495,360 1,793,155 1,830,654 1,777,043 1,638,483 1,805,813 1,601,465 2,269,795 3,925,494 4,443,000 Contributions 116,234 112,695 116,090 65,450 65,440 50,560 42,960 47,260 44,300 222,837 Contributions 1,562,938 1,175,792 735,231 1,476,192 9,782,233 10,095,453 15,956,279 7,290,165 3,069,935 3,236,677 Total Business-Type Activities Program 6,952,161 6,797,408 6,401,070 7,103,275 17,409,068 18,137,570 23,936,037 15,872,161 14,304,473 15,246,637 Total Government Program Revenues \$ 50,128,114 \$	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Lady's Island Alrport 567,734 560,766 528,390 552,091 529,750 567,029 619,624 611,654 539,273 751,294 Hitton Head Alrport 1,496,360 1,793,155 1,830,654 1,777,043 1,638,483 1,605,813 1,601,465 2,269,795 3,925,494 4,443,00 Operating Grants and Capital Grants and Contributions 116,234 112,695 116,090 65,450 65,440 50,560 42,960 47,260 44,300 222,326 Contributions 1,562,938 1,175,792 735,231 1,476,192 9,782,233 10,095,453 15,956,279 7,290,165 3,069,935 3,236,672 Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues 6,952,161 6,797,408 6,401,070 7,103,275 17,409,068 18,137,570 23,936,037 15,872,161 14,304,473 15,246,633 Total Government Program Revenues \$ 50,128,114 \$ 63,033,230 \$ 66,723,779 \$ 68,898,768 \$ 78,766,773 \$ 81,289,721 \$ 109,867,526 \$ 77,186,684 \$ 69,385,649 \$ 72,635,433 Net (Expense) / Revenue \$ (104,807,350) \$ (97,533,371) \$ (87,234,767) <td< td=""><td>0</td><td>3 200 805</td><td>3 155 000</td><td>3 100 705</td><td>3 232 400</td><td>5 303 162</td><td>5 818 715</td><td>5 715 709</td><td>5 653 287</td><td>6 725 471</td><td>6 503 3/2</td></td<>	0	3 200 805	3 155 000	3 100 705	3 232 400	5 303 162	5 818 715	5 715 709	5 653 287	6 725 471	6 503 3/2
Hitton Head Airport Operating Grants and Contributions 1,495,360 1,793,155 1,830,654 1,777,043 1,638,483 1,601,465 2,269,795 3,925,494 4,443,00 Operating Grants and Contributions 116,234 112,695 116,090 65,450 65,440 50,560 42,960 47,260 44,300 222,324 Capital Grants and Contributions 1,562,938 1,175,792 735,231 1,476,192 9,782,233 10,095,453 15,956,279 7,290,165 3,069,935 3,236,672 Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues 6,952,161 6,797,408 6,401,070 7,103,275 17,409,068 18,137,570 23,936,037 15,872,161 14,304,473 15,246,633 Total Bosiness-Type Activities Program Revenues \$ 50,128,114 \$ 63,033,230 \$ 66,723,779 \$ 68,898,768 \$ 78,766,773 \$ 81,289,721 \$ 109,867,526 \$ 77,186,684 \$ 69,385,649 \$ 72,635,433 Net (Expense) / Revenue Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities \$ (104,807,350) \$ (97,533,371) \$ (87,234,767) \$ (85,824,426) \$ (132,637,115) \$ (104,811,342) \$ (82,032,004) \$ (115,795,763) \$ (118,032,604) \$ 5,683,800	3	, ,		, ,		, ,	, ,	, ,		, ,	
Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions 116,234 112,695 116,090 65,450 65,440 50,560 42,960 47,260 44,300 222,326 Capital Grants and Contributions 1,562,938 1,175,792 735,231 1,476,192 9,782,233 10,095,453 15,956,279 7,290,165 3,069,935 3,236,672 Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues 6,952,161 6,797,408 6,401,070 7,103,275 17,409,068 18,137,570 23,936,037 15,872,161 14,304,473 15,246,637 Total Government Program Revenues \$ 50,128,114 \$ 63,033,230 \$ 66,723,779 \$ 68,898,768 \$ 78,766,773 \$ 81,289,721 \$ 109,867,526 \$ 77,186,684 \$ 69,385,649 \$ 72,635,436 Net (Expense) / Revenue \$ (104,807,350) \$ (97,533,371) \$ (87,234,767) \$ (85,824,426) \$ (132,637,115) \$ (104,811,342) \$ (82,032,004) \$ (115,795,763) \$ (131,939,621) \$ (118,032,604) \$ (118,032,604) \$ (131,939,621) \$ (118,032,604) \$ (131,939,621) \$ (118,032,604) \$ (131,939,621) \$ (118,032,604) \$ (131,939,621) \$ (118,032,604) \$ (131,939,621) \$ (118,032,604) <td< td=""><td>, ,</td><td>,</td><td>,</td><td>,</td><td></td><td>,</td><td>,</td><td>,</td><td>,</td><td>,</td><td>,</td></td<>	, ,	,	,	,		,	,	,	,	,	,
Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions 116,234 112,695 116,090 65,450 65,440 50,560 42,960 47,260 44,300 222,326 Contributions 1,562,938 1,175,792 735,231 1,476,192 9,782,233 10,095,453 15,956,279 7,290,165 3,069,935 3,236,672 Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues 6,952,161 6,797,408 6,401,070 7,103,275 17,409,068 18,137,570 23,936,037 15,872,161 14,304,473 15,246,633 Total Government Program Revenues \$ 50,128,114 \$ 63,033,230 \$ 66,723,779 \$ 68,898,768 \$ 78,766,773 \$ 81,289,721 \$ 109,867,526 \$ 77,186,684 \$ 69,385,649 \$ 72,635,436 Net (Expense) / Revenue \$ (104,807,350) \$ (97,533,371) \$ (87,234,767) \$ (85,824,426) \$ (132,637,115) \$ (104,811,342) \$ (82,032,004) \$ (115,795,763) \$ (118,032,660- 5,683,806 Business-Type Activities \$ (104,807,350) \$ (97,533,371) \$ (87,234,767) \$ (85,824,426) \$ (122,637,115) \$ (104,811,342) \$ (82,032,004) \$ (115,795,763) \$ (118,032,660- 5,683,806 Total Government Net (C	•	1,430,000	1,735,155	1,000,004	1,777,040	1,000,400	1,000,010	1,001,400	2,203,735	0,920,494	4,440,001
Capital Grants and Contributions 1,562,938 1,175,792 735,231 1,476,192 9,782,233 10,095,453 15,956,279 7,290,165 3,069,935 3,236,672 Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues 6,952,161 6,797,408 6,401,070 7,103,275 17,409,068 18,137,570 23,936,037 15,872,161 14,304,473 15,246,633 Total Government Program Revenues \$ 50,128,114 \$ 63,033,230 \$ 66,723,779 \$ 68,898,768 \$ 78,766,773 \$ 81,289,721 \$ 109,867,526 \$ 77,186,684 \$ 69,385,649 \$ 72,635,433 Net (Expense) / Revenue \$ 50,128,114 \$ 63,033,230 \$ 66,723,779 \$ 68,898,768 \$ 78,766,773 \$ 81,289,721 \$ 109,867,526 \$ 77,186,684 \$ 69,385,649 \$ 72,635,433 Net (Expense) / Revenue \$ 50,128,114 \$ 63,033,230 \$ 66,723,779 \$ (85,824,426) \$ (104,811,342) \$ (82,032,004) \$ (115,795,763) \$ (118,032,604) \$ 5,683,803 Overnmental Activities \$ (104,807,350) \$ (97,533,371) \$ (87,234,767) \$ (85,824,426) \$ (132,637,115) \$ (104,811,342) \$ (82,032,004) \$ (115,795,763) \$ (118,032,604) \$ 5,683,803	1 0	116.234	112,695	116.090	65,450	65,440	50,560	42.960	47,260	44,300	222,326
Instruction Instruction <thinstruction< th=""> <thinstruction< th=""></thinstruction<></thinstruction<>	Capital Grants and	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	.,	,
Revenues 6,952,161 6,797,408 6,401,070 7,103,275 17,409,068 18,137,570 23,936,037 15,872,161 14,304,473 15,246,637 Total Government Program Revenues \$ 50,128,114 \$ 63,033,230 \$ 66,723,779 \$ 68,898,768 \$ 78,766,773 \$ 81,289,721 \$ 109,867,526 \$ 77,186,684 \$ 69,385,649 \$ 72,635,438 Net (Expense) / Revenue \$ (104,807,350) \$ (97,533,371) \$ (87,234,767) \$ (85,824,426) \$ (132,637,115) \$ (104,811,342) \$ (82,032,004) \$ (115,795,763) \$ (118,032,604) Government Net (Expense) / Revenue \$ (104,807,350) \$ (97,533,371) \$ (87,234,767) \$ (85,824,426) \$ (132,637,115) \$ (104,811,342) \$ (82,032,004) \$ (113,939,621) \$ (118,032,604) Business-Type Activities \$ (104,807,350) \$ (97,533,371) \$ (87,234,767) \$ (85,824,426) \$ (132,637,115) \$ (104,811,342) \$ (82,032,004) \$ (113,939,621) \$ (118,032,604) \$ (5,792,153) \$ (122,9309) \$ (6,212,411) \$ (413,944) \$ (2,513,419) \$ (6,013,601) \$ 5,683,806 \$ (5,883,806) \$ (5,892,124,11) \$ (104,811,344) \$ (2,513,419) \$ (6,013,601) \$ 5,683,806	Contributions	1,562,938	1,175,792	735,231	1,476,192	9,782,233	10,095,453	15,956,279	7,290,165	3,069,935	3,236,672
Revenues 6,952,161 6,797,408 6,401,070 7,103,275 17,409,068 18,137,570 23,936,037 15,872,161 14,304,473 15,246,637 Total Government Program Revenues \$ 50,128,114 \$ 63,033,230 \$ 66,723,779 \$ 68,898,768 \$ 78,766,773 \$ 81,289,721 \$ 109,867,526 \$ 77,186,684 \$ 69,385,649 \$ 72,635,438 Net (Expense) / Revenue \$ (104,807,350) \$ (97,533,371) \$ (87,234,767) \$ (85,824,426) \$ (132,637,115) \$ (104,811,342) \$ (82,032,004) \$ (115,795,763) \$ (118,032,604) Business-Type Activities \$ (104,807,350) \$ (97,533,371) \$ (87,234,767) \$ (85,824,426) \$ (132,637,115) \$ (104,811,342) \$ (82,032,004) \$ (113,939,621) \$ (118,032,604) Total Government Net (Expense) / Bausiness-Type Activities \$ (104,807,350) \$ (97,533,371) \$ (87,234,767) \$ (85,824,426) \$ (132,637,115) \$ (104,811,342) \$ (82,032,004) \$ (115,795,763) \$ (118,032,604) \$ 5,683,806 Total Government Net (Expense) / Bausiness-Type Activities \$ (104,807,350) \$ (118,032,604) \$ (5,792,153) 1,229,309 \$ (6,212,411) \$ (413,944) \$ 2,513,419 \$ (6,013,601) \$ 5	Total Business-Type Activities Program										
Revenues \$ 50,128,114 \$ 63,033,230 \$ 66,723,779 \$ 68,898,768 \$ 78,766,773 \$ 81,289,721 \$ 109,867,526 \$ 77,186,684 \$ 69,385,649 \$ 72,635,439 Net (Expense) / Revenue Governmental Activities \$ (104,807,350) \$ (97,533,371) \$ (87,234,767) \$ (85,824,426) \$ (132,637,115) \$ (104,811,342) \$ (82,032,004) \$ (115,795,763) \$ (131,939,621) \$ (118,032,604) Business-Type Activities \$ 473,723 189,209 (2,354,797) \$ (5,792,153) 1,229,309 \$ (6,212,411) \$ (413,944) 2,513,419 \$ (0,013,601) \$ 5,683,805 Total Government Net (Expense) / Bournue Company / Bournue Bournue Company / Bournue Bournue Company / Bournue Com	,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	6,952,161	6,797,408	6,401,070	7,103,275	17,409,068	18,137,570	23,936,037	15,872,161	14,304,473	15,246,637
Revenues \$ 50,128,114 \$ 63,033,230 \$ 66,723,779 \$ 68,898,768 \$ 78,766,773 \$ 81,289,721 \$ 109,867,526 \$ 77,186,684 \$ 69,385,649 \$ 72,635,439 Net (Expense) / Revenue Governmental Activities \$ (104,807,350) \$ (97,533,371) \$ (87,234,767) \$ (85,824,426) \$ (132,637,115) \$ (104,811,342) \$ (82,032,004) \$ (115,795,763) \$ (131,939,621) \$ (118,032,604) Business-Type Activities \$ 473,723 189,209 \$ (2,354,797) \$ (5,792,153) 1,229,309 \$ (6,212,411) \$ (413,944) \$ 2,513,419 \$ (0,013,601) \$ 5,683,805 Total Government Net (Evenue) Business-Type Activities Provide Provide<											
Net (Expense) / Revenue \$ 00,120,114 \$ 00,033,230 \$ 00,123,179 \$ 00,030,105 \$ 10,001,320 \$ 17,100,004 \$ 09,303,049 \$ 12,033,435 Net (Expense) / Revenue \$ (104,807,350) \$ (97,533,371) \$ (87,234,767) \$ (85,824,426) \$ (132,637,115) \$ (104,811,342) \$ (82,032,004) \$ (115,795,763) \$ (131,939,621) \$ (118,032,604) Business-Type Activities 473,723 189,209 (2,354,797) (5,792,153) 1,229,309 (6,212,411) (413,944) 2,513,419 6,013,601 5,683,805 Total Government Net (Expense) / Revenue (Expense) / Revenue (Expense) / Revenue (Expense)	8		• • • • • • • • • •				• • • • • • • • • •	•	• ==		
Governmental Activities \$ (104,807,350) \$ (97,533,371) \$ (87,234,767) \$ (85,824,426) \$ (104,811,342) \$ (82,032,004) \$ (115,795,763) \$ (131,939,621) \$ (118,032,604) Business-Type Activities 473,723 189,209 (2,354,797) (5,792,153) 1,229,309 (6,212,411) (413,944) 2,513,419 6,013,601 5,683,805 Total Government Net (Exponent) Bourner Bourner Bourner 189,209 (2,354,797) 1,229,309 (6,212,411) (413,944) 2,513,419 6,013,601 5,683,805	Revenues	\$ 50,128,114	\$ 63,033,230	\$ 66,723,779	\$ 68,898,768	\$ 78,766,773	\$ 81,289,721	\$ 109,867,526	\$ 77,186,684	\$ 69,385,649	\$ 72,635,439
Governmental Activities \$ (104,807,350) \$ (97,533,371) \$ (87,234,767) \$ (132,637,115) \$ (104,811,342) \$ (82,032,004) \$ (115,795,763) \$ (131,939,621) \$ (118,032,604) Business-Type Activities 473,723 189,209 (2,354,797) (5,792,153) 1,229,309 (6,212,411) (413,944) 2,513,419 6,013,601 5,683,805 Total Government Net (Бикария) (Бикария) 6,013,601 5,683,805 5,683,805 6,013,601 5,683,805 6,013,601 5,683,805 6,013,601 5,683,805 6,013,601 5,683,805 6,013,601 5,683,805 6,013,601 5,683,805 6,013,601 5,683,805 6,013,601 5,683,805 6,013,601 5,683,805 6,013,601 5,683,805 6,013,601 5,683,805 6,013,601 5,683,805 6,013,601 5,683,805 6,013,601 5,683,805 6,013,601 5,683,805 6,013,601 5,683,805 6,013,601 5,683,805 6,013,601 5,683,805 6,013,601 5,683,805 6,013,601 5,683,805 6,013,601 5,683,805 6,013,601 6,											
Business-Type Activities 473,723 189,209 (2,354,797) (5,792,153) 1,229,309 (6,212,411) (413,944) 2,513,419 6,013,601 5,683,805 Total Government Net (5,792,153) 1,229,309 (6,212,411) (413,944) 2,513,419 6,013,601 5,683,805											
Total Government Net											
	Business-Type Activities	473,723	189,209	(2,354,797)	(5,792,153)	1,229,309	(6,212,411)	(413,944)	2,513,419	6,013,601	5,683,805
(Expense) / Revenue \$(104,333,627) \$ (97,344,162) \$ (89,589,564) \$ (91,616,579) \$ (131,407,806) \$ (111,023,753) \$ (82,445,948) \$ (113,282,344) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (112,348,796) \$ (112,348,796) \$ (113,407,806) \$ (113,407,806) \$ (113,282,344) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (112,348,796) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020) \$ (125,926,020)											
	(Expense) / Revenue	\$(104,333,627)	\$ (97,344,162)	\$ (89,589,564)	\$ (91,616,579)	\$ (131,407,806)	\$ (111,023,753)	\$ (82,445,948)	\$ (113,282,344)	\$ (125,926,020)	\$ (112,348,799)

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CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
General Revenues and Other										
Changes in Net Assets										
Governmental Activities										
Property Taxes	\$ 93,571,238	\$ 94,819,998	\$ 91,907,959	\$ 96,129,087	\$ 101,550,345	\$ 109,147,291	\$ 116,478,416	\$ 119,334,712	\$ 128,952,186	\$ 132,645,010
Sales Taxes	30,442,155	15,043,485	330,889	105,253	31,232	27,661	109,728	46,453	45,195,996	55,879,745
Grants and contributions										
not restricted	9,588,551	7,944,710	8,414,711	8,478,141	8,513,761	9,342,544	9,452,285	9,215,559	9,547,798	9,674,443
Unrestricted investment earnings Special item - decrease in other post-	883,768	540,155	293,213	269,080	495,848	581,229	1,495,650	5,557,428	5,044,088	3,402,559
employment										
benefit cost	-	-	-	27,520,071	1,353,498	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers In / (Out)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Capital										
Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	1,841,926	1,557,747	3,320,779	2,366,433	1,955,858	1,467,657	2,202,199	3,631,771	3,617,284	3,975,765
Total Governmental Activities	136,327,638	119,906,095	104,267,551	134,868,065	113,900,542	120,566,382	129,738,278	137,785,923	192,357,352	205,577,522
Business-Type Activities										
Unrestricted Investments Earnings	11,231	4,835	4,169	3,133	14,710	19,694	150,396	272,185	181,486	50,257
Special item - decrease in other post-										
employment										
benefit cost	-	-	-	1,230,929	38,502	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers In / (Out)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Capital										
Assets	50,000	(3,741)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	1,079	1,995	3,444	-	-	-	-
Total Business-Type Activities	61,231	1,094	4,169	1,235,141	55,207	23,138	150,396	272,185	181,486	50,257
Total Government	\$ 136,388,869	\$ 119,907,189	\$ 104,271,720	\$ 136,103,206	\$ 113,955,749	\$ 120,589,520	\$ 129,888,674	\$ 138,058,108	\$ 192,538,838	\$ 205,627,779
Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities	\$ 44,580,157	\$ 26,459,611	\$ 18,505,568	\$ 48,605,851	\$ (16,942,127)		\$ 47,706,274	\$ 21,990,160	\$ 60,417,731	\$ 87,544,918
Business-Type Activities	380,201	(206,035)	(1,648,423)	5,748,781	2,013,018	(390,806)	(263,548)	2,985,604	6,195,087	5,734,062
Total Government Changes in										
Net Position	\$ 44,960,358	\$ 26,253,576	\$ 16.857.145	\$ 54,354,632	\$ (14,929,109)	\$ 38,143,572		\$ 24,975,764		\$ 93,278,980

FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 2,227,326	\$ 2,061,612	\$ 1,289,814	\$ 1,607,787	\$ 1,198,811	\$ 1,980,794	\$ 1,653,435	\$ 1,441,679	\$ 1,601,190	\$ 2,100,954
Committed	150,788	218,526	186,084	23,537	247,507	313,641	451,287	1,104,309	1,104,309	-
Assigned	23,697	1,733,143	1,047,473	381,041	452,883	1,700,200	3,298,504	3,550,651	3,748,371	3,765,356
Unassigned	19,940,197	20,207,988	21,249,298	24,682,018	26,653,761	23,772,760	26,474,071	37,214,289	47,363,427	65,808,134
Total General Fund	22,342,008	24,221,269	23,772,669	26,694,383	28,552,962	27,767,395	31,877,297	43,310,928	53,817,297	71,674,444
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable	1,268,394	1,199,446	2,514,805	4,464,642	72,968	99,269	224,324	162,165	148,402	-
Restricted	124,459,879	108,228,779	92,038,827	98,868,411	87,145,361	132,176,998	130,293,307	128,557,920	175,545,617	260,399,114
Committed	32,889	56,058	67,748	94,222	94,911	52,595	177,312	307,580	326,902	-
Unassigned (Deficit)	(28,933)	365,494	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,089)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	125,732,229	109,849,777	94,621,380	103,427,275	87,313,240	132,328,862	130,694,943	129,027,665	176,020,921	260,393,025
Tatal All Caucing antal Funda	¢ 440.074.007	¢ 404.074.046	¢ 110 201 010	¢ 400 404 650	¢ 445.000.000	¢ 460.006.057	¢ 460 570 040	¢ 470 000 E00	¢ 200 020 240	¢ 222.067.460
Total All Governmental Funds	\$ 148,074,237	\$ 134,071,046	\$ 118,394,049	\$ 130,121,658	\$ 115,866,202	\$ 160,096,257	\$ 162,572,240	\$ 172,338,593	\$ 299,838,218	\$ 332,067,469

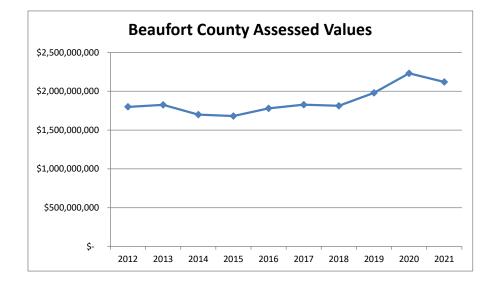
GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, became effective for fiscal year 2011 and established fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to honor constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

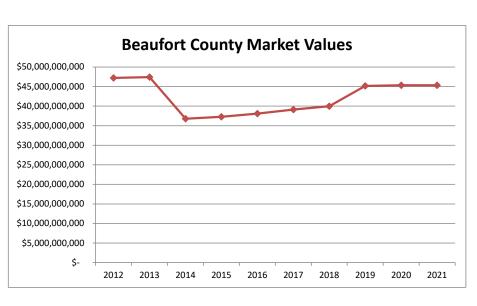
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Revenues										
Property Taxes	\$ 93,350,153	\$ 94,786,696	\$ 92,501,314	\$ 95,351,350	\$ 101,676,345	\$ 109,274,083	\$ 116,505,253	\$ 119,682,659	\$ 129,057,671	\$ 132,297,918
Licenses and Permits	9,924,740	10,705,122	11,348,536	12,074,801	12,655,858	18,366,032	17,355,544	16,891,099	16,740,438	16,859,232
Intergovernmental	51,984,989	45,588,253	36,414,751	36,611,786	33,572,097	35,530,696	57.821.939	34,902,586	72.999.518	76,916,215
Charges for Services	15,221,171	17,105,139	15,467,080	16,387,825	17,731,291	19,578,971	18,962,662	20,168,722	20,499,738	30,129,956
Fines and Forfeitures	1,015,739	898,436	1,007,091	1,073,474	1,344,423	922,497	1,347,402	1,257,718	1,373,531	1,520,713
Interest	883,768	540,155	293,213	269,082	495,852	581,160	1,495,652	2,708,652	2,624,384	932,190
Miscellaneous	1,841,926	1,557,747	3,320,779	2,365,713	1,955,857	1,492,658	2,208,149	3,816,470	4,248,732	4,264,115
Total Revenues	174,222,486	171,181,548	160,352,764	164,134,031	169,431,723	185,746,097	215,696,601	199,427,906	247,544,012	262,920,339
Expenditures										
General Government	23,497,733	23,658,058	24,808,234	25,358,150	37,126,529	39.552.934	39,290,337	45,821,182	44,137,817	46.498.951
Public Safety	43,222,080	44,182,336	46,846,910	48,381,271	45,583,499	45,115,821	47.216.422	48,294,980	52.467.265	51,221,432
Public Works	14,792,685	17,550,180	14,480,016	15,958,306	13,617,653	14,495,178	16,088,640	15,934,931	16,558,486	16,435,957
Public Health	11,218,245	11,306,171	10,758,045	10,490,248	11,487,899	11,742,116	12,815,828	13,891,165	13,865,957	12,468,816
Public Welfare	1,915,122	1,794,172	2,720,482	2,525,257	2,108,695	2,342,367	2,093,114	2,648,095	3,249,314	2,019,677
Cultural and Recreation	11,210,985	13,132,712	12,323,751	11,961,423	10,946,319	11,039,804	12,050,466	13,609,581	14,033,306	12,344,895
Disaster related expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	38,727,223	1,920,614	950,677	-	-
Debt Service - Principal	11,820,000	72,805,000	14,280,980	13,453,464	14,121,038	17,613,699	49,291,451	15,579,303	16,552,252	25,467,965
Debt Service - Interest and Fees	11,698,673	10,443,924	8,142,957	8,754,441	8,444,266	7,857,324	7,981,433	7,951,999	7,776,219	8,114,533
Capital Projects	49,619,275	43,528,784	41,668,386	36,170,318	44,421,752	38,110,477	23,813,730	35,956,124	20,830,773	24,524,923
Total Expenditures	178,994,798	238,401,337	176,029,761	173,052,878	187,857,650	226,596,943	212,562,035	200,638,037	189,471,389	199,097,149
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures	(4,772,312)	(67,219,789)	(15,676,997)	(8,918,847)	(18,425,927)	(40,850,846)	3,134,566	(1,210,131)	58,072,623	63,823,190
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Issuance of Bonds	12,500,000	49,265,000	-	19,450,000	-	51,000,000	-	11,250,000	-	42,910,000
Issuance of BANs	-	-	-	-	-	30,250,000	-	-	-	-
Debt Service-Principal - Refinancing										
of BANs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of Refunding Debt Payments to Refunding Debt	15,295,000	58,335,000	-	22,570,000	17,950,000	6,110,000	-	-	-	-
Escrow Agent	(17,312,305)	(65,909,303)	-	3	(19,091,723)	(6,405,000)	-	-	-	(8,925,000)
Issuance of Long-term Debt	-	-	-	-	4,000,000	-	-	-	-	-
Bond Premiums	2,368,280	11,525,901	-	3,438,394	1,312,194	4,794,335	-	609,072	-	4,852,762
Transfers In	15,409,058	27,323,615	23,928,262	19,629,618	8,759,152	11,158,117	10,965,003	10,853,793	9,833,827	13,085,905
Transfers Out	(15,409,058)	(27,323,615)	(23,928,262)	(19,629,618)	(8,759,152)	(11,826,551)	(11,623,586)	(11,641,881)	(10,406,825)	(13,517,606)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	12,850,975	53,216,598	-	45,458,397	4,170,471	85,080,901	(658,583)	11,070,984	(572,998)	38,406,061
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 8,078,663	\$ (14,003,191)	\$ (15,676,997)	\$ 36,539,550	\$ (14,255,456)	\$ 44,230,055	\$ 2,475,983	\$ 9,860,853	\$ 57,499,625	\$ 102,229,251
Debt Service as a Percentage of										
Non-capital Expenditures	18.2%	42.7%	16.7%	16.2%	15.7%	13.5%	30.3%	14.3%	14.2%	19.7%

ASSESSED VALUE AND MARKET VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Real P	ropert	у		Personal	Prope	rty		То	tals		
Fiscal	 Assessed		Market		Assessed		Market		 Assessed		Market	Total Direct
Year	 Value		Value		 Value		Value		 Value		Value	Tax Rate
2012	\$ 1,614,373,168	\$	45,028,233,052	3.59%	\$ 185,451,491	\$	2,186,088,790	8.48%	\$ 1,799,824,659	\$	47,214,321,842	47.54
2013	1,614,166,744		44,735,468,004	3.61%	210,531,440		2,692,952,990	7.82%	1,824,698,184		47,428,420,994	47.54
2014	1,503,246,950		34,226,412,913	4.39%	197,121,500		2,573,608,850	7.66%	1,700,368,450		36,800,021,763	48.52
2015	1,456,623,792		34,326,777,040	4.24%	224,587,180		2,943,436,442	7.63%	1,681,210,972		37,270,213,482	56.30
2016	1,537,918,460		34,954,579,643	4.40%	243,102,990		3,146,262,710	7.73%	1,781,021,450		38,100,842,353	56.86
2017	1,569,859,790		35,756,421,947	4.39%	258,073,760		3,352,079,267	7.70%	1,827,933,550		39,108,501,214	59.15
2018	1,575,924,542		36,784,111,791	4.28%	237,358,677		3,177,004,620	7.47%	1,813,283,219		39,961,116,411	61.27
2019	1,746,777,223		42,176,881,298	4.14%	233,576,952		2,987,568,570	7.82%	1,980,354,175		45,164,449,868	63.39
2020	2,005,077,400		44,106,415,380	4.55%	227,459,730		1,243,717,590	18.29%	2,232,537,130		45,350,132,970	62.78
2021	1,992,174,680		44.086.726.580	4.52%	128.919.930		1.240.167.350	10.40%	2.121.094.610		45,326,893,930	64.20





Source: Beaufort County Tax Database

PROPERTY TAX MILLAGES - ALL OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

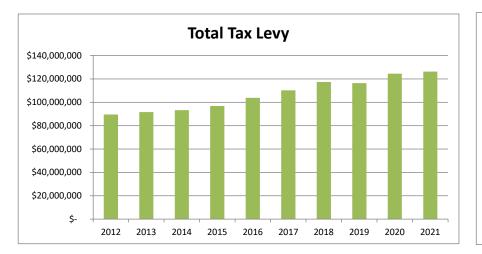
	EV 0040	EV 0040	EV 0044	57 0045	EV 0040	EV 0047	EV 0040	EV 0040	EV 0000	EV 0004
County-wide Levies	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
County - Operations	40.21	40.21	46.48	46.48	48.77	50.89	50.61	50.03	50.00	50.00
County - Operations County - Higher Education	40.21	40.21	40.40	40.40	40.77	50.69	2.40	2.37	2.30	2.30
County - Debt Service	- 4.57	4.44	- 5.48	- 5.48	- 5.48	- 5.48	5.58	5.58	5.50	5.50
County-Purchase of Real Property	4.57	4.44	5.40	5.40	5.40	5.40	5.50	5.56	5.50	5.50
Program	2.76	3.87	4.34	4.90	4.90	4.90	4.80	4.80	5.50	4.80
Total Direct Tax Rate	47.54	48.52	56.30	56.86	59.15	61.27	63.39	62.78	63.30	62.60
Total Direct Tax Rate	47.34	40.32	50.50	50.60	59.15	01.27	03.39	02.70	03.30	02.00
School - Operations	90.26	92.26	97.45	103.50	103.50	111.50	113.50	104.60	114.00	114.00
School - Debt Service	28.00	28.00	31.71	31.71	31.71	31.71	31.71	31.71	36.60	36.60
Municipal Levies										
City of Beaufort	60.62	60.62	66.61	72.62	72.61	73.57	73.57	74.59	79.30	78.20
Town of Port Royal	69.00	69.00	69.00	69.00	72.00	72.00	74.00	74.00	74.00	74.00
Town of Bluffton	38.00	38.00	44.35	44.35	44.35	42.35	40.35	38.50	38.50	38.50
Town of Hilton Head	19.33	19.33	20.83	21.35	22.18	22.18	28.36	27.72	28.10	28.10
Town of Yemassee	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	71.00	66.63	66.60	66.60
Fire Levies										
Bluffton Fire - Operation	19.67	20.49	24.02	24.02	24.02	24.64	24.70	24.10	24.10	24.10
Bluffton Fire - Debt Service	0.38	-	-	-	1.22	1.10	1.04	1.45	1.60	1.60
Burton Fire - Operations	55.87	58.21	60.18	60.18	60.66	62.42	64.53	68.82	70.30	70.30
Burton Fire - Debt Service	5.53	5.53	5.74	5.74	5.26	5.26	5.26	5.15	5.10	5.10
Daufuskie Island Fire - Operations	31.74	33.07	52.57	54.72	56.98	58.44	60.27	60.27	60.20	60.20
Daufuskie Island Fire - Debt Service	-	-	2.00	2.00	2.00	-	-	-	-	-
Lady's Island/St. Helena - Operations	32.04	33.34	34.82	35.94	36.94	37.92	39.26	39.30	40.10	40.10
Lady's Island/St. Helena - Debt Service	1.50	1.50	2.30	2.36	2.20	2.20	2.11	2.00	2.00	2.00
Sheldon Fire - Operations	32.22	33.11	34.53	35.82	36.33	36.86	38.32	37.18	38.80	38.80
Sheldon Fire - Debt Services	2.18	2.18	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	3.21	3.21	3.70	3.70

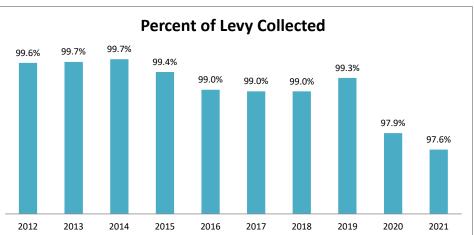
Source: Beaufort County Auditor

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	 Total Levy (1)	(Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	ollections in ubsequent Years	(Total Tax Collections	Total Collections As Percent of Levy
2012	\$ 89,604,155	\$	84,722,943	94.6%	\$ 4,558,994	\$	89,281,937	99.6%
2013	91,676,253		86,938,308	94.8%	4,431,010		91,369,319	99.7%
2014	93,247,741		89,122,179	95.6%	3,873,520		92,995,699	99.7%
2015	96,864,480		92,817,395	95.8%	3,486,349		96,303,745	99.4%
2016	103,807,410		98,865,467	95.2%	3,896,610		102,762,077	99.0%
2017	110,259,100		104,977,928	95.2%	4,128,840		109,106,768	99.0%
2018	117,278,227		112,232,564	95.7%	3,817,348		116,049,911	99.0%
2019	116,392,375		113,789,436	97.8%	1,761,401		115,550,837	99.3%
2020	124,481,669		121,927,898	97.9%	1,927,329		121,927,898	97.9%
2021	126,292,424		123,192,145	97.6%	-		123,192,145	97.6%

(1) - Includes County operations and maintenance levy, purchase of real property program levy, solid waste and recycling program levy, and debt service levy.

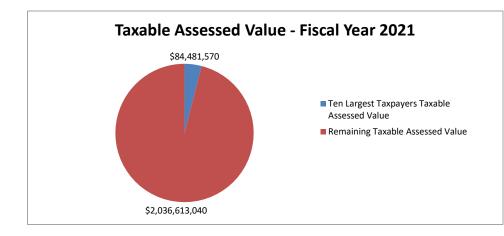


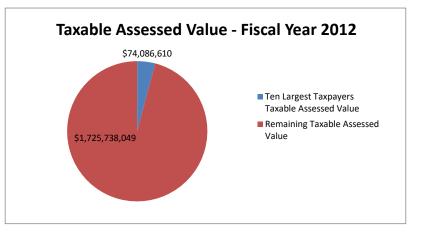


Source: Beaufort County Treasurer

TEN LARGEST TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

			2021	Fiscal Year			2012 Fiscal Y	ear
		 Taxable		Percentage	Percentage	 Taxable		Percentage
	Taxes	Assessed		of Total	of Total	Assessed		of Total
Taxpayer	Paid	Value	Rank	Taxes Levied	Assessed Value	Value	Rank	Assessed Value
Dominion Energy South Carolina	\$ 6,805,004	\$ 25,045,910	1	1.39%	1.06%	\$ 19,469,940	2	1.06%
Marriott Ownership Resorts, Inc.	4,254,712	16,817,020	2	0.93%	1.12%	20,445,000	1	1.12%
Palmetto Electric Coop, Inc.	2,688,905	11,025,150	3	0.61%	0.54%	9,794,060	3	0.54%
Bluffton Telephone Company	1,703,243	6,586,280	4	0.36%	0.22%	4,061,400	6	0.22%
Columbia Properties Hilton Head	1,279,070	4,880,580	5	0.27%	0.00%	4,540,040	4	0.00%
Hargray Telephone Company	1,140,611	4,740,820	6	0.26%	0.16%	2,988,660	8	0.16%
SCG Hilton Head Property LLC	1,119,789	4,335,720	7	0.24%	0.23%	4,260,000	5	0.23%
Sea Pines Resort	957,680	5,080,480	8	0.28%	0.20%	3,714,960	7	0.20%
PBLH LLC	828,442	2,924,190	9	0.16%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Shelter Cove II LLC	766,714	3,045,420	10	0.17%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Greenwood Development Corp.	N/A	N/A		N/A	0.16%	2,928,680	9	0.16%
Hilton Head Health Systems, LP	N/A	 N/A		N/A	0.10%	 1,883,870	10	0.10%
Total	\$ 21,544,170	\$ 84,481,570		4.67%	3.98%	\$ 74,086,610		3.79%



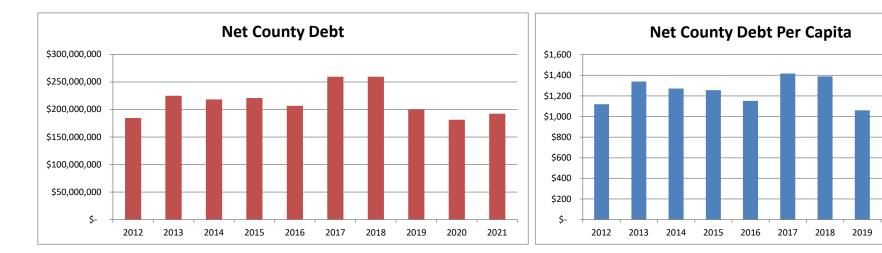


Source: Beaufort County Treasurer

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Estimated Population (1)	Assessed Value	General Obligation Bonds	Less: Debt Service Funds	Net County Debt	Ratio of Net County Debt to Assessed Value	let ty Debt Capita
2012	164,684	\$ 1,799,824,659	\$ 190,915,000	\$ 6,428,998	\$ 184,486,002	10.25%	\$ 1,120
2013	168,049	1,824,698,184	235,811,387	10,729,541	225,081,846	12.34%	1,339
2014	171,838	1,700,368,450	228,837,985	10,426,750	218,411,235	12.84%	1,271
2015	175,852	1,681,210,972	233,933,174	12,920,104	221,013,070	13.15%	1,257
2016	179,589	1,781,021,450	219,434,622	12,640,471	206,794,151	11.61%	1,151
2017	183,149	1,827,933,550	283,501,455	23,799,011	259,702,444	14.21%	1,418
2018	186,844	1,813,283,219	283,501,455	23,799,011	259,702,444	14.32%	1,390
2019	188,715	1,980,354,175	225,667,326	25,419,232	200,248,094	10.11%	1,061
2020	192,122	2,232,537,130	207,013,028	25,494,598	181,518,430	8.13%	945
2021	187,117	2,255,274,140	218,215,619	25,644,998	192,570,621	8.54%	1,029

(1) - Source: U.S. Census Bureau



2020

2021

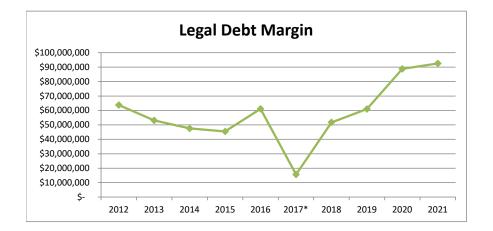
COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN JUNE 30, 2021

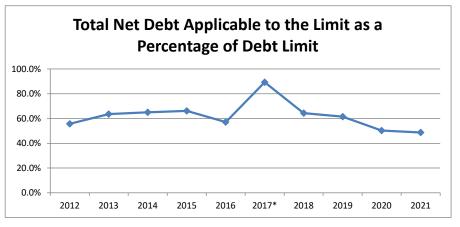
Assessed Value - 2020 Tax Year (Fiscal Year 2021)		\$ 2,255,274,140 x 8%
Constitutional Debt Limit Outstanding Subject to Debt Limit		180,421,931 87,825,875
Legal Debt Limit Remaining Without a Referendum		\$ 92,596,056
Total Outstanding General Obligation Debt Less General Obligation Debt Issued Under Referendum Less General Obligation Debt Issued Paid by Other Sources Less Premiums related to General Obligation Debt Total Outstanding Debt Subject to Debt Limit	\$ 218,215,619 (96,274,514) (21,694,464) (12,420,766) \$ 87,825,875	

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN DETAIL LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	 Debt Limit	A	tal Net Debt pplicable to Debt Limit	 Legal Debt Margin	Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	
2012	\$ 143,985,973	\$	80,253,597	\$ 63,732,376	55.7%	
2013	145,975,855		92,854,428	53,121,427	63.6%	
2014	136,029,476		88,506,497	47,522,979	65.1%	
2015	134,496,878		89,034,715	45,462,163	66.2%	
2016	142,481,716		81,400,573	61,081,143	57.1%	
2017*	146,234,684		130,644,358	15,590,326	89.3%	
2018	145,062,658		93,347,579	51,715,079	64.3%	
2019	158,428,334		97,459,059	60,969,275	61.5%	
2020	178,602,970		89,832,633	88,770,337	50.3%	
2021	180,421,931		87,825,875	92,596,056	48.7%	

* GO BAN in the amount of \$30.25 million issued for Hurricane Matthew disaster related expenses.



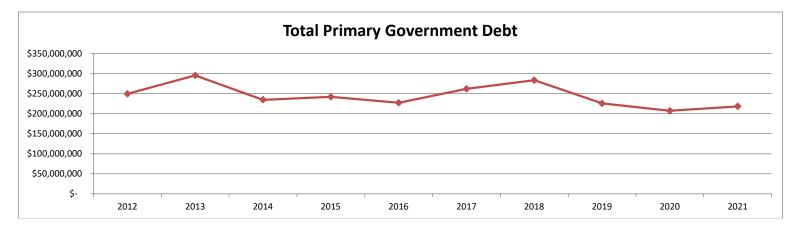


RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Governmen	tal Ac	ctivities								Total
Fiscal Year	Estimated Population (1)	 General Obligation Bonds	 TIF Revenue Bonds and BANs		Capital Leases	 Mortgage	 Total Primary Government Debt	Р	er Capita ersonal come (1)	Estimated Total Personal Income (2)	Percentage of Total Personal Income	Pi Gov	rimary ernment Debt r Capita
2012	164,684	\$ 190,915,000	\$ 58,470,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 249,385,000	\$	45,122	\$ 7,430,871,448	3.36%	\$	1,514
2013	168,049	235,811,387	59,410,000		-	-	295,221,387		45,222	7,599,511,878	3.88%		1,757
2014	171,838	228,837,985	5,685,000		-	-	234,522,985		46,137	7,928,089,806	2.96%		1,365
2015	175,852	233,933,174	5,767,750		2,148,791	-	241,849,715		47,664	8,381,809,728	2.89%		1,375
2016	179,589	220,921,444	4,586,750		1,790,659	-	227,298,853		49,914	8,964,005,346	2.54%		1,266
2017	183,149	227,555,765	30,250,000		-	4,000,000	261,805,765		52,147	9,550,670,903	2.74%		1,429
2018	186,844	249,251,455	-		-	-	283,501,455		53,766	10,045,854,504	2.82%		1,517
2019	188,715	225,667,326	-		-	-	225,667,326		56,711	10,702,216,365	2.11%		1,196
2020	192,122	207,013,028	-		-	-	207,013,028		59,318	14,033,167,246	1.48%		1,078
2021	187,117	218,215,619	-		-	-	218,215,619		60,894	11,394,302,598	1.92%		1,166

(1) - Source: U.S. Census Bureau

(2) - Calculated by multiplying the estimated population by the per capita income.



COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT JUNE 30, 2021

	Gross Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Beaufort County	Amount Applicable to Beaufort County
Beaufort County School District	\$ 425,681,629	100%	\$ 425,681,629
City of Beaufort	41,598,594	100%	41,598,594
Town of Bluffton	14,244,271	100%	14,244,271
Town of Hilton Head	123,673,837	100%	123,673,837
Town of Port Royal	246,308	100%	246,308
Hilton Head No. 1 Public Service District	8,630,000	100%	8,630,000
Burton Fire District	2,951,731	100%	2,951,731
Bluffton Fire District	12,295,571	100%	12,295,571
Lady's Island/St. Helena Island Fire District	4,913,721	100%	4,913,721
Sheldon Fire District	1,436,200	100%	1,436,200
Subtotal of Overlapping Debt	635,671,862		635,671,862
Beaufort County Direct Debt			205,795,000
Total of Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 841,466,862

Source: Debt outstanding provided by each governmental unit.

* Data not available

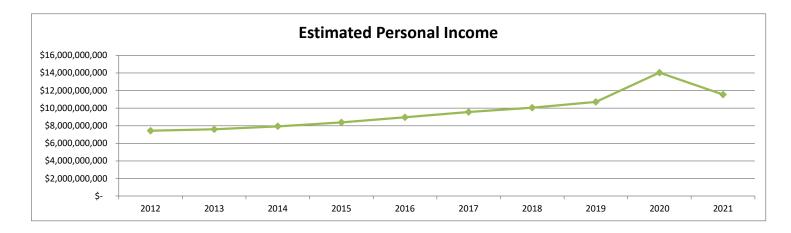
Note: As all of this debt is within Beaufort County, the percentage of applicable debt to the County is 100%. This process recognizes that, when considering the County's ability to issue long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident and, therefore, responsible for repaying debt of each overlapping government.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Estimated Population (1)	P	er Capita ersonal come (1)	 Estimated Personal Income	Unemployment Margin	Unemployment Rate (2)
2012	164,684	\$	45,122	\$ 7,430,871,448	119,562	8.8%
2013	168,049		45,222	7,599,511,878	122,827	8.8%
2014	171,838		46,137	7,928,089,806	125,701	7.9%
2015	175,852		47,664	8,381,809,728	128,188	5.6%
2016	179,589		49,914	8,964,005,346	129,675	5.0%
2017	183,149		52,147	9,550,670,903	131,002	4.0%
2018	186,844		53,766	10,045,854,504	133,078	3.4%
2019	188,715		56,711	10,702,216,365	132,004	3.3%
2020	192,122		73,043	14,033,216,365	119,079	7.4%
2021	189,517		60,894	11,540,448,198	128,623	3.7%

(1) - Source: United States Census Bureau

(2) - Source: United States Department of Labor - Bureau of Labor Statistics



Item 9.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2021			2012	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Beaufort County School District	2,853	*	*	3,159	*	*
Beaufort County	1,261	*	*	*	*	*
Beaufort Memorial Hospital	*	*	*	*	*	*
Publix Super Markets Inc	*	*	*	*	*	*
Sea Pines Resort LLC	*	*	*	*	*	*
Carecore National LLC (Evicore)	*	*	*	*	*	*
Cypress Club Inc.	*	*	*	*	*	*
Hargray Communications Group Inc	*	*	*	*	*	*
Technical College of the Lowcountry	*	*	*	*	*	*
Mariners Inn	*	*	*	*	*	*
Sodexo, Inc.	*	*	*	*	*	*

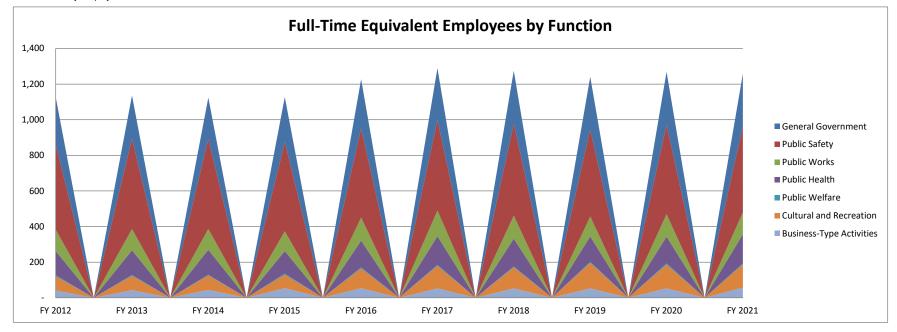
* Specific information related to those employers was deemed confidential by the South Carolina Department of Employment & Workforce.

Item 9.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
General Government	266	244	232	252	275	291	297	297	298	294
Public Safety	479	505	505	501	501	507	516	487	501	485
Public Works	120	120	117	111	130	145	130	113	127	123
Public Health	136	138	140	127	150	161	156	142	150	164
Public Welfare	6	6	5	6	6	6	5	6	7	6
Cultural and Recreation	79	80	81	76	111	126	118	143	133	128
Business-Type Activities	42	43	44	54	54	53	53	53	53	59
Total Full-Time Employees	1,128	1,136	1,124	1,127	1,227	1,289	1,275	1,241	1,269	1,259

Source: Beaufort County Employee Services



Item 9.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
General Government										
Number of Parcels Owned	234	245	249	284	293	299	302	312	312	312
Acreage of County-Owned Land	13,739	15,161	15,247	15,344	15,682	15,890	15,894	15,967	15,967	15,967
Miles of Paved (Maintained) Road	200	202	205	208	211	211	211	211	211	211
Miles of Unimproved Road	106	104	101	98	95	95	95	95	95	95
Total Miles of Road	306	306	306	306	306	306	306	306	306	306
Number of Vehicles	39	59	47	48	56	58	61	65	65	67
Public Safety										
Number of Vehicles	345	388	388	387	377	408	425	433	433	435
Public Works										
Number of Vehicles	90	92	91	89	98	105	112	113	113	96
Public Health										
Number of Vehicles	57	63	60	63	70	71	78	87	87	93
Public Welfare										
Number of Vehicles	2	3	3	3	3	5	5	5	5	9
Cultural & Recreation										
Total Acreage of Parks and Leisure Service-Owned Land	930	930	930	930	930	930	930	930	930	930
Number of Community Centers	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Number of Playgrounds	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Number of Football Fields	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Number of Gymnasiums	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Number of Basketball Courts	15	15	15	15	15	15	18	18	18	18
Number of Tennis Courts	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
Number of Baseball/Softball Fields	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34
Number of Soccer Fields	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Number of Passive Parks	6	6	6	3	6	6	6	6	6	6
Number of Racquetball Courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	4	4	4
Number of Fitness Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
Number of Boat Landings	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Number of Vehicles	28	31	31	31	31	31	35	35	35	35

Source: Beaufort County

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Detention Center (1)								0.007	0.454	0.000
Inmates booked	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	4,142 177	3,907	3,154	2,809 111
Average Daily Population (ADP)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	177	180	154	111
Emergency Medical Services (1)										
Number of Calls Responded to	13,799	12,744	14,906	14,350	15,121	15,507	15,751	16,360	16,391	18,198
	10,100	,	1,000	,000	.0,121	10,001		10,000	10,001	10,100
Building Codes and Enforcement (1)										
Permits issued	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3,299	4,023	3,671	3,448
Plans reviewed	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,056	1,136	1,184	1,354
Inspections completed	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	14,061	14,319	14,184	13,532
Violations issued	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,710	1,745	1,628
Complaints received	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	114	210	193
Animal Services (1)										
Intake	4,770	4,524	4,274	3,271	3,276	3,116	3,408	3,013	2,502	2,160
Euthanasia rate	1,750	1,228	1,046	731	566	385	436	364	330	182
	.,	.,	.,							
Mosquito Control (1)										
Service requests	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	611	966	776	979
Parks and Recreation (1)										
Athletic registrations - youth	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5,328	3,653	4,506
Athletic registrations - adults	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,421	1,206	1,607
Pool admissions	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	13,280	4,087	3,754
									-,	-,
Registered Voters (2)										
Beaufort County	100,320	111,168	100,320	101,761	113,271	115,600	119,685	122,447	132,338	146,633
State of South Carolina	2,722,280	2,932,402	2,722,287	2,948,772	3,153,521	3,196,012	3,085,276	3,147,589	3,329,755	3,579,119

(1) - Source: Beaufort County

(2) - Source: South Carolina State Election Commission

N/A - Data Not Available

COMPLIANCE SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

County Council of Beaufort County Beaufort, South Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Beaufort County, South Carolina** (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Beaufort County, South Carolina's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 19, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Savannah, Georgia January 19, 2022

Mauldin & Genkins, LLC



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

County Council of Beaufort County Beaufort, South Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited **Beaufort County, South Carolina's** (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The County's major federal program is identified in the summary of audit results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the County's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program, and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Savannah, Georgia January 19, 2022

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Federal CFDA Number	Project / Award Number	Federal Award Expended		Passed Through to Subrecipients	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development						
HOME Investments Partnership Program - Lowcountry Regional HOME	14.239	M17-DC-45-0210	\$	492.068	\$	492,068
Consortium Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	14.200	WITT-DO-40-0210	\$	492,068	\$	492,068
U.S. Department of Justice						
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	2020-AP-BX-0769		1,652		-
Direct Program:						
Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program	16.034	2020-VD-BX-1345		97,937		-
Direct Program:						
BJA FY19 Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program - Local	16.738	2020-DJ-BX-0138		20,162		-
Solicitation Total JAG programs	10.100	2020 20 20 20 0100		20,162		-
Total U.S. Department of Justice			\$	119,751	\$	-
J.S. Department of Transportation Direct Programs: Federal Aviation Administration, Airport Improvement Programs						
Lady's Island Airport, Rehabilitate Runway 7/25 Lighting (Including PAPI's, REILs and Electrical Vault): Rehabilitate Taxiway Lighting (Including Lighted Signs)						
	20.106	3-45-0008-014-2018	\$	3,661	\$	-
Lady's Island Airport, CARES ACT Hilton Head Island Airport, Runway 21 Extension, Taxiway F Infield Drainage	20.106	3-45-0008-015-2020		30,000		-
Improvements and Mitigation, Runway 21 EMAS, Runway 03 Extension Hilton Head Island Airport, Extend Runway 3 (297 feet - includes EMAS) - Phase II,	20.106	3-45-0030-039-2016		415,015		-
Acquire Land for Runway OFA and Taxiway A Relocation (Partial Reimbursement for Relocation Expenses)	20.106	3-45-0030-040-2017		35,308		-
Hilton Head Island Airport, Acquire Land (Fee simple, easement and relocation- Runway OFA and Taxiway A and F)	20.106	3-45-0030-042-2018		515		-
Hilton Head Island Airport, CARES ACT	20.106	3-45-0030-044-2020		846,867		-
Hilton Head Island Airport, Terminal Rehab/Renovation, Design & Construction – Phase 1;	20.106	3-45-0030-045-2020		1,339,573		-
Hilton Head Island Airport, Commercial Apron Expansion, Design & Construction	20.106	3-45-0030-046-2020		477,162		-
Total Airport Improvement Program				3,148,100		-
Transit Services Programs Cluster						
Passed through SC Department of Transportation Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities	20.513	PT-215510-62		50,000		-
Total Transit Services Programs Cluster	20.0.0	2.0010 02		50,000		_
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			\$	3,198,100	\$	-
			φ	3, 190, 100	Φ	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Federal CFDA Number	Project / Award Number	Federal Award Expended	Passed Through to Subrecipients	
US Department of Treasury:					
Pass through the State of Georgia Office of Planning and Budget:					
Coronavirus Aid Relief & Economic Security Act Grant - COVID-19	21.019	SA-0798	\$ 200,736	\$-	
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			\$ 200,736	\$-	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services					
Passed through SC Department of Social Services					
Child Support Enforcement IV-D Transaction Reimbursement	93.563	1901SCCES	\$ 102,431	\$-	
Child Support Enforcement IV-D Incentive Payments	93.563	1901SCCES	5,864	-	
Child Support Enforcement IV-D Service of Process Payments	93.563	1901SCCES	6,320	-	
Child Support Enforcement IV-D Filing Fees	93.563	1901SCCES	10,650	-	
Total Child Support Enforcement			125,265	-	
Passed through SC Health and Human Services Finance Commission Collaborator/Coordinator - Medicaid Contract	93.778	A20220545A	102 616		
	93.778	AZUZZU040A	103,616		
Total Medicaid Cluster			103,616		
Passed through SC Department of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services (SC DAODAS)					
SC DAODAS Block Grant	93.959	BEA-BG-20	382,568	-	
SAPT BG Assessment	93.959	BEA-BG-20	13,600	-	
DAODAS Peer Support Specialist (SOR)	93.788	BEA-SOR-20	13,141	-	
Total Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment (SAPT) Pass-Through from SC DAODAS					
			409,309		
Direct Program					
Provider Relief Fund AND American Rescue Plan (ARP) Rural Distribution	93.498	HHS-80028397738	117,088		
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			\$ 755,278	\$ -	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through the Office of the SC Adjutant General, Emergency Management Division					
FEMA Disaster Grant - Public Assistance - Hurricane Dorian	97.036	FEMA-4464-DR-SC	\$ 48,492	\$-	
FEMA Disaster Grant - Public Assistance - Hurricane Matthew FEMA Disaster Grant - Public Assistance - Covid-19 Pandemic	97.036 97.036	FEMA-4286-PA-SC FEMA-4492-DR-SC	542,174 8,033	-	
Total Emergency Management Division	97.000	T EIMA-4432-DI(-50	598,700		
Passed through the Office of the SC Adjutant General					
Fiscal Year 2019 Local Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	19EMPG01	13,500	-	
Fiscal Year 2020 Local Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	20EMPG01	52,645	-	
Fiscal Year 2020 Local Emergency Management Performance Grant Total Local Emergency Management Performance	97.042	20EMPG-S01	21,847		
			07,332		
Passed through SC Law Enforcement Division Low Country Regional WMD Bomb Squad, Beaufort County, SC	97.067	20SHSP04	67,003		
				-	
Low Country Regional WMD SWAT Team, Beaufort County, SC	97.067	20SHSP11	61,342	-	
Low Country Regional WMD Medical Assistance Team, Beaufort County, SC	97.067	20SHSP36	35,183	-	
Low Country Regional WMD Bomb Squad, Beaufort County, SC	97.067	19SHSP04	3,108	-	
Low Country Regional WMD SWAT Team, Beaufort County, SC	97.067	19SHSP11	2,915		
Total Passed through SC Law Enforcement Division			169,550		
Transportation Security Administration Law Enforcement Officer Reimbursement Agreement Program	97.090	HSTS0216HSLR742	49,565		
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security	97.090	10100210H0LR/42	\$ 905,806		
i otal U.S. Department of Homeland Security			φ 905,806	φ -	
Grand Total of Fiscal Year 2021 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 5,671,739	\$ 492,068	

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NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Beaufort County, South Carolina (the "County"), and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental fund types and the accrual basis of accounting for the proprietary fund types. The County reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the County's basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

De-Minimis Indirect Cost Rate

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the County did not use the 10% de-Minimis indirect cost rate.

Non-Cash Awards

There were no federal awards expended in the form of noncash assistance during the fiscal year. There were also no loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year-end.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements				
Type of auditor's report issued		Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weaknesses identified?		Yes <u>X</u> No		
Significant deficiencies identified not considered				
to be material weaknesses?		Yes X None Reported		
Noncompliance material to financial statements	noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No		
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs:				
Material weaknesses identified?		Yes <u>X</u> No		
Significant deficiencies identified not considered				
to be material weaknesses?		Yes <u>X</u> No		
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance fo	r major programs	Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to	be reported in			
accordance with the Uniform Guidance		Yes <u>X</u> No		
Identification of major programs:				
Identification of major programs:				
<u>CFDA Number</u>	Name of Federal Program or C	luster		
20.106	U.S. Department of Transportation			
	Federal Aviation Administration	, Airport Improvement Programs		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Typ	be A and Type B programs:	\$750,000		

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

____ Yes <u>X</u>No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

None reported.

SECTION III FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

2020-001. General Accounting Matters

Criteria: Internal control is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of an entity's objectives with regard to the reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Internal control is a process of safeguarding assets against unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition, and includes controls related to financial reporting and operational objectives.

Generally accepted accounting principles require assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures/expenses to be recognized in the accounting period in which they become earned, measurable (and available for modified accrual funds). Further, a fundamental principle in accounting and financial reporting is the notion of timely recognition and recording of financial and non-financial transactions and activities.

Condition: Certain accounting, reporting and reconciling procedures were not properly performed and reviewed during the fiscal year, which required a significant effort to close the County's 2020 fiscal year. Significant adjustments were required to be recorded. We noted deficiencies in completeness, accuracy, and cut off. Specifically, we noted a lack of accurate financial and non-financial information needed to properly maintain general ledgers, subsidiary ledgers, reconciliations and to close-out and report activities, events and transactions on a periodic basis.

Auditee Response/ Status: Resolved.

2020-002. Bank Reconciliations

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place to provide reasonable assurance that reconciliations of cash balances to their bank accounts are reviewed and approved by management.

Condition: During our testing of cash balances, we noted the bank reconciliation for the Payroll checking account had an unexplained difference between the general ledger balance and the reconciled cash balance of \$206,547.

Auditee Response/ Status: Resolved.

2020-003. Timeliness of Federal Drawdowns

Criteria: Airport Improvement Program Grant guidelines require that reimbursement of grant expenditures be submitted on a timely basis.

Condition: Grant expenditures were not being submitted in a timely manner during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Auditee Response/ Status: Resolved.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

2020-004. Timeliness of Completing the Federal Financial Report (SF-425) Submission

Criteria: Airport Improvement Program Grant guidelines require that the Federal Financial Report form be submitted during the required period as outlined in the Airport Improvement Program guidelines.

Condition: The Federal Financial Report form was not submitted during the permitted time for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Auditee Response/ Status: Resolved.





ITEM TITLE:

Discussion on forensic audit.

MEETING NAME AND DATE:

Finance Committee 02/22/2022

PRESENTER INFORMATION:

Hayes Williams Chief Financial Officer

10-15 Minutes

ITEM BACKGROUND:

After the internal audit prepared by Elliot Davis, it was suggested that Beaufort County have a forensic audit prepared for all County owned assets over \$5,000.

PROJECT / ITEM NARRATIVE:

Beaufort County put the forensic audit out to bid. The County received two bids for the audit. Since the audit, Finance, Purchasing and Fleet Maintenance have hired additional staff including a new fleet manager, a purchasing administrative assistant and Finance is in the process of hiring a fixed assets accountant.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Beaufort County could reduce expenses and save money by using internal personnel to perform the actions that would be performed in the forensic audit. It would help with financial reporting and transparency.

STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS TO COUNCIL:

Staff recommends the Finance Committee allow staff to perform the function of the forensic audit.

OPTIONS FOR COUNCIL MOTION:

Motion to accept or deny the presentation to the Finance Committee.



ITEM TITLE:

An Ordinance for FY2022 Local Accommodations & Local Hospitality Tax Grant Awards

MEETING NAME AND DATE:

Finance Committee, February 22, 2022

PRESENTER INFORMATION:

Shannon Milroy, Grants Accountant

10 minutes

ITEM BACKGROUND:

Beaufort County started the Local Accommodation Tax and Local Hospitality Tax application process in October of 2021, with the closing of applications on December 31, 2021. The applications were reviewed by the Local Accommodation Tax and Local Hospitality Tax Committee for compliance with the Local Statutes and their individual need and merit. Attached are the Committee's recommendations along with the Ordinance to disburse FY2022's allocations.

PROJECT / ITEM NARRATIVE:

The Local Accommodation Tax Fund budgeted \$2,579,920 to award, and Local Hospitality Tax Fund budgeted \$2,396,736 to award for combined total of \$4,976,656 available to award for 2022

FISCAL IMPACT:

Recommendations of \$2,149,808 to be provided out the Local Accommodations Tax Fund and the Local Hospitality Tax Fund

STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS TO COUNCIL:

Staff recommends approval of recommendations & move to full Council for approval

OPTIONS FOR COUNCIL MOTION:

Approve the motion for First Reading at the next County Council meeting.

or

Deny the motion.

ORDINANCE NO. 2022/

AN ORDINANCE TO APPROPRIATE GRANT AWARDS TO LOCAL ENTITIES FROM THE COUNTY'S LOCAL (3%) ACCOMMODATIONS TAX AND LOCAL HOSPITALITY TAX COLLECTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2022.

WHEREAS, Beaufort County Council ("County Council") is authorized to utilize Local Accommodations Tax ("Local A-Tax") Funds for limited tourism-based purposes described in Beaufort County Code Ordinance Sec. 66-44; and

WHEREAS, Beaufort County Ordinance Sec. 66-534 describes permitted uses of the hospitality tax fund

WHEREAS, Beaufort County Code Ordinance Sec. 66-44(b) states "authorization to utilize any funds from the 'County of Beaufort, South Carolina, Local Accommodations Tax Account' shall be by ordinance duly adopted by the County Council; and

WHEREAS, Section 66-534(b) states "authorization to utilize any funds from the "County of Beaufort, South Carolina Hospitality Tax Account," shall be by ordinance duly adopted by the county council; and

WHEREAS, Beaufort County started the Local Accommodation Tax and Local Hospitality Tax application process in October of 2021, with the closing of applications on December 31, 2021. The applications were reviewed by the Local Accommodation Tax and Local Hospitality Tax Committee for compliance with the Local Statutes and their individual need and merit; and

WHEREAS, County Council finds that it is in the best interest of its citizens, residents, visitors and tourists to provide the recommended funds to local entities and projects as set forth in the attached "Exhibit A" which is incorporated herein by reference.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY BEAUFORT COUNTY COUNCIL, that appropriations shall be made in the form of grant awards to local entities from Beaufort County's Local Accommodations Tax Funds and Hospitality Tax Funds as set forth in the attached Exhibit A.

COUNTY COUNCIL OF BEAUFORT COUNTY

BY:___

Joseph Passiment, Jr.

ATTEST:

Sarah Brock, Clerk to Council Chronology: Third and Final Reading:_____ Public Hearing: _____ Second Reading:_____ First Reading: _____

BEAUFORT COUNTY LOCAL ACCOMMODATIONS AND HOSPITALITY TAX GRANT APPLICANTS

2021-2022	
-----------	--

UtilizationLMM (PM) (PM) (PM) (PM) (PM) (PM) (PM) (P			2021-2022				
2Brankor Cn. Provide ParksChatte River Park Construction5515,565 -0.001 Project deened on cerologi of a training data	t/Project	Organization Event	ject Am	nount Requested	Amount Recommended	Awarded % of Ask	Notes
Beaufort Co. Public Works Annual Boat Landing Maintenance S 20000 S 200000 Boat Full Assume of Maintenance/Infrastruture Costs Beaufort Co. Public Works Amnual Boat Landing Maintenance S 200000 S 200000 Boat Beaufort Co. Public Works Maintenance/Infrastruture Costs Partial Assume of Maintenance/Infrastruture Costs Beaufort Co. Public Works Budies Kind Beach Access S 20000 S 200000 Boat Premission Comment Beaufort Co. Public Works Maintenance/Infrastruture Costs Partial Assume of Maintenance/Infrastruture Costs Premission Comment Beaufort Co. Public Works Maintenance/Infrastruture Costs Partial Assume of Maintenance/Infrastruture Costs Premission Comment Phase II Costs S 20000 S 20000 Boat Infrastruture Costs Partial Assume of Maintenance/Infrastruture Costs Partial Assume of Maintenance/Infrastruture Costs Infrastruture Costs Partial Assume of Maintenance/Infrastruture Costs Partial Assume of Maintenance/Infrastruture Costs Infrastruture Costs Partial Assume of Maintenance/Infrastruture Costs Partial Assume of Maintenance/Infrastruture Costs Infrastruture Costs Partial Assume of Mainte	tion	assive Parks Whitehall Park Construct	\$	560,478	\$ 560,47	8 100.0%	Partial Funding; Applicant should also pursue Beaufort County State ATAX funds
4 Beaufort Co. Parks & Recreation Burton Wells Pickleball 5 Secure Co. Parks & Recreation Burton Wells Pickleball 5 Secure Co. Parks & Recreation Se	ruction	Assive Parks Okatie River Park Constru	n \$	615,562	\$	- 0.0%	Project deemed not enough of a tourist draw to fund.
a Beddingt Co. Parks & Reference Burding Veels problems S Section S Section S Section 5 Beddingt Co. Parks & Reference DavGuske Island & Beddingt County DavGuske Island & Beddingt County Ubrary Annual Book Sale S 15:000 S 12:000 Fund Soft DavGuske Island & Beddingt County Ubrary 7 Friends of Beaufort County Ubrary Annual Book Sale S 15:000 S - 0.006 Fund Soft County Ubrary 8 Pend Center Pase I S 12:00:000 S - 0.006 Funding a study deemed variable for further fur	intenance	ublic Works Annual Boat Landing Mai	ance \$	200,000	\$ 200,00	0 100.0%	Full Award for Maintenance/Infrastructure Costs
about County Database Solution		arks & Recreation Burton Wells Pickleball	\$	560,000	\$ 200,00	0 35.7%	
intends of the Spatial holes frail intends of the Spatial holes intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends intends	Access	:y Daufuskie Island Beach A	s \$	250,000	\$ 250,00	0 100.0%	Full Award. Daufuskie Island is a tourist draw and better infrastructure is needed to support those visiting and accessing the island.
r Princip Annual Mode Sale 5 1.200,00 5 - 0.00% Funding from the City of BauJort. 8 Penn Center Phase II 5 1.200,000 5 - 0.00% Funds from 2013 Award unspent; ineligible for further fur 10 Beaufort Co. Facility Management Public Boat Landings Study 5 65,266 5 - 0.00% Fundars for marketing expenses; Funds must be used a funding study expende outside the scope of allowable <i>A</i> 11 Hilton Head Island Airport Air Service Marketing 5 30,000 5 30,000 Full Award for marketing expenses; Funds must be used a funding for marketing expenses; Funds must be used a funding for marketing expenses; Funds must be used a funding for the Sird So222 5 2.000 5 1.000 All agres will be installed within the City of Beaufort. 14 Friends of Port Royal Cypress Wetlands Trail Mag Brochure, Birthday for the Birds 2022 5 1.0000 5 1.0000 Full Award for marketing expenses; All cation based on reduced ask. 15 Hill Strick Samp Parade 5 1.0000 5 1.0000 100.00% Full Award for marketing expenses; All cation based on reduced ask. 16 Beaufort Co. Black Chamber of Commerr		panish Moss Trail Ribaut Road Crossing	\$	125,000	\$ 125,00	0 100.0%	Full Award; SMT is County owned and this portion of the project lies within County jurisdiction with the exception of a small portion of asphalt paving.
9 Beaufort Executive Airport Terminal Exterior Rejuvenation \$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ Full Award for exterior renovations 10 Beaufort Co. Facility Management Public Boat Landings Study \$ 162,966 \$ 0.0007 Full Award for marketing expenses; Funds must be used a larger grant application. 11 Hitton Head Island Airport Air Service Marketing \$ 230,000 \$ 200,000 \$ 100,007 Full Award for marketing expenses; Funds must be used a larger grant application. 12 Beaufort Co. Engineering Broad River Fabring Pier - Phase II \$ 230,000 \$ 0,000 Full Award for marketing expenses; Funds must be used a larger grant application. 13 Friends of Port Royal Cypress Wetlands Trail Map Brochure, Birthday for the Birds 2022 \$ 2,000 \$ 0,000 Full Award for marketing funds; other items in budget 14 Hit Str. Pat's Parade Foundation Daufuskie Island Foundation \$ 10,000 \$ 0.000 \$ Full Award for marketing expense; Allocation based on lericity of Beaufort Co. Black Chamber of Commerce \$ 33,645 \$ 0.000 \$ Full Award for marketing expense; <td></td> <td>Ifort County Library Annual Book Sale</td> <td>\$</td> <td>15,000</td> <td>\$</td> <td>- 0.0%</td> <td>Installation on a facility owned by another entity was questionable. FOBL should pursue funding from the City of Beaufort.</td>		Ifort County Library Annual Book Sale	\$	15,000	\$	- 0.0%	Installation on a facility owned by another entity was questionable. FOBL should pursue funding from the City of Beaufort.
10 Reaufort Co. Facility Management Public Boat Landings Study 5 162,966 5 0.0% Funding a study deemed outside the scope of allowable A Fail Award for marketing expenses; Funds must be used a larger grant application. 11 Hilton Head Island Airport Air Service Marketing 5 30,000 5 30,000 Funding a study deemed outside the scope of allowable A Fail Award for marketing expenses; Funds must be used a larger grant application. 12 Beaufort Co. Engineering Broad River Fishing Pier - Phase II 5 30,000 5 30,000 5 200,000 Full Award for marketing expenses; Funds must be used a larger grant application. 13 Friends of Port Royal Cypress Wetlands Trail Map Brochure, Birthday for the Birds 2022 5 10,000 5 0,005 Full Award for marketing expenses; Allocation based on detailed budget bring s full Award for marketing funds; other items in budget frames in the secoperation frames framesere framesere frames in budget frames in the secoperatio		Phase II	\$	1,200,000	\$	- 0.0%	Funds from 2019 Award unspent; ineligible for further funding at this time.
Initian Haad Island Airport Air Service Marketing \$ 30,000 \$ 30,000 \$ 30,000 \$ 100,000 Full Avard for marketing expenses; Funds must be used a larger grant application. 12 Beaufort Co. Engineering Broad River Fishing Pier - Phase II \$ 230,000 \$ 230,000 100,000 Full Avard for marketing expenses; Funds must be used a larger grant application. 13 Friends of Port Royal Cypress Wetlands Trail Mag Brochure_Birthday for the Birds 2022 \$ 2,000 \$ 1,375 66.77 Partial Avard for marketing expenses; Automation is budget being s 14 Friends of Port Royal Cypress Wetlands Trail Mag Brochure_Birthday for the Birds 2022 \$ 1,000 \$ 10,000 100,000 Full Avard for marketing expenses; Allocation based on detailed budget being s 15 Hui St. Pat's Parade Foundation Daufuskie bay Celebration \$ 15,000 \$ 10,000 100,000 Reporting incomplete, previous avards unspent; ineligibit 16 Daufuskie Island Airport Kentucky Derby 2022 \$ 34,700 \$ - 0,000 Reporting incomplete, previous avards unspent; ineligibit 16 Beaufort Co. Black Chamber of Commerce Black Moses Freedom Festival \$ 30,500 \$ - 0,000 Reporting incomplete, previous avards unspent; ineligibit 16 Beaufort Co. Black Chamber	enation	tive Airport Terminal Exterior Rejuve	in \$	75,000	\$ 75,00	0 100.0%	Full Award for exterior renovations
1 Hindhinkad island Alipott Air Service Marketing 5 30,000 5 30,000 10,00% larger grant application. 2 Beaufort Co. Engineering Broad River Fishing Pier - Phase II 5 230,000 5 230,000 100,0% All service Marketing Pier - Phase II All service Marketing Pier - Phase II 5 230,000 5 230,000 100,0% All service Marketing Pier - Phase II All service Marketing Pier - Phase II 5 10,000 5 - 0.0% All service Marketing Finds; other Items in budget 5 Hit St. Pair's Parade Foundation 2022 St. Patrick's Day Parade 5 10,000 5 10,000 10,000 Full Award for marketing funds; other Items in budget 6 Daufuskie Island Foundation Daufuskie Day Celebration 5 34,000 5 0.0% Reporting incomplete, previous awards unspent; Ineligible 8 Beaufort Co. Black Chamber of Commerce Fuel Avard for marketing oxpense; Allocation based on inclusion abased abased abautori Co. Black Chamber of Commerce Fuel Avard for marketing oxpense; Allocatin based on inclusion abase	ıdy	cility Management Public Boat Landings Stud	\$	162,966	\$	- 0.0%	Funding a study deemed outside the scope of allowable ATAX/HTAX allocations
13 Friends of Beaufort County Library StoryWalk \$ 10,000 \$.0,006 \$.0,006 All signs will be installed within the City of Beaufort; final Beaufort than on been approached for ATAX funding. 14 Friends of Port Royal Cypress Wetlands Trail Map Brochure_Birthday for the Birds 2022 \$ 2,060 \$ 1,375 66.7% Partial Award for marketing funds; other items in budget toing so the items in budget toing		and Airport Air Service Marketing	\$	30,000	\$ 30,00	0 100.0%	Full Award for marketing expenses; Funds must be used as part of the airport's match for their larger grant application.
a Priends of Reading County Library Storywaik S 10,000 S - 0.058 Beaufort has not been approached for ATAX funding. 14 Friends of Port Royal Cypress Wetlands Trail Map Brochure_Birthday for the Birds 2022 S 2,060 S 1,375 66.7% Partial Award for marketing funds, other items in budget bias of the bias of	- Phase II	igineering Broad River Fishing Pier -	se II \$	230,000	\$ 230,00	0 100.0%	Full Award to complete Phase II of this project. Phase I was funded with ATAX funds.
5HH ist. Pat's Parade Foundation2022 St. Patrick's Day Parade\$10,000\$100.00%Full award; Conditional based on detailed budget being s reduced ask.16Daufuskie Island FoundationDaufuskie Day Celebration\$15,000\$12,60084.00%17Beaufort Co. Black Chamber of CommerceKentucky Derby 2022\$34,4700\$-0.0%Reporting incomplete, previous awards unspent; Ineligibil18Beaufort Co. Black Chamber of CommerceTravel Professionals of Color Conference\$33,645\$-0.0%Reporting incomplete, previous awards unspent; Ineligibil19Beaufort Co. Black Chamber of CommerceBlack Moses Freedom Festival\$44,500\$-0.0%Reporting incomplete, previous awards unspent; Ineligibil10Beaufort Co. Black Chamber of CommerceBlack Moses Freedom Festival\$44,500\$-0.0%Reporting incomplete, previous awards unspent; Ineligibil11Beaufort Co. Black Chamber of CommerceArt for Art's Sake\$17,000\$-0.0%Reporting incomplete, previous awards unspent; Ineligibil12Port Royal Sound FoundationPort Royal Sound Foundation Research Campus\$5,000\$5,000100.0%Full award for marketing, police, fire and security costs. C13Beaufort Area Hospitality Association2023 Beaufort Oyster Festival\$\$20,000\$\$36,87573.8%14Beaufort Area Hospitality AssociationBullaward Museum Migrant H		Jfort County Library StoryWalk	\$	10,000	\$	- 0.0%	All signs will be installed within the City of Beaufort; final sites not yet determined. City of Beaufort has not been approached for ATAX funding.
6 Daufuskie Island Foundation Daufuskie Day Celebration \$ 15,000 \$ 12,600 84.0% Full Award for marketing expenses; Allocation based on reduced ask. 7 Beaufort Co. Black Chamber of Commerce Kentucky Derby 2022 \$ 34,700 \$ 0.0% Reporting incomplete, previous awards unspent; Ineligibility 8 Beaufort Co. Black Chamber of Commerce S 33,645 \$ 0.0% Reporting incomplete, previous awards unspent; Ineligibility 9 Beaufort Co. Black Chamber of Commerce Southeast Business Summit \$ 30,500 \$ 0.0% Reporting incomplete, previous awards unspent; Ineligibility 10 Beaufort Co. Black Chamber of Commerce Black Moses Freedom Festival \$ 44,500 \$ 0.0% Reporting incomplete, previous awards unspent; Ineligibility 11 Beaufort Co. Black Chamber of Commerce Art for Art's Sake \$ 17,000 \$ 0.0% Reporting incomplete, previous awards unspent; Ineligibility 12 Port Royal Sound Foundation Port Royal Sound Foundation Research Campus \$ 442,000 \$ 0.0% Reporting incomplete, previous awards unspent; Ineligibility 12 Port Royal Sound Foundation	hday for the Bin	Royal Cypress Wetlands Trail Map Brochure_Birth	for the Birds 2022 \$	2,060	\$ 1,37	66.7%	Partial Award for marketing funds; other items in budget unallowable.
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	ier	igineering Wimbee Creek Fishing Pir	\$	800,000	\$	- 0.0%	Demolition on its own is not an allowable expense.
		ons: 29	\$	6,402,086	\$ 2,149,80	8 33.6%	=
TOTAL AVAILABLE (ATAX & HTAX):\$4,976,656Recommended Awards Total:\$(2,149,808)Total Amount Remaining in Both Funds:\$2,826,848	Total:	Recommended Awards T	\$	(2,149,808)			

Item 12.



ITEM TITLE:

Adoption of an Impact Fee Ordinance for Emergency Medical Services

MEETING NAME AND DATE:

Finance Committee – February 22, 2022

PRESENTER INFORMATION:

Eric Greenway, Beaufort County Administrator

20 minutes needed for presentation.

ITEM BACKGROUND:

Beaufort County contracted with the firm Tischler Bise to assist them in updating their impact fee ordinance, which was originally adopted in 1999. The original impact fee ordinance addresses parks and recreation facilities, library facilities, roads, and fire facilities. Tischler Bise was asked to add EMS services. This ordinance applies to all of Beaufort County except for the Town of Hilton Head Island.

PROJECT / ITEM NARRATIVE:

The attached impact fee ordinance address Emergency Medical Services. Parks, libraries, and fire impact fees are covered under a separate ordinance on this meeting's agenda. County Engineering staff are currently refining the road facilities impact fee ordinance for both north and south of the Broad River and will present these revisions to the Finance Committee at a future meeting.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Over the next 10 years the impact fee is projected to produce \$4,190,284 in revenue.

STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS TO COUNCIL:

Staff recommends approval.

OPTIONS FOR COUNCIL MOTION:

To approve or deny the Impact Fee Ordinance for Emergency Medical Services

ORDINANCE 2022/

AN ORDINANCE OF THE COUNTY COUNCIL OF BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA ("COUNCIL") ESTABLISHING AND ADOPTING AN EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES ("EMS") DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEE ("IMPACT FEE") TO BE IMPOSED ON ALL NEW DEVELOPMENT IN THE COUNTY EXCEPT FOR NEW DEVELOPMENT IN THE TOWN OF HILTON HEAD ISLAND; TO ENSURE THAT EMS FACILITIES (EMS STATIONS AND EMERGENCY VEHICLES) WILL BE AVAILABLE AND ADEQUATE TO ACCOMMODATE THE NEED EXPECTED TO BE GENERATED FROM NEW DEVELOPMENT IN THE COUNTY (EXCEPT WITHIN HILTON HEAD ISLAND) BASED ON THE COUNTY'S LEVEL OF SERVICE STANDARDS FOR EMS FACILITIES AND CAPITAL IMPROVMENTS PLAN (CIP), AND TO ASSIGN THE COSTS OF SUCH EMS FACILITIES ON A PROPROTIONATE SHARE BASIS TO NEW DEVELOPMENT;

WHEREAS, Beaufort County ("County") has experienced population growth and development for the past 30 years, and projections indicate that population growth and development will continue at a reasonable rate into the future; and

WHEREAS, the County has experienced the impacts on public facilities resulting from this population growth and development; and WHEREAS, population and growth estimates for the County over the next 10 years indicate there will be a need for additional Emergency Medical Services ("EMS") facility system improvements (EMS stations and emergency vehicles) due to population growth and development; and

WHEREAS, the County has defined a level of service standard for EMS facilities (EMS stations and ambulances); and

WHEREAS, this level of service standard and the projected population growth and development identifies these EMS facility system improvement needs in a capital improvement (CIP) over the next 10 years; and

WHEREAS, the cost of these EMS facility system improvement needs is significant and expensive; and

WHEREAS, if property taxes, or bonds (backed only by property taxes,) are used to finance the new EMS facility system improvements (EMS stations and emergency vehicles) needed to accommodate the demand generated by new development in the County (excluding Hilton Head Island), they would be largely paid for by existing residents and businesses that have already paid for much of the EMS facility system improvements that they utilize; and

WHEREAS, the County Council finds that it is fair and equitable for new development in the County (excluding Hilton Head Island) to fund new EMS facility system improvements, in part, through a proportionate share EMS development impact fee; and

WHEREAS, the County Council finds the EMS development impact fee will be imposed uniformly on all similar residential and nonresidential use types, regardless of the location of the development; and

WHEREAS, the County Council has given ample consideration to the provision and financing of EMS facility system improvements, it hereby finds and declares that the establishment and adoption of the EMS development impact fee imposed on new development is proportionate, and based on a CIP that is based on the EMS facility system improvements needed to provide EMS facilities to accommodate new development in the County; and

WHEREAS, because the County (within the unincorporated County) the cities and towns within the County are authorized to impose and collect EMS development impact fees within their respective jurisdictions; and

WHEREAS, the County and municipalities which have entered into intergovernmental agreements with the County ("participating municipalities") have taken or may take appropriate action to impose the EMS development impact fee in their jurisdictions, and coordinate the imposition and collection of the fee with the County through intergovernmental agreements, which they are authorized to execute; and

WHEREAS, the intergovernmental agreements, this Ordinance, and the impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq., of the County Code, will ensure that the EMS development impact fee funds collected are spent for EMS facility system improvements identified in the CIP that are designed to serve new development in the service area in which they are located; and

WHEREAS, the County Council deems it advisable to adopt this EMS development impact fee.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the County Council of Beaufort County, South Carolina that:

ARTICLE IX. EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES FACILITIES

SECTION 82-300. ADOPTION AND IMPOSITION OF EMS IMPACT FEES.

Pursuant to Ordinance No. 2022/ _____ and the impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq., of the County Code, this EMS development impact fee shall be adopted and imposed on all new development in the unincorporated area and within participating municipalities, in accordance with the procedures and requirements of this Ordinance and the intergovernmental agreements the County has entered into with these municipalities.

SECTION 82-301 ESTABLISHMENT OF SERVICE AREA.

There is one service area for EMS development impact fees. The service area includes the entire County (except for the Town of Hilton Head Island) and is known as the "EMS Service Area".

SECTION 82-302. INCORPORATION OF SUPPORT STUDY.

The County and the participating municipalities rely on the level of service standard, land use assumptions, methodologies, service units, system improvement costs, formula, and analyses for EMS development impact fees, and the capital improvement plan (CIP) for EMS facility system improvements set out in Capital Improvement Plan and Development Impact Fee Study prepared by TischlerBise, dated July 27, 2020 (hereinafter "EMS development impact fee study and CIP"). The EMS development impact fee study and CIP are incorporated herein by reference. The EMS development impact fee study and CIP sets forth a reasonable level of service standard, land use assumptions, methodologies, service units, system improvement costs, and formulas for determining the impacts of new development on EMS facility system improvement needs.

SECTION 82-303. IMPOSITION OF EMS IMPACT FEES.

- (a) The EMS development impact fee shall be imposed on all new development in the unincorporated County and within the participating municipalities, unless the development is exempted, or an exception or waiver is granted pursuant to Sec. 82-32(b), Development Not Subject to Development Impact Fees, or Sec. 82-33 (3)c, of the County Code.
- (b) The EMS development impact fee shall be paid prior to issuance of a building permit, or if a building permit is not required, prior to construction of the dwelling unit, or prior to issuance of a development permit for the dwelling unit, as appropriate.

SECTION 82-304. EMS DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEE SCHEDULE.

- (a) Pursuant to this Ordinance and the intergovernmental agreements between the County and the participating municipalities, and in accordance with the impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq., of the County Code, the State Development Impact Fee Act, and the EMS development impact fee study and CIP, EMS impact development fees shall be imposed in the EMS Service Area referenced above.
- (b) The following general procedure shall be followed upon receipt of an application for a building permit for new development:
 - 1) Determine if any of the dwelling units qualify for a discount as "affordable housing" in accordance with Sec. 82-33 (3)c, of the County Code, and if so the number of those dwelling units and the amount of the discount;
 - 2) Determine whether the applicant has applied for an Individual Assessment of Development Impact in accordance with Sec. 82-86.
 - 3) If an Individual Assessment of Development Impact is not approved, or not applied for:

- For residential development, identify the number of dwelling units and the square feet in size of each dwelling unit and calculate the fee based on Table 1: EMS Development Impact Fee Schedule; and
- ii) For nonresidential development, identify the type of nonresidential development and the square feet of the nonresidential development, then apply the fee schedule in Table 1: EMS Development Impact Fee Schedule. or
- 4) If an Individual Assessment of Development Impact is accepted, pay the fee based on the approved Individual Assessment of Development Impact.

TABLE 1: EMS Development Impact Fee Schedule Residential Development				
1,000 sf or less	\$95			
1,001 to 1,250 sf	\$118			
1,251 to 1,500 sf	\$138			
1,501 to 1,750 sf	\$155			
1,751 to 2,000 sf	\$169			
2,001 to 2,500 sf	\$193			
2,501 to 3,000 sf	\$213			
3,001 to 3,500 sf	\$230			
3,501 to 4,000 sf	\$245			
4,001 or more sf	\$258			
Nonresidential Development				
Development Type	Development Impact Fee per 1,000 square feet			
Retail	\$373			
Office/Service	\$127			
Industrial	\$51			
Institutional	\$139			

SECTION 82-305. INDIVIDUAL ASSESSMENT OF DEVELOPMENT IMPACT.

(a) In-lieu of calculating the EMS development impact fees by reference to the fee schedule in Table 1: EMS Development Impact Fee Schedule, a feepayer may request that the amount of the required EMS development impact fees be determined by reference to an Individual Assessment of Development Impact for the proposed development.

- (b) If a feepayer requests the use of an Individual Assessment of Development Impact, the feepayer shall be responsible for retaining a qualified professional to prepare the Individual Assessment of Development Impact that complies with the requirements of this section, at the feepayer's expense.
- (c) Each Individual Assessment of Development Impact shall be based on the level of service standard and the same system improvement costs for EMS facility system improvements used in the EMS development impact fee study and CIP, shall use the formula for calculating the development impact fee used in the EMS development impact fee study and CIP, and shall document the relevant methodologies and assumptions used (no adjustments in the assumption of credits shall be made). The burden shall be on the feepayer requesting the Individual Assessment of Development Impact to demonstrate by competent evidence that the data and assumptions used in the EMS development impact fee study and CIP and reflected in Table 1: EMS Development Impact Fee Schedule, is less accurate than the results of the Individual Assessment of Development Impact.
- (d) Each Individual Assessment of Development Impact shall be submitted to the Director or a designee, and may be accepted, rejected, or accepted with modifications by the Director or a designee as the basis for calculating EMS development impact fees. If an Individual Assessment of Development Impact is accepted or accepted with modifications by the Director or a designee as a more accurate measure of the demand for EMS facility system improvements created by the proposed new development than the applicable fees in Table 1: EMS Development Impact Fee Schedule, then the development impact fees due under this Ordinance shall be calculated according to such assessment.

SECTION 82-306. CREDITS.

- (a) Any developer/feepayer obligated to pay an EMS development impact fee under this section may apply for credit against EMS development impact fees otherwise due, up to but not exceeding the full obligation for the fees proposed to be paid pursuant to the provisions of this Ordinance for any contribution or construction for EMS facility system improvements that are accepted by the County Council for EMS facility systems improvements identified in the CIP.
- (b) Valuation of Credits
 - Credit for land dedication for EMS facility system improvements, at the feepayer's option, shall be valued at either (a) 100 percent of the most recent assessed value for such land as shown in the records of the County Assessor, or

(b) the fair market value of the land established by a private appraiser acceptable to the County Council in an appraisal paid for by the feepayer.

- 2) Credit for construction of an EMS facility buildings shall be valued by the County Council based on construction costs estimates submitted by the feepayer. The County Council shall determine the amount of credit due based on the information submitted, or, if it determines the information is inaccurate or unreliable, then on alternative engineering or construction costs acceptable to the County Council.
- 3) Credit for contributions for EMS facility system improvements shall be based on the value of the contribution at the time it is made by the feepayer.
- (c) When Credits Become Effective
 - Credits for land dedication for EMS facility system improvements shall become effective after the credit is approved by County Council pursuant to this section, and a Credit Agreement/Development Agreement is entered into, and (a) the land has been conveyed to the County in a form established by the County at no cost to the County, and (b) the dedication of land has been accepted by the County.
 - 2) Credits for construction of EMS facility buildings shall become effective after the credit is approved by County Council pursuant to this section, (a) a Credit Agreement/Development Agreement is entered into, (b) a suitable maintenance and warranty bond has been received and approved by the County Council, and (c) all design, construction, inspection, testing, bonding, and acceptance procedures have been completed in compliance with all applicable County requirements.
 - Credits for contributions shall become effective after the contribution is approved by the County Council pursuant to this section, and the contribution is provided to and accepted by the County Council.
 - 4) Credits for dedication of land, construction, or contributions for EMS facility system improvements shall be transferable within the same development for EMS development impact fee purposes, but shall not be transferable outside the development or used as credit against fees for other public facilities. Credit may be transferred pursuant to these terms and conditions by any written instrument that clearly identifies which credits issued under this section are to be transferred. The instrument shall be signed by both the transferor and

transferee, and the document shall be delivered to the County Council for registration.

- 5) The total amount of the credit shall not exceed the amount of the EMS development impact fees due and payable for the project.
- 6) If the offer for credit is approved, a Credit Agreement/Development Agreement shall be prepared and signed by the applicant and the County Council. The Credit Agreement/Development Agreement shall specifically outline the contribution or construction of buildings for EMS facility system improvements, the time by which they shall be completed or dedicated, and any extensions thereof, and the value (in dollars) of the credit against the EMS development impact fees the feepayer shall receive for the contribution or construction of EMS buildings.
- 7) The County Council may enter into a Capital Contribution Front-Ending Agreement with any developer/feepayer who proposes to construct EMS facility system improvements in the CIP, to the extent the fair market value of the construction of those EMS facility system improvements exceed the obligation to pay EMS development impact fees for which a credit is provided pursuant to this section. The Capital Contribution Front-Ending Agreement shall provide proportionate and fair share reimbursement linked to new growth and development's use of the EMS facility system improvements constructed.

SECTION 82-307. TRUST FUND FOR EMS DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEES.

The County and the participating municipalities hereby establish segregated EMS Development Impact Fee Trust Fund Accounts. All EMS development impact fees collected by the County and the participating municipalities shall be placed in their respective Trust Fund Account. By November 1 of each year, the municipalities shall transfer the EMS impact fees they collect to the County. The County shall place these impact fee funds in its Trust Fund Account for EMS fees. Each Trust Fund shall be an interest-bearing account and all interest earned and accruing to the account shall become funds of the account, subject to the same limitations and restrictions on use and expenditure of funds that are applicable to EMS development impact fee funds.

SECTION 82-308. EXPENDITURE OF FEES FOR SYSTEM IMPROVMENTS.

EMS development impact fee funds shall be used by the County in accordance with the development impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq., of the County Code, solely and exclusively for EMS facility system improvements as set forth in the EMS development impact fee study and CIP. System improvements generally include the following: buildings and emergency vehicles that expand the capacity of the EMS system.

SECTION 82-309. DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT OPTION.

- (a) A developer may pay the EMS development impact fee as calculated pursuant to Section 5. Development Impact Fee Schedule, as the proposed development project's proportionate share of EMS facility system improvement costs and as full and complete payment of such obligations, or in the alternative, the developer may enter into an agreement with the County or a participating municipality pursuant to the State Local Government Development Agreement Act, and provide for dedication of land, construction of EMS facility buildings, or contributions for payments inlieu of EMS development impact fees for EMS facility system improvements.
- (b) A EMS development impact fee may not be imposed on a developer who has entered into a development agreement with the County who provides for the EMS facility system improvement needs of the developer's development project that is subject to the development agreement.
- (c) A development agreement for EMS facility system improvements in accordance with this section may only be entered into with the authorization and approval of both the County Council and the developer.

SECTION 82-310. DEVELOPER RIGHTS.

The developer, pursuant to the State Development Impact Fee Act and the county impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq, of the County Code, shall have the following rights, any or all of which may be exercised only in accordance with the impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq, of the County Code.

- (a) Administrative Appeal. The developer/applicant may file an administrative appeal with the County Administrator with respect to a County or municipal decision related to the imposition, calculation, collection, processing, or expenditure of an EMS development impact fee, at any time; provided, however, that such appeal must comply with the provisions and requirements of the County impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq, of the County Code. If the appeal follows payment of the development impact fee, it must be made within 30 days of the date of fee payment. The filing of an appeal will immediately halt the impact fee process, unless the developer/applicant posts a bond or submits an irrevocable letter of credit for the full amount of the development impact fees as calculated by the County or municipality to be due.
- (b) Payment under Protest. The developer/applicant may pay the County-calculated or municipality calculated EMS development impact fees under protest, pursuant to the County impact fee procedures as set forth in Section 82-21 et seq, of the County Code. Payment under protest does not preclude the developer/applicant from filing an

administrative appeal, from requesting a refund, or from posting a bond or submitting an irrevocable letter of credit for the amount of the development impact fee due, all as set forth in the impact fee procedures as set forth in Section 82-21 et seq.

(c) Mediation. The developer/applicant may request mediation by a qualified independent party, but only upon voluntary agreement by both the developer/applicant (feepayer) as well as the County (and, if applicable, municipality) and only to address a disagreement related to the EMS development impact fees, as calculated by the County or municipality, for the proposed development. Neither request for, nor participation in, mediation shall preclude the developer/applicant (feepayer) from pursuing other developer rights and/or remedies, as set forth in this Ordinance, the County impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq., of the County Code, or other remedies available by law.

SECTION 82-311. COUNTY REMEDIES.

- (a) The County, pursuant to the State Development Impact Fee Act and the County impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq., of the County Code, and a participating municipality, to the extent authorized pursuant to the intergovernmental agreements entered into with the County pursuant to this Ordinance, shall have all of the following remedies, which may be exercised individually or collectively, but only in accordance with the impact fee procedures in Section 82- 21 et seq, of the County Code.
 - Interest and Penalties. The County or participating municipality may, at its discretion, add reasonable interest and penalties for nonpayment or late payment to the amount of the calculated EMS development impact fees due, pursuant to the impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq., of the County Code.
 - 2) Withholding Building or Development Permit or Development Approval or Certificate of Occupancy. The County or participating municipality may withhold a certificate of occupancy, a building or development permit, or development approval, as may be applicable, until full and complete payment has been made by the developer/applicant of the EMS development impact fees due.
 - 3) Lien. The County may impose a lien on the developer's property, pursuant to the impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq., of the County Code, for failure of the developer/applicant to timely pay the required EMS development impact fees in full.
- (b) The County or participating municipality may pursue any one or all of the remedies described in subsection (a) of this section, at its discretion. The failure to pursue any

remedy or remedies, at any time, shall not be deemed to be a waiver of County or municipal rights to pursue any remedy or remedies at such other time as may be deemed appropriate.

SECTION 82-312. INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS.

Before or after the adoption of the EMS development impact fee pursuant to this Ordinance, the County may enter into intergovernmental agreements with participating municipalities. Intergovernmental agreements shall:

- (a) Specify the reasonable share of funding of joint system improvements for EMS facility system improvements by each governmental unit;
- (b) Provide for the collection of the EMS development impact fee by the municipality within its corporate limits and by the County within the unincorporated County;
- (c) Provide for the timely transfer of EMS development impact fee funds from the municipality to the County; and
- (d) Provide for the timely expenditure of the EMS development impact fee funds by the County, in accordance with the CIP.

SECTION 82-313. TERMINATION OF THE EMS IMPACT FEES.

The EMS development impact fees shall be terminated upon the completion/conclusion of all of the EMS development impact fee-funded facility system improvements, as set forth in the CIP, unless:

- (a) The County adopts a CIP for a subsequent time; or
- (b) The County adopts an updated EMS development impact fee pursuant to the substantive and procedural requirements of the State Development Impact Fee Act.

SECTION 82-314. EFFECTIVE DATE.

- (a) This Ordinance shall become effective on _____, 2022.
- (b) Applications for new development filed after the effective date as set forth in this section shall be subject to the EMS development impact fee.

(c) Applications for new development filed between the date of adoption of this Ordinance No. 2022/ ____ and the effective date as set forth in this section shall not be subject to the EMS development impact fee established by this Ordinance.

SECTION 82-315. LIBERAL CONSTRUCTION.

The provisions of this Ordinance shall be liberally construed to effectively carry out its purposes in the interest of furthering, promoting, and protecting the public health, safety, and welfare.

SECTION 82-816. SEVERABILITY.

- (a) If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase or portion of this Ordinance is, for any reason, held invalid or unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, such section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase or portion of this Ordinance shall be deemed to be a separate, distinct and independent provision and such holding shall not affect the validity of the remaining provisions of this Ordinance nor impair or nullify the remainder of this Ordinance, which shall continue in full force and effect.
- (b) If the application of any provision of this Ordinance to any new development is declared to be invalid by a decision of any court of competent jurisdiction, the intent of County Council is that such decision shall be limited only to the specific new development expressly involved in the controversy, action or proceeding in which such decision of invalidity was rendered. Such decision shall not affect, impair, or nullify this Ordinance as a whole or the application of any provision of this Ordinance to any other new development.

ADOPTED this ____ day of _____ 2022

COUNTY COUNCIL OF BEAUFORT COUNTY

By:_____ Joe Passiment, Chairman

ATTEST: _____

Sarah Block, Clerk to Council



ITEM TITLE:

Text Amendment to the Beaufort County Code of Ordinances, Chapter 82: Impact Fees, Article II, Development Impact Fee Procedures; Article III, Parks and Recreation Facilities: Article V, Library Facilities; and Article VI Fire Facilities

MEETING NAME AND DATE:

Finance Committee – February 22, 2022

PRESENTER INFORMATION:

Eric Greenway, Beaufort County Administrator

20 minutes needed for presentation.

ITEM BACKGROUND:

Beaufort County contracted with the firm Tischler Bise to assist them in updating their impact fee ordinance, which was originally adopted in 1999. A revised impact fee ordinance is attached that addresses parks and recreation facilities, library facilities and fire facilities.

PROJECT / ITEM NARRATIVE:

The attached impact fee ordinance revisions address updates to parks and recreation, library and fire facility impact fees. Impact fees for Emergency Medical Services are covered under a separate ordinance on this meeting's agenda. County Engineering staff are currently refining the road facilities impact fee ordinance for both north and south of the Broad River and will present these revisions to the Finance Committee at a future meeting.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Over the next 10 years the impact fee revisions will result in the following revenue projections:

- Parks and Recreation (North of the Broad): \$4,243,418
- Parks and Recreation (South of the Broad: \$3,638,828
- Libraries (North of the Broad): \$3.580,784
- Libraries (South of the Broad: \$3,360,712
- Fire (North of the Broad): 6,316,028
- Fire (Bluffton): \$10,195,965

STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS TO COUNCIL:

Staff recommends approval.

OPTIONS FOR COUNCIL MOTION:

To approve or deny proposed amendments the Beaufort County Code of Ordinances, Chapter 82: Impact Fees, Article II, Development Impact Fee Procedures; Article III, Parks and Recreation Facilities: Article V, Library Facilities; and Article VI Fire Facilities.

ORDINANCE 2022/

TEXT AMENDMENTS TO THE BEAUFORT COUNTY CODE OF ORDINANCES, CHAPTER 82: IMPACT FEES, ARTICLE I, IN GENERAL; ARTICLE II, DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEE PROCEDURES; ARTICLE III, PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES; ARTICLE V, LIBRARY FACILITIES; ARTICLE VI, FIRE FACILITIES; AND EFFECTIVE DATES.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the County Council of Beaufort County, South Carolina that:

SECTION 1. TEXT AMENDMENTS TO ARTICLE I, IN GENERAL

The Beaufort County Code of Ordinances, Chapter 82: Impact Fees, Article I, In General, is amended as set forth in Exhibit A, which is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference. Added text is <u>underscored</u> and deleted text is <u>struck through</u>.

SECTION 2. TEXT AMENDMENTS TO ARITICLE II, DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEE PROCEDURES

The Beaufort County Code of Ordinances, Chapter 82: Impact Fees, Article II, Development Impact Fee Procedures, is amended as set forth in Exhibit B, which is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference. Added text is <u>underscored</u> and deleted text is <u>struck through</u>.

SECTION 3. TEXT AMENDMENTS TO ARTICLE III, PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES

The Beaufort County Code of Ordinances, Chapter 82: Impact Fees, Article III, Parks and Recreation Facilities, is amended as set forth in Exhibit C, which is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference. Added text is <u>underscored</u> and deleted text is <u>struck through</u>.

SECTION 4. TEXT AMENDMENTS TO ARTICLE V, LIBRARY FACILITIES

The Beaufort County Code of Ordinances, Chapter 82: Impact Fees, Article V, Library Facilities, is amended as set forth in Exhibit E, which is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference. Added text is <u>underscored</u> and deleted text is struck through.

SECTION 5. TEXT AMENDMENTS TO ARTICLE VI, FIRE FACILITIES

The Beaufort County Code of Ordinances, Chapter 82: Impact Fees, Article VI, Fire Facilities, is amended as set forth in Exhibit F, which is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference. Added text is <u>underscored</u> and deleted text is struck through.

SECTION 6. EFFECTIVE DATES

- (a) This Ordinance shall become effective on _____, 2022,
- (b) Applications for new development filed after the effective date as set forth in this section shall be subject to the parks and recreation development impact fee as amended by Section 3 of this Ordinance, the fire development impact fee as amended by Section 5 of this Ordinance, and the library development impact fee as amended by Section 4 of this Ordinance.
- (c) Applications for new development filed between the date of adoption of this Ordinance and the effective date as set forth in this section shall be subject to the parks and recreation development

impact fee, the road development impact fee, the fire development impact fee, and the library development impact fee in effect prior to the effective date.

ADOPTED this day of 2022

COUNTY COUNCIL OF BEAUFORT COUNTY

By: ______ Joseph F. Passiment, Chairman

ATTEST:

Sarah Brock, Clerk to Council

EXHIBIT A

ARTICLE I. – IN GENERAL

Sec. 82-1. Adoption of Development Impact Fees

For the reasons set forth in this Chapter 82, the Beaufort County Council finds it appropriate to adopt certain development impact fees as permitted by and in accordance with the State Development Impact Fee Act, S.C. Code 1976, §§ 6-1-910—6-1-2010.

Secs. 82-21-82-20. - Reserved.

EXHIBIT B

ARTICLE II. - DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEE PROCEDURES

Sec. 82-21. - Adoption.

On and after September 27, 1999, the development impact fee procedures for the <u>The</u> imposition, calculation, collection, expenditure and administration of all County development impact fees shall be consistent with, and administered pursuant to, the County Development Impact Fee Procedures Ordinance as set forth in this article.

Sec. 82-22. - Title.

This article shall be known and may be referred to as the County Development Impact Fee Procedures Ordinance.

Sec. 82-23. - Purpose and Intent.

The purpose and intent of this article are as follows:

- (a) To establish uniform and consistent procedures for the development, implementation, imposition, calculation, collection, deposit, expenditure and administration of all development impact fees adopted by the County, pursuant to the State Development Impact Fee Act, S.C. Code 1976, §§ 6-1-910—6-1-2010.
- (b) To be consistent with, and to facilitate the implementation of, the goals, objectives and policies of the adopted County Comprehensive Plan, and all elements thereof relating to the provision of public facilities needed to meet the demands created by new growth and development, and relating to appropriate, fair and equitable cost sharing of such public facilities.
- (c) To ensure that new development pays, at the time of development approval or issuance of a <u>building</u> <u>permit or development permit</u>, <u>as appropriate</u>, a proportionate share of the cost of system improvements needed to serve the projected new development.
- (d) To ensure that all applicable legal standards and criteria are properly incorporated and will be met by the County, with specific reference to the State Development Impact Fee Act, S.C. Code 1976, §§ 6-1-910—6-1-2010.

Sec. 82-24. - Definitions.

- (a) The words, terms and phrases used in this article shall have the meanings prescribed in the State Development Impact Fee Act, S.C. Code 1976, § 6-1-920.
- (b) To the extent that the definitions of such words, terms or phrases as prescribed in S.C. Code 1976, § 6-1-920, conflict with the definition of such words, terms or phrases as may be defined in this Code, the County land development regulations or other adopted County ordinances, plans or documents, the former shall control.
- (c) The following are applicable definitions pursuant to S.C. Code 1976, § 6-1-920:

Affordable Housing means housing affordable to families whose incomes do not exceed 80 percent of the median income for the service area or areas within the jurisdiction of the county.

Capital Improvements mean improvements with a useful life of five years or more, by new construction or other action, which increase increases or increased the service capacity of a public facility.

Capital Improvements Plan means a plan that identifies capital improvements for which development impact fees may be used as a funding source.

Connection Charges and *Hookup Charges* mean charges for the actual cost of connecting a property to a public water or public sewer system, limited to labor and materials involved in making pipe connections, installation of water meters, and other actual costs.

Developer means an individual or corporation, partnership, or other entity undertaking development.

Development means construction or installation of a new building or structure, or a change in use of a building or structure, any of which creates additional demand and need for public facilities. A building or structure shall include, but not be limited to, modular buildings and manufactured housing. The term "development" does not include alterations made to existing single-family homes.

Development Approval means a document from a governmental entity which authorizes the commencement of a development.

Development Impact Fee or Impact Fee means a payment of money imposed as a condition of development approval to pay a proportionate share of the cost of system improvements needed to serve the people utilizing the improvements. The term does not include:

- (1) A charge or fee to pay the administrative, plan <u>review</u>, review or inspection costs associated with permits required for development.
- (2) Connection or hookup charges.
- (3) Amounts collected from a developer in a transaction in which the governmental entity has incurred expenses in constructing capital improvements for the development if the owner or developer has agreed to be financially responsible for the construction or installation of the capital improvements.
- (4) Fees authorized by S.C. Code 1976, § 6-1-300 et seq.

Development Permit means a permit issued for construction on or development of land when no subsequent building permit issued pursuant to S.C. Code 1976, title 6, ch. 9, is required.

Fee Payor means the individual or legal entity that pays or is required to pay a development impact fee.

Governmental Entity means a county, as provided in S.C. Code 1976, title 4, ch. 9, and a municipality, as defined in S.C. Code 1976, § 5-1-20.

Incidental Benefits are benefits which accrue to a property as a secondary result or as a minor consequence of the provision of public facilities to another property.

Land Use Assumptions mean a description of the service area and projections of land uses, densities, intensities and population in the service area over at least a ten-year period.

Level of Service means a measure of the relationship between service capacity and service demand for public facilities.

Local Planning Commission means the entity created pursuant to S.C. Code 1976, title 6, ch-29, art.-1.

Project means a particular development on an identified parcel of land.

Proportionate Share means that portion of the cost of system improvements determined pursuant to S.C. Code 1976, § 6-1-9906-1-990, which reasonably relates to the service demands and needs of the project.

Public Facilities means:

- (1) Water supply production, treatment, laboratory, engineering, administration, storage and transmission facilities.
- (2) Wastewater collection, treatment, laboratory, engineering, administration and disposal facilities.
- (3) Solid waste and recycling collection, treatment and disposal facilities.
- (4) Roads, streets and bridges, including, but not limited to, rights-of-way and traffic signals.
- (5) Stormwater transmission, retention, detention, treatment and disposal facilities and flood control facilities.

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- (6) Public safety facilities, including law enforcement, fire, emergency medical and rescue, and street lighting facilities.
- (7) Capital equipment and vehicles, with an individual unit purchase price of not less than \$1,000.00 including, but not limited to, equipment and vehicles used in the delivery of public safety services, emergency preparedness services, collection and disposal of solid waste, and stormwater management and control.
- (8) Parks, libraries and recreational facilities.
- (1) Water supply production, treatment, laboratory, engineering, administration, storage and transmission facilities;
- (2) Wastewater collection, treatment, laboratory, engineering, administration and disposal facilities;
- (3) Solid waste and recycling collection, treatment and disposal facilities;
- (4) Roads, streets and bridges, including, but not limited to, rights-of-way and traffic signals;
- (5) Stormwater transmission, retention, detention, treatment, and disposal facilities and flood control facilities;
- (6) Public safety facilities, including law enforcement, fire, emergency medical and rescue, and street lighting facilities;
- (7) Capital equipment and vehicles, with an individual unit purchase price of not less than \$100,000.00 including, but not limited to, equipment and vehicles used in the delivery of public safety services, emergency preparedness services, collection and disposal of solid waste, and stormwater management and control;
- (8) Parks, libraries and recreational facilities;
- (9) Public education facilities for grades K-12 including, but not limited to, schools, offices, classrooms, parking areas, playgrounds, libraries, cafeterias, gymnasiums, health and music rooms, computer and science laboratories, and other facilities considered necessary for the proper public education of the state's children.

Service Area means, based on sound planning or engineering principles, or both, a defined geographic area in which specific public facilities provide service to development within the area defined. Provided, however, that no provision <u>inef</u> this article may be interpreted to alter, <u>enlarge</u>, <u>enlarge</u> or reduce the service area or boundaries of a county or other political subdivision which is authorized or set by law.

Service Unit means a standardized measure of consumption, use, generation, or discharge attributable to an individual unit of development calculated in accordance with generally accepted engineering or planning standards for a particular category of capital improvements.

<u>System Improvements mean capital improvements to public facilities which are designed to provide</u> service to a service area.

System Improvement Costs means costs incurred for construction or reconstruction of system improvements, including design, acquisition, engineering, and other costs attributable to the improvements, and also including the costs of providing additional public facilities needed to serve new growth and development. System improvements do not include:

- (1) Construction, <u>acquisition</u> or expansion of public facilities other than capital improvements identified in the capital improvements plan;
- (2) Repair, operation, operation or maintenance of existing or new capital improvements;
- Upgrading, updating, <u>expanding</u> or replacing existing capital improvements to serve existing development in order to meet stricter safety, efficiency, environmental or regulatory standards;

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- (4) Upgrading, updating, <u>expanding expanding</u>, or replacing existing capital improvements to provide better service to existing development;
- (5) Administrative and operating costs of a county or a municipality participating in an impact fee program; and
- (6) Principal payments and interest or other finance charges on bonds or other indebtedness except financial obligations issued by or on behalf of a county or a non-county service provider pursuant to an intergovernmental agreement to finance capital improvements identified in the capital improvements plan.

System Improvements mean capital improvements to public facilities which are designed to provide service to a service area.

Sec. 82-25. - Exclusive Method to Impose Fees; Other Methods of Requiring Capital Improvements;

Preexisting Fees.

- (a) Requirements for developers to pay, as a condition of development approval or issuance of a development permit<u>or building permit</u>, as appropriate, in whole or in part, for system improvements may be imposed by the County or a participating municipality only by way of development impact fees imposed pursuant to the State Development Impact Fee Act, <u>S.C. Code 1976, §§ 6-1-910—6-1-2010</u>, <u>this article</u> and individual public facility development impact fee ordinances adopted by the County and participalities.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of the State Development Impact Fee Act or this article, the County retains its power, to the extent authorized, to impose fees, to require contributions and to require dedication of land for capital improvements.
- (c) A development impact fee adopted by the County pursuant to the law existing prior to enactment of the State Development Impact Fee Act and existing on the effective date of the Act shall not be affected by the Act until its termination. Provided, however, that any proposed change, revision to, or reenactment of such development impact fee subsequent to the effective date of the Act shall comply with the provisions of this article, any applicable individual public facility development impact fee ordinances, and the Act.

Sec. 82-26. - Conflict.

To the extent of any conflict between other County ordinances and this article, this article shall be deemed to be controlling; provided, however, that this article is not intended to amend or repeal any existing County ordinance, resolution or regulation, except as expressly set forth in the ordinance from which this article is derived.

Sec. 82-27. - Severability.

- (a) If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase or portion of this article is, for any reason, held invalid or unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, such section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase or portion of this article shall be deemed to be a separate, distinct and independent provision and such holding shall not affect the validity of the remaining provisions of this article nor impair or nullify the remainder of this article, which shall continue in full force and effect.
- (b) If the application of any provision of this article to any new development is declared to be invalid by a decision of any court of competent jurisdiction, the intent of County Council is that such decision shall be limited only to the specific new development expressly involved in the controversy, action or proceeding in which such decision of invalidity was rendered. Such decision shall not affect, impair or nullify this article as a whole or the application of any provision of this article to any other new development.

Sec. 82-28. - Term.

The development impact fee procedures set forth in this article shall remain in effect unless and until repealed, amended or modified by County Council in accordance with applicable state law and County ordinances and resolutions.

Sec. 82-29. - Amendment of Development Impact Fee Act.

Upon the amendment of any provision of the State Development Impact Fee Act, <u>S.C. Code 1976</u>, <u>§§ 6-1-910—6-1-2010</u>, by the State Legislature, County Council shall initiate a review of this article to determine whether it remains in full compliance with the Act; and, upon the completion of such review, County Council shall introduce any changes deemed necessary and appropriate to ensure the continued compliance of this article with the Act.

Sec. 82-30. - Annual Review and Report.

The County shall prepare and publish an annual report describing the amount of all development impact fee funds collected, appropriated and spent, by public facility and by service area, during the preceding fiscal year.

Sec. 82-31. - Affordable Housing Report.

Before adopting a development impact fee for a public facility which imposes the fee on residential units, the County shall prepare a report which estimates the effect of recovering capital costs for the public facility through <u>development</u> impact fees on the availability of affordable housing within the County.

Sec. 82-32. - Applicability.

- (a) Development Subject to <u>Development Impact Fees</u>. All development, both residential and nonresidential, as defined in the State Development Impact Fee Act, <u>S.C. Code 1976</u>, <u>§§ 6-1-910</u>—6-<u>1-2010</u>, and in Section 82-24, may be subject to the imposition of one or more development impact fees for particular public facilities; provided, however, that the type and nature of the development project must create an additional demand and need for system improvements for the public facility in order to maintain the adopted level of service (LOS) standard, and is not otherwise exempt.
- (b) Development not Subject to <u>Development Impact Fees</u>. The following structures and activities, which might otherwise be construed as development as defined by the Act, are exempt from the imposition of development impact fees:
 - (1) Rebuilding the same amount of floor space of a structure that was destroyed by fire or other catastrophe;
 - (2) Remodeling or repairing a structure that does not result in an increase in the number of service units;
 - (3) Replacing a residential unit, including a manufactured home, with another residential unit on the same lot, if the number of service units does not increase;
 - (4) Placing a construction trailer or office on a lot during the period of construction on the lot;
 - (5) Constructing an addition on a residential structure which does not increase the number of service units;
 - (6) Adding uses that are typically accessory to residential uses, such as a tennis court or a clubhouse, unless it is demonstrated clearly that the use creates a significant impact on the system's capacity;
 - (7) All or part of a particular development project if:
 - a. The project is determined to create affordable housing; and
 - b. That portion of the project's proportionate share of system improvements is funded through a revenue source other than development impact fees;

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- (8) Any development project for which the developer has paid for the needed public facility in its entirety. However, this exemption applies only to a County development impact fees for the same category of public facility that has been provided;
- (9) Any development project for which a valid building permit or certificate of occupancy has been issued or in which construction has commenced, before the effective date of the ordinance imposing the development impact fee, except as otherwise provided in Section 82-33(a).
- (c) Effect of imposition and payment of development impact fees on County land development regulations.
 - (1) The payment of development impact fees shall not entitle the fee payor to development approval nor a development permit unless all other applicable requirements, <u>standards</u> and conditions of the County land development regulations and all other applicable County codes, <u>ordinances-ordinances</u>, and/or procedures have been met. Such other requirements, <u>standards</u>, <u>standards</u>, <u>standards</u> and conditions are independent of the requirement for payment of a development impact fee.
 - (2) Neither this article nor a specific development impact fee ordinance shall affect, in any manner, the permissible use of property, the permitted density/intensity of development, the applicable design and improvement standards, or any other applicable standards or requirements of this Code or land development regulations, which shall be operative and which shall remain in full force and effect without limitation.

Sec. 82-33. - Imposition, Calculation and Collection.

- (a) Imposition. A development impact fee may be imposed by the County or a participating municipality only upon development approval or issuance of a development permit<u>or building permit</u>, as applicable. Unless otherwise provided in a development impact fee ordinance for a particular public facility, imposition, calculation and collection of a development impact fee shall occur at building permit issuance; provided, however, that if a building permit is not required for the proposed development project, or for other valid reasons, County Council or the elected body of the participating municipality may, at its discretion, impose, calculate and collect a development impact fee either at the time construction is authorized or at the time of issuance of a certificate of occupancy.
- (b) Calculation.
 - (1) Upon receipt of a request for development approval or issuance of a development permit which triggers imposition of a development impact fee, as set forth in subsection (a) of this section, the County or the participating municipality, as applicable, shall determine the following:
 - a. The applicable public facilities development impact fee or fees.
 - b. The appropriate service area.
 - c. The types of land use in the proposed development project.
 - d. The amount of development (i.e., for residential, the number of <u>and if appropriate the type</u> dwelling units; for nonresidential, the square footage of nonresidential development) in the proposed development project.
 - e. The number and type of affordable housing units in the proposed development project.
 - f. The total number of new or additional service units created by the proposed development project.
 - (2) After making the determinations set forth in subsection (b)(1) of this section in a timely manner, the County <u>or participating municipality</u>, as <u>applicable</u>, shall multiply the number of new or additional service units by the cost per service unit as set forth in the specific public facility development impact fee ordinance, to derive a total development impact fee amount due.
 - (3) The County or participating municipality, as applicable, in appropriate circumstances, shall deduct from the total development impact fee amount due:

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- a. Appropriate credits or offsets for developer contributions of money, dedication of land, construction of system improvements, or oversizing of system improvements used for, or having excess capacity to serve, other development projects;
- b. A pro rata share of other (non-County) funding sources committed to financing system improvements for the applicable public facility, which are not required to be repaid by the County, and which were not previously considered in calculating the cost per service unit for the public facility;
- c. A discount for affordable housing units based on <u>the table below, the following table</u>, for "single-family units" and for "all other types of housing units":

Area Medium Income (AMI)	Impact Fee Discount
Under 60%	100%
60% to 80%	60%
Over 80%	0%

- (4) <u>Impact fees mustDevelopment impact fees shall</u> be calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
- (5) Impact_Development impact_fees may be subsidized, as long as funds are available in the Beaufort County Affordable Housing Fund, up to 100 percent for housing that a person or family earning 80 percent or less of the County's median family income based on household size can afford by spending not more than 35 percent of their gross income on a case-by-case basis. Criteria approved by County Council will be used to provide guidance.
- (6) If rehabilitated property for which the impact fees have been subsidized is sold within ten years, or owner acquired/occupied property for which the impact fees have been subsidized is sold within ten years, the <u>development</u> impact fees that would have been collected will be paid out of the proceeds of the sale and reimbursed into the Beaufort County Affordable Housing Fund. If rental property for which the <u>development</u> impact fees have been subsidized is sold, resulting in units being rented at rates above that which falls in the affordable range based upon household income and size, a fee will be paid out of the proceeds of the sale at a rate equal to the amount of subsidy increased at a rate equal to two times the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the years between the time of subsidy and the time of sale for each applicable year up to 30 years. The fee will be reimbursed into the Beaufort County Affordable Housing Fund.
- (7) For purposes of this section, the Consumer Price Index (CPI) is the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics' index for "owners' equivalent rent of primary residence" for the South Urban Area, base period December, 1982 equal to 100 (Exhibit A, on file with the County Clerk).
- (8) All impact fees shall be adjusted annually to reflect the effects of inflation on the costs for projects set forth in the impact fee study and CIP. Prior to December 1 of each year, beginning in 2023, impact fee amounts shall be adjusted to account for inflationary increases in the costs of providing facilities using the Consumer Price Index (CPI).
- (c) Collection.
 - (1) The County <u>or a participating municipality</u>, <u>as applicable</u>, shall collect all development impact fees imposed and due prior to, and as a condition of, issuance of the applicable development approval or development permit, as set forth in this section, unless:

- a. The fee payor pays the development impact fee under protest; or
- b. The fee payor files an administrative appeal and, at the fee payor'shis option, elects to post a bond or submit an irrevocable letter of credit, approved by the County, for the full amount of the development impact fees calculated to be due; or
- cb. The County and the fee payor agree to mediation by a qualified independent party.
- (2) The County may, <u>at-in</u> its <u>sole</u> discretion, add to the development impact fee <u>amount due</u> an additional amount for reasonable interest and penalties for nonpayment or late payment.
- (d) Enforcement.
 - (1) The County <u>or a participating municipality, as applicable,</u> may withhold the requested development approval or development permit, including but not limited to a certificate of occupancy, or a building permit if no certificate of occupancy is required, until the development impact fee is paid in full.
 - (2) The County may impose a lien for failure of the developer to make timely payment of a development impact fee.

Sec. 82-34. - Accounts and Expenditures.

- (a) Accounts.
 - (1) Revenues collected <u>by the County or a participating municipality</u>, as <u>applicable</u>, from all development impact fees, <u>shallmust</u> be deposited into, and maintained until <u>expenditure</u> <u>transferred or expended</u> in, a segregated, interest-bearing <u>County</u> account.
 - (2) Separate accounts, and appropriate accounting records, <u>shallmust</u> be maintained for each public facility development impact fee (i.e., for each category of system improvements), and for each service area in which the fees are collected.
 - (3) Interest earned on development impact fees <u>shallmust</u> be considered funds of the account on which it is earned, and must be subject to all restrictions otherwise placed on the use and expenditure of <u>development</u> impact fee revenues pursuant to the State Development Impact Fee Act, S.C. Code 1976, §§ 6-1-910—6-1-2010, -and this article.
- (b) Expenditures.
 - (1) Expenditure of development impact fees <u>shallmust</u> be made only for the category of system improvements, and within or for the benefit of the service area, for which the <u>development</u> impact fee was imposed as shown by the relevant capital improvements plan and as authorized in the State Development Impact Fee Act.
 - (2) Development impact fees may not be used for:
 - a. A purpose other than system improvement costs to create additional improvements to serve new growth;
 - b. A category of system improvements other than that for which they were collected; or
 - c. The benefit of service areas other than the area for which they were imposed.
 - (3) In accordance with all other applicable requirements as set forth in this article, development impact fees may be expended for the payment of principal, <u>interest_interest</u>, and other financing costs on contracts, bonds, notes or other obligations issued by or on behalf of the County or other applicable service provider, to finance system improvements.
 - (4) Development impact fees may be expended only for system improvements and system improvement costs as defined in the State Development Impact Fee Act or in Section 82-24. Development impact fees may not be expended for personnel costs.
- (c) Timing of Expenditures.

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- (1) Through the use of the annual review and report, the County shall monitor the collection and expenditure of <u>development</u> impact fee revenues in relation to the system improvements as specified in <u>the</u> public facility capital improvements plans.
- (2) The County shall ensure that <u>development</u> impact fees will be expended within three years of the date they were scheduled in the capital improvements plan to be expended on a first-in, first-out basis.
- (3) The County shall ensure that sufficient impact fee funds are, or will be, available before proceeding with a system improvement project.

Sec. 82-35. - Refunds.

- (a) *Eligibility.* An <u>development</u> impact fee must be refunded to the owner of record of property on which a development impact fee has been paid if:
 - (1) The impact fee revenues collected from that property have not been expended within three years of the date they were scheduled to be expended, pursuant to the capital improvements plan, on a first-in, first-out accounting basis; or
 - (2) A building permit or permit for installation of a manufactured home on the property is subsequently denied.
- (b) *Payment.* When the right to a refund exists, as set forth in subsection (a) of this section, the County shall send the refund amount only to the owners of record of the subject property at the time the refund payment must be made.
- (c) *Timing.* The County shall send the refund amount to the owner of record of the subject property within 90 days after it is determined by the County that a refund is due.
- (d) *Amount.* All refund payments determined to be due shall include the pro rata portion of interest earned while on deposit in the interest-bearing development impact fee account.
- (e) *Standing.* A person entitled to a refund shall have standing to sue for payment of the refund by the County if there has not been a timely payment of the refund pursuant to this section and the State Development Impact Fee Act.

Sec. 82-36. - Remedies.

If the developer or fee payor disagrees with the County with respect to any aspect of a development impact fee, including, but not limited to, the amount of the fee due, the developer or fee payor shall have the following remedies:

- (a) Administrative Appeal. The developer or fee payor may file an administrative appeal with the County Administrator. Such appeal shall be filed with the County Clerk within 30 days of fee payment on a form made available by the County. The County Administrator shall render a decision on the appeal within 90 days after the filing of the appeal.
- (b) Payment under Protest.
 - (1) The developer or fee payor may pay a development impact fee under protest. Payment under protest does not preclude the developer or fee payor from filing an administrative appeal nor does it preclude receipt of a refund pursuant to Section 82-35, if applicable.
 - (2) <u>In-lieuIn lieu</u> of paying the development impact fee under protest, the developer or fee payor may, at <u>the developer'shis</u> option, post a bond or submit an irrevocable letter of credit for the amount of the development impact fee due, pending the outcome of an appeal.
- (c) Mediation.
 - (1) In order to address any disagreement between the fee payor and the County relative to the imposition of a development impact fee, the County and the fee payor may, upon voluntary agreement, enter into mediation conducted by a qualified independent party.

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- (2) Participation in mediation does not preclude the fee payor from pursuing any other available remedies provided in this article, in the State Development Impact Fee Act, or otherwise available by law.
- (d) *Incidental Benefit.* The receipt of incidental benefit by a third party property owner or developer within the service area resulting from the payment of a development impact fee by a fee payor or developer shall not be considered grounds for exercising the remedies set forth in this article.

Sec. 82-37. - Development Agreements.

- (a) <u>In-lieu</u> of making development impact fee payments, the fee payor/developer and the County, by mutual agreement, may enter into an agreement for the provision, <u>construction</u>, <u>construction</u> and installation of system improvements pursuant to, and in accordance with, the requirements of the State Local Government Development Agreement Act.
- (b) The agreement may additionally provide for credits or reimbursement for costs incurred by a fee payor or developer, including interproject transfers of credits or reimbursement for project improvements which are used or shared by more than one development project.
- (c) A development impact fee for system improvements for a specific public facility category may not be imposed on a fee payor or developer who has entered into a development agreement providing for the provision of system improvements for that same public facility category. Provided, however, that development impact fees may still be imposed on the fee payor or developer for system improvements for another public facility category.
- (d) The development agreement shall include a provision addressing increases in development impact fees over the life of the development agreement as well as the applicability of subsequently adopted development impact fees for other public facilities over the life of the development agreement and the development project.

Sec. 82-38. - System Improvements Provided by Another Service Provider.

- (a) Non-County Service Provider. If the proposed system improvements include a public facility or facilities under the jurisdiction of, and provided by, another unit of government as described in the State Development Impact Fee Act, <u>S.C. Code 1976, §§ 6-1-910—6-1-2010</u>, the County and the other unit of government shall enter into an intergovernmental agreement providing for:
 - (1) Determination of the development impact fee amount in the same manner and pursuant to the same procedures and limitations as provided in this article and the <u>State Development Impact</u> <u>Fee</u> Act for all other development impact fees.
 - (2) Collection of the development impact fee by the County or a participating municipality, as <u>applicable</u>.
 - (3) Transfer of the development impact fee funds collected within the service area of the service provider to the service provider for expenditure at reasonable times.
 - (4) Expenditure of the development impact fee revenues by the service provider in accordance with the capital improvements plan.
- (b) Cost Sharing of Joint Improvements. The intergovernmental agreement between the County and the service provider or the County and the participating municipality, shall specify the reasonable share of funding by each governmental unit for jointly funded improvements. The County shall not assume more than its reasonable share of funding of joint improvements; nor may the service provider, which is not authorized to impose development impact fees, assume more than its share of funding of joint improvements, unless the expenditure is being made pursuant to a development agreement.

Sec. 82-39. - Effects of Annexation.

A County Development Impact Fee Ordinance imposed in an unincorporated area which is subsequently annexed by a municipality shall remain in full force and <u>effect</u> <u>effect</u>, pursuant to this article

and the <u>S</u>state Development Impact Fee Act, <u>S.C. Code 1976, §§ 6-1-910—6-1-2010,</u> until the development impact fee terminates, unless the annexing municipality:

- (1) Assumes responsibility for the provision of system improvements included in the capital improvements plan <u>that are and</u> to be provided, in whole or in part, via payment of development impact fees from developers in the annexed area; and
- (2) Assumes any liability which is to be paid with the impact fee revenue.

If the annexing municipality agrees to assume responsibility and liability as set forth in this section, it shall enter into an intergovernmental agreement to such effect with the County.

Secs. 82-40-82-50. - Reserved.

EXHIBIT C

ARTICLE III. – PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES <u>— NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN BEAUFORT COUNTY</u> SERVICE AREAS

Sec. 82-51. Liberal Construction.

The provisions of this article shall be liberally construed to effectively carry out its purposes in the interest of further promoting and protecting the public health, safety and welfare.

Sec. 82-5251. - Adoption.

After the effective date of this article, Pursuant to the impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 *et seq.*, this parks and recreation development impact fee for parks and recreation facilities is adopted and imposed on all new residential development in the County, imposed countywide, in accordance with the procedures and requirements of this article and the intergovernmental agreement(s) the County has entered into with the participating municipalities of ______.⁴ consistent with the requirements of the State Development Impact Fee Act, the County development impact fee procedures as set forth in Section 82-21 et seq. and the County's adopted parks and recreation impact fee support studies, and the parks and recreation capital improvements plan (CIP).

Sec. 82-5352. - Geographic Application. Establishment of Service Area

<u>There are two service areas for parks and recreation development impact fees. They are the South</u> <u>Beaufort County Parks and Recreation Service Area and the North Beaufort County Parks and</u> <u>Recreation Service Area. The South Beaufort County Parks and Recreation Service Area includes those</u> <u>parts of the County south of the Broad River. The North Beaufort County Parks and Recreation Service</u> <u>Area includes those parts of the County north of the Broad River. The boundaries of these services areas</u> <u>are identified in Figure 82-52: Beaufort County Parks and Recreation Service Areas</u>.

Parks and recreation facility development impact fees shall be applicable countywide, including within all unincorporated areas of the County and, via intergovernmental agreements, within all incorporated municipalities in the County, including the City of Beaufort, Town of Bluffton, Town of Port Royal, the Town of Hilton Head Island and the City of Hardeeville.

Sec. 82-54. Service Areas.

There are seven service areas established for parks and recreation facility development impact fees. They are: the Town of Hilton Head Service Area; the Daufuskie Island Service Area; the Town of Bluffton/Bluffton-Okatie Service Area; the City of Beaufort/Town of Port Royal/Port Royal Island Service Area; the Lady's Island Service Area; the St. Helena Service Area; and the Sheldon/Lobeco/Yemassee Service Area. The boundaries of the Service Areas are established in Figure 82-54: Park and Recreation Service Areas.





Sec. 82-5553. - Incorporation of Technical ReportsSupport Study.

The County and the participating municipalities hereby rely on the level of service standardsstandard, land use assumptions, methodologies, service units, system improvement costs, formulaeformula, and analyses for the park-parks and recreation development impact fees for parks and recreation facility system improvements set out in Capital Improvement Plan and Development Impact Fee Study prepared by TischlerBise, dated July 27, 2020 (hereinafter "parks and recreation development impact fee study and CIP"). The parks and recreation development impact fee study and CIP are incorporated herein by reference. The parks and recreation development impact fee study and CIP sets forth a reasonable level of service standard, land use assumptions, methodologies, service units, system improvement costs, and formulas for determining the impacts of new residential development on the recreation facility system improvement needs for the South Beaufort County Parks and Recreation Service Area and the North Beaufort County Parks and Recreation Service Area. each service area set out and explained in the following impact fee support studies. For the Daufuskie Island, City of Beaufort/Town of Port Royal/Port Royal, Lady's Island, St. Helena, and Sheldon/Lobeco/Yemassee Service Areas, the Beaufort County Proportionate Share Development Impact Fee Calculation Methodology Report dated November 3, 1999, and the County adopted parks and recreation facilities capital improvements plan (CIP) referenced therein. For the Town of Hilton Head Island and Town of Bluffton/Bluffton-Okatie Service Area, the Parks and Recreation Facilities Impact Fee Support Study and CIP: Okatie/Bluffton and Hilton Head Island Service Areas dated August 2006, and the County adopted parks and recreation facilities capital improvements plan (CIP) referenced therein. Each impact fee

support study and CIP referenced in this section is incorporated herein by reference. Each support study and CIP sets forth reasonable level of service standards, land use assumptions, methodologies, service units, and system improvement costs for determining the impacts of new development on each service area's park and recreation facility needs.

Sec. 82-54. - - Imposition of Parks and Recreation Development Impact Fees.

(a) Pursuant to this article and the appropriate intergovernmental agreement(s) between the County and municipalities, and in accordance with the County impact fee procedures set forth in Section 82-21 et seq.et seq., the State Development Impact Fee Act, and the support studies and the County adopted parks and recreation facilities capital improvements plan (CIP), incorporated in this article by reference, parks and recreation facilities development impact fees shall be imposed in the following service areas in the amounts identified in Table 82-55: Parks and Recreation Facilities Development Impact Fee Schedule, by Service Area, unless an Individual Assessment of Development Impact is accepted pursuant to Section 82-56, Individual Assessment of Development Impact.

(b) The parks and recreation development impact fee shall be imposed on all new residential development (dwelling units) in the unincorporated County and within the participating municipalities, unless the residential development is exempted, or an exception or waiver is granted pursuant to Sec. 82-32(b), Development Not Subject to Development Impact Fees, or Sec. 82-33(b)(3)c, of the County Code. A parks and recreation development impact fee shall only be imposed if a new dwelling unit is developed.

(c) The parks and recreation development impact fee in the unincorporated County and within a participating municipality shall be paid prior to issuance of a building permit, or if a building permit is not required, prior to construction of the dwelling unit, or prior to issuance of a development permit for the dwelling unit, as appropriate.

Sec. 82-5655. - - Parks and Recreation Development Impact Fee Schedule.

(a) Pursuant to this article and the appropriate intergovernmental agreements between the County and municipalities, and in accordance with the County impact fee procedures set forth in Section 82-21 et seq., the State Development Impact Fee Act, and the support studies and the County adopted parks and recreation facilities capital improvements plan (CIP), incorporated in this article by reference, parks and recreation facilities development impact fees shall be imposed in the following service areas in the amounts identified in Table 82-56: Parks and Recreation Facilities Development Impact Fee Schedule, by Service Area, unless an Individual Assessment of Development Impact is accepted pursuant to Section 82-57: Individual Assessment of Development Impact.

(ab) The following general procedure shall be followed upon receipt of an application for a building permit for new development:

(1) Identify the applicable service area (South Beaufort County Parks and Recreation Service Area or North Beaufort County Parks and Recreation Service Area) based on the development's location.;

(2) _____Determine if any of the dwelling units qualify for a discount as "affordable housing" in accordance with Sec. 82-33(b)(3)c____, and if so the number of those dwelling units and the amount of the discount. $\frac{1}{2}$

(3) -Determine whether the applicant has applied for an Individual Assessment of Development Impact in accordance with Sec. 82-56,

(4) -If an Individual Assessment of Development Impact is not approved, or not applied for, identify the number of dwelling units, and the square feet in size of each dwelling unit, and then apply the fee schedule in Table 82-55: Parks and Recreation Development Impact Fee Schedule, by Service Area, to each dwelling unit; or

(5) -If an Individual Assessment of Development Impact is accepted, pay the fee based on the approved Individual Assessment of Development Impact.

2) Identify the applicable service area (South Beaufort County Parks and Recreation Service Area or North Beaufort County Parks and Recreation Service Area) based on the development's location; and

<u>3)</u><u>Add Multiply the fee for each individual number of dwelling units by the parks and recreation</u> development impact fee in Table 82-56: Parks and Recreation Development Impact Fee Schedule.

<u>Ifollowing service areas in the amounts identified in Table 82-56: Parks and Recreation Facilities</u> Development Impact Fee Schedule, by Service Area, unless an Individual Assessment of Development Impact is accepted pursuant to Section 82-57: Individual Assessment of Development Impact.

TABLE 82-56: PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEE SCHEDULE, BY SERVICE AREA *

TABLE 82-55: PARKS AND RECREATION DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEE SCHEDULE, BY SERVICE AREA			
Housing Unit SizeNorth Beaufort County Parks and Recreation Service Area Impact Fee per UnitSouth Beaufort Co 			
1,000 sf or less	<u>\$486</u>	<u>\$282</u>	
<u>1,001 to 1,250 sf</u>	<u>\$590</u>	<u>\$353</u>	
<u>1,251 to 1,500 sf</u>	<u>\$694</u>	<u>\$423</u>	
<u>1,501 to 1,750 sf</u>	<u>\$798</u>	<u>\$470</u>	
<u>1,751 to 2,000 sf</u>	<u>\$868</u>	<u>\$517</u>	
2,001 to 2,500 sf \$1,006		<u>\$588</u>	
2,501 to 3,000 sf \$1,076		<u>\$658</u>	
<u>3,001 to 3,500 sf</u>	<u>\$1,180</u>	<u>\$705</u>	
<u>3,501 to 4,000 sf</u>	<u>\$1,249</u>	<u>\$752</u>	
<u>4,001 or more sf</u>	<u>\$1,319</u>	<u>\$776</u>	

	Fee per Dwelling Unit (All Types)
Service Area	For the Period 2006—2020
Town of Hilton Head	\$ 627.00
Daufuskie Island	0.00
Town of Bluffton; Bluffton-Okatie	1,385.00
City of Beaufort; Town of Port Royal; Port Royal Island	<u>81.00</u>
Lady's Island	<u> 429.00</u>
St. Helena	775.00

Sheldon-Lobeco-Yemassee	0.00

* All parks and recreation facility development impact fee amounts per dwelling unit estimated. All parks and recreation facility development impact fee amounts are subject to change.

(b) The park and recreation facilities development impact fees for the Town of Hilton Head and Town of Bluffton/Bluffton-Okatie Service Areas shall be adjusted annually to reflect the effects of inflation on the costs for park and recreation facilities set forth in the Parks and Recreation Facilities Impact Fee Support Study and CIP: Bluffton-Okatie and Hilton Head Island Service areas dated August 2006. Prior to December 1, 2007, and on December 1 of each following year, the development impact fee amount set forth in Table 82-56: Parks and Recreation Facilities Development Impact Fee Schedule, by Service Area, shall be adjusted for the Town of Hilton Head and Town of Bluffton/Bluffton-Okatie Service Areas to account for inflationary increases in the costs of providing parks and recreation facilities using the Construction Cost Index calculated by the Engineering New Record (ENR). For each such adjustment, the park and recreation development impact fees shown in Table 82-56 for the Town of Hilton Head and Town of Bluffton/Bluffton-Okatie Service Areas shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the ENR Construction Cost Index for the most recent month for which figures are available, and the denominator of which is the ENR Construction Cost Index for the most recent month for which figures are available, and the denominator of which is the ENR Construction Cost Index for the most recent month for which figures are available, and the denominator of which is the ENR Construction Cost Index for the period one year prior to the period reflected in the numerator.

Sec. 82-5756.---Individual Assessment of Development Impact.

(a) <u>In-lieuIn-lieu</u> of calculating the parks and recreation development impact fees by reference to the fee schedule in Table 82-5655; Parks and Recreation Facilities Development Impact Fee Schedule, <u>by Service Area</u>, a fee payor may request that the amount of the required parks and recreation development impact fees be determined by reference to an Individual Assessment of Development Impact for the proposed development.

(b) If a fee payor requests the use of an Individual Assessment of Development Impact, the fee payor shall be responsible for retaining a qualified professional to prepare the Individual Assessment of Development Impact that complies with the requirements of this section, at the fee payor's expense.

(c) Each Individual Assessment of Development Impact shall be based on the same level of service standards and system improvement costs for park and recreation facilities for the service areas used in the parks and recreation development impact fee study and CIP support studies, shall use the formula used for calculating the development impact fees used in the parks and recreation development impact fees used in the parks and recreation development impact fees used in the parks and recreation development impact fee study and CIP relevant support study (no adjustments in the assumption of credits shall be made), and shall document the relevant methodologies and assumptions used. The burden shall be on the fee payor requesting the Individual Assessment of Development Impact to demonstrate by competent evidence that the data and assumptions used in the parks and recreation development impact fee study and CIP appropriate support study and reflected in Table 82-56; Parks and Recreation Facilities Development Impact Fee Schedule, by Service Area, is less accurate than the results of the Individual Assessment of Development than the results of the Individual Assessment of Development Impact.

(d) Each Individual Assessment of Development Impact shall be submitted to the Planning Director or a designee, and may be accepted, rejected, or accepted with modifications by the Planning Director or a designee-based on the standards in Section 82-57(e) as the basis for calculating park and recreation development impact fees. If an Individual Assessment of Development Impact is accepted or accepted with modifications by the Director or a designee as a more accurate measure of the demand for park and recreation facility system improvements created by the proposed development than the applicable fee in Table 82-56: Parks and Recreation Development Impact Fee Schedule, by Service Area, then the park and recreation development impact fees due under this Ordinance shall be calculated according to such assessment.

(e) The standards for acceptance, acceptance with modifications, or rejection of the Individual Assessment of Development Impact is whether the Individual Assessment of Development Impact complies with all the requirements of this section, and if so, whether it demonstrates by competent

evidence, that an alternative parks and recreation development impact fee amount more accurately reflects the demands for park and recreation facilities than the applicable fees in Table 82-56, Parks and Recreation Facilities Development Impact Fee Schedule.

(f) If an Individual Assessment of Development Impact is accepted or accepted with modifications by the Planning Director or a designee as a more accurate measure of the demand for park and recreation facilities created by the proposed development than the applicable fee in Table 82-56, then the park and recreation development impact fees due shall be calculated according to such assessment.

Sec. 82-5758. - Imposition and Calculation. Credits.

(a) Any developer/fee payor which is obligated to pay a parks and recreation development impact fee under this section may apply for credit against parks and recreation development impact fees otherwise due, up to but not exceeding the full obligation for the fees proposed to be paid pursuant to the provisions of this Ordinance for any land dedication, construction, or contribution for parks and recreation facility system improvements that are accepted by the County Council for parks and recreation facility systems improvements identified in the CIP.

(b) Valuation of Credits

(1) ——Credit for land dedication for park and recreation facility system improvements, at the fee payor's option, shall be valued at either (a) 100 percent of the most recent assessed value for such land as shown in the records of the County Assessor, or (b) the fair market value of the land established by a private appraiser acceptable to the County Council in an appraisal paid for by the fee payor.

(2) —Credit for construction of parks and recreation facility system improvements shall be valued by the County Council based on construction costs estimates submitted by the fee payor. The County Council shall determine the amount of credit due based on the information submitted, or, if it determines the information is inaccurate or unreliable, then on alternative engineering or construction costs acceptable to the County Council.

(3) <u>Credit for a contribution for parks and recreation facility system improvements shall be</u> based on the value of the contribution at the time it is made by the <u>fee payor</u>.

(c) <u>WWhen Credits Become Effective</u>

(1)—1) Credits for land dedication for parks and recreation facilities shall become effective after the credit is approved by County Council or applicable municipal legislative body pursuant to this section, and a Credit Agreement/Development Agreement is entered into, and (a) the land has been conveyed to the County or applicable municipality in a form established by the County or applicable municipality at no cost to the County or applicable municipality, and (b) the dedication of land has been accepted by the County or applicable municipality.

(2) Credits for construction of parks and recreation facility system improvements shall become effective after the credit is approved by County Council or applicable municipal legislative body² pursuant to this section, (a) a Credit Agreement/Development Agreement is entered into, (b) a suitable maintenance and warranty bond has been received and approved by the County Council or applicable municipal legislative body, and (c) all design, construction, inspection, testing, bonding, and acceptance procedures have been completed in compliance with all applicable County requirements (or municipal requirements, as applicable).

(3) <u>Credits for contributions shall become effective after the contribution is approved by the</u> <u>County Council or applicable municipal legislative body pursuant to this section, and the contribution is</u> <u>provided to and accepted by the County Council or applicable municipal legislative body.</u>

(4) -Credits for land dedication, construction of parks and recreation facility system improvements, or contributions, shall be transferable within the same development for parks and recreation development

impact fee purposes, but shall not be transferable outside the development or used as credit against fees for other public facilities. Credit may be transferred pursuant to these terms and conditions by any written instrument that clearly identifies which credits issued under this section are to be transferred. The instrument shall be signed by both the transferor and transferee, and the document shall be delivered to the County Council or applicable municipal legislative body for registration.

(5) The total amount of the credit shall not exceed the amount of the parks and recreation development impact fees due and payable for the project.

(6) If the offer for credit is approved, a Credit Agreement/Development Agreement shall be prepared and signed by the applicant and the County Council or applicable municipal legislative body. <u>The Credit Agreement/Development Agreement shall specifically outline the land dedication, construction,</u> or contribution for parks and recreation facility system improvements, the time by which they shall be completed or dedicated and any extensions thereof, and the value (in dollars) of the credit against the parks and recreation development impact fees the fee payor shall receive.

(7) The County Council or applicable legislative body may enter into a Capital Contribution Front-Ending Agreement with any developer/fee payor who proposes to dedicate land or construct parks and recreation facility system improvements in the CIP, to the extent the fair market value of the land or the construction of those parks and recreation facility system improvements exceed the obligation to pay parks and recreation development impact fees for which a credit is provided pursuant to this section. The Capital Contribution Front-Ending Agreement shall provide proportionate and fair share reimbursement linked to new growth and development's use of the parks and recreation facility system improvements constructed.

(a) The appropriate parks and recreation facilities development impact fees, as established in this article, by service area, shall be imposed on all developers (fee payors) for which authorization of commencement of a residential development (building permit or, if no subsequent building permit is required, a development permit), is sought from the County, or from a municipality in the County, in accordance with this article and the procedures set forth in the County impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq.

(b) When an application for such building permit or development permit is received by the appropriate County or municipal staff/official, the staff/official shall determine:

(1) The parks and recreation service area within which the proposed development project lies.

(2) The number of residential dwelling units proposed.

(3) Whether any of the proposed residential dwelling units qualify for a discount as "affordable housing" and, if so, the number and type of such units.

(4) Whether the applicant has applied for an Individual Assessment of Development Impact pursuant to Section 82-57.

(c) If an Individual Assessment of Development Impact is submitted, it shall be processed and reviewed pursuant to the requirements of Section 82-57, and accepted, modified, or rejected. If it is accepted or modified, the park facilities development impact fees shall be determined pursuant to Section 82-57.

(d) If an Individual Assessment of Development Impact is rejected, or not requested, the appropriate County or municipal staff/officials shall then multiply the number of proposed residential dwelling units to which the parks and recreation facilities development impact fee is applicable by the applicable fee per dwelling unit as set forth in Table 82-56, Parks and Recreation Facilities Development Impact Fee Schedule.

(e) The procedure for timely processing of building permit or development applications subject to the parks and recreation facilities development impact fee is set forth below. This procedure is intended to occur concurrently with the County's or municipality's required plans review process and to cause no

additional delay, unless developer rights (see Section 82-61) and/or County remedies (see Section 82-62) are triggered, or unless a development agreement is sought by the applicant (see Section 82-60).

Step Order	Major Steps	Responsible Party	Time
4.	Filing of application for development permit or development approval	Developer/applicant	Initiates process
2.	Determination of applicable service area	Building official	Concurrent with plans review
3.	Determination of amount of development [number of DUs]	Building official	Concurrent with plans review
4.	Determination of the number and type of affordable housing units, if any	Referral to Planning Department	Concurrent with plans review
5.	Developer/applicant determines whether to request an Individual Assessment of Development Impact	Developer/applicant	If request made, review occurs concurrent with plan review by Planning Director. Assessment accepted, modified, or rejected, and fee determined. Extension of time, as may be necessary
6.	If Individual Assessment of Development Impact not requested, or if rejected, multiply number of DUs by applicable parks and recreation facilities development impact fee per Table 82-56. Alternative: development agreement, if sought by applicant	Building official Planning Department	Concurrent with plan review Extension of time, as may be necessary
7.	Payment of total parks and recreation facilities development impact fee	Developer/applicant	Upon issuance of building/development permit
8.	Issue receipt for parks and recreation facilities development impact fee paid	Building official	Upon issuance of building/development permit
9.	Transfer of parks and recreation facilities development impact fee revenues collected to County Finance Department for placement in appropriate account	Building official	Following issuance of building/development permit

(f) If the proposed residential development includes affordable housing, the applicable parks and recreation facilities development impact fee shall be reduced in accordance with the discount schedule

set forth in subsection 82-33(b)(3)c.; provided, however, that time share dwelling units do not qualify as affordable housing and are not eligible for discounts in any circumstances.

(g) For a proposed change of use of building or structure or a renovation or rehabilitation which adds residential dwelling units, the fee is calculated as follows: Determine only the additional parks and recreation facilities demand resulting from the change of use or the additional residential dwelling units and calculate the parks and recreation facilities development impact fee due as above, but only for such additional demand, not for existing demand.

Sec. 82-58. - - Trust Account for Parks and Recreation Development Impact Fees.

The County and the participating municipalities, hereby establish segregated Parks and Recreation Development Impact Fee Trust Accounts. All parks and recreation development impact fees collected by the County and the participating municipalities shall be placed in their respective Trust Account. By November 1 of each year, the participating municipalities shall transfer the parks and recreation development impact fees they collect to the County. Upon receipt, the County shall then place the funds into its Parks and Recreation Development Impact Fee Trust Account. Each Trust Account shall be interest-bearing and all interest earned and accruing to the account shall become funds of the account, subject to the same limitations and restrictions on use and expenditure of funds that are applicable to parks and recreation development impact fee funds.

Sec. 82-59. - Expenditure of Fees for Parks and Recreation Facility System Improvements.

Parks and recreation development impact fee funds shall be used by the County in accordance with the development impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 *et seq.*, solely and exclusively for parks and recreation facility system improvements as set forth in the parks and recreation development impact fee study and CIP. System improvements generally include the following: acquisition of land for development of new parks, expansions to existing parks, and park and recreation equipment.

(a) All parks and recreation facilities development impact fees shall be used for system improvements as set forth in the County's adopted parks and recreation facilities capital improvements plan and as summarized in the Beaufort County Proportionate Share Development Impact Fee Calculation Methodology Report, dated November 3, 1999, and the Parks and Recreation Facilities Impact Fee Support Study and CIP: Bluffton-Okatie and Hilton Head Island Service Areas, dated August 2006, as appropriate.

(b) In all the service areas except the Town of Hilton Head Service Area, system improvements generally include the following:

(1) Acquisition of land for, and development of, new community and county parks, including recreational facilities;

(2) Expansions to existing community and county parks, including the addition of recreation facilities and park development; and

(3) Park and recreation equipment with a useful life of five years or more and a cost of \$100,000.00 or more.

(c) In the Town of Hilton Head Service Area, system improvements generally include the following:

(1) Development of recreational facilities and equipment for parks.

(2) Park and recreation equipment with a useful life of five years or more and a cost of \$100,000.00 or more.

Sec. 82-60. - Development Agreement Option.

(a) The developer may pay the parks and recreation facilities development impact fee, as calculated pursuant to Section 82-5582-56, as the proposed development project's proportionate share of system improvement costs and as full and complete payment of such obligations. In; or, in the alternative,

the <u>a</u> developer may enter into an agreement with the County <u>or a participating municipality</u> pursuant to the State Local Government Development Agreement Act, <u>providing and provide</u> for dedication of land, <u>park equipment</u>, development of parks and recreation facilities, and/or for payments in<u>-</u>lieu of development impact fees for parks and recreation facilities, through a development agreement.

(b) The agreement may provide for the construction or installation of system improvements by the developer and for credits or reimbursements for costs incurred by the developer, including inter-project transfers of credits or reimbursement for project improvements which are used or shared by more than one proposed development project.

(be) A <u>parks and recreation</u> development impact fee may not be imposed on a developer who has entered into a development agreement with the County <u>thatwhe provides for the parks and recreation</u> <u>facility system improvement needs of the development project that is subject to the development</u> <u>agreement</u>.

(<u>c</u>el) A development agreement for parks and recreation facilities may only be entered into with the authorization and approval of both the County and the developer, <u>or the participating municipality and developer</u>, as <u>appropriate</u>.and <u>after consultation with an affected municipality</u>, if <u>applicable</u>.

Sec. 82-61. - Developer Rights.

The developer, pursuant to the State Development Impact Fee Act and the County impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq. et seq., shall have the following rights, any or all of which may be exercised only in accordance with the impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq. et seq.

(a) Administrative Appeal. The developer/applicant may file an administrative appeal with the County Administrator with respect to a County or municipal decision related to the imposition, calculation, collection, processing-processing, or expenditure of a parks and recreation facilities development impact fee, at any time; provided, however, that such appeal must comply with the provisions and requirements of the County impact fee procedures as set forth in Section 82-21 <u>et seq.</u> et seq. If the appeal follows payment of the development impact fee, it must be made within 30 days of the date of fee payment. The filing of an appeal will immediately halt the <u>impact feedevelopment approval</u> process, unless the developer/applicant posts a bond or submits an irrevocable letter of credit for the full amount of the impact fees as calculated by the County or <u>a participating</u> municipality to be due.

(b) Payment under Protest. The developer/applicant may pay the County-calculated or municipality-calculated development impact fee under protest, pursuant to the County impact fee procedures set forth in Section 82-21 <u>et seq.et seq.</u> Payment under protest does not preclude the developer/applicant from filing an administrative appeal, nor from requesting a refund, nor or from posting a bond or submitting an irrevocable letter of credit for the <u>full</u> amount of the development impact fee <u>due</u> due, all as set forth in the impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 <u>et seq.et seq.</u>

(c) *Mediation.* The developer/applicant may request mediation by a qualified independent party, but only upon voluntary agreement by both the developer/applicant (fee payor) as well as the County (and, if applicable, <u>participating</u> municipality) and only to address a disagreement related to the parks and recreation facilities-development impact fee, as calculated by the County or municipality, for the proposed residential-development. Neither request for, nor participation in, mediation shall preclude the developer/applicant (fee payor) from pursuing other developer rights and/or remedies, as set forth in this article, <u>the County impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq.</u> or other remedies available by law.

Sec. 82-62. - County Remedies.

(a) The County and a participating municipality (to the extent authorized in the intergovernmental agreement(s) with the County), pursuant to the State Development Impact Fee Act and the County impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 <u>et seq.</u> et seq., and <u>the nicipalities</u>, to the extent authorized pursuant to intergovernmental agreements <u>entered into</u> with the County <u>pursuant to this article</u>, shall have all of the following remedies, which may be exercised individually or collectively, but only in accordance with the impact fee procedures as set forth in Section 82-21 <u>et seq.</u> et seq.

(1) Interest and Penalties. The County or <u>participating</u> municipality may, <u>at-in</u> its <u>sole</u> discretion, add reasonable interest and penalties for nonpayment or late payment to the amount of the calculated parks and recreation <u>facilities</u> development impact fee due, pursuant to the impact fee procedures as set forth-in Section 82-21 <u>et seq.</u> et seq.

(2) Withholding Building or Development Permit or Development Approval or Certificate of Occupancy. The County or <u>participating</u> municipality may withhold a certificate of occupancy, a building or development permit, or development approval, as may be applicable, until full and complete payment has been made by the developer/applicant of the County-calculated or municipality-calculated parks and recreation facilities-development impact fee due.

(3) *Lien.* The County may impose a lien on the developer's property, pursuant to the impact fee procedures set forth in Section 82-21 <u>et seq.et seq.</u>, for failure of the developer/applicant to timely pay the required County-calculated or municipality-calculated parks and recreation facilities development impact fee in full.

(b) The County or <u>participating</u> municipality may pursue any one or all of the remedies described in subsection (a) of this section, at its discretion. The failure to pursue any remedy, at any time, shall not be deemed to be a waiver of County or municipality rights to pursue any remedy at such other time as may be deemed appropriate.

Sec. 82-63. – Refund of Fees.

(a) A collected parks and recreation development impact fee shall be refunded to the owner of record of property on which a parks and recreation development impact fee has been paid if:

(1) The parks and recreation development impact fee revenues collected on the property have not been expended within three years of the date they were scheduled to be expended, pursuant to the parks and recreation development impact fee study and CIP; or

(2) A building permit or permit for installation of a manufactured home on the property is subsequently denied.

(b) The amount, timing, and recipient of any refund required by this article of collected parks and recreation development impact fees shall comply with the standards of Sec. 82-35.

Sec. 82-6364. - Intergovernmental AgreementAgreements.

Prior to <u>imposition collection</u> of a parks and recreation <u>facilities</u> development impact fee <u>within a</u> <u>municipality in a participating municipality</u>, the <u>municipality willCounty shall</u> enter into an intergovernmental <u>agreement agreement with the participating municipality</u>. <u>with as specified in this</u> <u>article</u>, which intergovernmental agreement shall, inter alia:

(a) Specify the reasonable share of funding joint system improvements for parks and recreation facility system improvements by each governmental unit-or entity; and

(b) Provide for the collection of the parks and recreation facilities development impact fee by the municipality within its corporate limits and by the County within the unincorporated area; and

(c) Provide for the timely transfer of parks and recreation development impact fee <u>funds</u>revenues from the municipality to the County; and

(d) Provide for the timely expenditure of the parks and recreation facilities development impact fee fundsrevenues by the County, in accordance with its adopted capital improvements plan. the CIP.

Sec. 82-6465. - Termination of the Parks and Recreation Development Impact Fee.

The parks and recreation facilities development impact fees shall be terminated upon the completion/conclusion of all of the parks and recreation facilities development impact fee-funded capital improvements, as set forth in the County's capital improvements planCIP, unless:

(a) The County adopts a capital improvements planCIP for a subsequent time period; or

(b) The County adopts an updated parks and recreation facilities development impact fee pursuant to the substantive and procedural requirements of the State Development Impact Fee Act.

SECS. 82-<u>6566</u>—82-80. - RESERVED

ARTICLE V. – LIBRARY FACILITIES—NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN BEAUFORT COUNTY SERVICE AREAS

Sec. 82-111. Liberal Construction.

The provisions of this article shall be liberally construed to effectively carry out its purposes in the interest of further promoting and protecting the public health, safety and welfare.

Sec. 82-112111. - Adoption.

Sec. 82-113. - Geographic Application.

Library facility development impact fees shall be applicable within all unincorporated areas of the County and, via intergovernmental agreements, within the incorporated municipalities of the Town of Bluffton, Town of Hilton Head Island and the City of Hardeeville. Library facility development impact fees shall not be applicable within the incorporated municipalities of the City of Beaufort and Town of Port Royal.

Sec. 82-114112. - Establishment of Service Area.

The service area for the library facility development impact fees is all the unincorporated areas of the County, and the municipalities of the Town of Bluffton, and the Town of Hilton Head Island. There are two service areas for library development impact fees. They are the South Beaufort County Library Service Area and the North Beaufort County Library Service Area. The South Beaufort County Library Service Area includes those parts of the County south of the Broad River. The North Beaufort County Library Service Area includes those parts of the County north of the Broad River. The boundaries of these services areas are identified in Figure 82-112: Beaufort County Library Service Areas.

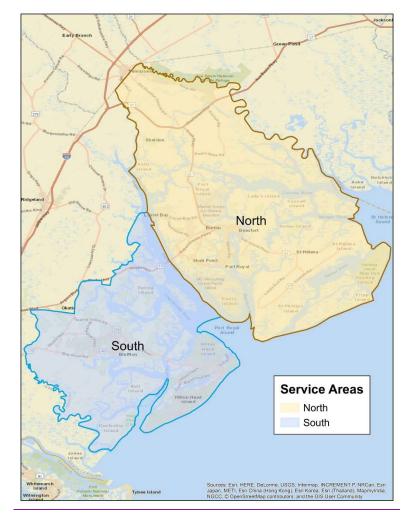


FIGURE 82-112: BEAUFORT COUNTY LIBRARY SERVICE AREAS

Sec. 82-115113. - Incorporation of Technical Report Support Study.

The County and the participating municipalities (the Town of Bluffton and the Town of Hilton Head Island)hereby rely on the level of service standardsstandard, land use assumptions, methodologies, service units, system improvement costs, formula, and analyses for the library facilities development impact fees for library facility system improvements set out in Capital Improvement Plan and Development Impact Fee Study prepared by TischlerBise, dated July 27, 2020 (hereinafter "library development impact fee study and CIP"). The library development impact fee study and CIP are incorporated herein by reference. The library development impact fee study and CIP sets forth a reasonable level of service standard, land use assumptions, methodologies, service units, system improvement costs, and formulas for determining the impacts of new residential development on the South Beaufort County Library Service Area and the North Beaufort County Library Service Area. Hibrary facility system improvement needs set out and explained in Library Facilities Impact Fee Update Support Study and CIP dated August 2006, and the County adopted library facilities capital improvements plan (CIP) referenced therein. The support study and CIP referenced in this section is incorporated herein by reference. The support study and CIP sets forth reasonable level of service standards, land use assumptions, methodologies, service units, system improvement costs, and formula for determining the impacts of new development on library facility needs.

Sec. 82-114. – Imposition of Library Development Impact Fees

- (a) Pursuant to this article and the appropriate intergovernmental agreement(s) between the County and the participating municipalities, and in accordance with the impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq., the State Development Impact Fee Act, and the library development impact fee study and CIP, library development impact fees shall be imposed in the South Beaufort County Library Service Area and the North Beaufort County Library Service Area.
- (b) The library development impact fee shall be imposed on all new residential development (dwelling units) in the County, unless the residential development is exempted, or an exception or waiver is granted pursuant to Sec. 82-32(b), Development Not Subject to Development Impact Fees, or Sec. 82-33(b)(3)c. A library development impact fee shall only be imposed if a new dwelling unit is developed.
- (c) The library development impact fee in the unincorporated County and within a participating municipality shall be paid prior to issuance of a building permit, or if a building permit is not required, prior to construction of the dwelling unit, or prior to issuance of a development permit for the dwelling unit, as appropriate.

Sec. 82-116115. - Library Impact Fee Schedule.

- (a) Pursuant to this article and the appropriate intergovernmental agreement(s) between the County and participating municipalities, and in accordance with the impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 *et seq.*, the State Development Impact Fee Act, and the library impact fee study and CIP, library development impact fees shall be imposed in the South Beaufort County Library Service Area and the North Beaufort County Library Service Area.
- a) Pursuant to this article, and in accordance with the County impact fee procedures as set forth in Section 82-21 et seq., the appropriate intergovernmental agreements between the County and participating municipalities, the State Development Impact Fee Act, and the support study and the County's adopted library facilities capital improvements plan (CIP) incorporated in this article by reference, library facilities development impact fees shall be imposed on all new residential development (dwelling units) within the service area in the amounts identified in Table 82-116: Library Facilities Development Impact Fee Schedule, unless an Individual Assessment of Development Impact.

TABLE		<u>82-116:</u>
LIBRARY	FACILITIES	DEVELOPMENT
IMPACT FEE SCHEDULE, *		

Library Impact Fee per Dwelling Unit\$553.00

- * All library facility development impact fee amounts are subject to the automatic annual adjustment for inflation stated in section 82-116(b).
- (b) The library facilities development impact fees shall be adjusted annually to reflect the effects of inflation on the costs for library facilities set forth in the Library Facilities Impact Fee Update Support Study and CIP dated August 2006. Prior to December 1, 2007, and on December 1 of each following year, the development impact fee amount set forth in Table 82-116: Library Facilities Development Impact Fee Schedule, shall be adjusted to account for inflationary increases in the costs of providing library facilities using the Construction Cost Index calculated by the Engineering New Record (ENR). For each such adjustment, the library facilities development impact fees shown in Table 82-116 shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the ENR Construction Cost Index for the period one year prior to the period reflected in the numerator.
 - (b) (b) The following general procedure shall be followed upon receipt of an application for a building permit for new development:

- (1) (1) Identify the applicable service area (South Beaufort County Library Service Area or North Beaufort County Library Service Area) based on the development's location;
- (2) (2) Determine if any of the dwelling units qualify for a discount as "affordable housing" in accordance with Sec. 82-33(b)(3)c, and if so the number of those dwelling units and the amount of the discount;
- (3) (3) Determine whether the applicant has applied for an Individual Assessment of Development Impact in accordance with Sec. 82-116,
- (4) (4) If an Individual Assessment of Development Impact is not approved, or not applied for, identify the number of dwelling units, and the square feet in size of each dwelling unit, and then apply the fee schedule in Table 82-115: Library Development Impact Fee Schedule, by Service Area, to each dwelling unit; or
- (5) (5) If an Individual Assessment of Development Impact is accepted, pay the fee based on the approved Individual Assessment of Development Impact.

TABLE 82-115: LIBRARY DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEE SCHEDULE, BY SERVICE AREA			
Housing UnitNorth Beaufort CountySizeLibrary Service AreaImpact Fee		South Beaufort County Library Service Area Impact Fee	
<u>1,000 sf or less</u>	<u>\$225</u>	<u>\$151</u>	
<u>1,001 to 1,250 sf</u>	<u>\$273</u>	<u>\$189</u>	
<u>1,251 to 1,500 sf</u>	<u>\$321</u>	<u>\$227</u>	
<u>1,501 to 1,750 sf</u>	<u>#369</u>	<u>\$252</u>	
<u>1,751 to 2,000 sf</u>	<u>\$401</u>	<u>\$278</u>	
2,001 to 2,500 sf	<u>\$466</u>	<u>\$316</u>	
2,501 to 3,000 sf	<u>\$498</u>	<u>\$353</u>	
<u>3,001 to 3,500 sf</u>	<u>\$546</u>	<u>\$379</u>	
<u>3,501 to 4,000 sf</u>	<u>\$578</u>	<u>\$404</u>	
<u>4,001 or more sf</u>	<u>\$610</u>	<u>\$417</u>	

Sec. 82-117116. - Individual Assessment of Development Impact.

- (a) In lieu<u>In-lieu</u> of calculating the library facilities development impact fees by reference to the fee schedule in Table 82-<u>115</u>116, Library Facilities Development Impact Fee Schedule, <u>by Service Area</u>, a fee payor may request that the amount of the required library facilities development impact fees be determined by reference to an Individual Assessment of Development Impact for the proposed development.
- (b) If a fee payor requests the use of an Individual Assessment of Development Impact, the fee payor shall be responsible for retaining a qualified professional to prepare the Individual Assessment of Development Impact that complies with the requirements of this section, at the fee payor's expense.
- (c) Each Individual Assessment of Development Impact shall be based on the same level of service standards and system improvement costs for library facilities used in the <u>library development impact</u>

<u>fee study and CIPsupport study</u>, shall use the formula <u>for calculating the development impact fees</u> used in the <u>library development impact fee study and CIP</u>relevant support study, and shall document the relevant methodologies and assumptions used. The burden shall be on the fee payor requesting the Individual Assessment of Development Impact to demonstrate by competent evidence that the data and assumptions used in the appropriate support study and reflected in Table 82-116<u>115,-:</u> Library Facilities Development Impact Fee Schedule, <u>by Service Area</u>, is less accurate than the results of the Individual Assessment of Development Impact.

- (d) Each Individual Assessment of Development Impact shall be submitted to the Planning Director or a designee, and may be accepted, rejected, or accepted with modifications by the Planning Director or a designee based on the standards in Section 82-117(e) as the basis for calculating library facility development impact fees. If an Individual Assessment of Development Impact is accepted or accepted with modifications by the Director or a designee as a more accurate measure of the demand for library facility system improvements created by the proposed development than the applicable fee in Table 82-115: Library Development Impact Fee Schedule, by Service Area, then library development impact fees due under this Ordinance shall be calculated according to such assessment.(e) The standards for acceptance, acceptance with modifications, or rejection of the Individual Assessment of Development Impact is whether the Individual Assessment of Development Impact complies with all the requirements of this section, and if so, whether it demonstrates by competent evidence, that an alternative library facilities development impact fee amount more accurately reflects the demands for library facilities than the applicable fees in Table 82-116, Library Facilities Development Impact Fee Schedule.
- (f) If an Individual Assessment of Development Impact is accepted or accepted with modifications by the Planning Director or a designee as a more accurate measure of the demand for library facilities created by the proposed development than the applicable fee in Table 82-116, Library Facilities Development Impact Fee Schedule, then the library facilities development impact fees due shall be calculated according to such assessment

<u>Sec. 82-117. – Credits.</u>

- (a) Any developer/fee payor which is obligated to pay a library development impact fee under this section may apply for credit against library development impact fees otherwise due, up to but not exceeding the full obligation for the fees proposed to be paid pursuant to the provisions of this Ordinance for any land dedication, construction, or contribution for library facility system improvements that are accepted by the County Council for library facility systems improvements identified in the CIP.
- (b) Valuation of Credits
 - (1) Credit for land dedication for library park and recreation facility system improvements, at the fee payor's option, shall be valued at either (a) 100 percent of the most recent assessed value for such land as shown in the records of the County Assessor, or (b) the fair market value of the land established by a private appraiser acceptable to the County Council in an appraisal paid for by the fee payor.
 - (2) Credit for construction of library facility system improvements shall be valued by the County Council based on construction costs estimates submitted by the fee payor. The County Council shall determine the amount of credit due based on the information submitted, or, if it determines the information is inaccurate or unreliable, then on alternative engineering or construction costs acceptable to the County Council.
 - (3) Credit for a contribution for library facility system improvements shall be based on the value of the contribution at the time it is made by the fee payor.
- (c) When Credits Become Effective
 - (1) Credits for land dedication for library facilityies system improvements shall become effective after the credit is approved by the County Council or applicable municipal legislative body pursuant to this section, and a Credit Agreement/Development Agreement is entered into, and (a) the land has been conveyed to the County or applicable municipality in a form established by

the County or applicable municipality at no cost to the County-or applicable municipality, and (b) the dedication of land has been accepted by the County-or applicable municipality.

- (2) Credits for construction of library facility system improvements shall become effective after the credit is approved by County Council-or applicable municipal legislative body⁴ pursuant to this section, a Credit Agreement/Development Agreement is entered into, a suitable maintenance and warranty bond has been received and approved by the County Council-or applicable municipal legislative body, and all design, construction, inspection, testing, bonding, and acceptance procedures have been completed in compliance with all applicable County requirements-(or municipal requirements, as applicable).
- (3) Credits for contributions shall become effective after the contribution is approved by the County <u>Council or applicable municipal legislative body pursuant to this section, and the contribution is</u> provided to and accepted by the County Council or applicable municipal legislative body.
- (4) Credits for land dedication, construction of library facility system improvements, or contributions, shall be transferable within the same development for library development impact fee purposes, but shall not be transferable outside the development or used as credit against fees for other public facilities. Credit may be transferred pursuant to these terms and conditions by any written instrument that clearly identifies which credits issued under this section are to be transferred. The instrument shall be signed by both the transferor and transferee, and the document shall be delivered to the County Council or applicable municipal legislative body for registration.
- (5) The total amount of the credit shall not exceed the amount of the library development impact fees due and payable for the project.
- (6) If the offer for credit is approved, a Credit Agreement/Development Agreement shall be prepared and signed by the applicant and the County Council-or applicable municipal legislative body. The Credit Agreement/Development Agreement shall specifically outline the land dedication, construction, or contribution for library facility system improvements, the time by which they shall be completed or dedicated and any extensions thereof, and the value (in dollars) of the credit against the library development impact fees the fee payor shall receive.
- (7) The County Council or applicable legislative body may enter into a Capital Contribution Front-Ending Agreement with any developer/fee payor who proposes to dedicate land or construct library facility system improvements in the CIP, to the extent the fair market value of the land or the construction of those library facility system improvements exceed the obligation to pay library development impact fees for which a credit is provided pursuant to this section. The Capital Contribution Front-Ending Agreement shall provide proportionate and fair share reimbursement linked to new growth and development's use of the library facility system improvements constructed.

Sec. 82-118. - Imposition and Calculation Trust Account for Library Development Impact Fees.

<u>The County and the participating municipalities hereby establish segregated Library Development</u> Impact Fee Trust Accounts. All library development impact fees collected by the County and the participating municipalities shall be placed in their respective Trust Account. By November 1 of each year, the participating municipalities shall transfer the library development impact fees they collect to the County. Upon receipt, the County shall place these impact fee funds in its Library Development Impact Fee Trust Account. Each Trust Account shall be interest-bearing and all interest earned and accruing to the account shall become funds of the account, subject to the same limitations and restrictions on use and expenditure of funds that are applicable to library development impact fee funds.

⁴<u>NOTE TO STAFF: Please provide direction on whether land dedications, construction of buildings, or contributions</u> for park and recreation facilities within a participating municipality will be dedicated or accepted by the municipality. We have drafted the provision as if that would be the case; if that is not the case, we can make a change.

- (a) The appropriate library facilities development impact fee, as established in this article, shall be imposed on all developers (fee payors) for which authorization of commencement of a residential development (building permit or, if no subsequent building permit is required, a development permit), is sought from the County, or from a participating municipality in the County, in accordance with this article and the procedures set forth in the County impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq.
- (b) When an application for such building permit or development permit is received by the appropriate County or municipal staff/official, the staff/official shall determine:
 - (1) The number of residential dwelling units proposed.
 - (2) Whether any of the proposed residential dwelling units qualify for a discount as affordable housing and, if so, the number and type of such units.
 - (3) Whether the applicant has applied for an Individual Assessment of Development Impact pursuant to Section 82-117.
- (c) If an Individual Assessment of Development Impact is submitted, it shall be processed and reviewed pursuant to the requirements of Section 82-117, and accepted, modified, or rejected. If it is accepted or modified, the library facilities development impact fees shall be determined pursuant to Section 82-117.
- (d) If an Individual Assessment of Development Impact is rejected, or not requested, the appropriate County or city staff/official shall then multiply the number of proposed residential dwelling units to which the library facilities development impact fee is applicable by the applicable fee per dwelling unit as set forth in the schedule in Table 82-116: Library Facilities Development Impact Fee Schedule.
- (e) The procedure for timely processing of building permit or development applications subject to the library facilities development impact fee is set forth below. This procedure is intended to occur concurrently with the County's or participating municipality's required plans review process and to cause no additional delay, unless developer rights (see Section 82-121) and/or county remedies (see Section 82-122) are triggered, or unless a development agreement is sought by the applicant (see Section 82-120).

Step Order	Major Steps	Responsible Party	Time
1.	Filing of application for development permit or development approval	Developer/applicant	Initiates process
2.	Determination of amount of development [number of DUs]	Building official	Concurrent with plans review
3.	Determination of the number and type of affordable housing units, if any	Referral to Planning Department	Concurrent with plans review
4	Developer/applicant determines whether to request an Individual Assessment of Development Impact	Developer/applicant	If request made, review occurs concurrent with plan review by Planning Director. Assessment

			accepted, modified, or rejected, and fee determined. Extension of time, as may be necessary
5.	If Individual Assessment not requested, or it is not accepted, multiply number of DUs by applicable library facilities development impact fee per Table 82-116. Alternative: development agreement, if sought by applicant	Building official Planning Department	Concurrent with plans review Extension of time, as may be necessary
6.	Payment of total library facilities development impact fee	Developer/applicant	Upon issuance of building/development permit
7.	Issue receipt for library facilities development impact fee paid	Building official	Upon issuance of building/development permit
8.	Transfer of library facilities development impact fee revenues collected to County Finance Department for placement in appropriate account	Building official	Following issuance of building/development permit

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- (f) If the proposed residential development includes affordable housing, the applicable library facilities development impact fee shall be reduced in accordance with the discount schedule set forth in subsection 82-33(b)(3)c.; provided, however, that time share dwelling units do not qualify as affordable housing and are not eligible for discounts in any circumstances.
- (g) For a proposed change of use of building or structure or a renovation or rehabilitation which adds residential dwelling units the fee is calculated as follows: Determine only the additional library facilities demand resulting from the change of use or the additional residential dwelling units and calculate the library facilities development impact fee due as above, but only for such additional demand, not for existing demand.

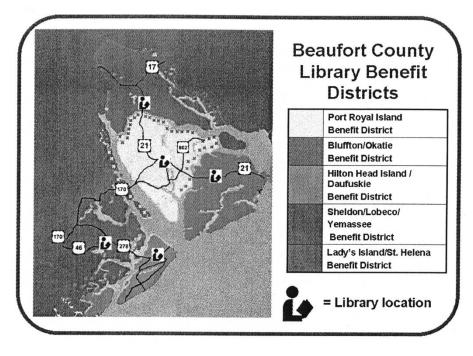
(h) Increase in service units or change in type of development. The County or participating municipalities may not charge a library facilities development impact fee at a higher rate, nor may it charge additional library facilities development impact fees, for a proposed residential development project, as determined above, unless the number of service units increases or the change in the type or characteristics of the proposed development project changes, thereby increasing the library facilities development project changes, thereby increasing the library facilities demand. In that event, the additional library facilities development impact fees calculated and imposed shall be limited only to the demand attributable to the additional service units or to the change in the type of residential development or scope of the proposed residential development project.

Sec. 82-119. - Expenditure of Fees for Library Facility System Improvements.

Library development impact fee funds shall be used by the County in accordance with the development impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 *et seq.*, solely and exclusively for library facility system improvements as set forth in the library development impact fee study and CIP. System improvements generally include the following: acquisition of land for development of libraries, expansions to existing library buildings and related facilities, and other library equipment such as bookmobiles.

- (a) General Expenditures for Library Facilities. All library facilities development impact fees shall be used for system improvements as set forth in the County's adopted library facilities capital improvements plan and as summarized in Library Facilities Impact Fee Update Support Study dated August 2006. System improvements generally include the following:
 - (1) Acquisition of land for, and construction of, new library buildings;
 - (2) Expansions to existing library buildings;
 - (3) Furniture, capital equipment and technology with a useful life of five years or more and a cost of \$100,000.00 or more; and
 - (4) Collection materials.
- (b) Creation of Benefit Districts for Expenditure of Fees. To ensure fee payors in the service area receive sufficient benefit in the form of library facilities that are in close proximity to their residential units, the service area is divided into the following five benefit districts: the Hilton Head/Daufuskie Benefit District; the Bluffton/Okatie Benefit District; the Unincorporated Port Royal Benefit District; the Lady's Island/St. Helena Benefit District; and the Sheldon/Lobeco/Yemassee Benefit District. The boundaries of these benefit districts are identified in Figure 82-119(b): Library Facilities Benefit Districts.

FIGURE 82-119(b): LIBRARY FACILITIES BENEFIT DISTRICTS



<u>FIGURE 82-119</u>

(c) Impact Fee Expenditures Only Within Benefit District Where Collected. Library facilities development impact fees shall only be spent within the benefit district where the fee-paying development is located.

Sec. 82-120. - Development Agreement Option.

- (a) The developer may pay the library facilities development impact fee, as calculated pursuant to Section 82-115, as the proposed development project's proportionate share of system improvement costs and as full and complete payment of such obligations; or, in. In the alternative, the a developer may enter into an development agreement with the County or a participating municipality pursuant to the State Local Government Development Agreement Act, providing and provide for dedication of land, construction of buildings and related facilities, bookmobiles, library equipment, construction of facilities and/or for payments in_ lieu of development impact fees for library facilities, through a development agreement.
- (b) The agreement may provide for the construction or installation of system improvements by the developer and for credits or reimbursements for costs incurred by the developer, including interproject transfers of credits or reimbursement for project improvements which are used or shared by more than one proposed development project.
- (c) A <u>library</u> development impact fee may not be imposed on a developer who has entered into a development agreement with the County <u>thatwhe provides for the library facility system improvement</u> needs of the development project that is subject to the development agreement.
- (d) A development agreement for library facilityies system improvements may only be entered into with the authorization and approval of both the County and the developer, and after consultation with an affected municipality, if applicable, or the participating municipality and developer, as appropriate.

Sec. 82-121. - Developer Rights.

The developer, pursuant to the State Development Impact Fee Act and the County impact fee procedures as set forth in Section 82-21 et seq. et seq., shall have the following rights, any or all of which may be exercised only in accordance with the impact fee procedures as set forth in Section 82-21 et seq et seq.

- (a) Administrative Appeal. The developer/applicant may file an administrative appeal with the County Administrator with respect to a municipal or County decision related to the imposition, calculation, collection, processingprocessing, or expenditure of a library facilities development impact fees, at any time; provided, however, that such appeal must comply with the provisions and requirements of the County impact fee procedures as set forth in Section 82-21 et seq. If the appeal follows payment of the development impact fee, it must be made within 30 days of the date of fee payment. The filing of an appeal will immediately halt the impact feedevelopment approval process, unless the developer/applicant posts a bond or submits an irrevocable letter of credit for the full amount of the impact fees as calculated by the County or participating municipality to be due.
- (b) Payment under Protest. The developer/applicant may pay the County-calculated or municipality-calculated development impact fees under protest, pursuant to the County impact fee procedures as set forth—in Section 82-21 et seq.et seq. Payment under protest does not preclude the developer/applicant from filing an administrative appeal nor from requesting a refund, nor from posting a bond or submitting an irrevocable letter of credit for the amount of the development impact fee due, all as set forth in the impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq.et seq.
- (c) Mediation. The developer/applicant may request mediation by a qualified independent party, but only upon voluntary agreement by both the developer/applicant (fee payor) as well as the County (and, if applicable, municipality) and only to address a disagreement related to the library facilities development impact fee, as calculated by the County or municipality, for the proposed residential development. Neither request for, nor participation in, mediation shall preclude the developer/applicant (fee payor) from pursuing other developer rights and/or remedies, as set forth in this article, <u>the County impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq.</u>, or other remedies available by law

Sec. 82-122. - County Remedies.

(a) The County and a the participating municipalityies (to the extent authorized in the intergovernmental agreements with the County), pursuant to the State Development Impact Fee Act, and the County

impact fee procedures as set forth in Section 82-21 et seq. <u>et seq.</u>, and <u>municipalities</u>, to the extent authorized pursuant to intergovernmental agreements with the County, shall have all of the following remedies, which may be exercised individually or collectively: <u>but only in accordance with the impact</u> fee procedures as set forth in section 82-21 et seq.et seq.

- (1) Interest and Penalties. The County or <u>participating</u> municipality may, <u>at in</u> its <u>sole</u> discretion, add reasonable interest and penalties for nonpayment or late payment to the amount of the calculated library facilities development impact fees due, pursuant to the impact fee procedures as set forth in Section 82-21 et seq. et seq.
- (2) Withholding Building or Development Permit or Development Approval or Certificate of Occupancy. The County or <u>participating</u> municipality may withhold a certificate of occupancy, a building or development permit, or development approval, as may be applicable, until full and complete payment has been made by the developer/applicant of the County-calculated or municipality-calculated library facilities development impact fee due.
- (3) Lien. The County may impose a lien on the developer's property, pursuant to the impact fee procedures as set forth in Section 82-21 et seq. et seq. for failure of the developer/applicant to timely pay the required County-calculated or municipality-calculated library facilities development impact fee in full.
- (b) The County or <u>participating</u> municipality may pursue any one or all of the remedies described in subsection (a) of this section, at its discretion. The failure to pursue any remedy or remedies, at any time, shall not be deemed to be a waiver of County or municipality rights to pursue any remedy or remedies at such other time as may be deemed appropriate.

Sec. 82-123. – Refund of Fees.

(a) A collected library development impact fee shall be refunded to the owner of record of property on which a library development impact fee has been paid if:

(1) The library impact fee revenues collected on the property have not been expended within three years of the date they were scheduled to be expended, pursuant to the library development impact fee study and CIP; or

(2) A building permit or permit for installation of a manufactured home on the property is subsequently denied.

(b) The amount, timing, and recipient of any refund required by this article of collected library development impact fees shall comply with the standards of Sec. 82-35.

Sec. 82-123124. - Intergovernmental-Agreement Agreements.

Prior to <u>imposition collection of a the</u> library facilities development impact fee within a <u>municipality in</u> a <u>participating municipality</u>, the <u>County</u> shall <u>have enteredenter</u> into an intergovernmental agreement <u>with</u> the <u>participating municipality</u>. Each with the County, as specified in this article, which intergovernmental agreement shall, <u>inter alia</u>:

- (a) Specify the reasonable share of funding joint system improvements for library facility system improvements by each governmental unit-or entity; and
- (b) Provide for the collection of the library facilities development impact fee by the municipality within its corporate limits and by the County within the unincorporated area; and
- (c) Provide for the timely transfer of library development impact fee <u>revenues funds</u> from the municipality to the County; and
- (d) Provide for the timely expenditure of the library <u>facilities</u> development impact fee <u>revenues funds</u> by the County, in accordance with its <u>adopted capital improvements planthe CIP</u>.

Sec. 82-124125. - Termination of the Library Development Fee.

The library facilities development impact fees shall be terminated upon the completion/conclusion of all of the library facilities development impact fee-funded capital improvements as set forth in the County's capital improvements plan<u>CIP</u>, unless:

- (a) The County adopts a capital improvements plan<u>CIP</u> for a subsequent time period; or
- (b) The County adopts an updated library facilities development impact fee pursuant to the substantive and procedural requirements of the State Development Impact Fee Act.

Secs. 82-125126-82-130. - Reserved

EXHIBIT F

ARTICLE VI. – FIRE FACILITIES <u>— NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN BEAUFORT COUNTY SERVICE AREAS</u>

Sec. 82-131. - Adoption.

Sec. 82-132. - Establishment of Service Area.

There are two service areas for fire facilities development impact fees. They are the Bluffton Fire District Service Area and the North Beaufort County Fire District Service Area. The Bluffton Fire District Service Area includes the _____all participating -fire districts south of the Broad River... The North Beaufort County Fire Service Area includes the Burton, Lady's Island St. Helena, and Sheldon fire districtsall participating fire districts north of the Broad River. The boundaries of these services areas are identified in Figure 82-132: Beaufort County Fire Facilities Service Areas.

Sec. 82-133. – Incorporation of Support Study.

<u>The County and the participating municipalities hereby rely on the level of service standard, land use</u> assumptions, methodologies, service units, system improvement costs, formula, and analyses for fire facilities development impact fees for fire facility system improvements set out in *Capital Improvement Plan and Development Impact Fee Study* prepared by TischlerBise, dated July 27, 2020 (hereinafter "fire facilities development impact fee study and CIP"). The fire facilities development impact fee study and CIP are incorporated herein by reference. The fire facilities development impact fee study and CIP sets forth a reasonable level of service standard, land use assumptions, methodologies, service units, system improvement costs, and formulas for determining the impacts of new development on the Bluffton Fire District Service Area and the North Beaufort County Fire Service Area.

Sec. 82-134. - Imposition of Fire Facilities Development Impact Fees.

- (a) The fire facilities development impact fees shall be imposed on all new development in the service areas, unless the development is exempted, or an exception or waiver is granted pursuant to Sec. 82-32(b), Development Not Subject to Development Impact Fees, or Sec. 82-33(b)(3)c.
- (b) The fire facilities development impact fee in the unincorporated County and within a participating municipality shall be paid prior to issuance of a building permit, or if a building permit is not required prior to construction, or prior to issuance of a development permit.

Sec. 82-1311354. -- Fire -Facilities Development Impact Fee Scheduledistricts development impact fee schedule.

- (a) Pursuant to this sectionarticle and the appropriate intergovernmental agreement(s) between the County and the participating municipalities), and in accordance with the County impact fee procedures set forth in Section 82-21 -et seq.et seq., Beaufort County Impact Fee Procedures and the South Carolina Development Impact Fee Act, and the fire facilities development impact fee study and CIP, fire facilities development impact fees shall be imposed in the Bluffton Fire District Service Area and the North Beaufort County Fire Service Areafollowing fire districts, pursuant to appropriate intergovernmental agreements between the county and such fire districts.
- (b) The following general procedure shall be followed upon receipt of an application for a building permit or development permit, whichever is applicable, for new development:

- (1) Identify the applicable service area (Bluffton Fire District Service Area or North Beaufort County Fire Service Area) based on the development's location;
- (2) Determine if any of the dwelling units qualify for a discount as "affordable housing" in accordance with Sec. 82-33(b)(3)c and if so the number of those dwelling units and the amount of the discount;
- (3) Determine if any of the nonresidential development qualifies for a waiver of the fire facilities development impact fee due to the inclusion of automatic sprinklers, where otherwise not required by the applicable County fire code or fire district codes and regulations.
- (3) Determine whether the applicant has applied for an Individual Assessment of Development Impact in accordance with Sec. 82-1365.
- (4) If an Individual Assessment of Development Impact is not approved, or not applied for, calculate the fee as follows:
 - a. For residential development, identify the number of dwelling units, and the square feet in size of each dwelling unit, then apply the fee schedule in Table 82-1345a: Fire Facilities Development Impact Fee Schedule for Residential Development, by Service Area, to each dwelling unit; and

TABLE 82-1354a: FIRE FACILITIES DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEE SCHEDULE FOR RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT, BY SERVICE AREA				
Housing Unit SizeBluffton Fire District Service AreaNorth Beaufort County Fire Service Area				
<u>1,000 sf or less</u>	<u>\$477</u>	<u>\$601</u>		
<u>1,001 to 1,250 sf</u>	<u>\$600</u>	<u>\$742</u>		
<u>1,251 to 1,500 sf</u>	<u>\$715</u>	<u>\$872</u>		
<u>1,501 to 1,750 sf</u>	<u>\$791</u>	<u>\$1,001</u>		
<u>1,751 to 2,000 sf</u>	<u>\$877</u>	<u>\$1,084</u>		
2,001 to 2,500 sf \$991		<u>\$1,260</u>		
2,501 to 3,000 sf \$1,115 \$1,343		<u>\$1,343</u>		
<u>3,001 to 3,500 sf</u>	<u>\$1,191</u>	<u>\$1,473</u>		
<u>3,501 to 4,000 sf</u>	<u>\$1,267</u>	<u>\$1,555</u>		
4,001 or more sf	<u>\$1,315</u>	<u>\$1,649</u>		

b. For nonresidential development, determine the fire hazard level of the development, and apply the fee schedule per 1,000 square foot of development in Table 82-134b: Fire Facilities Development Impact Fee Schedule for Nonresidential Development, assigning a fee of \$953 for each Equivalent Dwelling Unit (EDU) (or fraction thereof) in the Bluffton Fire District Service Area, and \$1,178 for each EDU (or fraction thereof) in the North Beaufort County Fire Service Area.. (For purposes of this article, Firefire hazard level means and refers to the extent to which a building or structure contributes to the demand for fire stations, facilities and apparatus, as set forth in the applicable capital improvements plan for the fire district, based on a variety of factors as set forth in Table 10-4A of the Fire Protection Handbook

(National Fire Protection Association, 1992)the most recently adopted fire code.² Fire hazard levels are definedidentified as low hazard occupancies, medium hazard occupancies, or high hazard occupancies.

TABLE 82-1354b: FIRE FACILITIES DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEE SCHEDULE FOR NONRESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT

Fire Hazard Level	<u>Up to 1,000</u> <u>sq ft</u>	<u>1,001 to</u> <u>5,000 sq ft</u>	<u>5,001 to</u> <u>10,001 sq ft</u>	<u>10,000 sq ft</u> and larger
	Base Minimum	Additional per 1,000 sq ft		sq ft
Low Hazard	<u>1.0 EDU</u>	<u>0.8 EDU</u>	<u>0.5 EDU</u>	<u>0.1 EDU</u>
Medium Hazard	<u>1.5 EDU</u>	<u>1.2 EDU</u>	<u>0.75 EDU</u>	<u>0.15 EDU</u>
High Hazard	<u>2.0 EDU</u>	<u>1.6 EDU</u>	<u>1.0 EDU</u>	<u>0.2 EDU</u>

FIRE DISTRICT	COST PER DU/EDU
Lady's Island—St. Helena	\$ 633.00
Sheldon Township	-181.00
Bluffton Township	-481.00
Burton	-479.00
Daufuskie Island	-751.00

Sec. 82-132. - Imposition of fire facilities development impact fees.

- (a) Upon the effective date of this article, the appropriate fire facilities impact fee, by district, shall be imposed on all developers (fee payers) for which authorization of commencement of a development (building permit or, if no subsequent building permit is required, a development permit), is sought from the county in accordance with this article and the procedures set forth in the Beaufort County Impact Fee Procedures Ordinance.
- (b) When an application for such building permit or development permit is received by the appropriate county staff/official, the county shall determine:
- (1) Whether the development project is within one of the applicable fire districts;
- (2) Which fire district it is located in;
- (3) The number of residential dwelling units proposed;

- (4) Whether any of the proposed residential dwelling units qualify for a discount as "affordable housing" and, if so, the number and type of such units;
- (5) The number of square feet and type of nonresidential development proposed;
- (6) Whether the proposed nonresidential development has a low, medium or high fire hazard level; and
- (7) Whether the proposed nonresidential development qualifies for a waiver of the fire facilities development impact fee due to the inclusion of automatic sprinklers, where otherwise not required by the applicable county fire code or fire district codes and regulations.
- (c) Fire hazard level means and refers to the extent to which a building or structure contributes to the demand for fire stations, facilities and apparatus, as set forth in the applicable capital improvements plan for the fire district, based on a variety of factors as set forth in Table 10-4A of the Fire Protection Handbook (National Fire Protection Association, 1992). Fire hazard levels are defined as low hazard occupancies, medium hazard occupancies or high hazard occupancies. (5) If an Individual Assessment of Development Impact is accepted, pay the fee based on the approved Individual Assessment of Development applications subject to the fire facilities impact fee is set forth below. This procedure is intended to occur concurrently with the county's required plans review process and to cause no additional delay, unless developer rights (see section 82-136) and/or county remedies (see section 82-137) are triggered, or unless a development agreement is sought by the applicant (see section 82-135).

STEP ORDER	MAJOR STEPS	RESPONSIBLE PARTY	TIME
1.	Filing of application for development permit or development approval	Developer/ applicant	Initiates process
2.	Determination of applicability of fire facilities impact fee, and district	Building official	Concurrent with plans review
3.	Amount of development [residential DU's, nonresidential square feet by type of development]	Building official	Concurrent with plans review
4.	If residential development, the number and type of affordable housing units, if any	Referral to planning department	Concurrent with plans review
5.	If nonresidential development, low, medium or high fire hazard rating; and waiver, if applicable, for automatic sprinklers	Referral to applicable fire district	Concurrent with plan review

6.	Determination of EDU total for proposed nonresidential development	Building official	Concurrent with plan review
7.	Determination of combined EDU total for residential and nonresidential portions of proposed development project	Building official	Concurrent with plan review
8.	Multiply number of EDU's by applicable DU/EDU cost per section 83-131 (Alternative: development agreement, if sought by applicant)	Building official (planning department)	Concurrent with plan review (extension of time, as may be necessary)
9.	Payment of total fire facilities impact fee	Developer/ applicant	Upon issuance of building/development permit
10.	Issue receipt for fire facilities impact fee paid	Building official	upon issuance of building/development permit

Sec. 82-133. Fire facilities development impact fee calculation methodology.

- (a) Proposed residential development. Multiply number of DU's by applicable DU/EDU amount for the particular fire district as shown in section 82-131 of this article and as may be adjusted for "affordable housing" units (see subsection (b) below).
- (b) Affordable housing. If the proposed residential development includes affordable housing, the applicable fire facilities development impact fee shall be reduced in accordance with the discount schedule set forth in section 6.B.(3)(c) of the Impact Fee Procedures Ordinance; provided, however, that "time share" dwelling units do not qualify as affordable housing and are not eligible for discounts in any circumstances.
- (c) Proposed nonresidential development. Multiply number of EDU's (based on type and square footage of building or structure pursuant to nonresidential EDU table set forth herein) by applicable DU/EDU amount for the particular fire district as shown in section 82-131 of this article unless the fire facilities development impact fee is waived due to the inclusion by the developer of automatic sprinklers in a development project where automatic sprinklers are not required by the county fire code or by fire district code or regulation.
- (d) Nonresidential EDU table.

FIRE	BUILDING AREA (SQUARE FEET)								
HAZARÐ	Up to 1,000 sq.	1,001 to 5,000	5,001 to 10,000 sq.	10,000 sq. ft. and					
LEVEL	ft.	sq. ft.	ft.	larger					

	Base Minimum	Add Per 1,000 sq. ft.	Add Per 1,000 sq. ft.	Add Per 1,000 sq. ft.
Low Hazard Occupancy	1.0 EDU	0.8 EDU	0.5 EDU	0.1 EDU
Medium Hazard Occupancy	1.5 EDU	1.2 EDU	0.75 EDU	0.15 EDU
High Hazard Occupancy	2.0 EDU	1.6 EDU	1.0 EDU	0.2 EDU

(e) Automatic sprinklers. If the developer of a proposed nonresidential development which is not required to be served by automatic sprinklers does, in fact, include an automatic sprinkler system approved by the appropriate fire district, the applicable fire facilities development impact fee shall be waived.

- (f) Proposed mixed residential and nonresidential development. Separately determine residential DU's and nonresidential development, by type and square footage; perform the calculations specified in 3A through 3E, above, as appropriate, and combine the resultant fire facilities development impact fees to derive the total fire facilities development impact fee due for the proposed development project.
- (g) Proposed change of use of building or structure; or renovation or rehabilitation which adds residential dwelling units or nonresidential square footage. Determine only the additional fire facilities demand resulting from the change of use or the additional residential DU's or nonresidential square footage, and calculate fire facilities development impact fee due as above, but only for such additional demand, not for existing demand.

(h) Increase in service units or change in type of development. The county may not charge a fire facilities development impact fee at a higher rate, nor may it charge additional fire facilities development impact fees, for a proposed development project, as determined above, unless the number of service units increases or the change in the type or characteristics of the proposed development project changes, thereby increasing the fire facilities demand. In that event, the additional fire facilities development impact fees calculated and imposed shall be limited only to the demand attributable to the additional service units or to the change in the type of development or scope of the proposed development project. Sec. 82-1365. - Individual Assessment of Development Impact.

- (a) In-lieu of calculating the fire facilities development impact fee by reference to the fee schedule in Table 82-134a: Fire Facilities Development Impact Fee Schedule for Residential Development, by Service Area, or Table 82-134b: Fire Facilities Development Impact Fee Schedule for Nonresidential Development, by Service Area, a fee payor may request that the amount of the required fire facilities development impact fees be determined by reference to an Individual Assessment of Development Impact for the proposed development.
- (b) If a fee payor requests the use of an Individual Assessment of Development Impact, the fee payor shall be responsible for retaining a qualified professional to prepare the Individual Assessment of Development Impact that complies with the requirements of this section, at the fee payor's expense.
- (c) Each Individual Assessment of Development Impact shall be based on the same level of service standard and system improvement costs for fire facilities for the service areas used in the fire facilities

development impact fee study and CIP, shall use the formula for calculating the development impact fees used in the fire facilities development impact fee study and CIP (no adjustments in the assumption of credits shall be made), and shall document the relevant methodologies and assumptions used. The burden shall be on the fee payor requesting the Individual Assessment of Development Impact to demonstrate by competent evidence that the data and assumptions used in the fire facilities development impact fee study and CIP and reflected in Table 82-134a: Fire Facilities Development Impact Fee Schedule for Residential Development, by Service Area, and/or Table 82-134b: Fire Facilities Development Impact Fee Schedule for Nonresidential Development, by Service Area, is less accurate than the results of the Individual Assessment of Development Impact.

(d) Each Individual Assessment of Development Impact shall be submitted to the Planning Director or a designee, and may be accepted, rejected, or accepted with modifications by the Planning Director or a designee as the basis for calculating fire facilities development impact fees. If an Individual Assessment of Development Impact is accepted or accepted with modifications by the Director or a designee as a more accurate measure of the demand for fire facility system improvements created by the proposed development than the applicable fee in Table 82-134a: Fire Facilities Development Impact Fee Schedule for Residential Development, by Service Area, and/or Table 82-134b: Fire Facilities Development Impact fees due under this article shall be calculated according to such assessment.

Sec. 82-1376. - Credits.

- (a) Any developer/fee payor which is obligated to pay a fire facilities development impact fee under this section may apply for credit against fire facilities development impact fees otherwise due, up to but not exceeding the full obligation for the fees proposed to be paid pursuant to the provisions of this Ordinance for any land dedication, construction, or contribution for fire facility system improvements that are accepted by the County Council for fire facility systems improvements identified in the CIP.
- (b) Valuation of Credits
 - (1) Credit for land dedication for fire facility system improvements, at the fee payor's option, shall be valued at either (a) 100 percent of the most recent assessed value for such land as shown in the records of the County Assessor, or (b) the fair market value of the land established by a private appraiser acceptable to the County Council in an appraisal paid for by the fee payor.
 - (2) Credit for construction of fire facility system improvements shall be valued by the County Council based on construction costs estimates submitted by the fee payor. The County Council shall determine the amount of credit due based on the information submitted, or, if it determines the information is inaccurate or unreliable, then on alternative engineering or construction costs acceptable to the County Council.
 - (3) Credit for a contribution for fire facility system improvements shall be based on the value of the contribution at the time it is made by the fee payor.
- (c) When Credits Become Effective
 - (1) Credits for land dedication for fire facilities shall become effective after the credit is approved by County Council pursuant to this section, and a Credit Agreement/Development Agreement is entered into, and (a) the land has been conveyed to the County or applicable Fire District in a form established by the County or applicable Fire District at no cost to the County or applicable Fire District, and (b) the dedication of land has been accepted by the County or applicable Fire District.
 - (2) Credits for construction of fire facility system improvements shall become effective after the credit is approved by County Council or applicable Fire District pursuant to this section, (a) a Credit Agreement/Development Agreement is entered into, (b) a suitable maintenance and warranty bond has been received and approved by the County Council or applicable municipal legislative body, and (c) all design, construction, inspection, testing, bonding, and acceptance procedures

have been completed in compliance with all applicable County requirements (or Fire District requirements, as applicable).

- (3) Credits for contributions shall become effective after the contribution is approved by the County <u>Council or applicable Fire District pursuant to this section, and the contribution is provided to and</u> <u>accepted by the County Council or applicable Fire District.</u>
- (4) Credits for land dedication, construction of fire facility system improvements, or contributions, shall be transferable within the same development for fire facilities development impact fee purposes, but shall not be transferable outside the development or used as credit against fees for other public facilities. Credit may be transferred pursuant to these terms and conditions by any written instrument that clearly identifies which credits issued under this section are to be transferred. The instrument shall be signed by both the transferor and transferee, and the document shall be delivered to the County Council for registration.
- (5) The total amount of the credit shall not exceed the amount of the fire facilities development impact fees due and payable for the project.
- (6) If the offer for credit is approved, a Credit Agreement/Development Agreement shall be prepared and signed by the applicant and the County Council or applicable Fire District. The Credit Agreement/Development Agreement shall specifically outline the land dedication, construction, or contribution for fire facility system improvements, the time by which they shall be completed or dedicated and any extensions thereof, and the value (in dollars) of the credit against the fire facilities development impact fees the fee payor shall receive.
- (7) The County Council or applicable municipal legislative body may enter into a Capital Contribution Front-Ending Agreement with any developer/fee payor who proposes to dedicate land or construct fire facility system improvements in the CIP, to the extent the fair market value of the land or the construction of those fire facility system improvements exceed the obligation to pay fire facilities development impact fees for which a credit is provided pursuant to this section. The Capital Contribution Front-Ending Agreement shall provide proportionate and fair share reimbursement linked to new growth and development's use of the fire facility system improvements constructed.

Sec. 82-1378. - Trust Account for Fire Facilities Development Impact Fees.

The County and the participating municipalities hereby establish segregated Fire Facilities Development Impact Fee Trust Accounts. All fire facilities development impact fees collected by the County and the participating municipalities shall be placed in their respective Trust Accounts. By November 1 of each year, the participating municipalities shall transfer the fire facilities development impact fees they collect to the County. Upon receipt, the County shall place these impact fee funds in its Fire Facilities Development Impact Fee Trust Account. Each Trust Fund shall be an interest-bearing account and all interest earned and accruing to the account shall become funds of the account, subject to the same limitations and restrictions on use and expenditure of funds that are applicable to fire facilities development impact fee funds.

Sec. 82-1341398. - Expenditure of fees for system improvements Fees for Fire Facility System

Improvements.

All fire<u>Fire</u> facilities development impact fees shall be used <u>by the County in accordance with the</u> <u>development impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 *et seq.*, solely and exclusively for fire facility system improvements as set forth in the parks and recreation development impact fee study and CIP. for the system improvements as set forth in the individual fire district five-year capital improvements plans and as summarized in the Fire Facilities Development Impact Fee Proportionate Share Fee Calculation Methodology Report (September 1999). System improvements generally include the following: new fire stations; fire station renovations <u>that constitute</u> fire station expansions; and major fire apparatus and equipment, such as pumper trucks, tanker trucks, telesquirt trucks, ladder trucks, and the like, which have an individual unit purchase price of not less than \$100,000.</u>

Sec. 82-13514039. - Development-agreement option Agreement Option.

- (a) The developer may pay the fire facilities development impact fee, as calculated pursuant to section <u>Section</u> 82-1331354, as the proposed development project's proportionate share of system improvement costs and as full and complete payment of such obligations. In the alternative, the developer may enter into an agreement with the county <u>County or a participating municipality</u> pursuant to the South Carolina Local Government Development Agreement Act, and provide for dedication of land, construction of fire facility improvements (development ofnew or renovated fire stations that constitute expansions), contributions of major fire apparatus and equipment, or contributions for fire facility system improvements, through a development agreement.providing for payments instead of impact fees for facilities and services.
- (c) That agreement may provide for the construction or installation of system improvements by the developer and for credits or reimbursements for costs incurred by the developer, including inter-project transfers of credits or reimbursement for project improvements which are used or shared by more than one proposed development project.
- (db) AnA fire facilities development impact fee may not be imposed on a developer who has entered into a development agreement with the county who provides for the fire facility system improvement needs of the developer's development project that is subject to the development agreement.
- (ec) A development agreement for fire facilities may only be entered into with the authorization and approval of both the county and the developer, or the participating municipality and developer, after consultation with the applicable Fire District fire district, and with the formal approval of its governing body.

Sec. 82-1361410. - Developer Rightsrights.

The developer, pursuant to the act <u>State Development Impact Fee Act and the County impact fee</u> <u>procedures in Section 82-21 et seq.</u>, and the Beaufort County Impact Fee Procedures Ordinance, shall have the following rights, any or all of which may be exercised only in accordance with the Impact Fee Procedures Ordinance.impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq.

- (a) Administrative appeal. The developer/applicant may file an administrative appeal with the county administrator <u>County Administrator with respect to a County or municipal of any county</u> decision related to the imposition, calculation, collection, processing_processing, or expenditure of a proposed fire facilities development impact fee, at any time; provided, however, that, but such appeal must comply with the provisions and requirements of the <u>County impact fee procedures set forth in Section 82-21</u> <u>et seq.Beaufort County Impact Fee Procedures Ordinance</u>. The filing of <u>such an</u> appeal will immediately halt the <u>impact feedevelopment approval</u> process, unless the developer/applicant posts a bond or submits an irrevocable letter of credit for the full amount of the impact fees as calculated by the <u>county_County or participating municipality</u> to be due.
- (b) Payment under protest. The developer/applicant may pay the <u>countyCounty-calculated or</u> <u>municipality-calculated development</u> impact fee under protest, pursuant to the <u>County impact fee</u> procedures in Section 82-21 et seq. Beaufort County Impact Fee Procedures Ordinance. Payment under protest does not preclude the developer/applicant from filing an administrative appeal, nor from requesting a refund, nor-or from posting a bond or submitting an irrevocable letter of credit for the <u>full</u> amount of the <u>development impact fee-fees as calculated by the County or municipality to be due, all as set forth in the Impact Fee Procedures Ordinance</u>.
- (c) Mediation. The developer/applicant may request mediation by a qualified independent party, but only upon voluntary agreement by both the developer/applicant (fee-payer) as well as the <u>county-County (and, if applicable, municipality)</u> and the applicable fire district, and only to address a disagreement related to the <u>fire facilities development</u> impact fee, as calculated by the <u>countyCounty or municipality</u>, for the proposed development. Neither request for, nor participation in, mediation shall preclude the developer/applicant (fee-payer) from pursuing other developer rights and/or remedies, as set forth <u>hereinin this article</u>, <u>the County impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq.</u> or other remedies available by law.

Sec. 82-1371421. - County remedies.

- (a) The County and the participating municipalities (to the extent authorized in the intergovernmental agreements with the County)county, pursuant to the State Development Impact Fee Act and the County Impact Fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq. Beaufort County Impact Fee Procedures Ordinance, and the fire districts, to the extent authorized pursuant to intergovernmental agreements with the county, shall have all of the following remedies, which may be exercised individually or collectively-but only in accordance with the Impact Fee Procedures Ordinance.
 - (1a) Interest and penalties<u>Penalties</u>. The county <u>County or participating municipality</u> may, <u>at-in</u> its <u>sole</u> discretion, add to the amount of the calculated fire facilities development impact fee due, reasonable interest and penalties for nonpayment or late payment to the amount of the calculated fire facilities development impact fee due, pursuant to the impact fee procedures in Section 82-<u>21 et seg</u>. Impact Fee Procedures Ordinance.
 - (2b) Withholding building or development permit or development approval or certificate of occupancy Building or Development Permit or Development Approval or Certificate of Occupancy. The county County or participating municipality may withhold a certificate of occupancy, a building or development permit, or development approval, as may be applicable, until full and complete payment has been made by the developer/applicant of the county calculated fire facilities development impact fee due.
 - (3e) Withholding of <u>utility_Utility_serviceService</u>. The county_County or participating municipality may withhold the provision of utility services to a proposed development project until the required county-calculated fire facilities development impact fee has been paid in full, in accordance with the procedures set forth in the_-impact fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq.Impact Fee Procedures Ordinance.
 - (<u>4</u>d) Lien. The <u>county County</u> may impose a lien on the developer's property, pursuant to the <u>impact</u> <u>fee procedures in Section 82-21 et seq.</u> Impact Fee Procedures Ordinance, for failure of the developer/applicant to timely pay the required <u>county-calculated</u> fire facilities development impact fee in full.
- (eb) The County <u>or participating municipality</u> may pursue any one, two or all of the remedies described above in subsection (a) of this section, at its discretion. The failure to pursue any remedy or remedies, at any time, shall not be deemed to be a waiver of <u>county</u> <u>County</u> or <u>municipal</u> rights to pursue any remedy or remedies at such other time as may be deemed appropriate.

Sec. 82-1432. – Refund of Fees.

(a) A collected fire facilities development impact fee shall be refunded to the owner of record of property on which a fire facilities development impact fee has been paid if:

(1) The fire facilities development impact fee revenues collected on the property have not been expended within three years of the date they were scheduled to be expended, pursuant to the fire facilities development impact fee study and CIP; or

(2) A building permit or permit for installation of a manufactured home on the property is subsequently denied.

(b) The amount, timing, and recipient of any refund required by this article of fire facilities development impact fees shall comply with the standards of Sec. 82-35.

Sec. 82-1381443. - Intergovernmental agreementAgreements.

Prior to imposition collection of a fire facilities development impact fee in a fire district pursuant to this article, the County and the fire district shall enter into an intergovernmental agreement, and the County and the participating municipalities in the relevant fire district service area shall enter into intergovernmental agreements. in a fire district, the county shall have entered into an intergovernmental agreement with that fire district, as specified herein, TheEach intergovernmental agreement between the County and participating municipality shall, *inter alia*:

- (a) Specify the reasonable share of funding <u>of</u> joint system improvements <u>for fire facility system</u> <u>improvements</u> by each governmental unit or entity; <u>and</u>
- (b) Provide for the collection of the fire facilities development impact fee by the <u>municipality within its</u> <u>corporate limits and by the County within the unincorporated Countycounty; and</u>
- (c) Provide for the timely transfer of fire facilities development impact fee revenues from the municipality to the County, and then the transfer of the fees collected by the participating municipalities and the County to the fire district; and
- (ed) Provide for the timely expenditure of the fire facilities development impact fee revenues by the applicable fire district, in accordance with its adopted capital improvements planthe CIP.

Sec. 82-1391454. - Termination of the feeFire Facilities Development Impact Fee.

The fire facilities development impact fee for each fire district shall be terminated<u>terminate</u> upon the completion/conclusion of all of the <u>fire facilities development</u> impact fee-funded capital improvements, as <u>set forth in the CIP</u> as set forth in the fire district's current, adopted five-year capital improvements plan, unless:

- (a) The fire district adopts a capital improvements plan for the subsequent 5-year period; <u>County, in</u> <u>conjunction with the fire districts, adopts a CIP for a subsequent time period; and</u>
- (b) The <u>county County</u> adopts an updated fire facilities development impact fee for the fire district <u>service</u> <u>areas</u>, pursuant to the substantive and procedural requirements of the <u>actState Development Impact</u> <u>Fee Act.</u>; and
 - (c) The county and the fire district reenact or reaffirm the intergovernmental agreement, with appropriate revisions as may be necessary.

Sec. 82-140. - Liberal construction.

The provisions of this article shall be liberally construed to effectively carry out its purposes in the interest of further promoting and protecting the public health, safety and welfare.

Secs. 82-1411465-82-150170. - Reserved.

Parks & Rec Impact Fee Analysis Preliminary Maximum Supportable Fee

North of the Broad Service Area Improvement Land **Fee Component** Cost per Person Cost per Person **Regional Parks** \$124 \$71 \$14 \$56 **Community Parks** Neighborhood Parks \$6 \$28 \$1 \$51 **Recreational Facilities** \$206 **Gross Total** \$145 **Gross Total per Person** \$351 **Credit for Debt Payments** (\$4) \$347 Net Total

South of the Broad Service Area

Fee Component	Land	Improvement	
ree component	Cost per Person	Cost per Person	
Regional Parks	\$124	\$71	
Community Parks	\$9	\$5	
Neighborhood Parks	\$6	\$11	
Recreational Facilities	\$30	\$10	
Gross Total	\$169	\$97	
Gros	\$266		
Credit	(\$31)		
	\$235		

Residential Maximum **Housing Unit** Persons per Current Increase/ Supportable Household Fee [1] Size (Sq. Ft.) Fee per Unit 1,000 or less \$321 \$165 1.40 \$486 1.70 \$590 \$321 \$269 1,001 to 1,250 1,251 to 1,500 \$694 \$321 \$373 2.00 1,501 to 1,750 2.30 \$798 \$321 \$477 \$868 \$321 \$547 1,751 to 2,000 2.50 \$685 2,001 to 2,500 2.90 \$321 \$1,006 2,501 to 3,000 \$1,076 \$321 \$755 3.10 \$321 \$859 3,001 to 3,500 3.40 \$1,180 3,501 to 4,000 \$1,249 \$321 \$928 3.60 \$321 4,001 or more 3.80 \$1,319 \$998

Residential

River

Housing Unit Size (Sq. Ft.)	Persons per Household	Maximum Supportable Fee per Unit	Current Fee [1]	Increase/ (Decrease)
1,000 or less	1.20	\$282	\$671	(\$389)
1,001 to 1,250	1.50	\$353	\$671	(\$318)
1,251 to 1,500	1.80	\$423	\$671	(\$248)
1,501 to 1,750	2.00	\$470	\$671	(\$201)
1,751 to 2,000	2.20	\$517	\$671	(\$154)
2,001 to 2,500	2.50	\$588	\$671	(\$83)
2,501 to 3,000	2.80	\$658	\$671	(\$13)
3,001 to 3,500	3.00	\$705	\$671	\$34
3,501 to 4,000	3.20	\$752	\$671	\$81
4,001 or more	3.30	\$776	\$671	\$105

[1] fee listed is the average of the fees for the current service areas north of the Broad

[1] fee listed is the average of the fees for the current service areas south of the Broad

Library Impact Fee Analysis Preliminary Maximum Supportable Fee

North of the Broad Service Area						
Cost						
per Person						
\$191						
\$2						
\$1						
\$194						
(\$33)						
\$161						

South of the Broad Service Area						
Fee	Cost					
Component	per Person					
Library Branches	\$111					
Library Land	\$14					
Book Mobiles	\$1					
Gross Total	\$126					
Credit for Debt Payments	\$0					
Net Total	\$126					

Residential

Residential					Residential				
Housing Unit Size (Sq. Ft.)	Persons per Household	Maximum Supportable Fee per Unit	Current Fee	Increase/ (Decrease)	Housing Unit Size (Sq. Ft.)	Persons per Household	Maximum Supportable Fee per Unit	Current Fee	Increase/ (Decrease)
1,000 or less	1.40	\$225	\$553	(\$328)	1,000 or less	1.20	\$151	\$553	(\$402)
1,001 to 1,250	1.70	\$273	\$553	(\$280)	1,001 to 1,250	1.50	\$189	\$553	(\$364)
1,251 to 1,500	2.00	\$321	\$553	(\$232)	1,251 to 1,500	1.80	\$227	\$553	(\$326)
1,501 to 1,750	2.30	\$369	\$553	(\$184)	1,501 to 1,750	2.00	\$252	\$553	(\$301)
1,751 to 2,000	2.50	\$401	\$553	(\$152)	1,751 to 2,000	2.20	\$278	\$553	(\$275)
2,001 to 2,500	2.90	\$466	\$553	(\$87)	2,001 to 2,500	2.50	\$316	\$553	(\$237)
2,501 to 3,000	3.10	\$498	\$553	(\$55)	2,501 to 3,000	2.80	\$353	\$553	(\$200)
3,001 to 3,500	3.40	\$546	\$553	(\$7)	3,001 to 3,500	3.00	\$379	\$553	(\$174)
3,501 to 4,000	3.60	\$578	\$553	\$25	3,501 to 4,000	3.20	\$404	\$553	(\$149)
4,001 or more	3.80	\$610	\$553	\$57	4,001 or more	3.30	\$417	\$553	(\$136)

Residential

EMS Impact Fee Analysis

Preliminary Maximum Supportable Fee

$_{\odot}$ $\,$ The County currently does not have an EMS fee $\,$

Fee Component	Cost per Person	Cost per Nonres. Vehicle Trip
EMS Facilities	\$70	\$25
EMS Vehicles	\$24	\$9
Gross Total	\$94	\$34
Credit for Debt Payments	(\$21)	(\$8)
Net Total	\$73	\$26

Residential Maximum **Housing Unit Size** Persons per Supportable Fee Household (Sq. Ft.) per Unit 1,000 or less 1.30 \$95 1,001 to 1,250 1.62 \$118 1,251 to 1,500 1.89 \$138 1,501 to 1,750 \$155 2.12 1,751 to 2,000 2.32 \$169 2,001 to 2,500 2.65 \$193 2,501 to 3,000 2.92 \$213 3,001 to 3,500 3.15 \$230 3,501 or 4,000 3.35 \$245 3.53 \$258 4,001 or more

Nonresidential

Development Type	Trips per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	Maximum Supportable Fee per 1,000 Sq. Ft.
Retail	14.35	\$373
Office/Service	4.87	\$127
Industrial	1.97	\$51
Institutional	5.36	\$139

Fire Impact Fee Analysis

• **Preliminary** Maximum Supportable Fee

North of the Broad

Fee Component	Cost per EDU
Fire Stations	\$705
Admin & Maintenance Facilities	\$96
Fire Apparatuses	\$700
Gross Total	\$1,501
Credit for Debt Payments	(\$323)
Net Total	\$1,178

Residential

Residential					
Housing Unit Size (Sq. Ft.)	Persons per Household	Equivalent Dwelling Units	Maximum Supportable Fee per Unit	Current Fee	Increase/ (Decrease)
1,000 or less	1.40	0.51	\$601	\$1,178	(\$577)
1,001 to 1,250	1.70	0.63	\$742	\$1,178	(\$436)
1,251 to 1,500	2.00	0.74	\$872	\$1,178	(\$306)
1,501 to 1,750	2.30	0.85	\$1,001	\$1,178	(\$177)
1,751 to 2,000	2.50	0.92	\$1,084	\$1,178	(\$94)
2,001 to 2,500	2.90	1.07	\$1,260	\$1,178	\$82
2,501 to 3,000	3.10	1.14	\$1,343	\$1,178	\$165
3,001 to 3,500	3.40	1.25	\$1,473	\$1,178	\$295
3,501 or 4,000	3.60	1.32	\$1,555	\$1,178	\$377
4,001 or more	3.80	1.40	\$1,649	\$1,178	\$471

Fire Impact Fee Analysis

• **Preliminary** Maximum Supportable Fee

Bluffton Fire District

Fee	Cost	
Component	per EDU	
Fire Stations	\$624	
Admin & Maintenance Facilities	\$157	
Fire Apparatuses	\$314	
Gross Total	\$1,095	
Credit for Debt Payments	(\$142)	
Net Total	\$953	

Residential

Housing Unit Size (Sq. Ft.)	Persons per Household	Equivalent Dwelling Units	Maximum Supportable Fee per Unit	Current Fee	Increase/ (Decrease)
1,000 or less	1.20	0.50	\$477	\$481	(\$4)
1,001 to 1,250	1.50	0.63	\$600	\$481	\$119
1,251 to 1,500	1.80	0.75	\$715	\$481	\$234
1,501 to 1,750	2.00	0.83	\$791	\$481	\$310
1,751 to 2,000	2.20	0.92	\$877	\$481	\$396
2,001 to 2,500	2.50	1.04	\$991	\$481	\$510
2,501 to 3,000	2.80	1.17	\$1,115	\$481	\$634
3,001 to 3,500	3.00	1.25	\$1,191	\$481	\$710
3,501 or 4,000	3.20	1.33	\$1,267	\$481	\$786
4,001 or more	3.30	1.38	\$1,315	\$481	\$834

• Annual Increase to Offset Inflation

Section 82-33(b)(8) "All impact fees shall be adjusted annually to reflect the effects of inflation on the costs for projects set forth in the impact fee study and CIP. Prior to December 1 of each year, beginning in 2023, impact fee amounts shall be adjusted to account for inflationary increases in the costs of providing facilities using the Consumer Price Index (CPI)." DRAFT



ITEM TITLE:

Recommendation for Contract Award for External Auditing Services RFP 120121 for Beaufort County to Mauldin & Jenkins, Savannah, GA

MEETING NAME AND DATE:

Finance Committee Meeting February 22, 2022

PRESENTER INFORMATION:

Dave Thomas, CPPO, CPPB, Procurement Services Director

(10 minutes needed for discussion)

ITEM BACKGROUND:

Procurement Services received proposals on December 1, 2021, from qualified CPA firms to provide for External Audit Services, including a required Single Audit of federal expenditures, agreed upon procedures for the Beaufort County Disabilities and Special Needs Department and a Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) Audit for Hilton Head Island Airport for three consecutive fiscal years beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 and ending with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. The selected firm shall work with the County Administrator or designated staff to provide the services not to exceed three years, with one two-year extensions, not to exceed five years, subject to approval by County Council and appropriation of funds.

PROJECT / ITEM NARRATIVE:

Beaufort County received one qualified and responsible response to the RFP on December 1, 2021 from Mauldin & Jenkins, Savannah, GA. The solicitation was advertised for 30 days on our County Website, Vendor Registry, SC Business Opportunities Magazine, and our local paper. We had 389 views on Vendor Registry and 45 downloads, but only one firm responded to the RFP. The lack of responses is not unusual due to COVID and the type of work required for this type of audit. Mauldin & Jenkins is our current Auditor and we have used them for the past seven years and are satisfied with their work. Mauldin & Jenkins price proposal is fair and reasonable and their response supports the required scope of work. Staff does not recommend rebidding the solicitation at this time and recommends Mauldin Jenkins for the contract award.

Mauldin Jenkins total cost for each year which includes the audit, DSN, and HHI Airport: FY2022- \$83,500, FY2023-\$87,000, FY2024-90,000. Total cost for three years: \$260,500.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Contract request is \$260,500 for the three-year contract approval. The fees will be split between DSN, Hilton Head Island Airport and Finance based on the breakdown of the fees from the proposal on a yearly basis.

STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS TO COUNCIL:

Approve the contract award to Mauldin & Jenkins.

OPTIONS FOR COUNCIL MOTION:

The Finance Committee approve the contract recommendation for award and send to the next County Council meeting for final approval.



ITEM TITLE:

Acceptance of a Grant Award from the SC Department of Transportation for the Daufuskie Island Ferry

MEETING NAME AND DATE:

Finance Committee, February 22, 2022

PRESENTER INFORMATION:

Pinky Harriott, Budget Director

5 minutes

ITEM BACKGROUND:

Each year, the South Carolina Department of Transportation allocates \$80,000 from their discretionary funds to Beaufort County as matching funds for the operation of the Daufuskie Island Ferry.

A copy of the unsigned grant agreement is attached.

PROJECT / ITEM NARRATIVE:

Beaufort County has been awarded their annual \$80,000 allocation from SCDOT for the operation of the Daufuskie Island Ferry. These funds are to be used during FY2022.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The \$80,000 award helps offset the cost of the ferry service; \$292,000 was budgeted in the general fund for FY22 Daufuskie Ferry Transportation expenses.

STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS TO COUNCIL:

Staff recommendation is to approve acceptance of the grant award.

OPTIONS FOR COUNCIL MOTION:

Approve the Motion and move forward to County Council's meeting on February 28, 2022.

Deny the Motion

RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, Beaufort County has an opportunity to accept a Grant offer of \$80,000.00 from the South Carolina Department of Transportation (SCDOT) for the Daufuskie Island Transportation Service and

WHEREAS, the Grant would assist in providing ferry services for the residents of Daufuskie Island; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the County Council of Beaufort County, South Carolina, that:

1. County Council hereby authorizes the application and acceptance for the SCDOT annual grant of \$80,000.

2. The County Administrator is authorized to accept the aforementioned Grant from the SCDOT to assist in the providing transportation services for residents of Daufuskie Island.

Adopted this _____ day of ______, 2022.

COUNTY COUNCIL OF BEAUFORT COUNTY

By:___

Joseph Passiment, Chairman

ATTEST:

Sarah Brock, Clerk to Council

SCDOT: PT-22G699-08 FAIN / GRANT#: SMTF OTHER FEDERAL AWARD DATE: Award R&D: <u>No</u> Indirect Cost: <u>No</u> SFY: 2021-2022

SUBRECIPIENT GRANT AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND

COUNTY COUNCIL OF BEAUFORT COUNTY SOUTH CAROLINA

SECTION I. GENERAL RECITALS

THIS SUBRECIPIENT GRANT AGREEMENT, made and entered into this 1st day of July, 2021 by and between the South Carolina Department of Transportation, Columbia, South Carolina, hereinafter referred to as "SCDOT", and County Council of Beaufort County, a local government agency, organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of South Carolina, with its principal offices in Beaufort, South Carolina, located at 100 Ribaut Road, hereinafter referred to as "Subrecipient".

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, SCDOT and Subrecipient agree to work together in the development of the project as hereinafter more particularly described, and

WHEREAS, the Subrecipient shall perform the tasks as specified in the detailed Project Description and Scope of Service, hereinafter referred to as "ATTACHMENT A", for the contract period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. The Subrecipient shall undertake and provide the services as described in "ATTACHMENT A" which reflects the Subrecipient's grant application on file with the SCDOT; and

WHEREAS, the Subrecipient has represented to SCDOT, through its application, that the Subrecipient is authorized, experienced and qualified to provide the services contemplated by this agreement and the SCDOT has relied upon such representation; and

WHEREAS, Section 57-3-110 of the Code of Laws for South Carolina authorizes SCDOT to enter into this agreement for such services.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of these premises and of the mutual covenants herein set forth, it is agreed by and between the parties hereto as follows:

SECTION II. SCOPE OF SERVICES REQUIRED OF SUBRECIPIENT

The Subrecipient shall provide public transportation service in the rural area of Beaufort County, using state funds for operations assistance. A detailed project description and scope of services is attached hereto as "ATTACHMENT A" and specifically made a part of this agreement.

This award does not include funds for research and/or development activities. This award does not include an indirect cost rate.

SECTION III. CERTIFICATIONS AND ASSURANCES

The Subrecipient shall submit to SCDOT all required certifications and assurances, including guarantees and declarations, as may be requested in the annual program announcement.

SECTION IV. SCHEDULE (TIME OF PERFORMANCE)

The effective date of this agreement will be the date of execution as shown in Section I above. The period covered under this agreement is from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. The Subrecipient shall begin work upon receipt of the SCDOT's written notice to proceed.

SECTION V. FEE AND COSTS

A. <u>Compensation</u>: For the services covered under this agreement, the Subrecipient shall be compensated by SCDOT as follows:

<u>CFDA #:</u>	Federal Transit Administration (FTA): funds obligated	
20.509	Rural Program (Section 5311)	\$
20.513	Elderly Program (Section 5310)	\$
20.526	Capital Earmark (Section 5339)	\$
20.507	Urban Program (Section 5307)	\$
20.521	New Freedom Program (Section 5317)	\$
20.516	Job Access Reverse Commute (Section 5316)	\$
20.515	Statewide Planning Funds (Section 5304)	\$
Total Federal	current obligation and award committed	\$
	State Mass Transit (SMTF) Program:	
	Match for Rural Program	\$
	Match for Urban Program	\$
	Funds for Special Projects (Daufauskie Island)	\$80,000.00
	Maximum Funding Available through SCDOT	\$80,000.00

B. <u>Funding Summary</u>. (The maximum amount of federal funds obligated and awarded is \$0.00.) The amount of compensation set forth in "ATTACHMENT B, FUNDING SUMMARY", attached hereto and specifically made a part of this agreement, represents a detailed funding summary for the project.

SECTION VI. MODE OF PAYMENT

Payment for all authorized and approved services and other items covered under this agreement shall begin with this executed agreement and an OPT Signature Authorization Form with the Office of Public Transit. A monthly request for payments shall be submitted on forms provided through the Virtual Transit e-forms (VTe) electronic request for payment system.

SECTION VII. CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

SCDOT/OPT has the right to unilaterally initiate agreement close out in cases where approved funds have been substantially disbursed or the Subrecipient has done little to complete activities as outlined in the agreement. SCDOT will notify Subrecipients by letter that the agreement has been closed; indicating that the project is complete and no further charges will apply to this grant agreement.

Upon completion of this project, the Subrecipient shall submit the following within 30 days after the agreement ending date:

- A final Request for Payment invoice to request payment for any remaining eligible expenses, if appropriate;
- A check made payable to SCDOT for over requested funds;
- Copies of any technical studies or other documents produced as a result of the agreement, if not already submitted; and
- Any other reports required as a condition of the agreement.

SECTION VIII. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The SCDOT and the Subrecipient mutually agree as follows:

A. <u>Master Agreement.</u> The Federal Transit Administration Master Agreement, included herein by reference and made a part hereof, shall be followed subject to any additions, revisions or modifications required by the Federal Transit Administration, SCDOT and/or State of South Carolina. Any violation of a requirement in the Master Agreement applicable to the Subrecipient or this project may result in penalties to the violating party. Requirements that do not apply to Subrecipients or this project will not be enforced. B. <u>Annual Certifications and Assurances. The Annual Certifications and</u> <u>Assurances must be completed and submitted with grant application. It is included herein</u> <u>by reference and made a part hereof, shall be followed subject to any additions, revisions or</u> <u>modifications required by the Federal Transit Administration, SCDOT and/or State of South</u> <u>Carolina. Any violation of a requirement in the Certifications and Assurances applicable to</u> <u>the Subrecipient or this project may result in penalties to the violating party. Requirements</u> <u>that do not apply to Subrecipients or this project will not be enforced.</u>

C. <u>Drug-Free Workplace Certification</u>. By execution of this agreement, Subrecipient certifies that it will comply with all applicable provisions of The Drug-Free Workplace Act, Title 44, Chapter 107 of the South Carolina Code of Laws, as amended.

D. <u>South Carolina Illegal Immigration Reform Act.</u> By execution of this agreement, Subrecipient certifies that it will comply with all applicable provisions of the S.C. Illegal Immigration Reform Act, Section 8-14-10, et seq. of the South Carolina Code of Laws.

E. <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. SCDOT OPT and Subrecipient each binds itself, its successors, and assigns to the other party, with respect to these requirements.

F. <u>Third-Party Contracts</u>. Because the project activities performed by a third-party contractor must be carried out in accordance with SCDOT, state and federal requirements, the Subrecipient agrees to include appropriate federal clauses for each third-party contract.

G. <u>Reports and Deliverables.</u> The Subrecipient shall submit to SCDOT reports, completed surveys and invoices in a timely manner. Failure on the part of the Subrecipient to comply with this requirement may result in suspension of expense reimbursements.

Deliverable	Due Date
Monthly Invoice	15 th of each month
Monthly Subrecipient Activity Report	15 th of each month
Operational Statistics report	Annually – Aug. 30 th
Final Invoice	30 days after end of contract period

H. <u>OPT Audit Requirements.</u> Subrecipients who receive SCDOT OPT administered funding must comply with Chapter 6 of the State Management Plan (and as amended) which incorporates the Uniform Guidance: 2 CFR 200.500 series (and as amended), State of South Carolina Office of the State Auditor audit requirements and SCDOT OPT audit/review requirements. Audit reports must be submitted within the earlier of nine months after the Subrecipient's fiscal year end or within thirty days of receipt of the audit report. Subrecipients must comply with the following:

SCDOT Audit/Review Requirements:

1. <u>Single/Program Specific Audit</u>

In compliance with the single audit threshold established 2 CFR 200.501 of the Uniform Guidance, agencies who expended \$750,000 or more in federal assistance in the fiscal year under audit must submit a single audit or program-specific audits.

2. <u>Financial Statement/Program-Specific Audit</u>

- a. Agencies not meeting the scope of an A-133 audit but who expended State Mass Transit Funds (SMTF) administered by SCDOT OPT in the fiscal year under audit must submit a financial statement or program-specific audit in compliance with the State of South Carolina Office of the State Auditor.
- b. Agencies not meeting the scope of 1 or 2(a) above but who expended \$100,000 or more in federal funds administered by SCDOT OPT in the fiscal year under audit must submit a financial statement audit or a program-specific review for OPT administered program funds.

3. <u>No Audit / Review Submission Required</u>

Agencies not meeting requirements of 1 or 2 above are not required to submit an audit report to SCDOT.

4. <u>Schedule of Budget to Actual</u>

Regardless of the type of audit (program specific review) required to be submitted, subrecipients are to include a *"Schedule of Budget to Actual"* for each SCDOT OPT contract in which funds were expended, to include RTAP funds. The schedule shall:

- a. Identify Sub-recipient name, contract number, contract period and program period.
- b. Identify line item expenses by category (Administration, Operations, Capital Assistance etc.) for Federal and State awards received and Local funds used to pay expenses.
- c. For SCDOT OPT contracts that cross multiple agency fiscal years, in addition to (a) and (b), schedules are to identify prior period and current period expenses.
- d. Include notes to describe significant accounting policies used in preparing the *"Schedule of Budget to Actual"* (cash or accrual basis of accounting) in either the schedule or notes to the schedule.
- e. Examples of schedules are attached hereto and specifically made a part of this agreement as "Attachment C".

Audit Report Submission Requirements:

- 1. Copy of the audit report that includes the SCDOT OPT required Schedule of Budget to Actual. Two copies if sub-recipient also receive U. S. Department of Transportation Highway funds from other SCDOT Departments.
- 2. Copy of the Data Collection Form (SF-SAC) for A-133 audits, as required.
- 3. Copy of the letter in which the auditor "noted certain matters to management in a separate letter".
- 4. Copy of the agency's response to the letter to management identified in #3.
- 5. Copy of the agency's response to audit findings if not included in the report.

I. <u>Changes or Modifications</u>. All changes or modifications to this agreement must be in writing and signed by both parties.

J. <u>Disadvantaged Business Enterprise</u>. By execution of this agreement, the Subrecipient agrees to facilitate DBEs participation under the project specified herein this agreement. Subrecipient must also ensure that each third-party contractor at any tier of the project is required to comply with this provision. SCDOT OPT has established a three and half percent (3.5%) DBE Goal to be achieved through race-neutral means. In order for contracts/subcontracts with DBEs to be counted toward the goal, the firm must be certified by the South Carolina Unified

Certification Program which is administered by the South Carolina Department of Transportation Office of Business Development and Special Programs.

K <u>Compliance and Oversight</u>. This agreement permits SCDOT or its designee access to the subrecipient's records and financial statements as may be necessary to meet federal requirements.

L. <u>Entire Agreement</u>. This agreement, with the referenced attachments, constitutes the entire agreement between the parties and, except for modifications prepared in accordance with provisions hereof, there are no collateral contracts or agreements between the parties relating to this work. This agreement is to be interpreted under the laws of the State of South Carolina.

M <u>NOTICES</u>. All notices required to be given hereunder, except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, shall be deemed effective when received by the other party, through certified mail, registered mail, personal delivery, or courier delivery. All such notices shall be addressed to the parties as follows:

1. As to SCDOT:

South Carolina Department of Transportation
955 Park Street
Post Office Box 191
Columbia, South Carolina 29202-0191
Attn.: Director, Office of Public Transit

2. As to Subrecipient:

County Council of Beaufort County 100 Ribaut Road Beaufort, SC 29902 Attn: County Administrator **IN WITNESS WHEREOF,** the parties hereto have hereunder set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

Signed, sealed and executed for the Subrecipient:

COUNTY COUNCIL OF BEAUFORT COUNTY SOUTH CAROLINA

WITNESS: By:_____(Signature) (Date) Title: _____ Fed. ID #57-6000311 DUNS # 08-0775331 Signed, sealed and executed for SCDOT: SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION WITNESS: **APPROVED BY:** Director, Office of Public Transit Date **RECOMMENDED BY:**

Grants Manager

Date

ATTACHMENT A

PROJECT DESCRIPTION/SCOPE OF SERVICES

The County Council of Beaufort County, in partnership with SCDOT, has provided limited ferry service for residents of Daufuskie Island for more than 20 years. The ferry service will be provided via contract with a vendor, primarily for residents and property owners. The project will be the primary source of transportation for the vast majority of property owners and residents of Daufuskie Island to and from Hilton Head Island. The current ferry service contract provides four (4) round trips daily to residents and property owners.

ATTACHMENT B

FUNDING SUMMARY

ATTACHMENT "B" FUNDING SUMMARY

AGENCY: **County Council of Beaufort County** PROGRA PT-22G699-08 CONTRACT #: GRANT#: SMTF - Other 2021 - 2022 Revision #: Budget Year:

I. Project Administration

CODES	Line Item(s)	Amount
501.02	Other Salaries & Wages	\$0
502.02	Fringe Benefits	\$0
503.01	Management Service Fees	\$0
503.02	Advertising Fees	\$0
503.03	Professional & Technical Service	\$0
503.05	Contract Maintenance Service	\$0
503.06	Custodial Services	\$0
503.07	Security Services (Personnel)	\$0
503.99	Other Services	\$0
504	Materials and Supplies	\$0
505	Utilities	\$0
506	Insurance	\$0
509	Miscellaneous (Describe):	\$0
	A. Indirect Cost Allocation	\$0
	B. <mark>Salaries</mark>	\$0
	C. Fringe- Admin.	\$0
509	Micellaneous INDIRECT (Describe):	
		\$0
509.01	Dues & Subscriptions	\$0
509.02(a)	In-State Travel & Meetings	\$0
509.02(b)	Out-of-State Travel & Meetings	\$0
509.03	Bridge,Tunnel and Highway Tolls	\$0
509.08	Advertising & Promotion Media	\$0
509.99	Other Miscellaneous (list)	\$0
	A. Indirect Cost	\$0
	B. Salries	\$0
	C. Fringe	\$0
	D.	\$0
512	Lease and Rentals (Specify)	\$0
	A. Copier	\$0
	B. Trash Bin	\$0
	C. Other	\$0
	Office Equipment	\$0
		\$0
		\$0
		\$0

Subtotal Administration

\$0

AM:	SMTF OTHER

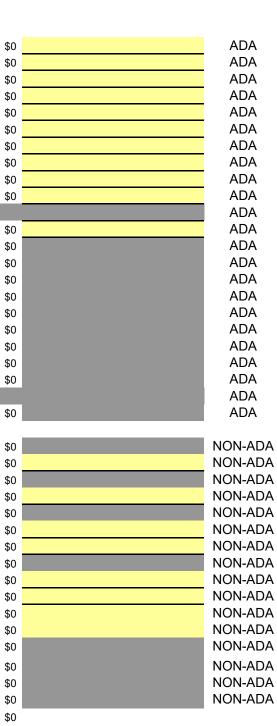
III. Capital

CODES	Line Item(s)	Amou	nt
11.12.01	ADA Capital Bus Standard 40ft. (Replacement)		
11.12.01	Bus Standard 35ft. (Replacement)		
11.12.02	Bus 30ft. (Replacement)		
11.12.03	Bus < 30ft. (Replacement)		
11.12.04	Bus Articulated (Replacement)		
11.12.07	Bus Commuter/Suburban (Replacement)		
11.12.08	Bus Intercity (Replacement)		
11.12.09	Bus Trolley Standard (Replacement)		
11.12.12	Bus Used (As Replacement)		
11.12.15	Van (Replacement)		
11.12.38	Leased Replacement Vehicle		
11.12.39	Transferred Vehicle (Aas Replacement)		
11.13.01	Bus Standard 40ft. (Expansion)		
11.13.02	Bus Standard 35ft. (Expansion)		
11.13.03	Bus 30ft. (Expansion)		
11.13.04	Bus < 30ft. (Expansion)		
11.13.06	Bus Articulated (Expansion)		
11.13.07	Bus Commuter/Suburban (Expansion)		
11.13.08	Bus Intercity (Expansion)		
11.13.09	Bus Trolley Standard (Expansion)		
11.13.12	Bus Used (As Expansion)		
11.13.38	Leased Expansion Vehicle		
11.13.39	Transferred Vehicle (As Expansion)		
	NON-ADA Capital		
11.7A.00	Preventive Maintenance		
11.12.16	Sedan/Station Wagons (Replacement)		
11.13.16	Sedan/Station Wagons (Expansion Used in Public Transit)		
11.12.40	Spare Parts/Assoc. Capital Maint.Items		
11.42.06	Shop Equipment		
11.42.07	ADP Hardware		
11.42.08	ADP Software		
11.42.09	Surveillance/Security (Bus) - Camera		
11.7L.00	Mobility Management		
11.62.02	Communication System		
11.62.03	Radios		
11.71.12	Capital Cost of Contracting		
11.14.xx	Rehabilitation / Rebuild of Vehicle		
11.62.03	Other Capital Items - Rewrapping of 5 vehicles		
11.62.03	Other Capital Items		
11.44.03	Maintenance Facility		
11.XX.04	Admin/Maint. Facility		
	Storage Facility		
	Subtotal Non-ADA Capital		

Subtotal ADA Capital

\$0

\$0 \$0



ATTACHMENT "B" FUNDING SUMMARY

II. Operating		
Codes		Amount
501.01	Operating & Wages	\$0
501.01	Operations Overtime	\$0
502.01	Operations Fringe Benefit	\$0
503.01	Management Service Fee	\$0
503.02	Advertising Fees	\$0
503.03	Professional & Technical Serv.	\$0
503.05	Contract Maintenance Services	\$0
503.06	Custodial Service	\$0
503.99	Other Services	\$0
504.01	Fuel & Lubricants	\$0
504.02	Tires & Tubes	\$0
504.99	Other Materials & Supplies	\$0
505	Utilities	\$0
506	Casualty and Liability	\$0
507.04	Vehicle Leasing & Fees	\$0
509	Miscellaneous	\$80,000
A	A. Common Cost Distribution	\$0
E	3.	\$0
C	<u>).</u>	\$0
C).	\$0
E	E.	\$0
		\$0
		\$0
512	Leases and Rentals	
	Building Payment	\$0
Subtotal Oper	rations	\$80,000

IV. Techn	ical Assistance	
Codes		Amount
41.20.01	Personnel	\$0
41.20.02	Fringe Benefits	\$0
41.20.03	Travel	\$0
41.20.04	Equipment	\$0
41.20.05	Supplies	\$0
41.20.06	Contractual	\$0
41.20.07	Other	
А		\$0
В		\$0
С		\$0
509	Miscellaneous:	
А		\$0
В		\$0
С		\$0
509	Micellaneous INDIRECT (Describe):	-
		\$0

Subtotal Technical Assistance

TOTAL AMOUNT: \$80,000

	Contract	Federal	SCDOT	Local	Total
	Amount	Share	Share	Share	Budget
Project Administration	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Operating	\$80,000	\$0	\$80,000	\$0	\$80,000
Non-ADA Capital (80% fed)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
ADA-Capital (85% fed)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Technical Assistance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
TOTAL:	\$80,000	\$0	\$80,000	\$0	\$80,000

Estimated Net Project Cost

Total Approved Grant SCDOT Share	\$ \$	80,000.00 80,000.00	
Federal Share Estimated Project Cost	\$	- \$80,000	
Local Share	\$	-	
MAXIMUM PERCENTAGE OF FEDERAL PA	RTICIPATION	:	

MAXIMOM PERCENTAGE OF FEDERAL PARTICIPATION.		
Project Administration, Non- ADA Capital, Technical Assistance	80%	
ADA Capital Assistance	85%	
Operating Assistance	50%	
Purchase of Service	80%	

Projected Payout

\$80,000

\$0

ltem 16.

ATTACHMENT C

SAMPLE SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL COSTS

SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL COSTS

- 1 Schedule requirement first started with the 2008-2009 contract period.
- 2 The schedules are intended to be used as examples. Agencies have the descretion to use their own format as long as the required info is presented.
- 3 Schedules are requried for all OPT administered program agreements.

4 SECTION 5311

a. Includes Federal, State and Local funds

5 SECTION 5311(f) - Intercity Bus

Includes Federal and Local funds

6 Section 5311 (b)(3) RTAP

Uses federal funds only to assistant with training expenses. OPT also reimburses hosting expenses using SCDOT form 608. Hosting expenses are OPT expenses related to OPT funded training at various venues. Subrecipients do not include reimbursements for hosting fees, OPT reports the expenses.

7 SECTION 5310

For purchase of vehicles or purchase of services. Includes Federal and Local Funds.

8 SECTION 5339 Discretionary Funds

Used to purchase revenue vehicles. Includes Federal, usually includes State funds, and sometimes requires local funds.

AGENCY NAME SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2XXX

Schedule 1

OPT Contract #	PT- 09XXX - 87							
Contract period:			XXX - June 30, 2	XXX				
	Budget	Section 5311	SMTF*	Local	Variance			
Performance period:		July 1, 2	XXX - June 30, 2	xxx				
ADMINISTRATION								
Personnel	195,672	153,538	19,567	19,567	3,000			
Fringe Benefits	41,566	33,253	4,157	4,157	(1)			
Professional Serv	8,725	6,212	777	777	959			
Custodial Fees	2,500	1,800	225	225	250			
Supplies	2,026	1,621	203	203	(1)			
Utilities	12,081	9,665	1,208	1,208	-			
Insurance	,	•,•••	.,••	.,				
Caualty & Liab.	5,667	4,534	567	567	(1)			
Bond	7,497	5,998	750	750	(1)			
Lease & Rental	·				()			
Office	26,640	21,312	2,664	2,664	-			
Euipment	7,027	5,622	703	703	(1)			
Total Admin	309,401	243,555	30,821	30,821	4,204			
OPERATIONS	470.050	00.000	44.000	44.000				
Personnel	178,652	89,326	44,663	44,663	-			
Fringe Benefits Contract Serv - Maint	34,884	17,442	8,721	8,721	-			
Fuel & Lube	76,396	30,558	15,279	15,279	15,280			
Miscellaneous	98,731	54,302	27,151	27,151	(9,873)			
Uniforms	1,890	945	473	473	(1)			
Profes. Due & Sub	1,890	943 725	363	363	(1)			
Total Ops.	392,003	193,298	96,650	96,650	5,405			
Total Ops.	392,003	195,290	90,000	30,000	5,405			
CAPITAL								
30 ft. Bus	165,000	132,000	16,500	16,500	-			
Van	40,000	32,000	4,000	4,000	-			
Maint. Bldg	97,000	77,600	9,700	9,700	-			
Maint. Equipment	12,500	9,000	1,125	1,125	1,250			
Software	12,000	5,760	720	720	4,800			
Total Cap.	326,500	256,360	32,045	32,045	6,050			
Total program	1,027,904	693,213	159,516	159,516	15,659			
Approved Budget	1 0 27 0 0 4							
Approved Budget TI Federal Costs	1,027,904 693,213							
TI State Costs*	159,516	*State and r	equried local m	atch do not h	ave to be			
TI Local Costs	159,516		e to subrecipien					
	155,510							
Budget Balance	15,659							

AGENCY NAME SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL COSTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2XXX

Schedule 1

Item 16.

OPT Contract #	PT- 09XXX - 87									
Contract period:				July 1, 2XXX - Jւ	ine 30, 2XXX					
	Contract	Section	5311	SMT	F*	Loc	cal	Total		
Actual Cost	Budget	Current	Prior Period	Current	Prior Period	Current	Prior Period	Program		
Performance period:	Jul 08 - Jun 09	Oct 09- Jun 10	Jul - Sept 09	Oct 09 - Jun 10	Jul - Sept 09	Oct 09 - Jun 10	Jul - Sept 09	Variance		
ADMINISTRATION										
Personnel	195,672	117,403	36,135	14,676	4,891	14,676	4,891	3,000		
Fringe Benefits	41,566	24,940	8,313	3,118	1,039	3,118	1,039	(1)		
Professional Serv	8,725	3,979	2,233	498	279	498	279	959		
Custodial Fees	2,500	1,500	300	188	37	188	37	250		
Supplies	2,026	1,410	211	177	26	177	26	(1)		
Utilities	12,081	7,249	2,416	906	302	906	302	-		
Insurance	,	, -	, -							
Caualty & Liab.	5,667	4,534	-	567	-	567	-	(1)		
Bond	7,497	5,998	-	750	-	750	-	(1)		
Lease & Rental	- ,	-,						(- <i>)</i>		
Office	26,640	15,984	5,328	1,998	666	1,998	666	_		
Euipment	7,027	4,216	1,406	527	176	527	176	(1)		
Total Admin	309,401	187,213	56,342	23,405	7,416	23,405	7,416	4,204		
OPERATIONS							·	ŕ		
Personnel	178,652	66,995	22,331	33,498	11,165	33,498	11,165	_		
Fringe Benefits	34,884	13,082	4,360	6,541	2,180	6,541	2,180	_		
Contract Serv - Maint	76,396	21,391	9,167	10,696	4,583	10,696	4,583	15,280		
Fuel & Lube	98,731	48,872	5,430	24,436	2,715	24,436	2,715	(9,873)		
Miscellaneous	56,751	40,072	0,400	24,400	2,710	24,400	2,710	(0,070)		
Uniforms	1,890	756	189	378	95	378	95	(1)		
Profes. Due & Sub	1,450	653	72	327	36	327	36	(1)		
Total Ops.	392,003	151,749	41,549	75,876	20,774	75,876	20,774	5,405		
•	002,000	101,710	11,010	10,010	20,111	10,010	20,771	0,100		
	165 000		122.000		16 500		16 500			
30 ft. Bus Van	165,000 40,000		132,000 32,000		16,500 4,000		16,500 4,000	-		
Maint. Bldg	97,000	40,352	37,248	5,044	4,656	5,044	4,656			
Maint. Equipment	12,500	6,000	3,000	750	4,030	750	4,030	- 1,250		
Software	12,000	3,840	1,920	480	240	480	240	4,800		
	326,500	50,192	206,168	6,274	25,771	6,274		4,800		
Total Cap.							25,771	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		
Total program	1,027,904	389,154	304,059	105,555	53,961	105,555	53,961	15,659		
Approved Budget	1,027,904									
TI Federal Costs	693,213									
TI State Costs*	159,516	*State and	requiried loca	I match do not	have to he					
TI SIALE CUSIS	159,510	State and		in matori do not	nave to be					

TI Local Costs



159,516

*State and requried local match do not have to be identical due to subrecipient flexibility in using SMTF.

Budget over Actual or Actual over Budget

AGENCY NAME SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL COSTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2XXX

DMT Contract #	MT- 10XXX - 87							
Contract period:		July 1,	2010 - June 30	, 2011				
	Budget	Section 5311	SMTF*	Local	Budget Bal.			
Performance period:	Jul - Sept 2010							
ADMINISTRATION								
	105 670	26 125	4 901	4 901	140 755			
Personnel	195,672	36,135	4,891	4,891	149,755			
Fringe Benefits	41,566	8,313	1,039	1,039	31,175			
Professional Serv	8,725	2,233	279	279	5,934			
Custodial Fees	2,500	300	37	37	2,126			
Supplies	2,026	211	26	26	1,763			
Utilities	12,081	2,416	302	302	9,061			
Insurance								
Caualty & Liab.	5,667	-	-	-	5,667			
Bond	7,497	-	-	-	7,497			
Lease & Rental								
Office	26,640	5,328	666	666	19,980			
Euipment	7,027	1,406	176	176	5,269			
Total Admin	309,401	56,342	7,416	7,416	238,227			
OPERATIONS								
Personnel	178,652	22,331	11,165	11,165	133,991			
Fringe Benefits	34,884	4,360	2,180	2,180	26,164			
Contract Serv - Maint	76,396	9,167	4,583	4,583	58,063			
Fuel & Lube	98,731	5,430	2,715	2,715	87,871			
Miscellaneous	00,101	0,100	2,110	2,710	01,011			
Uniforms	1,890	189	95	95	1,511			
Profes. Due & Sub	1,450	72	36	36	1,306			
Total Ops.	392,003	41,549	20,774	20,774	308,906			
·	002,000	11,010	20,771	20,111	000,000			
CAPITAL				10 500				
30 ft. Bus	165,000	132,000	16,500	16,500	-			
Van Maint Dida	40,000	32,000	4,000	4,000	-			
Maint. Bldg	97,000	37,248	4,656	4,656	50,440			
Maint. Equipment	12,500	3,000	375	375	8,750			
Software	12,000	1,920	240	240	9,600			
Total Cap.	326,500	206,168	25,771	25,771	68,790			
Total program	1,027,904	304,059	53,961	53,961	615,923			
Approved Budget	1 027 004							
Approved Budget TI Federal Costs	1,027,904 304,059							
		*Stata and	roguried loss	I motob do not	have to he			
TI State Costs*	53,961	*State and requried local match do not have to be						

TI Local Costs

53,961 615,923

*State and requried local match do not have to be identical due to subrecipient flexibility in using SMTF.

Budget Balance

Schedule 2

Item 16.

AGENCY NAME SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL COSTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2XXX

NOTE

Agencies with fiscal years ending September will need to present schedules as follows:

- 1 Audit period ending September 30, 2009 will present one schedule per DMT administered programs:
 - a. July 1, 2009 June 30, 2010 contract period reporting expenses for July1 Sept 30, 2009 as current period
- 2 Audit period ending September 30, 2010 will present two schedules per DMT administered programs:
 - a. July 1, 2009 June 30, 2010 contract period reporting expenses for Oct 1, 2009 - June 30, 2010 as current period and identifying July 1 - Sept 30, 2009 expenses as prior period
 - b. July 1, 2010 June 30, 2011 contract period reporting expenses for July 1 Sept 30, 2010 as current period

AGENCY NAME SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2XXX

Schedule 1

OPT Contract #	PT- 08XXX - 87								
Contract period:			Jul	γ 1, 2XXX - Jι	ine 30, 2XXX				
			n 5311		TF*		cal	Total	
Actual Cost:	Total	Current	Prior Period	Current	Prior	Current	Prior	Program	
Performance period:	Budget	Jan - Jun 10	Jul - Dec 09	Jan - Jun 10	Jul - Dec 09	Jan - Jun 10	Jul - Dec 09	Variance	
ADMINISTRATION									
Personnel	195,672	36,135	117,403	4,891	14,676	4,891	14,676	3,000	
Fringe Benefits	41,566	8,313	24,940	1,039	3,118	1,039	3,118	(1)	
Professional Serv	8,725	2,233	3,979	279	498	279	498	959	
Custodial Fees	2,500	300	1,500	37	188	37	188	250	
Supplies	2,026	211	1,410	26	177	26	177	(1)	
Utilities	12,081	2,416	7,249	302	906	302	906	-	
Insurance	,	_,	- ,						
Caualty & Liab.	5,667	-	4,534	-	567	-	567	(1)	
Bond	7,497	-	5,998	-	750	-	750	(1)	
Lease & Rental	,		,					()	
Office	26,640	5,328	15,984	666	1,998	666	1,998	-	
Euipment	7,027	1,406	4,216	176	527	176	527	(1)	
Total Admin	309,401	56,342	187,213	7,416	23,405	7,416	23,405	4,204	
OPERATIONS									
Personnel	178,652	22,331	66,995	11,165	33,498	11,165	33,498		
Fringe Benefits	34,884	4,360	13,082	2,180	6,541	2,180	53,498 6,541	-	
Contract Serv - Maint	76,396	4,300 9,167	21,391	4,583	10,696	4,583	10,696	- 15,280	
Fuel & Lube	98,731	9,107 5,430	48,872	4,585	24,436	4,585	24,436	(9,873)	
Miscellaneous	30,751	5,450	40,072	2,715	24,430	2,715	24,430	(9,075)	
Uniforms	1,890	189	756	95	378	95	378	(1)	
Profes. Due & Sub	1,000	72	653	36	327	36	327	(1)	
Total Ops.	392,003	41,549	151,749	20,774	75,876	20,774	75,876	5,405	
	002,000	11,010	101,710	20,111	10,010	20,111	10,010	0,100	
CAPITAL									
30 ft. Bus	165,000	132,000		16,500		16,500		-	
Van Maint Dida	40,000	32,000	40.050	4,000	E 044	4,000	5.044	-	
Maint. Bldg	97,000	37,248	40,352	4,656	5,044	4,656	5,044	-	
Maint. Equipment	12,500	3,000	6,000	375	750	375	750	1,250	
Software	12,000 326,500	1,920 206,168	<u>3,840</u> 50,192	240	480	240 25,771	480	4,800	
Total Cap.	320,500	200,100	50,192	25,771	6,274	25,771	6,274	6,050	
Total program	1,027,904	304,059	389,154	53,961	105,555	53,961	105,555	15,659	
Approved Budget	1,027,904								
TI Federal Costs	693,213								
TI State Costs*	159,516		nd requried l						
TI Local Costs	159,516	identical due to subrecipient flexibility in using SMTF.							
Budget over Actual	15,659								

Budget over Actual or Actual over Budget

AGENCY NAME SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2XXX

DMT Contract # MT- 09XXX - 87 Contract period: July 1, 2010- June 30, 2011 Budget 5311 SMTF* Local Budget Bal. July - Dec 2010 Performance period: **ADMINISTRATION** Personnel 195,672 117,403 14,676 14,676 48,917 Fringe Benefits 41,566 24,940 10,390 3,118 3,118 **Professional Serv** 8,725 3,979 498 3,750 498 **Custodial Fees** 2,500 1,500 188 188 624 2,026 1,410 **Supplies** 177 177 262 Utilities 12,081 7,249 906 906 3,020 Insurance 567 Caualty & Liab. 5.667 4,534 567 (1)Bond 7,497 5,998 750 750 (1)Lease & Rental Office 26,640 15,984 1.998 1.998 6,660 Euipment 7,027 4,216 527 527 1,757 **Total Admin** 309,401 187,213 23,405 23,405 75,378 **OPERATIONS** Personnel 178,652 66,995 33,498 33,498 44,661 **Fringe Benefits** 34,884 13,082 6,541 6,541 8,720 76,396 10,696 Contract Serv - Maint 21,391 10,696 33,613 Fuel & Lube 48,872 24,436 24,436 98,731 987 Miscellaneous Uniforms 1,890 756 378 378 378 1,450 327 Profes. Due & Sub 653 327 143 392,003 151,749 75,876 75,876 88,502 Total Ops. CAPITAL 165,000 30 ft. Bus 165,000 Van 40,000 40,000 97,000 40,352 5.044 5.044 46,560 Maint. Bldg Maint. Equipment 6,000 750 750 5,000 12,500 Software 12,000 3,840 480 480 7,200 Total Cap. 263,760 326,500 50,192 6,274 6,274 Total program 1.027.904 389,154 105,555 105,555 427,640

Approved Budget TI Federal Costs

TI State Costs*

TI Local Costs

*State and requried local match do not have to be identical due to subrecipient flexibility in using SMTF.

Budget Balance

427,640

1,027,904

389,154

105,555

105,555

Schedule 2

AGENCY NAME SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2XXX

NOTE

Agencies with fiscal years ending December will need to present schedules as follows:

- Audit period ending December 31, 2009 will present one schedule per DMT administered programs

 July 1, 2009 June 31, 2010 contract period reporting expenses for
 July 1 Dec 31, 2009 as current expenses
- 2 **Audit period ending December 31, 2010** will present two schedules per DMT administered programs a. July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2010 contract period reporting expenses for
 - Jan June 30, 2010 as current period and identifying July 1 - Dec 31, 2009 expenses as prior period
 - b. July 1, 2010 June 30, 2011 contract period reporting expenses for July 1 Dec 31, 2010 as current period

AGENCY NAME SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL COSTS RURAL TRANSPORTATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM 5311 (b)(3) For the Year Ended June 30, 2XXX

I

	Contract period:		July 1, 2XXX- June 30, 2XXX					
	OPT RTAP Authorization		RTAP Reimbursement Request					
OPT RTAP Number	Authorized Event	Total Authorization Amount	Registration Expenses	Lodging Expenses	Meal Expenses	OPT Reimbursement	Amount Charged to Other OPT Funds	
19R008-01						-		
19R008-02						-		
19R008-03						-		
19R008-04						-		
T19R008-01						-		
T19R008-02						-		
T19R008-03						-		
T19R008-04						-		
						-		
	TOTAL		_	-	-	-	-	